

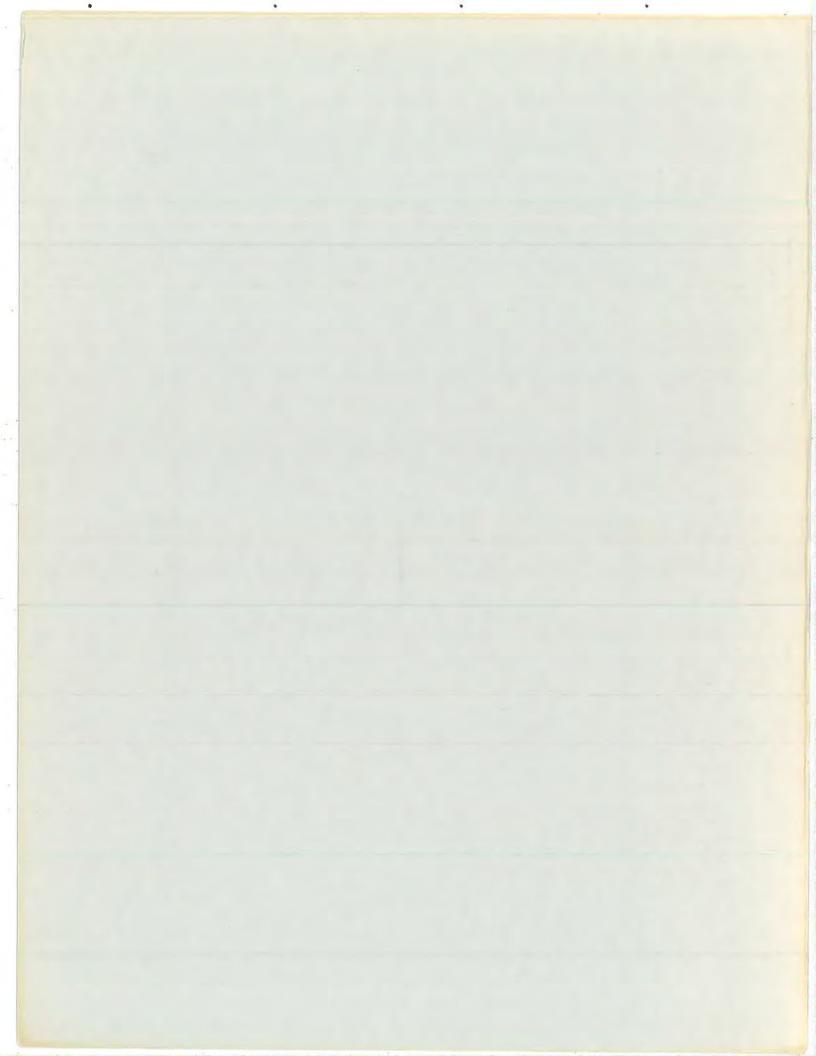
# Overview:

# Fiscal and Budgetary Actions

North Carolina General Assembly 1993 Session

Prepared by the Fiscal Research Division of the North Carolina General Assembly

Raleigh, N.C.



# **OVERVIEW:**

# FISCAL AND BUDGETARY ACTIONS

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY
1993 SESSION

PREPARED BY THE
FISCAL RESEARCH DIVISION
OF THE NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA

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#### GLOSSARY

Adjusted Appropriation: Contains the total of the certified appropriation, reserve allocations, and other transfers (i.e. as authorized by legislative authority) including Contingency and Emergency.

Anti-Recession Funds: Program instituted by the Federal Government.

Beginning/Ending Balance Or Credit Balance: The funds available at the beginning or end of the fiscal year based upon revenue collections and expenditures.

Capital Improvements: One-time appropriations for specific capital projects (new construction, renovations, repairs and land purchases).

Carry Forward: Funds appropriated, but unspent in the first fiscal year of a biennium —which by authorized budget revision —- are brought forward for expenditure in the second fiscal year of the same biennium. Starting with the 1985-86 fiscal year, the practice of journalizing these entries between fiscal years of a biennium were discontinued. Funds have since been carried forward between years and biennia by check.

Certified Appropriation: Total state monies appropriated by the General Assembly.

Contingency and Emergency (C&E) Funds: The Appropriation to provide for any purpose authorized by law for which no specific appropriation is made or for which inadvertently an insufficient appropriation has been made. Allocations from this Fund must be approved by the Council of State upon recommendation by the Director of the Budget (Governor).

Continuation Budget: The part of the State budget necessary to continue the current level of services when adjusted for inflation, mandated rate increases such as Social Security, annualization of programs and operation of new facilities.

**Current Operations:** Cost associated with the daily activity of programs supported by the State, such as salaries, utilities, and travel.

**Disproportionate Share Funds**: Share (DSH) funds are Medicaid payments made to health care providers who deliver services to large numbers of uninsured patients.

**Entitlements:** Payment or benefit granted by law to individuals or political subdivisions (i.e. cities, counties, local districts).

**Expansion Budget**: The part of the budget which provides for new programs, expansion of existing programs, and salary and benefit increases.

**Federal Funds:** Funds appropriated by the U. S. Congress and administered by Federal agencies for support of programs at the state or local level. Federal funds are received through block grants, entitlement programs and specific ("categorical") grants.

**Federal Revenue Sharing:** Program instituted by the Federal Government in 1972-73 and discontinued in 1982-83 to assist state/local governments.

General Fund: The tax and nontax revenue collected by the State of North Carolina and deposited with the State treasurer for appropriation by the General Assembly to support the operations and capital construction needs of state departments and institutions. General Fund tax revenue includes sales and use tax, individual income tax, corporate income tax and franchise tax. General Fund nontax revenue includes court fees and income from the State Treasurer's investment of excess General Fund dollars belonging to the state.

**Highway Fund:** The tax and nontax revenue collected by the State of North Carolina and deposited with the State Treasurer for appropriation by the General Assembly to support

#### GLOSSARY (Continued)

the operations and capital construction needs of the Department of Transportation, including the Division of Motor Vehicles and the Highway Patrol Division of the Department of Crime Control and Public Safety. Highway Fund tax revenue includes licenses and fees relating to the operation of motor vehicles and the motor fuel tax. Highway Fund nontax revenue includes income from the State Treasurer's investments of Highway Fund dollars.

**Local Government Transfers:** Reimbursements for "holding harmless" local governments due to the Tax Reduction Act of 1985; and, Shared-Revenues resulting from changes in accounting methodology for state-local shared revenues from intangibles, franchise, and beverage taxes.

Negative Reserve: An authorized reduction to the total program needs for a specific purpose, i.e., management flexibility or inflationary cost adjustments, without identifying the specific line-items affected. The agency/department must identify savings or excess in budgeted line-items needs and transfer this excess to offset the negative reserve appropriation.

**Non-Recurring**: Term used to denote one-time revenues (windfalls, reversions) or one-time expenditures (grant-in-aid, capital).

Other Receipts: The funds received by state departments and institutions for services performed, such as patient receipts in hospitals; tuition fees in the universities and community colleges, or as fines for violations of state regulations.

Rainy Day Fund: One-time appropriation of \$141 million for the 1990-91 fiscal year. Appropriation equaled the funds deposited to the credit of the General Fund due to an accounting methodology change approved by the 1990 Session to improve the financial reports of the State.

Recurring: Term used to denote revenues and expenditures that will be continuing.

Reversions: Unspent appropriations returned to the General Fund or Highway Fund (as applicable) at the end of each fiscal year.

Reversions (net): Unspent appropriations returned to the General Fund adjusted for carry forward from the first to the second fiscal year of a biennium. Practice of carry forwards by journalizing has been discontinued.

Special Funds: Accounts which have no state monies directly appropriated to them and whose cash balances do not revert at the end of each fiscal period. (Wildlife Resources)

Tax Reimbursements: State revenues disbursed to local governments as reimbursements due to state mandated tax relief measures which has a financial impact on locals. These measures include (1) property tax on business inventories; (2) property tax homestead exemption; (3) sales tax on food stamp purchases; and, (4) intangibles tax on money on deposit and certain accounts receivables.

**Tax Sharing**: Revenues collected by the State and shared with local governments — intangibles, beverages, and franchise taxes.

Total Availability: Sum of beginning credit balance and revenue collections for a fiscal period.

Total State Budget: Total dollar requirements for North Carolina State government departments and institutions, excluding inter/intra-agency departmental transfers and expenditures.

**Transfers Among Codes:** Allocations from reserve accounts (university institutional programs, salary increase, hospitalization - medical insurance, etc.) or program transfers from one department to another based upon enabling legislation.

#### INTRODUCTION

This volume is intended to create a "picture" of what the North Carolina General Assembly enacted within the broad area of appropriations and revenues for the 1993-95 biennium. We believe it will serve both as a technical record of legislative fiscal action and as an invaluable reference tool for Members of the General Assembly, legislative staff members, State agencies, and the general public.

This document is divided into sections as follows: "Total Budget", "The Economy, and Revenues"; "Federal Block Grants"; "Legislative Actions: General Fund Appropriations"; Legislative Actions: Highway Fund Appropriations"; Salaries and Benefits"; "Capital Improvements", "Revenue Bills"; and, "Appendix".

Section One, "Total Budget" summarizes the fiscal actions authorized by the General Assembly for the 1993-95 biennium.

Section Two, "The Economy and Revenues", describes the economic and financial backdrop against which the actions detailed in subsequent sections are conducted.

Section Three, "Federal Block Grants" gives a brief history of programs and identifies how these funds are allocated.

Section Four, "Legislative Actions: General Fund Appropriations" identifies each change made to the Governor's proposals for continuation support for each department. Special provisions which are pertinent to that department are included.

Section Five, "Legislative Actions: Highway Fund Appropriations" identifies actions for the Highway Fund in the same manner as addressed in Section Four.

Section Six, "Salaries and Benefits" identifies salary increases, as approved, together with changes in retirement and pension plans, health insurance programs, and other benefit programs.

Section Seven, "Capital Improvements" provides a departmental listing of capital projects approved during the 1993 Session. It also includes a list of the general obligation bonds which will be allocated accordingly if favored by a majority of the voters in November 1993.

Section Eight, "Revenue Bills" provides a listing of bills authorizing various tax changes. Five-year fee increases are included in this section, as well.

The "Appendix" includes data relating to revenues and expenditures of the General Fund and Highway Fund, including salary increases, reversions, aid to local governments, Critical School Facilities funds, and numbers of permanent positions.

It is hoped that this volume will be useful in making legislative information relating to the budget of the State of North Carolina more accessible and provide a complete understanding of the General Assembly's fiscal actions.

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# THE TOTAL BUDGET

#### SUMMARY OF THE BUDGET 1993-95 BIENNIUM

(IN MILLIONS) 1993 SESSION

	1999 3	SESSION	
	1993-94	1994-95	
TOTAL BUDGET			
(Includes Operating and Capital			
Appropriations, General Fund, Highway			
Fund, Federal Funds, Prison Bonds,			
Fees, Departmental Receipts, etc.)	\$16,714.8	\$16,538.9	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, ,	,	
GENERAL FUND			
	0.674.4	9 770 F	
Operating	8,674.1	8,779.5	
Local Governments Shared Revenues/			
Reimbursements	236.8	236.8	
	214.2		
Pay Day Restoration		-	
Capital Improvements - Appropriations	109.0	-	
Capital Improvements - Repair/Renovations Reserv	e 57.0	-	
Total	9,291.1	9,016.3	
Total	5,251.1	9,010.5	
PRISON BONDS	87.5	_	
THOON BONDS	07.0		
HIGHWAY FUND	975.6	951.7	
HIGHWAT FUND	9/5.0	951.7	
•0			
HIGHWAY TRUST FUND*	387.7	* 409.4	
THE THE STATE OF T	007.7	400.4	
FEDERAL FUNDS	A E40 A	4 707 5	
FEDERAL FUNDS	4,516.4	4,727.5	
DED A DELIEUT ALL DE OFFICE			
DEPARTMENTAL RECEIPTS			
(tuition fees {University, Community			
College), patient fees, licenses, fines,			
	4 450 5	4 404 0	
other dedicated receipts)	1,456.5	1,434.0	

<sup>\*</sup>Does not include Transfer to General Fund.

#### SUMMARY OF THE BUDGET 1993-95 BIENNIUM

(IN MILLIONS) 1993 SESSION 1993-94 1994-95

GENERAL FUND TAX REVENUES	\$8,238.8	\$8,775.6
% Increase		, = ,
Economic Base*	6.2	6.5
Real Economic Growth	2.7	3.0
Inflation	3.5	3.5

<sup>\*</sup>Actual collections adjusted for tax law changes and other special factors.

### COMPARISON OF COLLECTIONS, % OF INCREASE OVER PREVIOUS YEAR

	Actual	Economic Base*
1986-87	10.4%	9.0%
1987-88	7.2	10.2
1988-89	6.8	8.8
1989-90	13.8	5.6
1990-91	4.9	-1.3
1991-92	9.7	5.3
1992-93	6.1	7.0

HIGHWAY FUND REVENUES	\$944.6	\$961.3
% Increase	0.3%	1.8%

# SUMMARY OF APPROPRIATIONS GENERAL FUND AND HIGHWAY FUND

1994-95 1993-94 Senate Bill 27, Chapter 321 "Continuation and Expansion Budget Appropriations for Current Operations..." General Fund Sec. 3 Current Operations \$9,025,073,307 \$9,01,344,686 Highway Fund Sec. 4 Maintenance and Operations 958,703,093 951,700,000 Highway Trust Fund Sec. 5 557,700,000 579,400,000 Senate Bill 26, Chapter 561 "Capital Improvements" General Fund Sec. 4 Capital Improvements \$102,486,790 0 Sec. 6 Nonrecurring Appropriations 106,537,599 0 Highway Fund 0 Sec. 5 Capital Improvements \$16,927,100

Senate Bill 14, Chapter 542 "Education, Clean Water, and Parks Bond Act of 1993."

Subject to Vote of the People

\$740,000,000

The following pages identify House and Senate Bills which were incorporated into the bills listed above.

S-Bill	Legislator	H-Bill	<u>Title</u>	FY 93-94	FY 94-95	Section
S 0039	Speed	H 0034	Agric Education Dept Transfer Funds	200,000	0	-
S 0135	Martin, W		Clarify Correction Enterprises	200,000	0	S 76
S 0310	Martin, W.		GPAC/Employee Classification/Fund	0	0	S 24
S 0333	Martin, R.		Rural Economic Development Center/OIC's	75,000		5 24
S 0426	Martin, W.	H 0295	Golf Course Funds, Indian Cultural Center	750,000	0	
S 0449	Warren	H 0255	Teacher Training Task Force	10,000	0	
S 0454	Seymour	H 0475	Adoption Resources Center—Children's Home Society	500,000	0	
S 0471	Seymour	H 0425	Piedmont Triad Regional Water Authority	500,000	0	
S 0486	Martin, R.	H 0477	Eastern Ag. Center Funds	3,400,000		
S 0503	Perdue	H 0479	Rural Economic Development	2,250,000	0	
S 0530	Plyler	H 0655	Agriculture Medical Waste Funds (Gov.'s Recommendations)	712,900	0	
S 0553	Daniel	H 0260	Piedmont Agricultural Center	4,400,000	0	
S 0556	Hoyle	H 0478	NC Housing Trust Fund	2,500,000	0	
S 0567	Lee	H 0597	Carrboro Farmers Market	236,000	0	
S 0713	Kerr	H 1229	Wayne County Forestry Bldg./Eq Shed	162,500	0	
S 0814	Daniel		Repairs/Renovation Reserve	57,000,000	0	Mon CD 07
S 0827	Perdue	H 0512	UNC Infection Control Fund	75,000	0	Also SB 27
S 0835	Hunt	H 0871	Minority/Women Contract Study	950,000	_	
S 0850	Plyler		Stanly County Airport Authority	275,000	0	
S 0858	Lee	H 0846	Chinqua Penn Funds-Planning for re-opening	75,000	0	
S 0869	Plyler	H 0979	Master Application/Business License Office	350,000		
S 0888	Tally	H 1186	State Veterans Home	3,000,000	0	S 31
S 0926	Ballance	H 1159	Regulate Hog Operations Study	15,000	0	531
S 0926	Ballance	H 1159	Regulate Hog Operations (Study only funded)	85,000	0	
S 1004	Soles	H 1255	Columbus Co. Gas Line Funds	1,000,000	0	
S 1014	Plexico	H 0916	WCU MCNC Link-Capital (equipment) Incorporated into H1422	2 0	0	
S 1049	Parnell	H 0146	Park Land Acquisition Funds	2,100,000	0	
S 1069	Shaw		Child Protective Services (Grant Moses Cone Hospital)		0	
S 1100	Walker		Office of State Personnel Funds	60,000	0	0.04
S 1106	Conder	H 1259	ECU Minges Coliseum Funds	0	0	S 24
S 1120	Edwards	H 1246	Process Leadership Program Funds at Fayetteville State	2,500,000	0	
S 1137	Gulley	H 1334	Expansion of Computerized Linkage	50,000	0	
S 1138	Lee	11 1007	UNC CH Bicennential Funds	750,000	0	
S 1170	Perdue	H 1415		250,000	0	
5 1175	1 01000	11 1415	Water Resources Development Funds	9,088,000	0	

S-Bill	Legislator	H-Bill	Title	FY 93-94	FY 94-95	Section
S 1173	Parnell	H 1376	Construct Southeastern Farmers' Market/Ag. Center	2,500,000	0	
S 1177	Winner, D.	H 1427	Arboretum Funds	2,000,000	0	
S 1183	Speed	H 1387	Mycotoxin Analyses/Research	160,000	0	
S 1191	Cochrane		Davidson Forestry Funds	231,700	0	
S 1217	Winner, D.		UNC Asheville Land Purchase	2,000,000	0	
S 1219	Odom	H 1366	SBI Complex Funds (Lab only funded)	18,600,000	0	
S 1239	Odom		National Guard Armory Funds	524,700	0	
S 1240	Odom		Aerial Reserve Equipment Funds	275,000	0	
S 1247	Sherron		World Trade Center	100,000	0	
S 1258	Daniel		NCSU Centennial Center Matching	5,000,000	0	
S 1294	Daniel	H 0510	Museum of Albemarle Construction	1,000,000	0	S 35
H-Bill	Legislator	S-Bill	<u>Title</u>	FY 93-94	FY 94-95	Section
H 0034	James	S 0039	Agric Education Dept Transfer Funds	200,000	0	
H 0063	James		Tidewater Research/Ext. Center-Greenhouses/headhouses	500,000	0	
H 0064	James		Ag. Ext. program at NCSU-Transfer College between colleges	200,000	0	
H 0146	DeVane	S 1049	Park land Acquisition Funds	2,100,000	0	
H 0226	Brown, D.		Eradicate Hydrilla in Lake Gaston (Use Water Res. Funds)	0	0	
H 0255	Barnes	S 0449	Teacher Training Task Force	10,000	0	
H 0260	Bowman	S 0553	Piedmont Agricultural Center	4,400,000	0	
H 0295	Sutton	S 0426	Golf Course Funds, Indian Cultural Center	750,000	0	
H 0425	Gist	S 0471	Piedmont Triad Regional Water Authority	500,000	0	
H 0475	Miller	S 0454	Adoption Resources Center—Children's Home Society	500,000	0	
H 0477	Rogers	S 0486	Eastern Ag. Ctr Funds (received \$300,000 Planning last yr)	3,400,000	0	
H 0478	Hunter, H.	S 0556	NC Housing Trust Fund	2,500,000	0	
H 0479	Hunter, H.	S 0503	Rural Economic Development	2,250,000	0	
H 0510	James	S 1294	Museum of Albemarle Construction	1,000,000	0	S 35
H 0512	Nye	S 0827	UNC Infection Control Funds	75,000	0	
H 0526	Redwine		Farm Loan Reserve Interest Use	0	0	S 97
H 0527	Redwine		Farm Loan Reserve Fund	1,000,000	0	
H 0531	Robinson		Caldwell Comm College—Truck Driver Training Range	50,000	0	
H 0597	Hackney	S 0567	Carrboro Farmers Market	236,000	0	
H 0655	Bowen	S 0530	Agriculture Medical Waste Funds (Gov's Recommendation)	712,900	0	

