- (2) Provide technical assistance regarding waste reduction and recycling to units of local government.
- (3) Conduct research on the solid waste stream in North Carolina.
- (4) Develop secondary materials markets by providing technical and financial support, including providing technical and financial support to private recycling businesses, including use of processed scrap tire materials.
- (5) <u>Provide funding for the activities of the Division of Environmental</u> <u>Assistance and Outreach.</u>

(b) It is the intent of the General Assembly to allow the Department to satisfy grant obligations that extend beyond the end of the fiscal year.

(c) The Department shall include in the report required by G.S. 130A-309.06(c) a description of the outreach program under this section. This report shall specify the type of outreach activity under each of subdivisions (1) through (5) under subsection (a) of this section and the amount of program funds the Department expended for each activity during the previous year."

**SECTION 14.18.(d)** Of the funds appropriated to the Department of Environment and Natural Resources for the 2013-2015 fiscal biennium for the Solid Waste Management Outreach Program, established under G.S. 130A-309.13, as enacted by subsection (c) of this section, up to one million one hundred thousand dollars (\$1,100,000) may be used by the Department of Environment and Natural Resources for recycling grants.

**SECTION 14.18.(e)** Any tax proceeds remaining in the Solid Waste Management Trust Fund, repealed under subsection (b) of this section, as of the effective date of this section, shall be used only for one or more of the following purposes:

- (1) Funding activities of the Department to promote waste reduction and recycling, including, but not limited to, public education programs and technical assistance to units of local government.
- (2) Funding research on the solid waste stream in North Carolina.
- (3) Funding activities related to the development of secondary materials markets.
- (4) Providing funding for demonstration projects as provided by this Part.
- (5) Providing funding for research by The University of North Carolina and independent nonprofit colleges and universities within the State which are accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools as provided by this Part.
- (6) Providing funding for the activities of the Division of Environmental Assistance and Outreach.

**SECTION 14.18.(f)** Money collected pursuant to Article 5G of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes between July 1, 2013, and the date this act becomes law shall be credited to the General Fund. The money shall be used for the purposes provided in this section.

# DRINKING WATER STATE REVOLVING FUND

**SECTION 14.20.** Notwithstanding G.S. 159G-22, the Department of Environment and Natural Resources may transfer State funds from the Drinking Water Reserve to the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund for the 2013-2014 fiscal year and shall use any such funds to match maximum available federal grant monies authorized by section 1453 of the federal Safe Drinking Water Act of 1996, 42 U.S.C. § 300j-12, as amended.

#### CREATE NEW DIVISION OF WATER INFRASTRUCTURE IN DENR; NEW STATE WATER INFRASTRUCTURE AUTHORITY; TRANSFER WATER INFRASTRUCTURE FUND TO NEW DIVISION

**SECTION 14.21.(a)** The Division of Water Infrastructure is established as a new division within the environmental area of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources. All functions, powers, duties, and obligations previously vested in the Division of Water Quality of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources pertaining to the implementation and administration of Chapter 159G of the General Statutes are transferred to and vested in the Division of Water Infrastructure by a Type II transfer, as defined in G.S. 143A-6. All functions, powers, duties, and obligations previously vested in the Division of Water Resources of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources pertaining to the implementation and administration of Chapter 159G of the General Statutes are transferred to the Division of Water Resources of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources pertaining to the implementation and administration of Chapter 159G of the General Statutes are transferred to the Division of Water Resources of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources pertaining to the implementation and administration of Chapter 159G of the General Statutes are transferred to

and vested in the Division of Water Infrastructure by a Type II transfer, as defined in G.S. 143A-6. The Water Infrastructure Fund established under G.S. 159G-22 and all accounts within the Water Infrastructure Fund under G.S. 159G-22 shall be transferred to and administered by the Division of Water Infrastructure. In addition to its other duties set forth in Chapter 159G, the Division of Water Infrastructure shall be responsible for administering the program whereby local government units are awarded funds by the State Water Infrastructure Authority created by this section for infrastructure projects from community development block grant funds.