H-Bill	Legislator	S-Bill	<u>Title</u>	FY 93-94	FY 94-95	Section
H 0660	Gist		A&T Agric Research Funds	E00.000		
H 0777	Michaux		Credit for Prior Year Safekeepers Payments	500,000 0	0	C 74
H 0789	Rogers		Terrell Bldg. Renovations-UNC CH	496,000	0	S 74
H 0846	Cole	S 0858	Chinqua Penn Funds—Planning for re-opening	75,000	0	
H 0871	Michaux	S 0835	Minority/Women Contract Study	950,000	0	
H 0878	Luebke		Falls Lake Watershed Study	150,000	0	
H 0916	Ramsey	S 1014	WCU MCNC Link-Capital (equipment) Incorportated into H1422	150,000	0	
H 0979	Redwine	S 0869	Master Application/Business License Office		0	
H 1159	Hunter, H.	S 0926	Regulate Hog Operations Study	350,000	0	
H 1159	Hunter, H.	S 0926	Regulate Hog Operations (Study only funded)	15,000	0	
H 1170	Redwine		NCSU-Turfgrass research	85,000	0	
H 1182	Ramsey		Graham County Foresestry Funds (Bldg.)	250,000	0	
H 1186	Kinney	S 0888	State Veterans Home	89,000	0	0.04
H 1192	Nesbitt		School Technology Funds	3,000,000	0	S 31
H 1214	Hunter, H.		Economic Development	5,000,000	0	
H 1218	Bowen		Southeastern Agricultural (reallocation)	3,025,000	0	0.00
H 1223	Rogers		Somerset Place-Reconstruction	0	0	S 96
H 1228	Nye		Future Farmers Funds	300,000	0	• • •
H 1229	Baddour	S 0713	Wayne County Forestry Bldg/Eq Shed	300,000	0	S 60
H 1234	Holt	0 07 10	Child Care Resources-Referral Funds	162,500	0	
H 1246	Richardson	S 1120		500,000	0	
H 1252	Gottovi	0 1120	Process Leadership Program Funds at Fayetteville State NC Clean Water Funds	50,000	0	
H 1255	Hill	S 1004	Columbus Co. Gas Line Fudns	0	0	S 23
H 1258	Redwine	0 1004		1,000,000	0	
H 1259	Redwine	S 1106	Beaver Control Program/Funds	146,000	0	S 111
H 1269	Holt	3 1100	ECU Minges Coliseum Funds	2,500,000	0	
H 1271			Displaced Homemaker Funds	375,000	0	
H 1280	Preston, J.		NC Board of Health Funds	0	0	S 108
	Nye		Parent Volunteer Grant Funds	100,000	0	
H 1281	Nye		Senior Centers' Maintenance/Renovation/Upkeep (\$10,000 ea.)	100,000	0	
H 1294	Arnold		Rocky Mt. Farmers's Market Fund Reallocation	0	0	S 94
H 1296	Green		Blind at-risk Children at Gov Morehead School	300,000	0	

H-Bill	Legislator	S-Bill	Title	FY 93-94	FY 94-95	Section
H 1297	Hunter, H.		Biotechnology Initiative Funds for Black Colleges/Univ.	1,000,000	0	
H 1298	Hunter, H.		Development Banking Funds	1,000,000	0	
H 1315	Kuczmarski		Cued Speech Center, Wake County	95,000	0	
H 1316	Kuczmarski	S 1024	Baille Literacy/Establish Resource Center	300,000	0	
H 1322	Bowman	0 1021	Alamance Dispute Settlement Center	5,000	0	
H 1325	Nesbitt		Construct new wing for voc/ed/recreation-Women's unit at BM	0	0	S 75b
H 1329	Baddour		Classification/Compensation Study	0	0	S 24
H 1334	Bowman		Expansion of Computerized Linkage	750,000	0	
H 1339	Fussell		Senior Citizens Grants (See HB 1281)	0	0	
H 1340	Miller, G.		Microelectronics Center ATM Networking Technology	2,000,000	0	S 101
H 1348	DeVane		Cotton promotion Funds Appropriation (GS 106-435)	0	0	S 95
H 1350	Baddour		Parent-Child Centers (Headstart Program)	1,100,000	0	
H 1354	Holt		Sheltered Workshops Capital Needs	500,000	0	
H 1366	Diamont	S 1219	SBI Complex Funds (Lab only funded)	18,600,000	0	
H 1367	Nesbitt	0 12.0	WNC Farmers Market-Truck Shed & Wholesale Bldg. Addition	697,415	0	
H 1368	Nesbitt		Western Ag Center-Covered show-ring/parking area/etc.	2,580,000	0	
H 1369	Nesbitt		Fletcher Crop Station Capital	258,000	0	
H 1374	Cummings		Historic Sites (Local) Preservation	1,000,000	0	S 36
H 1376	DeVane	S 1173	Construct Southeastern Farmers' Mkt/Ag Center	2,500,000	0	
H 1380	Hunter, R.	••	NC Court Commission	54,438	0	
H 1383	Jenkins		Rural Tourism Development	200,000	0	
H 1387	James	S 1183	Mycotoxin Analyses/Research	160,000	0	
H 1405	Warner	•	Law Offiers' Hall of Fame	45,000	0	
H 1415	Gottovi	S 1170	Water Resources Development Funds	9,088,000	0	
H 1418	Richardson	• •	Juvenile Justice Pilot Project	30,000	0	
H 1420	Hunter, H.		Child Care Loans/Funds	500,000	0	
H 1422	DeVane		MCNC Network to Campuses	2,118,000	0	S 6
H 1427	Colton	S 1177	Arboretum Funds	2,000,000	0	
H 1437	Crawford		Western NC Genetic Center	355,000	0	Also SB 27
H 1440	McAllister		Minority Bond Pilot Program	0	0	S 39

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S-Bill	Legislator	H-Bill	Title	FY 93-94	FY 94-95	Section
S 0003	Daniel		Caring for Children (Health Insurance)			Occion
S 0006	Daniel	H 1232	Rural/Primary Care Initiatives	500,000	500,000	
S 0006	Daniel	H 1232	Rural/Primary Care Initiatives	2,160,000	2,160,000	
S 0047	Albertson	H 0073	Inmate Incentive Pay (from \$1 to \$3 per hour)	2,100,000	2,100,000	S 101.3
S 0048	Perdue	H 0134	Local Financial Security	0	0	S 175
S 0072	Parnell	H 0086	Hazardous Materials Emergency Response	0	0	S 26
S 0080	Plexico	H 0009	Independent Living Program (Expand to establish	2,639,818	948,343	
S 0098	Perdue		Independent Living Program (Expand to statewide) Shellfish Enhancement Program	554,000	1,243,392	
S 0104	Plyler	H 0108	Cancer Control Program	240,149	127,962	
S 0105	Plyler	H 0109	Cancer Control Program Elizability Europe	100,000	100,000	
S 0134	Martin, W.	H 0306	Cancer Control Program Eligibility Expansion UNC Inventory GPAC	1,450,000	1,664,000	
S 0144	Martin, W.	H 0306		0	0	S 76
S 0156	Plexico	H 0119	State Surplus Management System Implementation	60,000	0	
S 0180	Winner, D.	11 0113	WCU-Mountain Aquaculture Funds	200,000	200,000	S 96
S 0197	Warren	H 0212	Emergency Judges' Per Diem	0	0	S 200.3
S 0197	Warren	H 0264	ECU Med School Receipts	0	0	S 87
S 0209	Martin, W.	H 0375	ECU Medical School Receipts use	0	0	S 87
S 0224	Plexico	H 0106	ICF/MR Reimbursement Methodology Changed	0	0	
S 0226	Plexico	H 0108	Establish Need-Based Cytotechnology Scholarships	0	0	S 101.4
S 0239	Martin, W.	H 0299	Cancer Control Advisory Funds	75,000	75,000	
S 0240	Martin, W.	H 0301	Integrated Tax Admin. GPAC	0	0	
S 0243	Martin, W.		Consolidate Community Correction Programs	0	0	S 178.1
S 0244	Martin, W.	H 0274	Prison Consolidation	0	0	S 177
S 0253	Martin, W.	H 0369	Marine Affairs to DEHNR GPAC	0	0	S 28
S 0254		H 0330	Strategic Planning Process GPAC	0	0	
S 0260	Speed	H 0197	Tobacco Farm Life Museum Grant-in-aid	15,000	0	
S 0260	Martin, W.	H 0330	GPAC/Capital Budget Process	0	0	
S 0268	Martin, W.	H 0330	Program Budgeting GPAC	0	0	
	Martin, W.	H 0299	Revenue-End In-Person Assistance GPAC	0	Ö	S 44
S 0269	Martin, W.	H 0299	Revenue Office Consolidation GPAC	0	Ö	S 44
S 0270	Martin, W.	H 0315	Community Colleges Costs GPAC	0	0	0 44
S 0271	Martin, W.	H 0315	Community Colleges Accountability Measures	0	0	
S 0280	Martin, W.	H 0370	MRC Reduction/Community Based	0	0	
S 0281	Martin, W.	H 0370	MRC Downsizing	0	0	
S 0283	Martin, W.	H 0370	Downsized MH Institutions—Shift to Community Based	ő	0	
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S-Bill	Legislator	H-Bill	Title	FY 93-94	FY 94-95	Section
S 0311	Martin, W.	H 0288	GPAC/Annual Employee Survey	0	0	
S 0369	Martin, W.	H 0373	Cultural Resources Security Officers Civilanized GPAC	0	0	S 34
S 0370	Martin, W.	H 0378	Reorganize DPI GPAC	0	0	S 144.1
S 0412	Martin, W.	H 0330	Evaluate Program Results GPAC	0	0	
S 0420	Perdue	H 0259	Seafood Laboratory Program Funds	125,000	125,000	S 99
S 0421	Seymour	H 0348	Grassroots Science Programs-Grants to Museums	450,000	450,000	S 260.2
S 0423	Richardson	H 0350	Emergency Assistance Funds (AFDC)	500,000	500,000	
S 0450	Warren	H 0285	School Admin. Standards Funds	150,000	250,000	
S 0451	Warren	H 0258	School Leadership Academy	150,000	0	
S 0456	Speed	H 0386	Dental Hygienists funds for 3 counties	44,081	44,081	
S 0460	Warren	H 0253	Principal Fellow Funds (Implementation of HB 254)	198,000	1,190,000	
S 0469	Richardson	H 0223	ARC of North Carolina, Inc., for LIFEguardianship Program	35,000	35,000	
S 0494	Cooper	H 0359	Child Fatality Prevention System-establish in 10 counties	112,685	146,987	
S 0503	Perdue	H 0479	Rural Economic Development (Industrial Dev. Fund included)	1,000,000	•	
S 0504	Perdue	H 0294	GPAC/Economic Development	200,000	200,000	
S 0520	Albertson	H 0511	Expand Domestic Markets for Ag. Products (Gov's Rec.)	164,597	155,408	
S 0527	Harris		Increase Retirement Formula/COLA for Retirees (SCS 527)	0	0	
S 0534	Walker	H 0530	Aid to Public Libraries	250,000	250,000	S 38
S 0541	Richardson	H 0628	Early Intervention-EHNR	100,000	200,000	
S 0541	Richardson	H 0628	Early Intervention-DHR	5,751,634	6,257,507	
S 0548	Kerr	H 1261	OSHA Funds (Includes Gov's Recommendation)	939,000	970,620	
S 0573	Odom	H 0444	Diploma Nursing Program	200,000	200,000	S 124.1
S 0605	Seymour	H 0641	Art in State Buildings (Establish Formula/Selection Process)	0	0	
S 0614	Richardson	H 0381	Nurses' Salary Adjustment Fund	892,196	892,196	
S 0615	Odom		Death benefit Date Change	0	0	S 74.2
S 0640	Cooper	H 0482	Fire/Rescue Commission Staff Permitted	0	0	S 41
S 0644	Cooper	H 0722	Early Intervention for Deaf	250,000	274,000	
S 0662	Perdue	H 0676	NCSU Textbook Publication Funds-HumanItles Ext. Program	204,000	174,000	
S 0665	Gunter	H 0640	Teacher Assistant Salary Schedule	0	0	S 133
S 0669	Cooper	H 0582	Differentiated Pay Funds	38,827,392	38,827,392	
S 0674	Walker	H 0719	Children's Immunization (Gov's Supplemental Item)	3,500,000	7,200,000	
S 0695	Ballance	H 0738	HIV (Medication for eligible Persons)	350,000	350,000	
S 0745	Sherron		Food Protection Program (Gov's Recommendations)	445,000	509,415	
S 0781	Winner	H 0782	Legal Education Assistance Funds	25,000	0	

S-Bill	Legislator	H-Bill	Title	FY 93-94	FY 94-95	Section
S 0810	Daniel		Caswell/Person Court District 9A	261,186	322,883	
S 0814	Daniel		Repairs/Renovation Reserve	57,000,000	022,003	SB 27/26
S 0815	Daniel		그는 그들은 것이 가지 않는 말을 그렇게 가는 것이다.	214,200,000	0	S 21.1
S 0826	Perdue	H 1176	Travel and Tourism Funds (Governor's Recommendations)	1,000,000	500,000	3 21.1
S 0847	Parnell		Sentencing Commission Extended	0	000,000	S 200.1
S 0870	Plyler	H 1222	Milk Sanitation Program Funds (Personnel Costs)	183,608	183,608	3 200.1
S 0896	Odom	H 0931	Indigent Persons' Attorney Fee Fund	0	03,008	S 195
S 0934	Conder	H 1177	Mental Health Study and Coalition 2001 Plan	9,875,239	9,187,175	3 193
S 0938	Sands	H 1304	Hosiery Technology Center within Comm. College System	0,070,209	9,107,173	S 116
S 0962	Daniel	H 0388	Legislative Retirement Option	0	0	3 110
S 0964	Walker	H 0725	Community Based Services Expansion, Youth Services	500,000	500,000	
S 0967	Lee	H 0557	Teacher Academies for Training PS Teachers Created	200,000	200,000	S 142
S 0969	Daniel	H 1195	Small and Low-Wealth Schools	13,000,000	13,000,000	3 142
S 0979	Tally	H 1211	Local and State Water Supply/Mgnt Studies, etc.	498,034	474,681	
S 1001	Winner, L.	H 1237	Juvenile Sex Offender Funds (HB 1331 Rep. Baddour)	500,000	500,000	
S 1002	Winner, L.		School Teachnology Commission	300,000	0	
S 1005	Carpenter		Acquaculture Production In western N.C.—See H119/S156	000,000	0	S 96
S 1029	Walker	H 0534	Adolescent Parenting Funds—Social Services	300,000	300,000	3 90
S 1029	Walker	H 1217	Infant Mortality Funds	453,000	604,000	
S 1029	Walker	H 1217	Infant Mortality Funds	2,142,889	1,125,000	
S 1038	Odom	H 1233	Harriet's House Funds	200,000	0	
S 1040	Perdue	H 0534	Adolescent Parenting Funds	75,000	75,000	
S 1052	Sherron		Geodetic Survey Funds	50,000	50,000	
S 1085	Walker	H 1328	Data Control Clerks/Computer Sys. analysts—Corp. Div.	117,702	113,500	
S 1086	Walker	H 1377	State Treasurer Office Personnel (Gov's Expansion Recomm.)	693,663	1,161,411	
S 1102	Walker	H 0361	Social Worker Caseload	2,000,000	2,000,000	
S 1104	Walker	H 1414	Crime Control Funds	500,000	2,000,000	
S 1107	Martin, R.		Pitt Mediation Center Funds	0	0	S 200.2
S 1109	Walker	H 0535	MH/MR/SA-Trng in Home and Community Living Arrangements	200,000	200,000	3 200.2
S 1110	Daniel	H 1441	Educational Consortia Funds	600,000	600,000	S 101.2
S 1127	Gunter	H 1308	Public School Access to Learning Link (Public Television)	100,000	100,000	
S 1131	Walker	H 0009	DD Independent Living Funds (See S0080)	0	0	S 100
S 1133	Walker	H 0596	Personal Needs Allowance Increase	200,000	200,000	
S 1205	Perdue	H 1203	School Employees Convert Leave (HCS 1307 Below)	1,000,000	1,000,000	
				1,000,000	1,000,000	

H-BIII	Legislator	S-Bill	Title	FY 93-94	FY 94-95	Section
H 0009	Ramsey	S 0080	Independent Living Program (Expand to statewide)	554,000	1,243,392	
H 0009	Ramsey	S 1131	DD Independent Living Funds	0	0	
H 0063	James	•	Tidewater Research Personnel	500,000	500,000	S 90
H 0073	Cunningham	S 0047	Inmate Incentive Pay (from \$1 to \$3 per hour)	0	0	S 175
H 0086	Hightower	S 0072	Hazardous Materials Emergency Response	2,639,818	948,343	
H 0106	Dickson	S 0224	Establish Need-Based Cytotechnology Scholarships	0	0	S 101.4
H 0108	Dickson	S 0104	Cancer Control Program	100,000	100,000	
H 0109	Dickson	S 0105	Cancer Control Program Eligibility Expansion	1,450,000	1,664,000	
H 0119	Jenkins	S 0156	WCU-Mountain Aquaculture Funds	200,000	200,000	S 96
H 0118	Bowman	S 0226	Cancer Control Advisory Funds	75,000	75,000	
H 0134	Nesbitt	S 0048	Local Financial Security	0	0	S 26
H 0147	DeVane	0 00 .0	State Parks (Funded Architect)	42,000	42,000	
H 0147	DeVane		State Parks (Funded Clerical Staff for Parks)	343,132	525,860	
H 0197	Daughtry	S 0254	Tobacco Farm Life Museum Grant-in-aid	15,000	0	
H 0212	Rogers	S 0197	ECU Med School Receipts	0	0	S 87
H 0223	Fitch	S 0469	ARC of North Carolina, Inc., for LIFEguardianship Program	35,000	35,000	
H 0253	Barnes	S 0460	Principal Fellow Funds (Implementation of HB 254)	198,000	1,190,000	
H 0258	Barnes	S 0451	School Leadership Academy	150,000	0	
H 0259	Smith	S 0420	Seafood Laboratory Program Funds	125,000	125,000	S 99
H 0264	Nesbitt	S 0197	ECU Medical School Receipts Use	0	0	S 87
H 0268	Diamont	0 0.0.	Tax Proceeds from Hwy Trust Fund	7,000,000	7,000,000	S 164
H 0274	Diamont	S 0243	Prison Consolidation	0	0	S 177
H 0285	Barnes	S 0450	School Admin. Standards Funds	150,000	250,000	
H 0288	Blue	S 0311	GPAC/Annual Employee Survey	0	0	
H 0294	Barnes	S 0504	GPAC/Economic Development	200,000	200,000	
H 0299	Hensly	S 0239	Integrated Tax Admin GPAC	0	0	
H 0299	Hensly	S 0269	Revenue Office Consolidation GPAC	0	0	S 44
H 0299	Hensly	S 0268	Revenue-End In-Person Assistance GPAC	0	0	S 44
H 0301	Hensly	S 0240	Consolidate Community Correction Program	0	0	S 178.1
H 0306	Hensly	S 0134	UNC Inventory GPAC	0	0	S 76
H 0306	Hensly	S 0144	State Surplus Management System Implementation	60,000	0	
H 0315	Miller, G.	S 0271	Community Colleges Accountability Measures	0	0	
H 0315	Miller, G.	S 0270	Community Colleges Costs GPAC	0	0	
H 0330	Diamont	S 0253	Strategic Planning Process GPAC	0	0	

H-Bill	Legislator	S-BIII	Title	FY 93-94	FY 94-95	Section
H 0330	Diamont	S 0261	Program Budgeting GPAC			Section
H 0330	Diamont	S 0412	Evaluate Program Results GPAC	0	0	
H 0330	Diamont	S 0260	GPAC/Capital Budget Process	0	0	
H 0333	Nye	0 0200	Project TEACCH	0	0	
H 0334	Nye		Autism Camp Operating Funds-Summer School	150,000	150,000	
H 0348	Easterling	S 0421	Grassroots Science Programs Create to Management	49,000	49,000	
H 0350	Easterling	S 0423	Grassroots Science Programs-Grants to Museums Emergency Assistance Funds (AFDC)	450,000	450,000	S 260.2
H 0359	Easterling	S 0494	Child Fatality Provention System establish in 40 and its	500,000	500,000	
H 0361	Easterling	S 1102	Child Fatality Prevention System-establish in 10 counties Social Worker Caseload	112,685	146,987	
H 0369	Robinson	S 0244	Marine Affairs to DEHNR GPAC	2,000,000	2,000,000	
H 0370	Robinson	S 0280	MRC Reduction/Community Based	0	0	S 28
H 0370	Robinson	S 0281	MH/CR Initiatives Shift cost funda to Community Based	0	0	
H 0370	Robinson	S 0282	MH/CB Initiatives—Shift cont. funds to Community Based MRC Downsizing	0	0	
H 0370	Robinson	S 0283		0	0	
H 0373	Robinson	S 0369	Downsized MH Institutions—Shift to Community Based	0	0	
H 0375	Robinson	S 0209	Cultural Resources Security Officers Civilanized GPAC	0	0	S 34
H 0378	Robinson	S 0203	ICF/MR Reimbursement Methodology Changed	0	0	
H 0381	Barnes	S 0614	Reorganize DPI GPAC	0	0	S 144.1
H 0386	Moore	S 456	Nurses' Salary Adjustment Fund	892,196	892,196	
H 0388	Mavretic	S 0962	Dental Hygienist Funds	44,081	44,081	
H 0422	Wilkins	3 0302	Legislative Retirement Option	0	0	
H 0438	Fussell		4-H Youth Development Funds	250,000	0	
H 0444	Michaux	S 0573	Nurse Anesthestist Training (AHEC's)	50,000	50,000	S 98
H 0454	Hightower	3 03/3	Diploma Nursing Program	200,000	200,000	S 124.1
H 0460	DeVane		Incorported into HB 0086	0	0	
H 0479	Hunter, H.	C 0500	State Park-Lumber River Staff	151,000	165,000	
H 0481	DeVane	S 0503	Rural Economic Development (Industrial Dev. Fund included)	1,000,000	0	
H 0482	DeVane	C 0040	Agriculture's Automated Network	126,940	0	
H 0511		S 0640	Fire/Rescue Commission Staff Permitted	0	0	S 41
H 0511	James	S 0520	Expand Domestic Markets for Ag. Products (Gov's Rec.)	164,597	155,408	
H 0515	Nye		Single Portal of Entry for DD Services	1,076,250	1,435,000	
	Nye	0.0504	Home Care Licensure Funds (implements 1991 Act)	121,000	121,000	
H 0530	Gottovi	S 0534	Aid to Public Libraries	250,000	250,000	S 38
H 0534	Hunter, H.	S 1040	Adolescent Parenting Funds	75,000	75,000	
H 0534	Hunter, H.	S 1029	Adolescent Parenting Funds—Social Services	300,000	300,000	
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H-BIII	Legislator	S-Bill	<u>Title</u>	FY 93-94	FY 94-95	Section
H 0535	Nye	S 1109	MH/MR/SA-Trng In Home and Community Living Arrangement	s 200,000	200,000	
H 0557	Black		Center for Advancement of Teaching	200,000	200,000	
H 0557	Black	S 0967	Teacher Academies for Training PS Teachers Created	200,000	200,000	S 142
H 0577	Crawford		Allows Grassroot Arts Funds be used for Salaries (GS 143B-12		0	S 33
H 0579	Flaherty		Dental Hygienist Funds	44,081	44,081	
H 0582	Barnes	S 0669	Differentiated Pay Funds	38,827,392	38,827,392	
H 0596	Nye	S 1133	Personal Needs Allowance Increase	200,000	200,000	
H 0615	Kuczmarski		Parents as Teachers Program	100,000	0	
H 0626	Easterling		Adoption Subsidy Increase (from \$200 to \$265 per month)	648,540	670,303	
H 0628	Easterling	S 0541	Early Intervention-EHNR	100,000	200,000	
H 0628	Easterling	S 0541	Early Intervention	5,751,634	6,257,507	
H 0640	Colton	S 0665	Teacher Assistant Salary Schedule	0	0	S 133
H 0641	Colton	S 0605	Art In State Buildings (Establish Formula/Selection Process)	0	0	
H 0652	Baddour		NG Disaster Training (Use of C&E Funds)	0	0	S 181
H 0662	Gist		A&T Transportation Institute	250,000	0	
H 0667	Miller, G.		Prequalify bidders for projects on State Capital Bldg.	0	0	S 27
H 0676	Barnes	S 0662	NCSU Textbook Publication Funds-Humanities Ext. Program	204,000	174,000	
H 0683	Wainwright		Craven County innovative & Alternative Demonstration Prog.	25,000	25,000	
H 0718	Easterling		Early Childhood Initiatives (Governor's Recommendations)	20,000,000	27,640,000	
H 0719	Easterling	S 0674	Children's Immunization (Gov's Supplemental Item)	3,500,000	7,200,000	
H 0722	Green	S 0644	Early Intervention for Deaf	250,000	274,000	
H 0725	Diamont	S 0964	Community Based Services Expansion, Youth Services	500,000	500,000	
H 0729	Nesbitt		Small Employer Health Plan/Other Initiatives	5,500,000	2,500,000	
H 0738	Hunter, H.	S 0695	HIV (Medication for eligible Persons)	350,000	350,000	
H 0782	Michaux	S 0781	Legal Education Assistance Funds	25,000	0	
H 0809	Cummings		Childhood Hunger Study (UNC CH School of Public Health)	0	0	S 94
H 0834	Diamont		Safe School Grant Funds (Aid to Local Unit-Grants)	2,500,000	2,500,000	S 139
H 0931	Holt	S 0896	Indigent Persons' Attorney Fee Fund	0	0	S 195
H 1050	Richardson		DNA Database and Databank	113,197	34,000	
H 1063	Fitch		Economic and Family justice (Access to Civil Justice Act)	250,000	250,000	
H 1176	Gottovi	S 0826	Travel and Tourism Funds (Governor's Recommendations)	1,000,000	500,000	
H 1177	Hunter, H.	S 0934	Mental Health Study and Coalition 2001 Plan	9,875,239	9,187,175	
H 1188	Nesbitt		Exceptional Children's Formula Revised	5,583,598	4,583,598	S 134-5
H 1193	Crawford		NC Arts Council Funds	0	0	

	H-BIII	Legislator	S-Bill	Title	FY 93-94	FY 94-95	Section
	H 1195	Rogers	S 0969	Small and Low-Wealth Schools	13,000,000	13,000,000	
	H 1202	Nesbitt		State Employees Convert Leave (HCS 1307 below)	0	0	
	H 1203	Nesbitt	S 1205	School Employees Convert Leave (HCS 1307 below)	1,000,000	1,000,000	
	H 1208	Hunter, R.		Mobile Preschool Program	50,000	0	
	H 1211	DeVane	S 0979	Local & State Water Supply/Mgmt Studies, etc.	498,034	474,681	
	H 1217	Diamont	S 1029	Infant Mortality Funds	453,000	604,000	
	H 1217	Diamont	S 1029	Infant Mortality Funds	2,142,889	1,125,000	
	H 1218	Bowen		Southeastern Agricultural Marketing	151,978	121,402	
	H 1222	DeVane	S 0870	Milk Sanitation Program Funds (Personnel Costs)	183,608	183,608	
	H 1223	Rogers		Somerset Place-Staff	70,545	70,545	
	H 1231	Nesbitt		School-Based Administrators Pay	0	0	S 132
	H 1232	Diamont	S 0006	Rural/Primary Care Initiatives	2,160,000	2,160,000	0 102
	H 1232	Diamont	S 0006	Rural/Primary Care Initiatives	2,100,000	2,100,000	S 101.3
	H 1233	Holt	S 1038	Harriet's House Funds	200,000	_, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0 101.0
	H 1237	Easterling	S 1001	Juvenile Sex Offender Funds (HB 1331 Rep. Baddour)	500,000	500,000	
	H 1243	Ramsey		State Mileage Allowance to IRS allowance	0	0	S 24
	H 1260	Wainwright		Martin Luther King Commission (Funds Only)	75,000	75,000	0
	1 1261	Nesbitt	S 0548	OSHA Funds (Includes Gov's Recommendation)	939,000	970,620	
	1 1265	Culp		Soil Survey Positions Funds	100,354	0	
	1 1277	Diamont		UNC Conifer/Pest Mgnt Funds (NCSU Cooperative Extension)	64,000	64,000	S 95
	1 1279	Nye		Head Injury Projects/Fund-MHDDSA	300,000	300,000	
	1 1298	Hunter, H.		Development Banking Funds	1,500,000	0	
	1 1304	Bowman	S 0938	Hosiery Technology Center within Comm. College System	0	0	S 116
	1 1306	Barnes		Raise Floor Salary for Lowest Paid Employees	135,500	135,500	S 68
	1 1307	Lee/Nesbitt	_	Formula Increase/COLA for Retirees/Leave Conversion	0	0	
	1 1308	Alphin	S 1127	Public School Access to Learning Link (Public Television)	100,000	100,000	S 100
	1 1328	Baddour	S 1085	Data Control Clerks/Computer sys. analysts—Corp. Div.	117,702	113,500	
	1 1331	Baddour		Pilot Extended Year Program on 3 campuses	200,000	300,000	
	1 1331	Baddour		Juvenile Sex Offender Funds (See HB 1237 Rep. Easterling)	0	0	
	1 1333	DeVane		Additional Staff/Equipment	528,905	542,815	
	1 1335	Wright		Rabies Vaccine Globulin for Medically Indigent	25,000	25,000	
	1 1346	Gottovi		Enhance Activities to control HIV, AIDS, STD and TB	250,000	250,000	
H	1 1349	Baddour		Diabetes Program at UNC CH School of Medicine	225,000	225,000	S 97
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H-BIII	Legislator	S-Bill	Title	FY 93-94	FY 94-95	Section
H 1367	Nesbitt		Western Farmers Market staff	53,752	53,752	
H 1371	Robinson		Mountain Area Fire Fighting positions (3)	132,728	132,728	
H 1377	Baddour	S 1086	State Treasurer Office Personnel (Gov's Expansion Recom.)	693,663	1,161,411	
H 1381	Black		NC REAL Enterprises (WTTF Appropriation of \$300,000 each y	r.) 0	0	S 306
H 1414	Baddour	S 1104	Crime Control Funds	500,000	0	
H 1437	Crawford		Western NC Genetic Center	120,000	120,000	Also SB 26
H 1441	Jeffus	S 1110	Educational Consortia Funds	600,000	600,000	S 101.2
H 1444	Nesbitt		Earthquake Program	48,750	65,000	
H 1463	Gottovi		CAMA Commissin/Env. Index	100,000	50,000	
H 1466	Nesbitt		Western NC Regional Economic Dev. Commission	600,000	1,250,000	
H 1485	Holt		NG Pension Fund Actuarial Needs	65,234	65,234	

## **BILLS INCORPORATED INTO SB 14**

			DILLO INCORPORATED INTO SB 14	
S-BIII	Legislator	H-BIII	<u>Title</u>	FY 93-94
S 0081	Warren	H 0238	ECU-Purhase of Rose High School Property	
S 0082	Warren	H 0239	ECU Library Construction	5,000,000
S 0712	Kerr	H 1230	Wayne CC Campus Building	28,900,000
S 0723	Cochrane	H 0682	Film School Construction-NC School of the Arts	6,328,622
S 0946	Carpenter	H 1198	Tri-Country CC Classroom Bldg/Child Care Center	6,999,200 480,000
S 1047	Plexico		Blue Ridge CC Allied Health Building	5,000,000
S 1177	Winner, D.	H 1427	Arboretum Funds	2,500,000
S 1182	Warren		Beaufort CC Student Services Center	2,900,000
				_,000,000
H-BIII	Legislator	S-Bill	<u>Title</u>	FY 93-94
H 0238	Rogers	S 0081	ECU-Purchase of Rose High School Property	5,000,000
H 0239	Rogers	S 0082	ECU Library Construction	28,900,000
H 0603 H 0664	Beall		Haywood CC Classroom	1,100,000
H 0682	Miller, G.		Education, Clean Water bond Act (See SB 14)	0
H 0893	Gray	S 0723	Film School Construction-NC School of the Arts	6,999,200
H 0917	Lee		Richmond CC Arts Bldg. Fund	2,251,414
H 0917	Ramsey		Southwestern CC General Classroom Building	2,000,000
H 0918	Ramsey Ramsey		Southwestern CC Classroom, lab, & office Bldg. Swain Co.	900,000
H 0918	Ramsey		WCU Belk Bldg. Completion	3,280,200
H 0918	Ramsey		WCU Moore Hall (Phase II) Renovations	2,043,900
H 0918	Ramsey		WCU Renovate Camp Lab School	1,896,500
H 1198	Jenkins	S 0946	WCU Reid Gym Renovations	2,379,400
H 1199	Jenkins	0 0340	Tri-County CC Classroom Bldg/Child Care Ctr (See SB 946)	480,000
H 1230	Baddour	S 0712	Tri-County/Graham Class/Lab/Student Building Wayne CC Campus Building	480,000
H 1242	Hightower	0 07 12	Anson CC Auditorium Fundo (CD 44 has Adam 17 and 18	6,328,622
H 1266	Braswell		Anson CC Auditorium Funds (SB 14 has Advanced Tech. Ctr.)	2,998,465
H 1295	Hunt, J.		James Sprunt CC Funds—Small Business Ctr/Library/Etc.	3,708,406
H 1427	Colton	S 1177	Caldwell Comm College Classroom/Lab Watagua Co. Campus Arboretum Funds	2,261,539
H 1491	Black	· · · · ·	Central Piedmont Sciences Lab Bldg. Expansion	2,500,000
			Community Colences Lab Blug. Expansion	3,950,000

# EARMARKING OF THE YEAR-END GENERAL FUND CREDIT BALANCE

#### Savings Reserve

Budget Reform legislation enacted by the 1991 Session of the General Assembly required, beginning with the 1992-93 fiscal year, that one-fourth of the year end General Fund credit balance be appropriated to a Savings Reserve Account until the account reached five percent of the preceding year's General Fund operating budget. This legislation was amended by the 1992 Session to allow the State Controller to earmark one-fourth of this sum to the Savings Reserve Account, beginning with the 1991-92 year end General Fund credit balance

#### Permanent Reserve for Repairs/Renovations

Budget Reform legislation also required the Office of State Budget and Management to recommend to the 1993 General Assembly a method to establish a permanent reserve for repairs and renovations of state buildings. The recommendation proposed was that one-fourth of the unreserved (after Savings Reserve allocation has been made) year-end General Fund credit balance — or 1.5% of the replacement value of General Fund facilities — whichever lower, be reserved annually by the State Controller for the Repairs and Renovations Reserve Account. General Statutes 143-15.2 and 143-15.3A, and 143.11 were rewritten to establish, fund, and direct the use of these criteria to determine Reserve allocations.

	Year-End Credit Balance	Savings Reserve	Repairs/ Renovations	Unreserved Balance
		(In Millions)		
1991-92 1992-93	\$164.8 537.3	\$ 41.2* 134.3	\$ - 57.0	\$123.6 346.0
1993-94 Allocations for Restoration	Pay Day	-121.0		
Balance		\$54.5*A		

Does not include \$.4 million in Direct Appropriation to Savings Reserve Account.

A Sec. 83 of Senate Bill 27, Chapter 321 allows the appropriation of \$10,602,697 from the Savings Reserve Account for 1993-94 to East Carolina University School of Medicine for hospital teaching costs, if the State Medicaid Plan Amendment affecting Pitt County Memorial Hospital reimbursement at full cost due to its status as a primary affiliated teaching hospital of a state-operated medical school is not approved by the Health Care Financing Agency.

# CONDITION OF GENERAL FUND

		1993-94 Non-		1994-95
	Recurring	Recurring	Total	Total*
Unreserved Credit Balance Beginning July 1	\$ -	\$346.0	\$346.0	\$ -
Revenue				*
Tax Revenue	8,238.8	7.0	8,238.8	8,775.5
Non-Tax Revenue	249.3	103.8	353.1	270.1
Highway Trust Fund Transfer	170.0		170.0	170.0
Highway Fund Transfer	9.9	-	9.9	10.3
Transfer from Savings Reserve		121.0	121.0	
Total Availability	\$8,668.0	\$570.8	\$9,238.8	\$9,225.9
Appropriations			, -,	44,220.0
Current Operations - Departments	8,216.7	219.7	8,436.4	8,578.2
Salary Increase Compensation	106.5	34.2	140.7	111.0
Payroll Restoration to June 30		214.2	214.2	Ψ,
Other Reserves (net)	1.2	3.5	4.7	1.2
Debt Service	92.3	-	92.3	89.1
Capital Improvements		109.0	109.0	-
Local Government	236.8	120	236.8	236.8
Total Appropriations	\$8,653.5	\$580.6	\$9,234.1	\$9,016.3
Unappropriated Balance	\$14.5	(9.8)	\$4.7	\$209.6

<sup>\*</sup> Recurring only; non-recurring availability will be generated through unexpended appropriations (reversions) for 1993-94.

#### **BUDGET REFORM COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST**

#### SPENDING LIMITATION

The use of conservative revenue estimates and the spending of nonrecurring revenues for one-time expenditures only keeps the authorized operating budget under the spending limit of 7% of the estimated income of N.C. residents.

#### REPAIR/RENOVATION RESERVE

The 1991 budget reform package mandated the creation of a permanent mechanism to fund the repair and maintenance of state facilities. The 1993-94 budget accomplishes this by specifying that lesser of 1/4 of each year's credit balance remaining or 1.5% of replacement value will be earmarked for these needs.

#### FISCAL TRENDS COMMISSION

The 1991-92 Fiscal Trends Commission identified a number of population, caseload, and economic trends that will adversely affect the state's fiscal picture during the next decade. The "limited resources" fiscal outlook provided by the Commission and the GPAC affected the 1993-94 budget deliberations.

#### UNFUNDED LIABILITY

The authorized budget moves the paydate for state employees and community college personnel back to the date prior to the 1989-91 budget crisis. This will eliminate \$214 million of unfunded liabilities from the state's balance sheet, thereby strengthening the state's financial position. The budget also contains a provision expressing legislative intent to eliminate in the final 1994-95 budget the \$114 million in liability for deferral of the 12th month of teacher payroll.

#### LONG-TERM FISCAL NOTES

The use of five-year fiscal estimates for regular fiscal notes (including incarceration legislation) and 20-year notes for proposed state buildings has become standard practice.

#### SECOND-YEAR BUDGET GROWTH

The authorized biennial budget limits second-year (1994-95) spending for salary increases and all other expansion budget items to the first-year amount. This complies with the budget reform provision designed to defer major second-year expansion budget decisions until the fiscal outlook is updated during the short session.

#### REVENUES ESTIMATES

For 1992-93 revenue collections came in 2.6 percentage points ahead of schedule, or .7 percentage points ahead on economic basis (6.9% growth versus 6.2% forecast). The 1993-94 estimates, based on a consensus estimating process, take a cautious stance by using the same 6.2% economic growth forecast as that used for the 1992-93 budget, and by taking a conservative position on determining the nonrecurring portion, of 1992-93 overcollections.

# BUDGET REFORM COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST (Continued)

#### RECURRING/NONRECURRING ITEMS

In addition to adjusting the revenue base for nonrecurring revenue collections, the authorized operating budget addresses nonrecurring spending items by:

- 1. Treating Medicald disproportionate share monies as nonrecurring from the outset.
- 2. Using 1992-93 ending credit balance to fund one-time Items only.

#### PUBLICATION OF REVENUE ESTIMATES

Following the tradition begun in 1991, the revenue availability sources and growth rates are outlined in the appropriations bill.

# **ECONOMY AND REVENUES**



## **ECONOMIC OUTLOOK AND GENERAL FUND REVENUES**

#### 1992-93 EXPERIENCE

The General Fund revenue estimate for 1992-93 was a consensus estimate made by the Fiscal Research Division and the Office of State Budget and Management. The estimate complied with the intent of the 1991 legislative budget reform package to restore fiscal integrity to the state budget process by getting back to the conservative revenue-estimating philosophy used prior to the 1989-91 budget crisis.

The result is that General Fund revenues came in 2.6 percentage points above the budget estimate:

	(\$ Million) Budgeted	(\$ Million) Actual	(\$ Million) Difference
Tax	\$7,692.5	\$7,883.0	+ \$190.5
Non-Tax	217.7	230.3	+ 12.6
Total	\$7,910.2	\$8,113.3	+ \$203.1

This performance is typical of the experience of budgets in the 1970's. About 30% of the surplus (\$60 million) was due to a stronger-than-estimated state economy (6.9% state economic growth versus budgeted 6.2%). Most of this improvement came from the employment sector through job growth and increases in the number of hours worked.

The remaining \$144 million of overcollections was the result of special factors. The primary issue involved tax-planning considerations resulting from the November, 1992 election. The prospect of higher marginal tax rates starting in 1993 led many wealthy taxpayers to beef-up their 1992 liability at the expense of 1993 and future years. This was accomplished by accelerating income from future years and deferring deductions. This led to a sharp increase in estimated payments by high-income individuals in December and January and final payments in April, 1993. In addition, income tax refunds were lower than the amount based on historical patterns.

#### **OUTLOOK FOR 1993-94**

The 1993-94 revenue estimates are based on the same philosophy as that used during 1992-93 budget deliberations.

The economic growth rate assumption remains 6.2% (3.5% inflation plus 2.7% real growth). The surplus last year from federal tax planning considerations was addressed by factoring the estimated amount out of the 1992-93 collection base. In cases where our analysis could not determine whether the overcollections were permanent (versus one-time), the surplus was put in the nonrecurring column. Thus, the 1993-94 forecast was built on two layers of conservatism.

Implicit in the economic growth rate assumption is a continuation of the slow-recovery, low-inflation environment of the last two years. The current recovery continues to be unique in terms of both weakness and for the number of times the recovery has faltered (3 times in 2 years). These trends have occurred despite short-term interest rates that are the lowest in over two decades and long-term rates (including mortgage rates) that are the lowest since the mid-1970's. The major problem continues to be the lack of confidence on the part of consumers and businesses, even in the face of continued improvement in housing, retail sales, auto purchases, and capital investment in machinery and equipment. One reason could be media publicity from white-collar layoffs. In fact, small business job growth, especially in services, has more than offset declines in large-scale manufacturing.

# GENERAL FUND REVENUES — ACTUALS AND 1993-94 ESTIMATES (\$ MILLION)

		1993-94	1993-94	1993-94	
	92-93	Baseline	Legis.	New	% of
	Actual	Estimate	Actions	Total	Total
TAX:					· otar
Personal Income	\$3,992.0	\$4,158.4	\$-34.0	* \$4,124.4	50.40/
Sales & Use	2,344.2	2,455.7	Ψ-0-4.0		50.1%
Corporate Income	429.8	472.2	39.4	2,455.7 511.6	29.8
Franchise	419.9	445.9	55.4		6.2
Insurance	198.8	200.6		445.9	5.4
Alcoholic Beverage	159.1	158.5		200.6	2.4
Intangibles	120.6	120.6	_	158.5	1.9
Inheritance	89.6	92.4	-	120.6	1.5
Soft Drink	34.5	34.5	_	92.4	1.1
License	26.8	30.0	_	34.5	0.4
Tobacco Products	42.9	38.4	_	30.0	0.4
Deed Stamp	10.4	13.2	_	38.4	0.5
Gift	13.6	12.0	=	13.2	0.2
Other	0.8	1.0	-	12.0	0.1
	0.0	1.0	-	1.0	-
TOTAL - TAX	\$7,883.0	\$8.233.4	OF A		
NON TAY	<b>4.</b> ,000.0	Ψ0.233. <del>4</del>	\$5.4	\$8,238.8	100.0%
NON-TAX:					
Investment Income	\$75.7	\$78.0	\$7.0	\$85.0	
Judicial Department	76.3	78.6	5.9	84.5	
Disproportionate Share	_	93.2	_	93.2	
Other	78.3	79.6	10.8	90.4	
TOTAL - NON-TAX	\$230.3	\$236.2	\$23.7	\$253.1	
TOTAL REVENUES	\$8,113.3	\$8,469.7	\$29.1	\$8,591.9	

<sup>\$34</sup> million of local reimbursement earmarking was shifted from corporate income tax to personal income tax.