**SECTION 14.21.(b)** Chapter 159G of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new Article to read:

#### "<u>Article 5.</u>

"State Water Infrastructure Authority.

## "<u>§ 159G-70. State Water Infrastructure Authority created.</u>

(a) <u>Authority Established. – The State Water Infrastructure Authority is created within</u> the Department of Environment and Natural Resources.

- (b) Membership. The Authority consists of nine members as follows:
  - (1) The Director of the Division of Water Infrastructure of the Department or the Director's designee who is familiar with the water infrastructure financing, regulatory, and technical assistance programs of the Department.
  - (2) The Secretary of Commerce or the Secretary's designee who is familiar with the State programs that fund water or other infrastructure improvements for the purpose of promoting economic development.
  - (3) <u>The Director of the Local Government Commission or the Director's</u> <u>designee who is familiar with the functions of the Commission.</u>
  - (4) One member who is a professional engineer in the private sector and is familiar with the development of infrastructure necessary for wastewater systems, to be appointed by the Governor to a term that expires on July 1 of even-numbered years.
  - (5) One member who is knowledgeable about, and has experience related to, direct federal funding programs for wastewater and public water systems, to be appointed by the Governor to a term that expires on July 1 of odd-numbered years.
  - (6) One member who is a representative of an urban local government wastewater system or public water system, to be appointed by the General Assembly upon the recommendation of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate to a term that expires on July 1 of even-numbered years.
  - (7) One member who is a representative of a rural local government wastewater system or public water system, to be appointed by the General Assembly upon the recommendation of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate to a term that expires on July 1 of odd-numbered years.
  - (8) One member who either (i) is a county commissioner of a rural county or (ii) resides in a rural county and is knowledgeable about, and has experience related to, public health services, to be appointed by the General Assembly upon the recommendation of the Speaker of the House of Representatives to a term that expires on July 1 of even-numbered years.
  - (9) One member who is familiar with wastewater, drinking water, and stormwater issues and related State funding sources, to be appointed by the General Assembly upon the recommendation of the Speaker of the House of Representatives to a term that expires on July 1 of odd-numbered years.

(c) <u>Terms. – The members appointed by the Governor, the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall serve two-year terms. The other members, who are ex officio members or designees of those members, shall serve until they are no longer in office or are replaced with another designee.</u>

(d) <u>Chair. – The Director of the Division of Water Infrastructure, or the Director's</u> designee, shall serve as Chair of the Authority. The Chair must call the first meeting. The Chair shall serve as a nonvoting member, provided, however, that the Chair shall vote to break a tie.

(e) <u>Meetings. – The Authority shall meet at least four times a year and may meet as</u> often as needed. A majority of the members of the Authority constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business. The affirmative vote of a majority of the members present at a meeting of the Authority is required for action to be taken by the Authority.

(f) Vacancies. – A vacancy in the Authority or as Chair of the Authority resulting from the resignation of a member or otherwise is filled in the same manner in which the original appointment was made. The term of an appointment to fill a vacancy is for the balance of the unexpired term.

(g) <u>Compensation. – Each member of the Authority shall receive no salary as a result of serving on the Authority but shall receive per diem, subsistence, and travel expenses in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 120-3.1, 138-5, and 138-6, as applicable.</u>

# "<u>§ 159G-71. State Water Infrastructure Authority; powers and duties.</u>

The Authority has the following additional duties:

- (1) After reviewing the recommendations for grants and loans submitted to it by the Division, to determine the rank of applications and to select the applications that are eligible to receive grants and loans, consistent with federal law.
- (2) <u>To establish priorities for making loans and grants under this Chapter,</u> <u>consistent with federal law.</u>
- (3) To review the criteria for making loans and grants under G.S. 159G-23 and make recommendations, if any, to the Department for additional criteria or changes to the criteria, consistent with federal law.
- (4) <u>To develop guidelines for making loans and grants under this Chapter,</u> <u>consistent with federal law.</u>
- (5) <u>To develop a master plan to meet the State's water infrastructure needs.</u>
- (6) <u>To assess and make recommendations on the role of the State in the development and funding of wastewater, drinking water, and stormwater infrastructure in the State.</u>
- (7) To analyze the adequacy of projected funding to meet projected needs over the next five years.
- (8) To make recommendations on ways to maximize the use of current funding resources, whether federal, State, or local, and to ensure that funds are used in a coordinated manner.
- (9) To review the application of management practices in wastewater, drinking water, and stormwater utilities and to determine the best practices.
- (10) To assess the role of public-private partnerships in the future provision of utility service.
- (11) To assess the application of the river basin approach to utility planning and management.
- (12) To assess the need for a "troubled system" protocol.