Other factors contributing to the persistent slow-growth economic recovery include:

- 1. The continued surplus of commercial and industrial real estate
- 2. Recessionary conditions in many overseas markets.
- 3. Cuts in defense spending
- 4. The weakness of the California economy (12% of domestic economy)
- 5. The slowdown in state and local government spending

The specifics of the economic outlook are shown below:

	% Change Unless Noted Otherwise			
	1992-93	1992-93	1993-94	
	Estimated	Actual	Estimated	
U.S. Indicators				
Real Economic Growth Inflation Corporate Profits Housing Starts Auto Sales Short-Term Interest Rates (Actual Rate) Long-Term Interest Rates (Actual Rate)	+ 2.2	+ 2.6	+ 2.6	
	+ 3.5	+ 3.1	+ 3.1	
	+ 13.2	+ 8.4	+ 10.4	
	+ 6.4	+ 16.5	+ 8.2	
	+ 14.2	+ .9	+ 6.0	
	4.1%	3.1%	3.5%	
	8.2%	7.2%	6.6%	
North Carolina Data				
Personal Income	+5.5	+ 6.7	+ 6.6	
Employment	+1.6	+ 2.6	+ 2.5	
Average Hourly Earnings - Manufacturing	+3.5	+ 3.6	+ 3.7	

# GENERAL FUND REVENUES AND PERCENT OF INCREASE OVER PRIOR YEAR (IN MILLIONS)

	1992-93 Actual	% of Increase	1993-94 Authorized	% of Increase	1994-95	% of
		moroasc	Admonzed	increase	Authorized	Increase
Tax Revenues:						
Inheritance	\$ 89.6	2.2%	\$ 92.4	3.1%	\$99.3	7.5%
Licenses	26.8	(9.4)	30.0	11.9	30.6	2.0
Tobacco Products		6.2	38.4	(10.5)	37.2	(3.1)
Soft Drink Franchise	34.5	6.3	34.5	*	35.4	2.6
rianchise	420.0	3.2	445.9	6.2	479.0	7.4
Income:						
Individual	3,992.0	11.4	4,124.4	3.3	4,398.4	4 6.6
Corporate	429.8	(29.1)	511.6	19.0	574.9	12.4
Subtotal						12.4
-Income	4,421.8	5.6	4,636.0	4.8	4,973.3	7.3
Sales and Use	2,344.1	8.5	2,455.7	4.8	2,597.2	5.8
Beverage	159.1	0.7	158.5	(0.4)	158.0	(0.3)
Gift	13.6	87.1	12.0	(11.8)	12.8	6.7
Insurance	198.8	(2.5)	200.6	0.9	209.3	4.3
Intangibles	120.6	7.5	120.6	*	128.4	6.5
Freight Car Lines	.4	(13.8)	.5	25.0	.5	-
Real Estate						
Conveyance	10.4	19.9	13.2	26.9	14.1	6.8
Miscellaneous	4	8.3	.5	25.0	.5	-
Total Tax						
	\$7,883.0	6.0%	\$8,238.8	4.5%	<b>60 775 6</b>	0.50/
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0.070	Ψ0,200.0	4.5%	\$8,775.6	6.5%
Non-tax Revenue:		212				
Investment Income	\$75.7	32.3%	\$85.0	12.3%	\$97.3	14.5%
Judicial Department	76.3	7.0	84.5	10.7	92.4	9.3
Disproportionate	450					
Share Receipts  DHR Private Hospita	158.7*		93.2	100.0	*	(100.0)
Donation Fund	<b>a</b> l					
Miscellaneous	70.4	0.0	10.0	100.0	*	(100.0)
Miscellatieous	78.4	9.8	80.4	2.6	80.4	
Total Nontax						
Revenue	\$230.4	15.3%	\$353.1	53.5%	\$270.1	(23.5%)
Transfer from High				33.0 / 3	Ψ270.1	(23.570)
Transfer from High-	00.4					
way Fund Transfer from High-	\$9.4	8.0%	\$9.9	5.3%	\$10.3	4.0%
way Trust Fund	170.0		450			
may Trust Fullu	170.0		170.0	=	170.0	
Total Revenue \$	8,292.8	6.1%	\$8,771.8	5.8%	\$9,226.0	5.2%
			,	0.070	<b>40,220.0</b>	3.270

<sup>\*</sup> Non-add, unbudgeted departmental receipts during 1992-93 thereby a reversion, A Reflects increased day care credit.

# THE HIGHWAY FUND

#### 1992-93 EXPERIENCE

Total certified revenues for 1992-93 for the Highway Fund were \$924.1 million. As of June 30, 1993, actual Highway Fund revenues totaled \$942.2 million, a revenue surplus for the year of \$18.1 million:

	(In Millions)			
	1992-93 Estimate	Actual	Difference	
Motor Fuels Taxes	\$628.4	\$648.7	\$20.3	
Licenses & Fees	272.7	268.6	\$(3.8)	
Investment Income	16.0	17.6	\$ 1.6	
TOTAL HIGHWAY FUND	\$924.1	\$942.2	\$+18.1	

The surplus in revenue collections came primarily from motor fuel tax revenues, which came in at \$20.3 million above estimate. The surplus occurred because the underlaying assumptions used to forecast motor fuel taxes for 1992-93 were conservative. The forecast assumed no growth in fuel consumption and an average variable fuel tax rate over the fiscal year of 4.7 cents/gallon.

License and fee revenues lagged slightly below estimates. Some portion of the shortfall is due to differences between revenue sources transferred from the Highway Fund to the Highway Trust Fund and actual revenue losses from new highway use tax exemptions enacted within the last three years.

There have been many increases in motor vehicle fees since 1989's fuel tax and vehicle sales tax increases in the Highway Trust Fund legislation. Among fee increases have been the authorization of permanent trailer plates with a new \$75 fee, a 25% increase in the fee for copies of motor vehicle records, a \$5 increase in the cost of learner's permits, duplicate licenses and ID cards, and significant increases in overweight/oversize permits and fuel tax registration fees. Most recent fee increases in the Highway Fund have been enacted to neutralize newly-created exemptions in the highway use tax in the Highway Trust Fund. Traditional Highway Fund revenue sources are increasingly being transferred to the Trust Fund instead of remaining to support appropriations in the Highway Fund.

#### OUTLOOK FOR 1993-94

Total Highway Fund revenue for the 1993-95 biennium is forecast to increase 0.3% in 1993-94 and 1.8% in 1994-95.

The variable component of the fuel tax is forecast to increase from 4.7 cents to 4.9 cents in 1993-94 and to 5.1 cents in 1994-95. Fuel consumption rates are forecast to increase 0.6% in 1993-94 and 0.8% in 1994-95. These assumptions are in line with U.S. Department of Energy projections for the same period. Nationally, the USDOE expects motor fuel demand to increase about 1.0% per year from 1992 to 1994. Continued growth in highway travel averaging 2.5% over that period is expected to be the result of continued improvements in the economy and continued reductions in the real cost of fuel per mile driven. In 1993, USDOE predicts a slight increase in average annual motor gasoline prices of only 1 cent per gallon, but in 1994, higher crude oil prices and lower stocks are expected to add another 3 cents per gallon to the average annual price.

Regarding fuel prices, 1993 will be the second winter season under the new oxygenated gasoline regulations mandated by the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments. The oxygenated season extends from November through February for 39 designated carbon monoxide nonattainment areas nationwide.

On average, gasoline prices were 3 to 5 cents higher in nonattainment areas compared to other regions during 1992's experience with the new regulations. There are 2 nonattainment areas in North Carolina comprising 11 counties in the Raleigh-Durham and Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point areas. Diesel fuel prices are expected to rise by 3 to 4 cents per gallon beginning October 1, 1993. That date marks the implementation of new low-sulfur content requirements for on-highway diesel fuel, another requirement of the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments.

After several years of consumer cautiousness, pent-up demand for automobiles is expected to cause a moderate growth spurt in motor vehicle license and fee collections, but collections are expected to return to normal trend lines in the current slow-growth, low-inflation environment in 1994-95. Expected revenue growth in 1993-94 and 1994-95 is 4.9% and 2.0%, respectively.

# HIGHWAY FUND REVENUE - ACTUALS AND ESTIMATES

	Actual 1992-93	% Of Increase	(In \$ Millio Authorized 1993-94		Authorized	
Motor Fuels:						
Motor Fuels Tax	\$637.3		\$628.6		\$639.1	
Gasoline Inspection Fee	10.4		9.9		10.0	
Highway Use Registration	n		0.0		10.0	
Fee	1.0		.7		.6	
Total Motor Fuels Tax	\$648.7	(0.3)	\$639.2	(1.5)	\$649.7	1.6
Licenses and Fees:				( )		1.0
Staggered Registration	\$112.8		\$118.6		¢140.0	
Truck Licenses	43.2		44.0		\$119.2	
International Reg. Plan	32.2		35.0		44.2 37.0	
Title & Registration Fees			10.9		11.1	
Driver Licenses	53.0		55.5		56.6	
Restoration Fees	5.2		5.0		5.0	
Process Service Fees	3.4		4.1		4.5	
Equipment Inspection Fe	ees		,		4.5	
Auto Safety Equipment	3.1		3.8		4.0	
Exhaust Emission	2.3		1.9		2.0	
Dealers Licenses	1.2		1,0		1.1	
Overweight/Size Permits	1.2		1.0		1.1	
Motor Carrier Safety	.7		.7		.7	
Penalties	6.7		6.4		6.5	
Miscellaneous	.6		.9		1.0	
Total Licenses & Fees	\$275.9	1.0	\$288.9	4.9	\$294.7	2.0
Investment Income	\$17.6	(10.2)	\$16.5	(-6.3)	\$16.9	0.0
Total Highway Fund				( 0.0)	Ψ10.0	0.0
Revenue	\$942.2	(0.1)	\$944.6	0.3	\$961.3	1.8
		` ′		0.0	<b>4301.0</b>	1.0

## HIGHWAY TRUST FUND REVENUES

#### 1992-93 EXPERIENCE

Highway Trust Fund collections for 1992-93 were \$571.9 million. Certified revenues established by the State Budget Office in agreement with the Fiscal Research Division were \$544.9 million. At the end of 1992-93, the Trust Fund showed a surplus of \$27.0 million.

	(\$ in Millions)			
	1992-93 Estin	nate Actual	Difference	
Motor Fuels Taxes	\$205.9	\$212.4	\$6.5	
Highway Use Tax	258.0	273.3	15.3	
Title Fees	63.0	62.1	-(0.9)	
Investment Income	18.0	24.1	6.1	
TOTAL TRUST FUND	\$544.9	\$571.9	+ \$27.0	

Conservative revenue estimates account for the overcollections in both the motor fuel tax and the highway use tax. The same assumptions used to forecast fuel tax collections in the Highway Fund were used for the Trust Fund (see Highway Fund explanation).

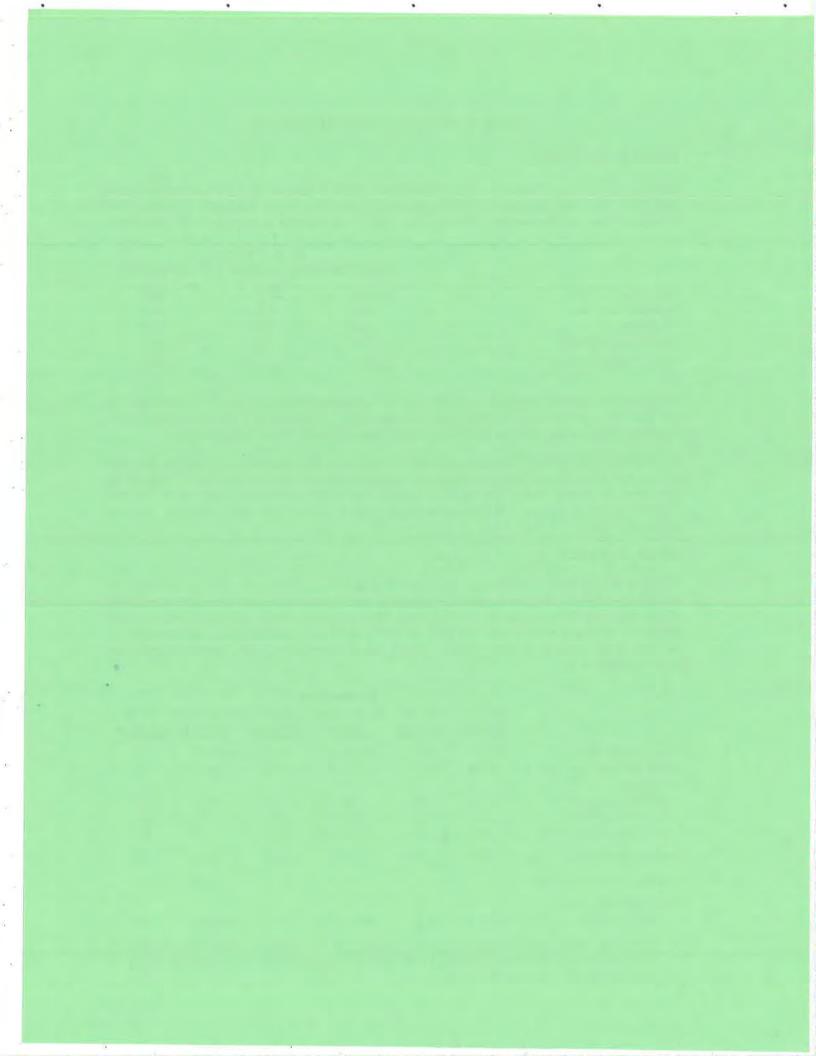
In addition, the 1992-93 forecast allowed for only a 6.5% increase in highway use tax collections. Uncertainty over economic performance and previous difficulties in forecasting this revenue source were the reasons behind the conservative approach taken in the 1992-93 forecast. Actual 1992-93 statistics showed a 12.8% increase in highway use tax revenues.

#### 1993-94 OUTLOOK

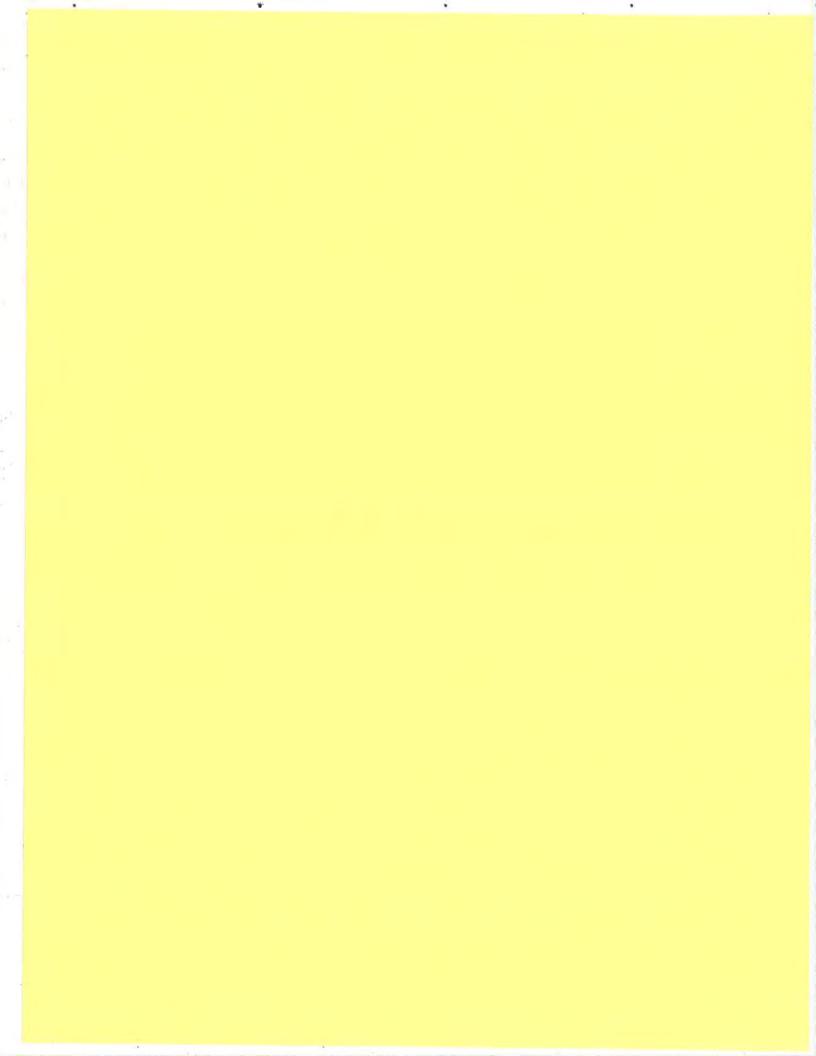
Highway Trust Fund revenues are expected to total \$557.7 million in 1993-94 and \$579.4 million in 1994-95. Highway use tax revenues are forecast to increase 5.3% and 2.5% above the 1992-93 estimate in 1993-94 and 1994-95 respectively. Although vehicle sales gained in strength during the last half of 1993, until it is evident that the economy is moving along a steady growth pattern, the forecasts for this revenue source will continue to be conservative.

	(In Millions)					
	Actual 1992-93	% Of Increase	Authorized 1993-94	% Of Increase	Authorized	% Of Increase
Motor Fuels Tax	\$212.4	(0.5)	\$209.5	(1.4)	\$213.1	1.7
Motor Vehicle Use Tax Title Fees:	273.2	12.7	271.7	(0.6)	278.5	2.5
Certificates of Title	51.6	6.0	54.1	4.8	54.9	1.5
Misc. Reg. Fees	7.9	6.8	8.2	3.8	8.5	3.7
Lien Recording Fees	2.7	12.5	2.7	0.0	2.8	3.7
Investment Income	23.1	4.3	11.5	(52.3)*	12.0	4.3
Transfer from Hwy Fund					9.6	
Total Highway Trust Fund Revenue	\$571.9	6.4	\$557.7	(2.5)	\$579.4	3.9

<sup>\*</sup> Expected Investment income has been reduced by \$7 million to reflect the transfer of \$170 million to the General Fund in an annual lump-sum payment beginning July 1, 1993 pursuant to G.S. 105-187.9.



# FEDERAL BLOCK GRANTS



#### FEDERAL BLOCK GRANT PROGRAMS

#### HISTORY

In 1981, the Reagan Administration recommended and Congress adopted the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act which created a number of new "block grants" to be distributed to State governments in lieu of numerous traditional "categorical" funds. This approach to State aid reflected the President's philosophy of shifting more fiscal decision-making to the States. In addition, it allowed the Administration to significantly cut the federal budget.

In previous years Congress had appropriated money to the States for smaller, narrow-purpose programs, such as those for crippled children, migrant health, family planning, and immunization. These funds were accompanied by numerous "strings" and substantial paperwork requirements. The new block grants consolidated appropriations for many of these programs into large, general purpose grants which had fewer "strings" and allowed more flexibility in the use of the funds.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE BLOCK GRANTS

#### SOCIAL SERVICES BLOCK GRANT

The Social Services Block Grant is intended to provide federal funds to help people achieve or maintain a greater degree of economic self-support or self-sufficiency, to prevent abuse or exploitation of children and adults who are unable to protect their own interests, and to prevent inappropriate institutional care or to secure appropriate institutional care when other forms of care are not appropriate. The primary providers of these services are the one hundred county departments of social services, and examples of services funded include child and adult day care and in-home services for the elderly.

## ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE AND MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES BLOCK GRANT

This block grant provides funds to states to establish and maintain programs to combat alcohol and drug abuse, to care for the mentally ill and to promote mental health. The primary providers of these services are the forty-one area mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse authorities.

# ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE TREATMENT AND REHABILITATION BLOCK GRANT

In 1986 Congress passed the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1986 (P.L. 99-570) which provided \$516 million in designated formula grants to states for law enforcement, drug education, and treatment and rehabilitation. This new block grant is a two-year allocation which may be used by states for alcohol abuse and drug abuse treatment and rehabilitation programs and activities.

#### MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH BLOCK GRANT

This block grant funds health services for mothers and children to reduce infant mortality and the incidence of preventable diseases and handicapping conditions among children. It also provides for rehabilitative services for blind and disabled individuals under the age of 16 and for treatment and care of children with developmental disabilities.

# FEDERAL BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM (1991 Actions, Continued)

# PREVENTIVE HEALTH SERVICES BLOCK GRANT

This block grant provides health services to low-income persons in order to reduce the risk of preventable illness and early death and to improve the quality of life through better health.

# LOW INCOME ENERGY ASSISTANCE BLOCK GRANT

The purpose of this block grant is to provide funds to assist low-income families with their heating fuel costs, to provide some emergency assistance and home weatherization or energy-related home repairs.

# COMMUNITY SERVICES BLOCK GRANT

This is a federally funded program that provides a range of services and activities designed to eliminate the causes of poverty among the elderly, poor, and handicapped.

# JOB TRAINING PARTNERSHIP ACT

The Job Training Partnership Act provides federal funds to establish programs to prepare youth and unskilled adults for entry into the labor force and assists individuals who have become unemployed due to plant closings or layoffs.

# COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT

This is a federally funded program that provides for economic development, neighborhood revitalization and housing programs for low income people.

# CHILD CARE AND DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT

In 1990 Congress passed a comprehensive child care package, which was passed as part of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (OBRA), P.L. 101-508. A major piece of the child care package included a Child Care and Development Block Grant. The new block grant has been authorized by Congress for three years, and provides federal funds for child care services to low-income families and for activities to improve the availability and quality of child care.

# FEDERAL BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM: HOW THE MONEY WILL BE SPENT IN NORTH CAROLINA

	1993-94
DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN RESOURCES:	
DIVISION OF MENTAL HEALTH, MENTAL RETARDATION, AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES	
Social Services Block Grant Alcohol and Drug Abuse and Mental	\$ 5,514,782
Health Services Block Grant  Mental Health Services for the	23,907,526
Homeless Block Grant Community Youth Activity Program	531,000
Block Grant	92,091
DIVISION OF ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY	
Low Income Energy Social Services Block Grant Community Services Block Grant	1,737,187 197,421 9,886,100
DIVISION OF SOCIAL SERVICES	9,000,100
Low Income Energy Block Grant	04 057 070
Social Services Block Grant	24,857,972 45,079,112
DIVISION OF FACILITY SERVICES	
Preventive Health Services Block Grant Social Services Block Grant Low Income Energy Block Grant Child Care Development Block Grant	451,915 12,489,508 209,116 20,316,667
DIVISION OF AGING	
Social Services Block Grant	333,656
DIVISION OF YOUTH SERVICES	
Social Services Block Grant	1,037,868
DIVISION OF BLIND SERVICES	
Social Services Block Grant	3,162,920
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY	
Social Services Block Grant	55,086
STATE ADMINISTRATION	
Social Services Block Grant	3,392,468

# FEDERAL BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM (1993 Actions, Continued)

	1993-94
DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION:	
Preventive Health Block Grant Low Income Energy Block Grant	91,269 45,270
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT, HEALTH, AND NATURAL RESOURCES:	
Preventive Health Services Block Grant Maternal and Child Health Block Grant Social Services Block Grant	3,585,678 18,830,668 2,984,895

# DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT:

Job Training Partnership Act	35,316,871
Community Development Block Grant	40,657,000
Low Income Energy Block Grant	1,696,362

# CHANGES TO THE MEDICAID PROGRAM

Expenditures for the Medicaid Program totaled \$2.84 billion in FY 1992-93, an increase of 15% over FY 1991-92 spending.

This year's growth in Medicaid expenditures was due to growth in long term care services, the success of the BABYLOVE program, and growth in caseloads for the Aid to Families With Dependent Children program during a period of slow economic recovery.

The General Assembly increased total requirements for the Medicaid Program to \$3.5 billion in FY 1993-94 and FY 1994-95 and appropriated \$860.5 million and \$1 billion for the program in FY 1993-94 and FY 1994-95 respectively.

During its deliberations on the proposed budget, the General Assembly adopted General Fund reductions totaling \$33 million in FY 1993-94 and \$35.8 million in FY 1994-95. These reductions represent cuts inflationary increases for medical care providers, savings associated with the success of the Carolina Access Program, and modifications to reimbursement policy for Intermediate Care for the Mentally Retarded.

In addition, the General Assembly appropriated funds for the following expansion items:

- o Funds to support payment for parenting education for families with children under the age of three.
- o Funds for a toll free Medicaid Hot Line for families who have questions regarding services for children and referral to providers who accept Medicaid.
- o Funds for the planning and design of an eligibility system that will support expanded coverage for children, persons over age 65 and the disabled in the event expansions are funded by the General Assembly.

#### DISPROPORTIONATE SHARE FUNDS

Disproportionate Share (DSH) Funds are Medicaid payments made to health care providers who deliver services to large numbers of uninsured patients. DSH payments to health care providers are made in addition to payments for services rendered to Medicaid eligible patients. Congress originally authorized the payments as a funding mechanism to offset the cost of uncompensated care for health care providers, particularly hospitals, thereby assuring access to health care for the uninsured.

Current federal law (HR 3595) permits states to draw federal funds up to a maximum allotment which is established by the federal Health Care Financing Agency (HCFA). The law allows states to match federal funds for DSH payments with direct appropriations or with funds appropriated to a governmental unit for the delivery of health care to the uninsured. States are required to obtain approval of their state plan for drawing DSH payments from the Health Care Financing Agency (HCFA).

North Carolina's Plan uses general funds appropriated to the state's four psychiatric hospitals (Dix, Broughton, Cherry and Umstead) as the non-federal match with which the state will draw disproportionate share payments. HCFA approved North Carolina's Plan effective October 1, 1993. DSH payments to the State totaled a net gain of \$159 million in federal funds for FY 1992-93.

# CHANGES TO THE MEDICAID PROGRAM (1993 Actions, Continued)

For FY 1993-94, the states gain from DSH payments to the Department of Human Resources is expected to total \$207.4 million in federal revenue. Section 21.3 of Chapter 321 of the 1993 Session Laws stipulates that appropriations to the Medicaid program which become available due to federal Disproportionate Share receipts will be deposited into the General Fund as non tax revenue for appropriation by the General Assembly.

# LEGISLATIVE ACTIONS: GENERAL FUND APPROPRIATIONS

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# GENERAL FUND APPROPRIATIONS

# CONTINUATION BUDGET

# CONTINUATION BUDGET — GOVERNOR'S RECOMMENDATIONS

In mid-February, Governor James B. Hunt submitted his 1993-95 budget recommendations to the General Assembly. The proposed continuation budget totaled \$8.448 billion and \$8.726 billion respectively each to be reduced by \$100 million by implementing Government Performance Audit Committee recommendations and agency efficiency reductions. Major changes in the recommended budget were as follows:

	(Ir 1993-94	n Millions) 1994-95
Full Funding of Salary Related Items/		
Annualization of Positions	\$48.3	\$50.9
Correction — Inmate Medical Services		
from Consultants and through Contracts	3.6	4.2
Judicial System — Annualization of Positions,		
Legislatively Required Automatic Increases		
for Assistant/Deputy Clerks	2.8	4.9
Supplies — Inflationary Adjustments	4.5	8.4
Utilities — Inflationary Adjustments	1.7	7.9
Data Processing Services	1.0	1.0
Correction — Outside Housing of Inmates		
in Local Jails	2.6	4.3
Motor Vehicle Replacement	5.1	3.0
Other Equipment	(2.1)	(2.3)
One-Time Appropriations (Includes \$5 million		
equipment and books for community colleges)	(27.8)	(27.8)
Reserve for Operation of New Facilities		
(Correction \$31.6 Million/\$59.6 Million)	46.0	79.8
UNC Overhead Receipts — Further Phase-Out of		
Receipts Contribution to the General Fund	2.6	5.2
Public Schools:		
Average Daily Membership (ADM) —		
Increase from 1,104,682 to 1,119,870		
to 1,141,800	31.3	82.6
Senate Bill 2 — Differential Pay	(29.5)	(29.5)
Exceptional Children — Increase in Funded		
Headcount	4.7	8.5
Average Teacher Salaries (Based upon 3rd		
Pay Period)	(4.7)	(4.9)
Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC)		
Payments — Utilization Increase and		
Federal Financial Participation (FFP) Decrease	5.4	9.3
Rest Homes — Utilization Increase	1.7	2.7
Child Day Care Services (Federal Family Support		
Act) — Utilization Increase	21.0	31.0

Medicaid:	1993-94	1004.05
Inflation and Utilization Increase	1330-34	1994-95
in Assistance Payments One-Time Donations Made by Private Hospitals	144.3	295.2
In 1992-93*  Jordan-Adams — Inflationary Increases for	65.6	65.6
Local Programs  Reduce Reserve for savings by reducing positions	1.6	3.2
vacated by retirement by 30%	9.5	9.5
Net all other	(5.4)	(0.8)
TOTAL	\$333.8	\$611.9

<sup>\*</sup> Under a federally allowed program which expired September 30, 1992, private hospitals in North Carolina "donated" funds to the Medicaid program. These funds were used to match federal funds in order to make additional payments to those hospitals which served a disproportional high number of indigents. A portion of the funds (\$65 million) was used as State funds to balance the 1992-93 Medicaid budget. The "donation" provision is no longer allowed and State funds are recommended in the Continuation budget to replace them. (See also Page 41, Disproportionate Share Funds)

# CONTINUATION BUDGET - LEGISLATIVE ACTIONS

Legislative actions to the continuation budget reflect changes summarized as follows:

Inc	reases:	1993-94	1994-95
1.	Average daily membership increase above level funded in Governor's recommendation - to 1,125,028 to 1,148,930	\$11.1	\$15.3
2.	Restore salary reduction made during 1992-93 for teaching, library and leadership positions of the University System (30% cut for positions vacated by retirement).	2.8	2.8
3.	Revenue — Increased collection fees and additional position(s)  Subtotal — Increases	<u> </u>	**************************************
Rec	luctions:		7.0.2
1.	Departmental Receipt Increases Offsetting Appropriations Needs	(31.6)	(22.6)
2.	Program/Position Reductions Subtotal - Reductions	(99.9) (131.5)	(115.6) (138.2)
	NET DECREASE	(\$117.6)	(\$120.0)

These changes are itemized by department in this Section. The revised continuation budget for 1993-94 totaled \$8.330 billion, an increase of \$216 million (a 2.7% increase) over the 1992-93 authorized appropriation of \$8.114 billion. Year 1994-95 totaled \$8.606 billion or \$492 million more than 1992-93 (a 6.1% increase).

# EXPANSION BUDGET - GOVERNOR'S RECOMMENDATIONS

		(In Millions)			
		199			4-95
			Non-		Non-
		Recurring	Recurring	Recurring	Recurring
1.	Salary Increase/Teacher				
	Salary Schedule/Bonus	\$112.6	\$34.2	\$117.1	_
2.	Differentiated Pay	_	38.8	_	\$38.8
3.	Basic Education Program	30.0	-	30.0	_
4.	School Bus Replacements	_	24.3	-	26.4
5.	Textbook Purchases	_	5.7	5.9	
6.	Exceptional Children	5.6	_	5.6	_
7.	Work Force Preparedness	7.7	8.4	37.0	13.4
8.	Community College Enrollment				
	Increase (Net)	9.6	-	22.0	_
9.	University Tuition Increase	(8.3)	-	(17.3)	_
10.	University Enrollment Increases/	,		` '	
	Schedule of Priorities	8.1	22.0	16.8	15.3
11.	State Accounting System	_	5.0	_	5.0
12.	Early Childhood Education				
	and Development				
	Initiatives	20.0	-	40.0	_
13.	Child Protective Services	1.0	-	1.0	_
14.	Day Care Staff Ratios	2.8	-	2.8	-
15.	Day Care Income Eligibility	1.8	-	1.8	_
16.	Monitoring Compliance Staff	.3	-	.7	_
17.	Quality Day Care Incentives	1.4	-	1.4	-
18.	Teacher Education and				
	Compensation Helps	1.0	-	1.0	_
19.	Rural Health/Primary Care	2.2	_	2.2	_
20.	JOBS Program	1.3		1.3	_
21.	Rest Home Rate Increase	4.8	_	4.8	_
22.	Mental Health Study				
	Commission/Coalition 2001	6.0	-	9.0	_
23.	Willie M	2.4	_	18.3	_
24.	Thomas S	11.8		18.3	_
25.	Boot Camps	1.7	_	3.8	_
26.	Inmate Construction Program	3.4	3.9	3.3	.2
27.	Industrial Recruitment				
	Competitive Fund	_	5.0	-	10.0
28.	Industrial Development Fund	_	2.0	_	2.0
29.	Travel and Tourism	_	1.5	1.5	_

		1993-94		1994-95	
			Non-		Non-
		Recurring	Recurring	Recurring	Recurring
30.	Center for Community Self-Heip				
31.		_	2.0	_	2.0
	Immunization for All Children	5.0	-	10.9	-
32.	Debt Service (Prison Bonds)	8.8	-	8.6	_
33.	Reserve for Local Government	21.7	-	30.6	_
34.	Rural Economic Dev. Act	_	2.8	-	_
35.	Investment Manufacturing				
	Technology Match	_	1.0	_	
36.	Industrial Equipment and Training and Economic				
0.7	Development	_	15.8	_	-
37.	Reserve for Education				
	Technology	<del></del>	20.0	_	_
38.	Housing Trust Fund	_	1.0	_	_
	Capital Projects	_	146.9	_	_
	All Other	45.4	20.1	55.6	42.8
TOT	AL RECOMMENDATIONS	\$308.1	\$360.3	\$420.8	\$155.9

# EXPANSION BUDGET — LEGISLATIVE ACTIONS

The General Assembly made two decisions which dramatically impacted the second year's recommendations: (1) No non-recurring items were to be funded; and, (2) No new expansion of programs or salary increases were to be approved.

Listed below are programs as approved for the 1993-95 biennium.

		199	1994-95	
		Recurring	Non-Recurring	Recurring
1.	Salary Increase/Teacher Salary			
2	Schedule/Bonus	\$112.1	34.2	\$116.5
2.	Differentiated Pay	-	38.8	38.8
3.	Basic Education Program	10.0	-	10.0
4.	School Bus Replacements	_	24.0	_
5.	Textbook Purchases	5.7	-	5.9
6.	Exceptional Children	4.6	1.0	4.6
7. 8.	Work Force Preparedness Community College Enrollment	8.5	8.4	8.5
_	Increase (Net)	7.7	_	7.7
9. 10.	University Tuition Increase University Enrollment Increases/	(9.9)	_	(20.9)
	Schedule of Priorities	36.7	10.8	47.4
11, 12.	State Accounting System Early Childhood Education	-	4.2	_
	and Development Initiatives	15.3	4.7	27.6

		1993	3-94	1994-95
		Recurring	Non-Recurring	Recurring
13.	Child Protective Services	2.0	_	2.0
14.	Day Care Staff Ratios	1.4	_	2.2
15.	Day Care Income Eligibility	-	_	-
16.	Monitoring Compliance Staff	.3	_	.4
17.	Quality Day Care Incentives	_	-	-
18.	Teacher Education and Compensation H	elps —	1.0	_
19.	Rural Health/Primary Care	2.2	_	2.2
20.	JOBS Program	2.9	_	6.7
21.	Rest Home Rate Increase	4.8		4.8
22.	Mental Health Study Commission/			
	Coalition 2001	9.3	1.6	10.8
23.	Willie M	2.1	.3	4.5
24.	Thomas S	10.8	_	16.2
25.	Boot Camps	.8	.4	2.8
26.	Inmate Construction Program	1.5	1.2	1.7
27.	Industrial Recruitment Competitive Fund	_	5.0	_
28.	Industrial Development Fund		1.0	-
29.	Travel and Tourism	.5	.7	.5
30.	Center for Community Self-Help		2.5	_
31.	Immunization for All Children	3.2	.3	7.2
32.		8.8	.5	8.6
	Debt Service (Prison Bonds)	0.0	_	0.0
33.	Reserve for Local Government	_	2.8	_
34.	Rural Economic Development Act	_	2.0	_
35.	Investment Manufacturing Technology		4.0	
00	Match	-	1.0	_
36.	Industrial Recruitment — Restricted			
	Reserve for Automobile Manufacturing	4	25.0	
07	Company Relocation	_	35.0	_
37.	Education Technology Equipment		<i>5</i> 0	
	for Libraries	_	5.0	_
38.	Housing Trust Fund	_	2.5	_
39.	Pay Day Restoration	_	214.2	40.0
40.	Low Wealth/Small Schools	13.0	_	13.0
41.	Child Fatality Prevention	.1	_	.1
42.	Infant Mortality	1.2	1.4	1.7
43.	PL 99-457 Early Intervention	6.1	_	6.7
44.	Cancer Control Program	1.6	_	1.8
45.	Regional (3) Economic Development			. 0
	Commission	1.8	_	3.8
46.	Global TransPark Development Zone	-	7.5	-
47.	Bond Election Expense	_	1.0	-
48.	Health Care Initiatives	2.0	3.5	2.0
49.	Juvenile Sex Offenders Treatment	.5	_	.5
50.	Safe School Grants	2.5		2.5
51.	Court Personnel	8.7	.6	10.9
	Capital Improvements	-	109.0	_
	All Others	44.2	57.0	50.5
TOT	AL EXPANSION/NON-RECURRING	\$323.0	\$580.6	\$410.2

# GENERAL FUND APPROPRIATIONS — 1993-94

	1993-94 CONTINUATION SENATE BILL 27	1993-94 REDUCTIONS & TRANSFERS SENATE BILL 27	1993-94 EXPANSION SENATE BILL 27	1993-94 NON—RECURRING SENATE BILL 26	1993-94 TOTAL
EDUCATION Board of Governors	\$1,184,069,864	(\$27,309,806)	\$42,465,813	¢2.405.000	A. 00
Community Colleges	393,630,457	(5,822,353)	24,989,837	\$2,495,000	\$1,201,720,871
Public Education	3,445,213,790	(1,736,386)	113,989,220	6,245,565	412,797,941
TOTAL —EDUCATION	\$5,022,914,111	(\$34,868,545)	\$181,444,870	\$8,740,565	3,563,712,189 \$5,178,231,001
HUMAN RESOURCES	\$1,686,618,219	(\$53,626,682)	\$71,468,233	\$7,000,000	\$1,711,459,770
JUSTICE & PUBLIC SAFETY					
Judicial	\$232,428,819	(\$352,800)	\$15,846,835	\$35,000	\$247,957,854
Correction	565,579,166	(11,785,921)	4,954,435	Ψ00,000	558,747,680
Justice	53,540,802	(1,751,786)	2,263,118	545,000	54,597,134
Crime Control & Public Safety	26,860,503	(703,639)	3,363,802	_	29,520,666
TOTAL — JUSTICE & PUBLIC			X		23,320,000
SAFETY	\$878,409,290	(\$14,594,146)	\$26,428,190	\$580,000	\$890,823,334
NATURAL AND ECONOMIC RES				, ,	<b>4000,020,004</b>
Labor	\$12,705,854	(\$397,682)	\$1,467,643	\$750,000	\$14,525,815
Agriculture	42,614,251	(1,008,857)	1,407,267	1,396,000	44,408,661
Commerce	27,135,913	(1,132,884)	13,080,949	3,925,000	43,008,978
MCNC	16,000,000	(320,000)	=	6,618,000	22,298,000
Biotechnology Reserve	7,157,547	(143, 151)	_	2,000,000	9,014,396
Rural Economic Development	1,500,000	(30,000)	_	7,575,000	9,045,000
EHNR	198,874,660	(3,820,984)	12,269,989	951,000	208,274,665
TOTAL - NATURAL AND ECONO					
RESOURCES	\$305,988,225	(\$6,853,558)	\$28,225,848	\$23,215,000	\$350,575,515

	1993-94 CONTINUATION SENATE BILL 27	1993-94 REDUCTIONS & TRANSFERS SENATE BILL 27	1993-94 EXPANSION SENATE BILL 27	1993-94 NON-RECURRING SENATE BILL 26	1993-94 TOTAL
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTAT	ION				
Aid to Railroads	\$100,000	(\$3,695)	_	_	\$96,305
Aeronautics	10,783,237	(2,266,666)	_	_	8,516,571
Global TransPark	-	<del></del> -		7,500,000	7,500,000
TOTAL — DEPARTMENT	-			-	
OF TRANSPORTATION	\$10,883,237	(\$2,270,361)	_	\$7,500,000	\$16,112,876
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
Administration	\$53,249,273	(\$2,802,827)	\$855,000	\$1,420,433	\$52,721,879
Cultural Resources	41,400,998	(715,912)	1,670,545	2,600,000	44,955,631
General Assembly	21,385,599	(250,000)	100,000	3,745,601	24,981,200
Office of the Governor	4,475,772	(114,639)	1,230,000	37,500,000	43,091,133
Office State Budget & Management	3,405,824	(93,842)	_	2,160,000	5,471,982
Office of State Planning	1,537,714	(20,991)	63,396	·	1,580,119
Insurance	14,114,720	(666,000)	191,420	_	13,640,140
Lieutenant Governor	551,423	(18,421)	65,000	, <del></del>	598,002
Administrative Hearings	1,950,197	(20,958)	<u></u>	_	1,929,239
Revenue	55,043,269	(1,198,774)	3,409,800	_	57,254,295
Rules Review Commission	263,792	(5,276)	_	-	258,516
Secretary of State	4,962,766	(202,318)	117,702	350,000	5,228,150
Auditor	7,393,837	(116,441)	1,124,181	-	8,401,577
Controller	6,681,992	(626,561)	350,000	4,200,000	10,605,431
Board of Elections	545,539	_	-	1,000,000	1,545,539
State Treasurer	5,492,873	(259,490)	634,306	<del>-</del>	5,867,689
Special Contributions	5,437,248	<u> </u>		_	5,437,248
TOTAL —GENERAL GOVERNMEN	T \$227,892,836	(\$7,112,450)	\$9,811,350	\$52,976,034	\$283,567,770
RESERVES					
Contingency and Emergency	\$1,125,000	=	_		\$1,125,000
Salary Adjustment	500,000	-			500,000
Salary Increases	_	_	\$112,052,142		112,052,142
Compensation Bonus	<del></del>	_	34,244,460	-	34,244,460
Lowest Paid Employee	1,400,724		_	-	1,400,724
Reserve for Bloodborne Pathogens	2,000,000	(1,000,000)	_		1,000,000