# "§ 159G-72. State Water Infrastructure Authority; reports.

No later than November 1 of each year, the Authority shall submit a report of its activity and findings, including any recommendations or legislative proposals, to the Senate Appropriations Committee on Natural and Economic Resources, the House of Representatives Appropriations Subcommittee on Natural and Economic Resources, and the Fiscal Research Division of the Legislative Services Commission."

SECTION 14.21.(c) Article 4 of Chapter 159G of the General Statutes is repealed. SECTION 14.21.(d) G.S. 159G-20 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 159G-20. Definitions.

The following definitions apply in this Chapter:

- (5) Division of Water Quality. The Division of Water Quality of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources.
- (5a) Division of Water Resources. The Division of Water Resources of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources.
- (5b) <u>Division. Division of Water Infrastructure.</u>

SECTION 14.21.(e) G.S. 159G-23 reads as rewritten:

"§ 159G-23. Common criteria for loan or grant from Wastewater Reserve or Drinking Water Reserve.

The criteria in this section apply to a loan or grant from the Wastewater Reserve or the Drinking Water Reserve. The Division of Water Quality and the Division of Water Resources<u>Infrastructure</u> must each establish a system of assigning points to applications based on the following criteria:

(1) Public necessity. – An applicant must explain how the project promotes public health and protects the environment. A project that improves a system that is not in compliance with permit requirements or is under orders from the Department, enables a moratorium to be lifted, or replaces failing septic tanks with a wastewater collection system has priority.

### **SECTION 14.21.(f)** G.S. 159G-26(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) Requirement. – The Department must publish a report each year on the accounts in the Water Infrastructure Fund that are administered by the Division of Water Quality or the Division of Water Resources.Infrastructure. The report must be published by 1 November of each year and cover the preceding fiscal year. The Department must make the report available to the public and must give a copy of the report to the Environmental Review Commission and the Fiscal Research Division of the General Assembly.Legislative Services Commission."

SECTION 14.21.(g) G.S. 159G-30 reads as rewritten:

#### "§ 159G-30. Department's responsibility.

The Department, through the Division of Water Quality and the Division of Water Resources, Infrastructure, administers loans and grants made from the CWSRF, the DWSRF, the Wastewater Reserve, and the Drinking Water Reserve. The Division of Water Quality administers loans and grants from the CWSRF and the Wastewater Reserve. The Division of Water Reserve. The Division of Reserve

**SECTION 14.21.(h)** G.S. 159G-32(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) Wastewater Reserve. – The Department is authorized to make loans and grants from the Wastewater Reserve for the following types of projects:

- (1) Wastewater collection system.
- (2) Wastewater treatment works.
- (3) Stormwater quality projects. projects, including innovative stormwater management projects and pilot projects.
- (4) Nonpoint source pollution project."
- **SECTION 14.21.(i)** G.S. 159G-37 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 159G-37. Application to CWSRF, Wastewater Reserve, DWSRF, and Drinking Water Reserve.

An application for a loan or grant from the CWSRF or the Wastewater Reserve<u>CWSRF</u>, the DWSRF, the Wastewater Reserve, or the Drinking Water Reserve must be filed with the Division of Water Quality of the Department. An application for a loan or grant from the DWSRF or the Drinking Water Reserve must be filed with the Division of Water ResourcesInfrastructure of the Department. An application must be submitted on a form prescribed by the Division and must contain the information required by the Division. An applicant must submit to the Division any additional information requested by the Division to enable the Division to make a determination or requested by the Division is incomplete and is not eligible for consideration. An applicant may submit an application in as many categories as it is eligible for consideration under this Article."