RESERVES (Continued)	1993-94 CONTINUATION SENATE BILL 27	1993-94 REDUCTIONS & TRANSFERS SENATE BILL 27	1993-94 EXPANSION SENATE BILL 27	1993-94 NON—RECURRING 'SENATE BILL 26	1993-94 TOTAL
Reserve Retiree 30% Reduction Wage Floor — Lowest Paid Emplo Reserve — Health Care Initiatives Reserve — Public Schools' Employees' Sick Leave Bank Retirement Rate Change	(\$10,000,000) yees <u>—</u> —	\$2,752,702 — — — —	135,500 5,500,000 1,000,000 1,316,400		(\$7,247,298) 135,500 5,500,000 1,000,000
TOTAL — RESERVES  Debt Service	(\$4,974,276)	\$1,752,702	\$154,248,502	=====	1,316,400 <b>\$151,026,928</b>
Reserve for Restoration of Pay Dates — June 1994	\$83,501,058 		\$8,762,500	-	\$92,263,558
TOTAL CURRENT OPERATIONS	\$8,211,232,700	(\$117,573,040)	\$214,200,000 \$694,589,493	\$100,011,599	\$214,200,000 \$8,888,260,752
LOCAL GOVERNMENT TAX REIMBURSEMENT CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS	\$236,824,154 —	_	=	 \$109,012,790	\$236,824,154 \$100,010,700
GRAND TOTAL	\$8,448,056,854	(\$117,573,040)	\$694,589,493	\$209,024,389	\$109,012,790 \$9,234,097,696

# GENERAL FUND APPROPRIATIONS —1994-95

	1994-95 CONTINUATION SENATE BILL 27	1994-95 REDUCTIONS &TRANSFERS SENATE BILL 27	1994-95 EXPANSION SENATE BILL 27	1994-95 TOTAL
EDUCATION Board of Governors	04 400 045 050	<b>/400</b>		
Community Colleges	\$1,193,945,658 393,646,998	(\$26,113,646)	31,746,741	\$1,199,578,753
Public Education	3,501,014,053	(5,822,353)	16,589,837	404,414,482
TOTAL EDUCATION	\$5,088,606,709	<u>(6,382,425)</u> <b>(\$38,318,424)</b>	83,891,800 <b>\$132,228,378</b>	3,578,523,428 \$5,182,516,663
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
HUMAN RESOURCES	\$1,854,653,994	(\$49,597,192)	\$92,518,000	\$1,897,574,802
JUSTICE & PUBLIC SAFETY				
Judicial	\$235,112,520	(\$352,800)	\$15,956,390	\$250,716,110
Correction	602,236,033	(17,147,201)	5,489,763	590,578,595
Justice	52,038,131	231,709	2,087,244	54,357,084
Crime Control & Public Safety TOTAL — JUSTICE & PUBLIC	26,836,975	(578,332))	1,188,577	27,447,220
SAFETY	\$916,223,659	(\$17,846,624)	\$24,721,974	\$923,099,009
NATURAL AND ECONOMIC RESOL	JRCES			
Labor	\$12,714,621	(\$397,770)	\$1,513,435	\$13,830,286
Agriculture	42,803,376	(1,140,114)	1,289,977	42,953,239
Commerce	27,160,918	(1,134,410)	5,887,315	31,913,823

Mono	1994-95 CONTINUATION SENATE BILL 27	1994-95 REDUCTIONS &TRANSFERS SENATE BILL 27	1994-95 EXPANSION SENATE BILL 27	1994-95 TOTAL
MCNC Biotechnology Reserve	16,000,000	(320,000)	<del>-</del>	15,680,000
Rural Economic Development	7,157,547	(143, 151)	·	7,014,396
EHNR	1,500,000	(30,000)	_	1,470,000
TOTAL —NATURAL AND ECONOMIC	202,809,288	(2,811,224)	15,471,426	215,469,490
RESOURCES	\$310,145,750	(\$5,976,669)	\$24,162,153	\$328,331,234
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
Aid to Railroads	\$100,000	<u></u>		\$100,000
Aeronautics	10,783,237	(1,766,666)		9,016,571
Air Cargo		_	_	3,010,371
TOTAL — DEPARTMENT OF		***************************************	-	
TRANSPORTATION	\$10,883,237	(\$1,766,666)	_	\$9,116,571
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
Administration	\$54,119,528	(\$2,599,528)	\$1,010,060	¢52 520 000
Cultural Resources	42,086,042	(1,056,817)	1,670,545	\$52,530,060
General Assembly	24,982,877	(250,000)	1,070,545	42,699,770 24,732,877
Office of the Governor	4,495,442	(115,033)	1,480,000	5,860,409
Office State Budget & Management	3,530,825	(96,342)	-	3,434,483
Office of State Planning	1,538,034	(20,997)	87,196	1,604,233
Insurance	14,130,127	(1,366,000)	234,012	12,998,139
Lieutenant Governor	553,302	(18,459)	65,000	
Administrative Hearings	1,954,545	(21,045)	03,000	599,843
Revenue	55,103,203	(1,499,032)	310,000	1,933,500
Rules Review Commission	263,871	(5,278)	010,000	53,914,171
Secretary of State	4,925,984	(201,583)	113,500	258,593
Auditor	7,430,882	(116,441)	531,260	4,837,901
Controller	6,687,578	(626,561)	350,000	7,845,701 6,411,017
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	550,000	0,411,017

	1994-95	1994-95 REDUCTIONS	1994-95	
	CONTINUATION	&TRANSFERS	EXPANSION	1994-95
	SENATE BILL 27	SENATE BILL 27	SENATE BILL 27	TOTAL
Board of Elections	545,885	<u></u>	_	545,885
State Treasurer	5,498,735	(259,899)	1,105,918	6,344,754
Special Contribution	5,437,248	<del>-</del>	<u> </u>	5,437,248
TOTAL —GENERAL GOVERNMENT	\$233,284,108	(\$8,253,015)	\$6,957,491	\$231,988,584
RESERVES				
Contingency and Emergency	\$1,125,000		_	\$1,125,000
Salary Adjustment	500,000	_	_	500,000
Salary Increases	=		\$116,549,560	333,000
Compensation Bonus	_	_	_	116,549,560
Lowest Paid Employee	1,400,724		_	1,400,724
Reserve for Bloodborne Pathogens	2,000,000	(1,000,000)	_	1,000,000
Reserve Retiree 30% Reduction	(10,000,000)	2,752,702	<del></del> .	(7,247,298)
Wage Floor — Lowest Paid Employees	12 <del></del>	_	135,500	135,500
Reserve - Health Care Initiatives	_	<del>-</del>	2,000,000	2,000,000
Reserve - Public Schools' Employees'				
Sick Leave Bank	1	-	1,000,000	1,000,000
Retirement Rate Change		_	1,316,400	1,316,400
TOTAL —RESERVES	(\$4,974,276)	\$1,752,702	\$121,001,460	\$117,779,886
Debt Service	\$80,516,283	= ,,	\$8,597,500	\$89,113,783
Reserve for Restoration				
of Pay Dates — June 1994	_	-	_	_
TOTAL CURRENT OPERATIONS	\$8,489,339,464	(\$120,005,888)	\$410,186,956	\$8,779,520,532
LOCAL GOVERNMENT TAX REIMBURSEMENT	\$236,824,154	<u></u>	_	\$236,824,154
GRAND TOTAL	\$8,726,163,618	(\$120,005,888)	\$410,186,956	\$9,016,344,686

# MAJOR INITIATIVES

# EARLY CHILDHOOD PROGRAMS

Local Public-Private Partnerships — The 1993 Session provided support for twelve early childhood pilot projects. This initiative proposes that local public-private partnerships develop plans to provide high quality day care to every child who needs it. The State is to provide increased subsidies for day care centers and to encourage them to upgrade their programs. When fully implemented statewide, this program is estimated to cost from \$200 million to \$250 million annually.

1993-94	\$20,000,000
1994-95	\$27,640,000

Day Care Staff-Infants/Toddlers Ratios — Ratios for day care staff to child are lowered to provide one staff person for every five infants; one for every six one-year old; and, one for every ten two-year olds.

1993-94	\$1,400,000
1994-95	\$2,216,293

Child Day Care Credit Expansion — Beginning in January 1994 parents making \$40,000 or less will be entitled to an expanded tax credit for child day care.

Immunization — Staff positions and funds to purchase pharmaceuticals were approved in efforts to fully immunize all of North Carolina's children. The program includes an eight-year phase-in of recommended dose of Measles, Mumps, Rubella (MMR) vaccine for children.

1993-94	\$3,500,000
1994-95	
1994-30	\$7,200,000

At-Risk Child Care Matching Funds — Support to allow the State to receive all entitlements for this purpose at the current federal financial participation rate.

1993-94	\$126,000
1994-95	186,200

**Monitoring Compliance Staff** — Adds staff to monitor and provide technical assistance to child day care centers and homes.

1993-94	\$300,000
1004.05	
1994-95	\$438 672

**TEACH Funds** — Provide support for the Teacher Education and Compensation Helps Early Childhood Project to allow child day care teachers to seek continuing education.

1993-94 \$1,000,000

#### HEALTH CARE

Caring Program for Children — State funds, together with corporate grants of \$360,000 will allow this statewide, non-profit program to provide health insurance for children of "working poor" families — those who earn too much to qualify for Medicaid but not enough to afford medical insurance. For \$264 a year per child, the program pays for immunizations, office visits, diagnostic testing, outpatient surgery and emergency care. These funds will cover approximately 2,200 of the estimated 168,000 children not receiving care.

1993-94	\$500,000
1994-95	\$500,000

Cancer Control Fund — The 1993 Session doubled this fund, money set aside for poor working people who are believed to have cancer but can't afford to be diagnosed or who are known to have cancer but can't afford treatment. This will allow approximately 12,000 people to be served, compared to 5,600 people served in 1992-93. The additional support will change the guidelines to include incomes up to 100 percent of the federal poverty level - about \$14,350 for a family of four or \$9,430 for a family of two. Of those who meet the income requirements, only those who have been diagnosed for - or already have - cancers with high rates of survival receive the funds.

1993-94	\$1,450,000
1994-95	\$1,645,000

#### Health Care Reform Bill -

- (1) New Health Planning Commission Established a new health planning commission headed by the Governor to study proposals for universal health care that would provide insurance for every State resident, including a managed competition, a plan which would operate through a system of community-based health organizations funded by the State.
- (2) Small Employers' Insurance This law also encourages small businesses to join alliances (regional cooperatives) to increase their bargaining power when negotiating for employee health care insurance. A State board will authorize the alliances and regulate the health plans.
- (3) Uniform Claim Form The Department of Insurance is required to develop a uniform claim form to be used by all health providers.
- (4) Antitrust Protection The bill also provides antitrust protection to hospitals that work with other hospitals and health-care providers to reduce costs and avoid duplication of services.
- (5) **Primary Care Doctors** Each of the State's four medical schools are required to develop plans to turn out more primary care doctors rather than specialists.

1993-94	\$5,500,000
1994-95	\$2,000,000

Nursing and Rest Homes — Under a new law the State will be allowed to hire temporary managers to correct problems at homes for the elderly and disabled.

# MAJOR INITIATIVES (Continued)

Physician Referrals — Under a new law, doctors are barred from referring patients to labs or diagnostic centers in which they have a financial interest.

Certificate of Need Limited — The State must now decide which hospitals in a given area may purchase medical equipment and establish services based on need regardless of its associated costs. Prior to this change, any hospital was free to buy equipment and set up services without State permission as long as they could do it for less than \$2 million.

Illegal to Obstruct Access to Health Clinics — Effective October 1993, it will be a misdemeanor to block access to a health care facility in a manner that deprives or delays a person from obtaining or providing health care. Penalties increase with successive violations; a third offense is a felony.

# INDUSTRIAL RECRUITMENT

Automotive Technology Center — Echoing the pioneer economic development efforts in the 1950s which created the Research Triangle Park, Governor Hunt proposed a "Center for Advanced Automotive Technology", visioned to be a combined research center and campus offering training in auto design, manufacturing, testing, marketing and service. Specifically, this facility and its state-of-the-art equipment, including a telecommunications network to link the Center to training locations throughout the State, was presented as an incentive to lure Mercedes-Benz to the State. Mercedes plans to build a \$300 million facility within the U.S. boundaries. The facility will employ about 1,500 people to manufacture approximately 60,000 vehicles annually. Legislative approval for the financial incentive includes restrictions stating that no funds can be expended until the Governor receives a written, binding agreement from a major automobile manufacturing company to build a plant in North Carolina.

1993-94

\$35,000,000

Global TransPark Development Zones — Program to assist local areas surrounding the Global TransPark air cargo facility in Lenoir County to Develop infrastructure.

1993-94

\$7,500,000

Regional Economic Development Commissions — Authorized are three regional commissions for the most economically distressed areas in the State at a cost of \$.6 million in 1993-94 and \$1.25 million in 1994-95 for each.

- (a) The Western Commission covers Buncombe, Cherokee, Clay, Cleveland, Graham, Haywood, Henderson, Jackson, McDowell, Macon, Madison, Polk, Rutherford, Swain, Transylvania, and Yancey Counties.
- (b) The northeast region covers Beaufort, Bertie, Camden, Chowan, Currituck, Dare, Gates, Halifax, Hertford, Hyde, Martin, Northampton, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Tyrrell, and Washington Counties.
- (c) The southeast region covers Bladen, Brunswick, Columbus, Cumberland, Hoke, New Hanover, Pender, Richmond, Robeson, Sampson, and Scotland Counties.

#### MAJOR INITIATIVES (Continued)

The role of each Commission is to develop a plan to promote its area to an industry that may wish to locate within the State in order to directly or indirectly benefit from employment gains.

Future plans call for adding two more commissions — one specifically for minorities and another for the northwest.

1993-94 \$1,800,000 1994-95 \$3,750,000

Unemployment Insurance Rates Reduction — Because of surplus funds, the unemployment insurance rate was reduced by 30%.

Tax Reduction \$171 Million

Local Bonds to Finance Infrastructure for Industry — In November 1993, voters will be able to support a constitutional amendment that will allow cities and towns to sell bonds to finance infrastructure improvements needed for new industry. Increased property taxes paid by the business would be used to pay off the bonds.

Jobs Tax Credit Expanded — Seventeen more counties will be able to offer a jobs tax credit as an incentive for businesses to locate there. Presently only 33 of the State's most economically distressed counties have this option. Companies that add a minimum of nine new jobs get a \$2,800 per-job credit on their State income taxes.

Industrial Development Loan and/or Grant Fund Doubled — Companies that renovate existing facilities in the State's 50 most distressed counties can receive a grant or loan equal to \$2,400 for each new job created, or a maximum of \$250,000 — up from \$1.200 per job previously.

Industrial Recruitment Fund — Established a reserve to be used to lure companies to North Carolina. These funds can be used for moving costs, infrastructure and installing telecommunications equipment.

1993-94 \$5,000,000

**Start-up of an "Electronic Information Highway"** — This system will link businesses. schools, and other groups through a statewide telecommunications network.

1993-94 \$4,100,000

**Workforce Preparedness** — Funds are to be used for the purposes of promoting competitive salary levels for training personnel, to provide necessary books and equipment for job training and academic instruction and to provide child care for qualifying students who are seeking to enhance their skills.

1993-94 \$16,900,000 1994-95 \$8,500,000

# MAJOR INITIATIVES (Continued)

**Specialized Technology Centers** — Manufacturing industries are to be assisted by specialized technology centers.

 1993-94
 \$200,000

 1994-95
 \$200,000

London Air Route — The General Assembly provided from the Highway Fund a reserve to help American Airlines obtain a route to London our of Raleigh-Durham International. This set aside allows RDU to be a player in competition for the route while Durham city and county, Raleigh, and Wake County are trying to put together a package of monetary contributions.

1993-94 \$5,000,000

**Microelectronics Center** — Support to launch joint projects between the State and corporations such as MCI.

1993-94 \$2,000,000

# STRUCTURED SENTENCING ACT

Effective Date January 1995 — This proposal establishes a grid that judges will use to determine sentences for offenders. The grid ranks crimes according to severity and offenders by their prior records. This Act, with one exception will eliminate parole. The exception, in the case of a life sentence, a judge will have the discretion of ordering life without parole or life with the opportunity for parole after 25 years.

Theoretically, the system is designed to incarcerate more violent criminals while sentencing more people convicted of misdemeanors to alternative forms of punishment.

A judge will impose both minimum and maximum sentences. The offender will be able to earn time off the maximum but could serve no less than the minimum.

Annual Cost Estimate \$30 Million



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#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 115D

The Department of Community Colleges provides state-level administration over a system of 58 institutions under the direction of the State Board of Community Colleges. The board is a 20-member body; 2 are ex-officio, 8 are appointed by the General Assembly, and 10 are appointed by the Governor. Serving at the pleasure of the board is a President who has the responsibility to administer all policies, regulations and standards adopted by the board to operate the department and the institutions.

Each of the Community Colleges in the system is administered by a local board of trustees and a president who is chosen by the local board and approved by the State Board. The local boards of trustees have 13 members; 4 elected by the local board of education, 4 elected by the local board of county commissioners, 4 appointed by the Governor, and the president of the student government as an ex-officio non-voting member.

Programs and services offered by each institution reflect the needs and concerns of the citizens and industries in the community. Instruction is provided through curriculum and continuing education (extension) programs to more than 600,000 different individuals each year.

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
	VERNOR'S RECOMMENDED NTINUATION BUDGET	\$393,630,457	\$393,646,998
Con	tinuation Budget Changes:		
1.	State Board Reserve — Reduce the State Board of Community College's reserve fund for innovative and pilot projects by 10%.	(100,000)	(100,000)
2.	Department of Community Colleges Vacan Positions — Eliminate 3 vacant positions in the Department. Positions eliminated are: - Education Consultant II - Office Assistant III - Extension Educ. Training Specialist IV	(106,876)	(106,876)
•			

3. Community Services Block Grant —
Reduce the Block Grant by one-half.
The programs offered by this fund are hobby and leisure courses, not related to job training skills. About 40% of those enrolled are senior citizens who take these courses free of charge.
Others are charged a fee that varies by college. The other program offered by this fund is the Visiting Artist program.
Approximately \$500,000 was spent for that purpose during the 1991-92 fiscal year.

(1,952,298) (1,952,298)

			1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
	4.	Other Departmental Savings —  (a) Data processing savings  (b) Inventory reduction	(\$40,000) (400)	(\$40,000) (400)
	5.	Administrative Cuts — Reduce the formulallotment for senior administrators and administrators of programs from a ratio per 110 FTE to one based on every 125 FT (It would cut less than 30 equivalent positions statewide.)	a	(1,563,777)
	6.	Prison Education Profit Cuts — Community Colleges receive funds for teaching prisoners if they are on the rolls at the 20% point of the class. Many of then are transferred to other prisons after the start of classes, but the colleges still receive FTE for them for the entire course. If they were paid only for the actual hours taught, there would be substantial savings every year.	n	
	TRA	ANSFER:	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)
	1.	Transfer Sheltered Workshop Funds from Community Colleges to the Department of Human Resources	(1,059,002)	(1,059,002)
		AL BASE BUDGET REDUCTIONS	(\$5,822,353)	(\$5,822,353)
	REV	ISED CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$387,808,104	\$387,824,645
	EVA	********	*******	•
	EXP	ANSION BUDGET		
	1.	ANSION BUDGET  Enrollment Increases — Fully funds the enrollment increases of 3,485 FTE during the 1992 fiscal year.	\$7.689.837	\$7.680.827
		Enrollment Increases — Fully funds the enrollment increases of 3,485 FTE during the 1992 fiscal year.  Hospital Nursing Diploma Program — Subsidy for five hospital-based	\$7,689,837	\$7,689,837
4	1.	Enrollment Increases — Fully funds the enrollment increases of 3,485 FTE during the 1992 fiscal year.  Hospital Nursing Diploma Program — Subsidy for five hospital-based nurse training programs.  Specialized Technology Centers for Manufacturing — Funds for specialized technology centers to assist manufacturing	\$7,689,837 200,000	\$7,689,837 200,000
4	1.	Enrollment Increases — Fully funds the enrollment increases of 3,485 FTE during the 1992 fiscal year.  Hospital Nursing Diploma Program — Subsidy for five hospital-based nurse training programs.  Specialized Technology Centers		

		1993-94 General Fund	General	
4.	Workforce Preparedness - Chil To provide child care grants to colleges.		\$1,500,000	
5.	Workforce Preparedness - Con Levels — To provide additional salary funds.		6,000,000	
6.	Workforce Preparedness - Cou To fund additional counselor posi-		1,000,000	
7.	Workforce Preparedness - Equ To provide additional funds for el books. (\$6.2 million - equipment 2.2 million - books)		NR –	
NON-RECURRING EXPANSION \$8,400,000 RECURRING EXPANSION \$16,589,837 \$16				
TOTAL EXPANSION BUDGET \$24,989,837 \$1				
TOT	AL OPERATING BUDGET	\$412,797,941	\$404,414,482	

### SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS -1993

SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section 104

Course Repetition Policy — Limits the number of times a person may take a community college occupational extension course to twice without paying the full per student cost. It allows an exemption for students repeating courses necessitated by licensure or recertification requirements.

Section 103

Audit Policies — Tightens up the policies used by community college program auditors to ensure better compliance with State and federal laws and regulations. In addition, it imposes a 25% penalty on audit

exceptions.

Community College In-Plant Training — Approves the program restrictions adopted by the State Board in order to bring the in-plant training program in line with legislative intent. It also allows overhead charges to be increased from 15% to 25%. In addition, it requires the State Board to make a written finding that each in-plant training program is operating with the public interest predominating over the private interest of the company.

Section 105

Prison Education — Changes the method of counting full-time equivalent students (FTE) in the prison system to a contact hour basis and requires the State Board to develop a plan for the delivery of appropriate education in correctional facilities.

Section 106 Huskins Program — Requires the State Board to have a study made of all Huskins bill courses taught at high schools to determine if there

is any duplication in vocational, technical, or advance placement courses. In addition, the Board shall assure that all Huskins bill

courses are actually college level work.

Section 107 Community College Sheltered Workshop Funds Transferred —

Directs DHR to allocate funds transferred to those sheltered workshops that received funds from community colleges in the fall of 1992. It also provides that community colleges may offer only compensatory

education and literacy programs in sheltered workshops.

Section 108 Remediation Measures — Directs the State Board of Community Colleges to study the issue of tests and proficiency levels for placing

students in developmental courses.

Section 109 Community College Accountability Measures — Requires the State

Board to establish standards for institutional performance on certain accountability measures and to follow-up on colleges that fall below the standards. In addition, it requires the Board to direct colleges to create an accountability measurement that will provide data on graduate placement rates and employer, graduate and early leaver's satis-

faction with the college's training programs.

Section 110 Maintenance of Plant — Codifies the policy on maintenance of plant

that provides funds to colleges whose out-of-county student headcount served on the main campus exceeds 50% of the total

student headcount.

Section 111 Operating Appropriations/Not Used For Recreation Extension —

Requires all recreation programs to be offered on a self-supporting

basis.

Section 112 Full-Time Equivalent Teaching Positions/Community Colleges —

Allows the faculty-student ratio for curriculum programs to be determined by the funds available in the appropriations bill and sets the

occupational extension ratio at 1 to 23.

Section 113 Books and Equipment Appropriations/Revert After One Year —

Allows community colleges two years to spend their books and equip-

ment funds.

Section 114 Tech Prep Implementation — Requires the Department of Public

Instruction and the Department of Community Colleges to each provide \$50,000 each fiscal year to the Tech prep Leadership

Development Center at Richmond Community College.

Section 115 Community College Faculty Salaries — Requires each community college to pay its full-time curriculum faculty an average salary equal

to the amount appropriated for the curriculum instructional unit value. The amount in the budget for that unit value for 1993-94 is \$34,262. It also allows the State Board of Community Colleges to grant exemptions to those colleges that are unable to meet this requirement if they

provide sound educational reasons for non-compliance.

### Section 116

Hosiery Technology Center Funds — Allocates \$50,000 of the funds appropriated for specialized technology centers to be used for a Hosiery Technology program to provide assistance to hosiery manufacturers in the State.

#### **Sections 117-120**

**GPAC/Community Colleges** — Implements many of the GPAC recommendations for Community Colleges:

- o Directs the State Board to develop a tuition and fee policy that keeps these expenses to less than 20% of the per capita student funding;
- o States that the goal of the General Assembly is to increase per student funding as money is available;
- Directs the State Board to develop a program-based funding system; adopt guidelines for multi-campus and off-campus centers; and study the structure of the system based on a regional review of program needs to eliminate unnecessary duplication.
- o Requires the Board to develop a plan for a Challenge Grant Scholarship Fund.

#### Section 124

Proration of FTE Reimbursements/Minimum Class Size Study — Directs the State Board to develop a plan to prorate the FTE earnings to colleges based on their respective costs when they operate a joint program or when one college offers a program on another college's campus.

It also requires the Board to study the issue of minimum class size.

### Section 124.1

Assistance to Hospital Nursing/Fund Distribution — Sets out the method of allocation for the hospital-based diploma nursing funds.

### Section 124.2

**Student Census Date** — Changes the student census date for reporting FTE hours from the 20% point to the 30% of the class.

### SENATE BILL 26 (Chapter 561)

#### Section 50

Certain Refuges State Residents for Community College Tuition Purposes Continued - Allows persons designated as refuges to continue their classification as residents for tuition purposes at community colleges. It deletes the original sunset provision in the law.

#### Section 51

Books and Equipment Appropriations/Changes in Specifications Regarding Reverting - Allows community colleges five years rather than two to spend their equipment appropriations. In addition, it prohibits the transfer of equipment funds for other purposes.

### **PUBLIC EDUCATION**

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 115C

The State Board of Education consists of 13-members (11 members appointed by the Governor, plus the Lieutenant Governor and the State Treasurer); the Superintendent serves as the secretary and chief administrative officer of the State Board of Education.

The major duties of the board are to communicate the needs of public elementary and secondary education, to provide leadership and support services to public schools, to assure standards of quality for programs and personnel, and to equitably provide all pupils an opportunity to achieve their full potential.

	1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
GOVERNOR'S RECOMMENDED CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$3,445,213,790	\$3,501,014,053
Continuation Budget Changes:		
<ol> <li>DPI Reorganization — Reorganiz and reduce positions. Reduction of positions over the biennium. 57 G Fund supported positions.</li> </ol>	of 86	(1,781,186)
<ol> <li>Rent Savings — Savings from mo from rental space into the new ed building.</li> </ol>	oving offices lucation	
•	(58,251)	(58,251)
Floadice Contracts an	(- / /	(67,562)
<ol> <li>Inservice Training — Reduce inse</li> </ol>		(35,418)
5. Teacher Fellows Commission — in Trust Fund for Teaching Fellows Balance was created by repaymen This action does not reduce the nuscholarships available each year.	s Program.	(500,000)
6. Prospective Teacher Scholarship Reduce balance in Trust Fund from This action does not reduce the not scholarships available each year.	m repayments	(17,040)
<ol> <li>SIPS Charges — Reduce data procharges by 30%.</li> </ol>		(300,000)
<ol> <li>Inventory Reductions — Reduce the Department of Public Instruction</li> </ol>	inventories in	(17,500)
<ol> <li>Pupil Transportation — Reduce for appropriated for pupil transportation based on current fuel prices.</li> </ol>	unds	(2,500,000)

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
10.	Career Development — Continue phase-do of funds. Reduce to 5% in FY 1994-95. Only the following systems receive funds under the budget item: Burlington, Alexander, Buncom Burke, Chowan, Tarboro, Greene, Roanoke Harnett, Haywood, Mecklenburg, Montgome New Hanover, Orange, Perquimans, Salisbur All other systems are eligible to participate the 2% distribution of differentiated pay funif those funds are provided in the expansion budget.	y nis nbe, Rapids, ry, ry-Rowan. in ds,	(7,836,901)
11.	Stipend - Recruiting Office — Eliminate the allotment of \$300 per high school. If this function is necessary, teachers could choos to make this a part of their differentiated pay plan at the high school.		(124,398)
12.	ADM Adjustment — Fund additional public school enrollment, beyond the average daily membership increases provided in the Governor's recommended continuation budg		15,250,246
13.	Average Salaries — Recalculation of avera salaries for public schools based on the December 1992 payroll. The Governor's recommended budget was based on earlier payroll calculations.		(8,394,415)
TOT	AL BASE BUDGET REDUCTIONS	(\$1,736,386)	(\$6,382,425)
REV	ISED CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$3,443,477,404	\$3,494,631,628

### **EXPANSION BUDGET**

### Department of Public Instruction

 Testing — Additional funds to complete implementation of the End-of-Course End-of-Grade Testing Program.

\$1,789,760

\$1,789,760

### Public School Fund

2. Differentiated Pay — Provide differentiated pay for employees in the public schools. Participation in differentiated pay is based on the local school improvement plan.

38,827,392 NR

38,827,392

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
3.	Teacher Longevity - Increase support at rates established by the teacher salary schedule. This does not change the rate, but rather fully funds longevity at current budget		
	projections.	\$7,000,000	\$7,000,000
4.	Basic Education Program — Increase counselors, social workers, and other instructional support personnel to help reduce violence in the public schools.	10,000,000	10,000,000
5,	Low-Wealth School System — Provide additional supplemental funding to low wealth school systems. Funding formula was modified by the 1993 General Assembly.	9,000,000	9,000,000
6.	Small School Systems — Provide additional supplemental funding for small county school systems.		
7.	Exceptional Children — Increase funding	4,000,000	4,000,000
	amounts for both handicapped and academically gifted students. Add \$1 million in non-recurring funds to those systems with	4,583,598	4,583,598
	handicapped children over the 12.5% cap.	1,000,000 N 5,583,598	R
8.	Textbook Purchase — Increase funding for textbooks to \$28 per student in grades 1-12, and \$28 per student in kindergarten.	5,732,985	5,901,050
9.	Supplies and Materials — Increase funding for supplies, materials, and equipment.	2,500,000 N	
10.	Safe School Grants — Provide funds for safe school grants to assist local schools in reducing school violence.	2,500,000	2,500,000
11.	Tech Prep — Increase Tech Prep funding. State and \$3 million in federal funds will provide for expansion of this program in the current biennium.		
12.	Governor's Schools — Increase funding for the Governor's Schools.	100,000	100,000
13.	Mobile Preschool Pilot Program — Establishes pilot mobile preschool program in McDowell County.		100,000
14.	Parent-as-Teachers — Establishes pilot parent-as-teacher program in two school	50,000 NF	T -
	districts, Wake and Rutherford County.	100,000 NF	٠ -

		1993-94 Genera Fund	I	1994-95 General Fund
15.	Task Force on Teacher Staff Developmer Funds the task force established under Section 141 of the 1993 Appropriations Act.	s300,000	NR	_
16.	Staff Development Fund — Provides additunds for staff development in all school systems.	2,000,000	NR	_
17.	<b>Model Teacher Consortium</b> — Add Bertie County to the existing consortium in northeastern North Carolina.	15,000		15,000
18.	School Buses — Funds for school bus replacements. This funding plus the funds in the continuation budget are designed to return the state to its normal replacement cycle on school buses.	24,015,485	NR	_
19.	School Technology Commission — Funds commission to study the use of technology in the public schools. This Commission Is established under Section 135 of the 1993 Appropriations Act.		NR	
20.	Public School Forum — Support for additi administrative costs associated with the Teaching Fellows Program.	onal 75,000		75,000
21.	Advanced Placement Tests — Funds pilot program on advancement placement tests. Requires one-to-one local match.	550,000	NR	_
22.	Cued Speech Center of Wake County — Funds for transition services.	95,000	NR	_
23.	Small School Supplemental Funding — Hold harmless Jackson and Ashe Counties for FY 1993-94 only.	600,565	NR	_
	ibrary Technology Funds — Funds to improve the technology in public school libraries.	5,000,000	NR	_
	RECURRING EXPANSION  JRRING EXPANSION	\$75,338,442 \$44,896,343		\$83,891,800
TOTA	AL EXPANSION BUDGET	\$120,234,785		\$83,891,800
TOTA	L OPERATING BUDGET	\$3,563,712,189		\$3,578,523,428

SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATIONS BILLS - 1993

SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section 125

Freshman Performance Reports Made Available To Parents of High School Students — Rewrites G.S. 115C-12(18)c to require local boards of education to provide parents and the general public with freshman performance data provided by institutions of high education.

Section 126

Career Development Funds: 1994-95 Reduction — Reduces funding for school systems receiving career development funds to 5% of certified payroll in FY 1994-95. For the FY 1993-94 school year these systems will receive funding at 7% of the certified payroll. Provides that the intent of the General Assembly is that employees not receive less in salary and bonus in FY 1994-95 than they receive in FY 1993-94.

Section 127

Teacher Salary Schedules — Revises the teacher salary schedule by increasing the beginning salary of the first year teacher with a bachelor's degree to \$20,002 per 10 month school year, and adjusting all the remaining steps on the schedule. The schedule as in previous years is based on years of experience and degrees, with 2% between each step. Longevity payments remain at 1% of base salary for teachers with between 10-14 years of state service; 1.5% for 15-19 years; 2% for 20-24 years; 2.5% for 25 years and above. Increases the payments for advanced degrees to \$126 per month for a six year degree, and \$256 per month for a doctoral degree.

Section 128

**Teacher Recruitment Statutes Repealed** — Repeals the statues dealing with the Office of Teacher Recruitment.

Section 129

Allocation of Funds for Merged Career Development Pilot Projects
— Provides for funding allocation following the merger of a career ladder and non-career ladder school system. The merged system receives a share of both Career Development and differentiated pay funds following the merger. For FY 1993-94 this section applies in only Rowan and Edgecombe counties.

Section 130

Reorganization of the Department of Public Instruction — Provides the Superintendent of Public Instruction with the authority to reorganize the department and reduces the budget by 57 state funded positions.

Section 131

Continue Model Teacher Consortium — Adds Bertie County to the model teacher consortium established in Northeastern North Carolina by the 1991 General Assembly.

Section 132

School-Based Administrator Salaries — Establishes a salary schedule for school-based administrators, principals and assistant principals.

The entry level salary for assistant principals is 3% higher than the graduate level teacher with four years of experience. There is approximately 2% between each step of the salary schedule. As the teacher salary schedule increases in future years, the assistant principal's salary schedule will increase maintaining this same relationship.

An assistant principal is placed on the schedule based on their total number of years of experience as a certified public school employee. The beginning salary for an assistant principal under the new schedule, when it is fully implemented will be \$23,710 for a 10 month contract and \$28,452 for a 12 month contract.

Placement of the principal salary schedule is based upon three factors. The number of state funded teachers and assistant principals supervised by the principal; the total years of experience as a certified public school employee; and an additional step for each three years of experience as a principal.

In FY 1993-94 initial placement for principals and assistant principals on the schedule is governed by the following rules. If placement would result in less than a 1% increase, the increase will be at least 1%. If placement would result in an increase of greater than 3%, the individual will be placed on the highest grade and step where the salary is not greater than 3%. Additional salary increases that result from promotions during the FY 1993-94 will be limited to a maximum of 3%.

Principals who are moved from a larger to a smaller school are moved on the schedule, as if they had spent their entire career in the smaller school. If the move is to a larger school the same rule applies.

Out-of-state principals who move to North Carolina are assigned to the new schedule based on separate rules set out in this section.

Principals and assistant principals will continue to receive \$126 per month for a six year degree and \$253 per month for a doctoral degree.

Longevity pay for principals remains the same as provided to all state employees, other than teachers.

This section also eliminates the provision in state law that require that superintendents be paid at least 1% more than the highest state paid principal. Superintendents previously receiving these payments will continue, as long as they meet the criteria established under the original statute.

The section also provides that the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee may consider and recommend salary schedules for the other school administrators.

Section 133

Salaries for Noncertified Public School Employees — Requires that by the 1995-96 school year local boards of education place state-allotted office support personnel, teacher assistants, and custodial personnel on the salary schedule adopted by the State Board of Education. The average salary paid to each category must equal the state allotted amount. The average salary paid in FY 1993-94 in each category must be 2% higher than the average salary paid in that category during FY 1992-93. The State Board of Education must report on the implementation of this provision to the General Assembly in 1994 and 1995.

#### Section 134

Exceptional Children Funds — Establishes the allocation of funds for exceptional children for FY 1993-94 in the following manner. Academically gifted \$641.26 per child for 3.9% of the FY 1992-93 average daily membership, regardless of the number of gifted children identified. The total number of children for which funds are allocated are 43,114.

Handicapped children will receive \$1,923.79 per child for the lesser of the number identified or 12.5% of average daily membership. The maximum number of children for which funds are allocated are 125,316. Each system that is above the 12.5% cap will receive an additional \$418.76 per child in nonrecurring funds to be used for non recurring expenditures on behalf of handicapped children.

The recurring funding for gifted and handicapped will also be increased by the funds from the salary increase reserve. When these funds are added to the expansion funds, the total per child allocation for academically gifted will be \$652.18 and for the handicapped, \$1,956.52.

The State Board of Education is required to study the funding for handicapped and gifted children and report to the Commission on Children with Special Needs and the education appropriations subcommittees of House and Senate by March 15, 1994.

### Section 134.1

School Counselor Funds — Establishes the requirement that the \$10 million in funds for instructional support personnel be used first for counselors, then for social workers and other instructional support personnel to help reduce school violence.

### Section 135

Technology Commission Created Creates Commission on School Technology located administratively in the Department of Public Instruction, but the commission will exercise it powers independently of the department. The Commission is composed of 16 members, including four appointed by the Speaker of the House and four by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate. The Cochairmen of the commission come from the appointees of the House and Senate. For the FY 1993-94 fiscal year only one member of the House and one member of the Senate shall be appointed to the commission. The commission shall prepare a requirements analysis on the use of learning and instructional management technologies in the public schools. The Commission shall submit a progress report to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations and the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee by March 15, 1994 and a final report by May 15, 1994 on the plan that it develops. Funds in the amount of \$300,000 for FY 1993-94 were appropriated for the operation of the commission.

### Section 136

Low Performing Units — Requires the State Board of Education to use up to \$1,200,000 in funds appropriated as Aid to Local School Administrative Units to provide staff development activities and technical assistance to school systems identified as low performing or on warning status. School systems that fall into these two categories

must use both low wealth supplemental and small school system funding to implement their approved plan for improving student performance and dropout prevention.

#### Section 137

Mobile Preschool Pilot Program — Funds a mobile preschool pilot program in McDowell County for FY 1993-94, and requires a report to the General Assembly on the program by March 1, 1995.

#### Section 138

Supplemental Funding in Low-Wealth Counties/Small School System Supplemental Funding — Establishes a new formula to allocate the \$18,000,000 in Low Wealth Supplemental Funding appropriated. New formula is based on three weighted components: the county's revenue base per student (40%); the per capita income of the county (50%); and an adjustment for property tax density (10%). When these three components are added together, if a county is below the state average then it is eligible for Low Wealth Supplemental Funding.

The effort that a county must make to qualify for funding was also changed in by this provision. A county may now receive 100% funding by having an effective tax rate at greater than the state average, or by having an appropriation per student that is greater that what would be expected given the county's wealth. The remaining eligible counties receive proportional funding as a percentage of what they actually appropriate versus what they could appropriate given their county revenues.

The amount that a county would receive if the allocation formula were funded at 100% is calculated by comparing the state average appropriation per pupil with what a county could appropriate given their overall wealth. An eligible county receives a pro rata share based on the total that the General Assembly actually appropriates. Appendix Table, Page 323, provides an example of how the formula is calculated and the amounts that each county will receive in FY 1993-94.

The formula for supplemental funding for small schools was reenacted with only minor changes over the FY 1992-93 formula. This change provided two additional teachers to those extremely small counties that have a density of less than four students per square mile. Appendix Table, Page 331, provides the amounts that each county will receive in FY 1993-94.

### Section 139

Safe Schools — Provides \$2.5 million for each year of the biennium as competitive grants to school systems for innovative programs that make schools safe for students and employees. Grants may be made to a single school system or groups of systems in amounts ranging from \$50,000 to \$100,000. Grant recipients must be selected prior to January 1,1994. The State Board of Education must report on the use of these funds to the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee prior to March 15, 1994 and January 15, 1995.

This section also adds a provision to the General Statutes requiring the State Board of Education to monitor and compile an annual report on acts of violence in the public schools.

Another statutory change requires the State Board to develop a list of conflict resolution and mediation models for use in the public schools.

Section 140

Parents-as-Teachers Programs — Establishes two Parents as Teachers Pilot Programs, one in Wake County school district and the other in the Rutherford County school district. Funds are provided only for FY 1993-94. Both systems must report to the State Board of Education and the General Assembly prior to March 1, 1995.

Section 141

Teacher Academy/Task Force on Teacher Staff Development — Creates within the Department of Public Instruction a 20 member Task Force on Teacher Staff Development. The purpose of the task force is to develop a Teacher Academy Plan that includes a statewide network of comprehensive professional development for teachers in school leadership and subject matter areas. The Task Force must report on its plan to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee by March 1, 1994. Funds are appropriated for the operation of the commission, and for the department to begin implementation of the teacher academy program. Authorization for the task force expires July 1,1995.

Section 142

Expand NCCAT Services — Appropriates \$200,000 for each year of the biennium to expand the professional development programs offered by the North Carolina Center for the Advancement of Teaching. The provision also provides the authorization for five pilot projects to assist local schools in dealing with professional development problems identified by school based committees.

Section 143

Staff Development Funds — Provides an additional \$2 million in nonrecurring funds for staff development held outside of the regular 200-day school calendar. This section establishes a limit of \$10 per hour for the stipend, with a maximum of \$60 per day.

Section 144

Scotland County School Pay Date Changed — Allows Scotland County to establish the fifteenth day of each month as the payday for all 10 months employees paid on a monthly basis.

Section 145

Brunswick County School Pay Date Changed — Allows Brunswick County to establish the fifteenth day of the month as the a payday for all 10 month teachers and all 10 month employees of the school system.

Section 144.1

Study of GPAC Recommendations Regarding Reorganization of State Education Agencies — The Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations may review the GPAC recommendations on the reorganization of state education agencies.