**SECTION 14.21.(j)** G.S. 159G-38 reads as rewritten:

#### "§ 159G-38. Environmental assessment and public hearing.

(a) Required Information. – An application submitted under this Article for a loan or grant for a project must state whether the project requires an environmental assessment. If the application indicates that an environmental assessment is not required, it must identify the exclusion in the North Carolina Environmental Policy Act, Article 1 of Chapter 113A of the General Statutes, that applies to the project. If the application does not identify an exclusion in the North Carolina Environmental Policy Act, it must include an environmental assessment of the project's probable impacts on the environment.

(b) Division Review. – If, after reviewing an application, the Division of Water Quality or the Division of Water Resources, as appropriate, <u>Infrastructure</u> determines that a project requires an environmental assessment, the assessment must be submitted before the Division continues its review of the application. If, after reviewing an environmental assessment, the Division concludes that an environmental impact statement is required, the Division may not continue its review of the application until a final environmental impact statement has been completed and approved as provided in the North Carolina Environmental Policy Act.

(c) Hearing. – The Division of Water Quality or the Division of Water Resources, as appropriate, Infrastructure may hold a public hearing on an application for a loan or grant under this Article if it determines that holding a hearing will serve the public interest. An individual who is a resident of any county in which a proposed project is located may submit a written request for a public hearing. The request must set forth each objection to the proposed project or other reason for requesting a hearing and must include the name and address of the individual making the request. The Division may consider all written objections to the proposed project, any statement submitted with the hearing request, and any significant adverse effects the proposed project may have on the environment. The Division's decision on whether to hold a hearing is conclusive. The Division must keep all written requests for a hearing on an application as part of the records pertaining to the application."

**SECTION 14.21.(k)** G.S. 159G-39 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 159G-39. Review of applications and award of loan or grant.

(a) Point Assignment. – The Division of Water Quality or the Division of Water Resources, as appropriate, Infrastructure must review all applications filed for a loan or grant under this Article for an application period. The Division must rank each application in accordance with the points assigned to the evaluation criteria. The Division must make a written determination of an application's rank and attach the determination to the application. The Division's determination of rank is conclusive. application for the Authority's review. The Authority must consider the Division's determination of rank when the Authority determines an application's rank. The Authority's determination of rank is conclusive.

(b) Initial Consideration. – The Division may consider an application for an emergency loan from the Wastewater Reserve or the Drinking Water Reserve at any time. The Division must consider all other loan applications and all grant applications filed during an application period at the same time in order to rank the applications. <u>The Division shall forward all applications received for the application period to the State Water Infrastructure Authority.</u>

(c) Reconsideration. – When <u>the Authority determines</u> an application's rank is too low to receive an award of a loan or grant for an application period, the Division must include the application with those considered for the next application period. If the application's rank is again too low to receive an award, the application is not eligible for consideration in a subsequent application period. An applicant whose application does not receive an award after review in two application periods may file a new application.

(d) Notification of Decision. – When the <u>Division Authority</u> determines that an application's rank makes it eligible for an award of a loan or grant, the Division must send the applicant a letter of intent to award the loan or grant. The notice must set out any conditions the applicant must meet to receive an award of a loan or grant. When the applicant satisfies the conditions set out in the letter of intent, the Division must send the applicant an offer to award a loan or grant. The applicant must give the Division written notice of whether it accepts or rejects the offer. A loan or grant is considered awarded when an offer to award the loan or grant is issued."

# **SECTION 14.21.(I)** G.S. 143-355.4(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) To be eligible for State water infrastructure funds from the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund or the Drinking Water Reserve or any other grant or loan of funds allocated by the General Assembly whether the allocation of funds is to a State agency or to a nonprofit organization for the purpose of extending waterlines or expanding water treatment capacity, a local government or large community water system must demonstrate that the system:

(1) Has established a water rate structure that is adequate to pay the cost of maintaining, repairing, and operating the system, including reserves for payment of principal and interest on indebtedness incurred for maintenance or improvement of the water system during periods of normal use and periods of reduced water use due to implementation of water conservation measures. The funding agency shall apply guidelines developed by the State Water Infrastructure Commission <u>Authority</u> in determining the adequacy of the water rate structure to support operation and maintenance of the system.

**SECTION 14.21.(m)** Of the funds appropriated to the Department of Environment and Natural Resources in this act, at least three million two hundred thousand dollars (\$3,500,000) for the 2013-2014 fiscal year and at least five million dollars (\$5,000,000) for the 2014-2015 fiscal year shall be used for grants to local government units for public water system-related projects and wastewater-related projects. The State Water Infrastructure Authority established by G.S. 159G-70, as enacted by subsection (b) of this section, shall determine the distribution of funds between public water system-related projects and wastewater-related projects, depending upon the number of applications for grants received and the priorities established by the State Water Infrastructure Authority. Grants awarded to local government units for public water system-related projects shall be credited to the Drinking Water Reserve established in G.S. 159G-22 to be used for grants to local government units in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 159G of the General Statutes, as amended by this section. Grants awarded to local government units for wastewater-related projects shall be credited to the Wastewater Reserve established in G.S. 159G-22 to be used for grants to local government units in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 159G of the General Statutes, as amended by this section. Funds allocated by this subsection are limited to projects in development tier one or two areas, as defined by G.S. 143B-437.08. The State Water Infrastructure Authority shall report no later than May 1, 2014, to the Environmental Review Commission, the Senate Appropriations Committee on Natural and Economic Resources, the House of Representatives Appropriations Subcommittee on Natural and Economic Resources, and the Fiscal Research Division on the distribution of grant funds awarded under Chapter 159G of the General Statutes, as amended by the section, and whether changes are needed to the existing grant program under Chapter 159G of the General Statutes or other available grant programs to better facilitate the dissemination of funds and meet the project needs of rural, economically distressed local governments.

**SECTION 14.21.(n)** The terms for the members who are appointed initially to the State Water Infrastructure Authority established by G.S. 159G-70, as enacted by subsection (b) of this section, shall commence July 1, 2013. Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 159G-70, as enacted by subsection (b) of this section, in order to establish staggered terms, the terms for the members who are appointed initially to the State Water Infrastructure Authority under G.S. 159G-70(b)(4), (6), and (8) shall expire July 1, 2016.

**SECTION 14.21.(0)** The Revisor of Statutes may conform names and titles changed by this section and may correct statutory references as required by this section throughout the General Statutes. In making the changes authorized by this section, the Revisor may also adjust subject and verb agreement and the placement of conjunctions.

# **INCREASE FUNDING FOR DREDGING**

SECTION 14.22.(a) G.S. 75A-3 reads as rewritten:

#### "§ 75A-3. Wildlife Resources Commission to administer Chapter; Vessel Committee; funds for administration.

(a) The Commission shall enforce and administer the provisions of this Chapter.

(b) The chair of the Commission shall designate from among the members of the Commission three members who shall serve as the Vessel Committee of the Commission, and who shall, in their activities with the Commission, place special emphasis on the administration and enforcement of this Chapter.

(c) The Boating Account is established within the Wildlife Resources Fund created under G.S. 143-250. Interest and other investment income earned by the Account accrues to the Account. All moneys collected pursuant to the numbering and titling provisions of this Chapter shall be credited to this Account. Motor fuel excise tax revenue is credited to the Account under G.S. 105-449.126. The Commission shall use revenue in the Account, subject to the Executive Budget Act and the Personnel Act, for the administration and enforcement of this Chapter; for activities relating to boating and water safety including education and waterway marking and improvement; and for boating access area acquisition, development, and maintenance. The Commission shall use at least three dollars (\$3.00) of each one-year certificate of number fee and at least nine dollars (\$9.00) of each three-year certificate of access area acquisition, development, and maintenance. The Commission shall transfer on a quarterly basis fifty percent (50%) of each one-year certificate of number fee collected under the numbering provisions of G.S. 75A-5 to