Section 144.2

Local School Improvement Plans — Makes a number of changes in the Performance Based Accountability Program to include: Parents on local advisory boards shall not be school employees and shall reflect the racial and socioeconomic composition of the school district; teachers on the advisory shall be selected by secret ballot; and closer alignment of systemwide and building level staff development plans.

Principals are required to notify all affected building level personnel of the amounts available for differentiated pay, and at the end of the fiscal year provide a report to the same personnel on the disbursement of these funds.

If the local school board makes available to individual schools staff development funds, these funds must be spent in accordance with the building level improvement plan. Principals must also report on the availability and the disbursement of staff development funds.

Adds six additional members to the Site Based Management Task Force. Appointment source is identified in the provision.

Section 143.3

**Driver Education Study** — Requires the Legislative Research Commission to study the driver education program offered in the public schools. Study will include the efficiency of the program's operation; impact of offering driver education outside of the regular school day; the overall cost of the program; and a five year projection estimate of the program cost.

### SENATE BILL 26 (Chapter 561)

Section 52

Small School System Formula/Hold Harmless Provision — Allocates funds to Jackson and Ashe Counties under the small school system supplemental funding formula as a one year hold harmless against the loss of the funds. Establishes a legislative finding that the Department of Revenue did not provide the information to the Department of Public Instruction in sufficient time to allow notification of these school systems of the impending loss of funds. Expresses legislative intent to provide these hold harmless funds for FY 1993-94 only.

Section 53

New Hanover County Pay Dates Changed — Allows New Hanover County to establish the 15th day of each month as the payday for all 10 month teachers and teacher assistants.

Section 54

Payment of Career Development Bonuses — Allows payment of bonuses in former Career Development Pilot Projects to take place on a monthly basis. Previous statute required that the bonuses be paid no more frequently than quarterly.

Section 55

CPR Instruction — Requires the State Board of Education to study and report to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee on the requirements of local boards of education to provide for the teaching of cardiopulmonary (CPR) resuscitation and the Heimlich maneuver. Report must be submitted prior to May 1, 1994.

Section 56

Differentiated Pay Funds/Reversion — Alters the date that differentiated pay funds must revert to the state. Differentiated pay funds allocated for bonuses will remain available until November 30 of the subsequent fiscal year. Differentiated pay funds used for staff development will revert on August 31 of the subsequent fiscal year. If the

local school improvement plan calls for bonuses that are not paid because of a failure to meet local goals to be used for staff development, then these funds remain available until November 30 of the subsequent fiscal year.

Section 57

Noncertified School Employee Study — Provides that the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee may study the employment, training, evaluation, and dismissal of noncertified employees. The committee may report its findings to the 1994 session of the General Assembly.

Section 58

Teacher Training Task Force — Makes certain changes in the membership of the Teacher Training Task Force established by the 1991 General Assembly. These changes include adding four teachers currently employed in the North Carolina public schools. Provides \$10,000 to complete the work of the task force. The task force submits its final report to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee by April 1, 1994.

Section 59

Public School Library Technology Funds — Provides \$5,000,000 to enhance the availability of technology to public school libraries. Funds are allocated to local school districts based on average daily membership.

Section 60

North Carolina Future Farmers of America Funds — Appropriates \$300,000 to the North Carolina Future Farmers of America Foundation, Inc. for the North Carolina Future Farmers of America Center for development, repairs, and renovations. Requires a one-to-one match.

Section 61

Flexibility in Reorganizing Department of Public Instruction Positions — Allows the Superintendent of Public Instruction to transfer state and federal funds between the Department of Public Instruction and Aid to Local School Administrative Units so as to improve organizational performance within the department. The transfers must be approved by the State Board of Education and the Director of the Budget, and are subject to the conditions of federal laws and grants.

Section 62

Advanced Placement Pilot Program/Matching Funds — Provides funds to improve advanced placement programs in North Carolina public schools. Funds require a local match at a one-to-one ratio.

Section 63

**Payroll Deduction Clarification Continued** — Provides that authorization for employees to have association dues withheld from their checks each payroll period will continue until revoked by the employee.

#### UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA - BOARD OF GOVERNORS

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 116

The Board of Governors is composed of thirty-two members elected for four-year terms by the General Assembly. The Board is required to plan and develop a coordinated system of higher education in North Carolina.

The President of the University of North Carolina is the chief administrative officer of the University. He establishes administrative organizations to carry out the policies of the University. In carrying out his duties and responsibilities, the president is assisted by his staff officers and by the chancellors of the 16 constituent institutions.

		1993-94 General Fund		1994-95 General Fund
	/ERNOR'S RECOMMENDED	\$1,184,069,864	\$1	,193,945,658
Con	tinuation Budget Changes:			
1.	Across-the-board reduction of 0.59% except for AHEC	(6,481,337)		(6,533,454)
2.	Budget overhead receipts at latest estimates	(858,065)		(859,066)
3.	Eliminate motor vehicle purchases	(257,980)	NR	_
4.	Budget more realistic receipts for summer sch	nools (600,000)		(600,000)
5.	UNC-General Administration Budget increase in overhead receipts	(275,000)		(400,000)
6.	Nurse Scholars Program: Reduce funding or due to fund balance	ne year (500,000)	NR	
7.	Aid to Private Medical Schools: Hold to 1992 actual use	2-93 (262,000)		(383,000)
8.	Reduce pilot shellfish enhancement project to level requested	47_		(103,927)
9.	Reduce funding for endowment for Center for Alcohol Studies	or (150,000)		(150,000)
10.	Eliminate Reserve for WUNC-FM building be funding for public radio on UNC campuses veliminated 1991-93			(55,442)
11.	Reduce other Reserves for new facilities due to delays in estimated completion dates	(488,452)	NR	51,785
12.	Realign AHEC budget. Shift 1% of funds in Health Sciences Support budget on campus to 4 primary care residencies \$60,000 (each year)			_

					1993-94 General Fund		1994-95 General Fund
13.	ECU	Medical School	l - Hospital To	eaching C	osts —		
	(a)	Teaching Hosp State Medicaid Hospital for full Medicaid patier elimination of S bad debts, resi Medicaid costs patients. Count	Plan to reimber costs for all this, in exchange tate reimburse dents, and unrefor non-Pitt Company of the property of the contents of the property of the prop	Change urse Pitt ge for ement for eimbursed ounty			
		Medicaid rate. Less State Net Saving	Match for Med	dicaid	(\$15,929,151) 5,420,994) (\$10,508,157)		(\$17,080,542) <u>5,865,713)</u> (\$11,214,829)
	(b)	Funds to contin for residents at Pitt County Hospital.					
		Requirements	<b>1994-94</b> 10,000	<b>1994-9</b> 10,00			
		Less Receipts	(10,000)	(10,000	2)		
		Appropriations	-0-	-(	)		_
14.	cnan	<b>Hospitals</b> — Rege in Medicaid r	educe appropri eimbursement	ation due for full	to		
	costs				(1,500,000)	NR	_
	AL BA NSFER	SE BUDGET RE	DUCTIONS		(\$21,888,812)		(\$20,247,933)
1.	Trans Resort	fer funds to Depurces from ECU ate match for ac	Medical Schoolditional Medic	ol budget aid			
	paym	ents to Pitt Coun	ty Memorial Ho	spital.	(5,420,994)		(5,865,713)
TOTA	L BAS	SE BUDGET RED NSFERS - RECU NON-REC	RRING		(\$27,309,806) (\$24,563,374) (\$2,746,432)		(\$26,113,646) (\$26,113,646)
REVI	SED C	ONTINUATION	BUDGET	\$1	,156,760,058	\$1	1,167,832,012

			1993-94 General Fund		1994-9 Genera Fund	ıl
EXP	ANSI	ON BUDGET				
1.	Enro	ollment and Schedule of Priorities -				
	(a)	Funds for schedule	\$47,498,197 36,703,874 10,794,323	R NR	\$47,449,834 47,449,834	R
	(b)	Tuition Increase In-State: 3% first year; 3.3% second year Out-of-State: 6.5% each year	(9,944,127)		(20,882,836)	
		Subtotal: Schedule of Priorities: General Fund	37,554,070 26,759,747 10,794,323	R NR	26,566,998 26,566,998	R
2.		to Students Attending Private Colleges ds grants at authorized levels	— 1,055,000		1,055,000	
3.	Edu	cation Leadership Task Force				
	(a)	Principal Fellows	198,000		1,190,000	
	(b)	School Leadership Academy	15,000	NR	_	
	(c)	School Administrators Training Program Reforms	122,000		101,000	
	(d)	School Administrators Professional Standards Board	150,000		250,000	
		Subtotal	\$470,000 \$15,000	R NR	\$1,541,000	R
4.	N. (	C. State				
	a.	Non-Wovens Cooperative Research Centre Funds to match National Science Found grant for textile research		NR	_	
	b.	Pulp and Paper (\$300,000 each year from overhead recei	pts) –		_	
	C.	Furniture Manufacturing and Manageme (\$500,000 each year from overhead recei			_	
	d.	Seafood Enhancement Pilot Project	8,000	NR	_	
	e.	Study Alternative Sewage Disposal System	<u>ms</u> 50,000	NR	-	

			1993-9 Genera Fun	al	1994-95 General Fund
	f.	NCSU/Textbooks — Funds for preparation and publication of social studies textbooks for grades 4-7 (HB 676/SB 662)	\$204,000		\$174,000
5.	N.C	C. A&T State —			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	a.	Matching funds for Transportation Institute to match federal grant of \$1 million (HB 662)	250,000	NR	_
	b.	Agricultural Research and Extension Development (HB 660)	500,000	NR	_
	C.	Support for Applied Manufacturing and Education Center	3,500,000 Non-Add	NR *	_
6.	N.C	. School of Science and Mathematics			
	(a)	Funds for salary schedule	125,000		125,000
	(b)	Funds for campus security	70,743		70,743
7.	Agri	icultural Programs			
	(a)	Research staff for Tidewater Research Station (HB 65)	500,000		500,000
	(b)	Funds for 4-H Youth Development program for camp operation (HB 422)	250,000	NR	_
	(c)	Conifer Integrated Pest Management (HB 1277)	64,000		64,000
	(d)	Seafood Laboratory Funds (HB 259/SB 420)	125,000		125,000
	(e)	Study abatement of swine farm odors (HB 1159/SB 926)	85,000	NR	-
	(f)	Turfgrass research (HB 1170)	250,000	NR	
8.	UNC	at Chapel Hill —			
	(a)	Project TEACCH (HB 333)	150,000		150,000
	(b)	Support of Bicentennial Observance	250,000	NR	-
	(c)	Infectious Disease Control Program for Training (SB 827)	75,000	NR	
9.	Mour	ntain Aquaculture (HB 119/SB 156/SB 1005)	200,000		200,000
10.		e Anesthetists (HB 438)	50,000		50,000

		1993-94 General Fund	l	1994-95 General Fund
11.	Diabetes Program (HB 1349)	\$225,000		\$225,000
12.	Learning Link (HB 1308/SB 1127)	100,000		100,000
13.	Teacher Academy —			
	(a) N. C. Center for the Advancement of Teaching for training trainers (HB 557)	200,000		200,000
14.	Educational Consortia —			
	(a) Fund 4 additional campuses (Appalachia State, East Carolina, N.C. Central, and UNC-Charlotte) (HB 1441/SB 1110)	n 600,000		600,000
	(b) One-time support for educational consortium at UNC-Chapel Hill	150,000	NR	_
15.	Freshman Scholars Program at Fayetteville State, N.C. A&T State, N.C. Central, Pembroke, Winston-Salem State	1,000,000	NR	_
16.	Teacher Training Task Force (HB 255/ SB 449	10,000	NR	_
17.	Fayetteville State — Process Leadership Program Training Funds (HB 1246/SB 1120)	50,000	NR	_
18.	UNC Board — Planning grant for Chinqua-Penn Plantation reopening (HB 846/ SB 858)	75,000	NR	
19.	Winston-Salem State — State support for cooperative effort to establish research parks in Winston-Salem area	3,026,000	NR	
	Toda on parks in Winston-Galein area	Non-Add	*	_
	The state of the s			(4.7.4)
	AL RECURRING EXPANSION AL NON-RECURRING EXPANSION	\$30,898,490 \$14,062,323		\$31,746,741 —
TOTA	AL EXPANSION	\$44,960,813		\$31,746,741
TOTA	AL OPERATING BUDGET \$1	,201,720,871	\$	1,199,578,753

<sup>\*</sup> Non-Add: Certified as capital improvements

SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATIONS BILL - 1993

SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section 75 UNC Academic Provisions - Exempts teaching faculty positions from

budget cuts due to retirements.

Section 76 Inventory - Directs review of management of disposable inventory as

recommended by Government Performance Audit Committee.

Computer Network Management - Board of Governors must review Section 77 plans for computer network for potential integration into statewide network as recommended by Government Performance Audit

Committee.

Section 78 Wake Forest and Duke Medical School Assistance/Funding Formula - Outlines the amount of funds to be granted to each school

per student. Requires all medical schools to prepare plans to help encourage more North Carolina residents to enter primary care disciplines. Charges Board of Governors to help provide more primary care residencies, and to monitor progress toward increasing the pro-

portion of medical school graduates entering primary care.

Section 80 Aid to Private Colleges/Procedures - Sets limits on aid to students

attending private colleges at \$1,150 for Legislative Tuition Grants and \$450 for need-based contractual scholarship program. Transfers administration of need-based program from UNC-General Administration

to State Education Assistance Authority.

Section 81 N.C. State/Competitive Industry - Appropriates funds from overhead receipts for Furniture Manufacturing and Management Center

(\$500,000 each year) and Pulp and Paper Program (\$300,000) each

year.

Section 82 New Degree Programs - Directs Board of Governors to spend at least

\$1.4 million each year for new degree programs already approved.

Section 83 East Carolina University Medical School/Hospital Teaching Costs -

Contingency appropriation for reimbursements to Pitt County Memorial Hospital should planned changes in State Medicaid plan be

disapproved by federal agency.

Section 84 Allied Health Personnel Study/AHEC - Directs Area Health

Education Centers Director to recommend how to increase graduates

from allied health programs at UNC and community colleges.

Section 85 Principal Fellows Program - Creates program of scholarships of

\$20,000 per year for two years for participants in school administrator training programs. Fellows to be selected by Commission established

in this section.

Section 86 School Leadership Academy - Creates Joint Committee of Board of Governors and State Board of Education to study creation of School

Leadership Academy for ongoing training of school administrators.

Section 87 ECU Medical School Receipts - Directs disposition of three types of

receipts at East Carolina School of Medicine.

### Section 89

### UNC Graduation Rates/Undergraduate Teaching -

- (a) Requires UNC Board of Governors to require all UNC campuses to set goals to have all full-time undergraduates taking at least 15 credit hours per semester.
- (b) Directs UNC Board to develop plan for charging higher tuition to students taking more than 110% of required credit hours for graduation.
- (c) Directs UNC Board to allocate \$250,000 each year from non-state funds for faculty teaching awards.
- (d) Any funds from expansion budget allocated for Distinguished Professors Endowments must be for endowed chairs recognizing excellence in undergraduate teaching.
- (e) No funds from enrollment increase allocations may be used for research or public service activities.
- (f) Private colleges must report number of years students are using Legislative Tuition Grants.

# Section 90-93, 96-101.3

Allocate funds from UNC Expansion Reserve for the following purposes:

Section	Purpose	1993-94	1994-95
90	Agricultural Tidewater Resource Station	\$500,000	\$500,000
91	Libraries and Library Network \$	11,084,000	\$2,605,677
92	Public Television Pre- Educational Program	43,472	43,472
93	Funding Levels at 7 Campuses	1,000,000	1,000,000
96	Mountain Aquaculture Programs	200,000	200,000
97	Diabetes Program at UNC-CH School of Medicine	225,000	225,000
98	Nurse Anesthetist Training	50,000	50,000
99	Seafood Laboratory at Morehea City	ad 125,000	125,000
100	Learning Link (Computer-based interactive system) for public schools	100,000	100,000
101	N.C. Central School of Law	800,000	800,000
101.1	Salaries for Teaching Faculty	7,100,000	7,100,000
101.2	Educational consortia at 4 campuses	600,000	600,000
101.3	AHEC Rural and Primary Care Training Programs	2,100,000	2,100,000

Section 94 UNC Hunger Study - Allocates \$50,000 from UNC-CH overhead receipts for childhood hunger study in North Carolina by School of

Public Health.

Section 95 Christmas Tree Production - Requires N.C. State to continue previous level of technical assistance to Christmas tree growers.

Section 101.4 Cytotechnology Scholarships - Clarifies that students studying for positions in field of cytotechnology are eligible for scholarship loans

under existing program.

Section 101.5 University of North Carolina Education Study/Funds - Creates Legislative Study Commission to review undergraduate education, university funding, and quality of university education. Allocates

\$100,000 for work of the Commission.

### SENATE BILL 26 (Chapter 561)

Section 49

Section 43 UNC-CH Educational Consortium — Adds UNC at Chapel Hill to list of schools receiving funds.

Section 44 UNC Educational Consortia — Requires reports from all campuses receiving funds for these purposes, including assessment of educational improvements by May 15, 1994.

Section 45 Swine Farm Odor Abatement Study — Directs N.C. State Agricultural Research Service to study abatement of odors from swine farms and impact of these farms on water supplies.

Freshman Scholars Program — Allocates \$200,000 each to 5 campuses (Fayetteville State, N.C. A&T State, N.C. Central, Pembroke State and Winston-Salem State) as one-time funding. Purpose is to provide incentives for high school students to strive to attend college by guaranteeing tuition, fees and cost of books for freshman year.

Section 47 Engineering Graduate Research Center Funds — Allows up to \$1,500,000 already appropriated for this facility to be used immediately for equipment purchases for the facility.

Section 48 UNC-Asheville Land Funds — States that \$2,000,000 in funds for land acquisition for this campus are for future growth.

N.C. A&T State Applied Manufacturing Center — Limits use of State funds appropriated (\$3,500,000) to facility owned and controlled by the campus. No funds are to be expanded prior to presentation of plans to Joint Legislative Commission on governmental Operations.

# GENERAL GOVERNMENT

### DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 143-B

The Department of Administration is set up to assist in the management of State government. It has become a central source of services that all agencies need, such as the motor fleet management, courier mail, purchasing and contracting for goods and services, and utilities coordination.

The Department of Administration also has its public services side. It coordinates State and local programs and research designed to concentrate on certain contemporary community problems. The department also houses advocacy programs to promote the development and growth of various ethnic and minority groups as well as programs for persons with disabilities.

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
	/ERNOR'S RECOMMENDED ITINUATION BUDGET	\$53,249,273	\$54,119,528
Con	tinuation Budget Changes:		
1.	Reduce line-items to effect GPAC recommendation to reduce supply inventories by 30% over 3 years:  Office of the Secretary State Property Office State Construction Facility Management Purchase and Contract Veterans Affairs — Administration Subtotal	(2,089) (300) (500) (35,340) (300) (271) (38,800)	(2,089) (300) (500) (35,340) (300) (271) (38,800)
2.	Budget equipment reserve transfer as a receipt: Facility Management Landscape Services Purchase and Contract North Carolina Aquariums Veterans Affairs — Administration Subtotal	(72,673) (40,117) (23,000) (38,460) (7,006) (181,256)	
3.	State Personnel — Reflect savings due to 30% cut in SIPS rates.	(80,000)	(80,000)
4.	Reduce salary reserve: Facility Management	(21,729)	(21,729)
5.	Adjust non-critical positions to first step of pay grade: Office of the Secretary Office of Fiscal Management State Construction Office of State Personnel Facility Management	(5,741) (3,282) (13,823) (\$29,690) (29,772)	(5,741) (3,282) (13,823) (\$29,690) (29,772)

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
	Landscape Services Purchase and Contract Veterans Affairs — Administration Low-Level Radioactive Waste	(864) (2,832) (20,628)	(864) (2,832) (20,628)
	Management Authority Subtotal	(1,309) (107,941)	$\frac{(1,309)}{(107,941)}$
6.	Reduce line-item expenditures, including position deletions where noted, as proposed by the Department as the Governor's efficiency reductions:		
	Office of the Secretary	(27,528)	(27,586)
	Office of Financial Management	(16,988)	(17,024)
	Department of Administration — Personnel	(8,654)	(8,654)
	Positions	(25)	(25)
	Executive and Organizational Development	(750)	(750)
	Agency for Public Telecommunications	(13,572)	(13,600)
	Office of State Personnel	(121,706)	(121,706)
	Positions	(-2.0)	(-2.0)
	State Construction	(54,138)	(54,138)
	Positions State Bronerty Office	(-1.0)	(-1.0)
	State Property Office	(18,268)	(18,276)
	Positions Facility Management	(-1.0)	(-1.0)
	Facility Management Landscape Services	(352,306)	(368,889)
	James Knox Polk Building	(16,342)	(16,346)
	Purchase and Contract	(1,612)	(1,624)
	State Surplus Property	(80,879)	(81,020)
	General Services — Administration	(6,975)	(6,980)
	State Capital Police	(4,856)	(4,869)
	Positions	(37,298)	(37,298)
	Council on the Status of Women	(-2.0)	(-2.0)
	Rape Crisis Program	(9,893)	(9,893)
	Human Relations Commission	(11,616)	(11,616)
	Youth Involvement	(13,042)	(13,042)
	Governor's Advocacy Council	(8,612) (2,500)	(8,612)
	Veterans Affairs — Administration	(46,750)	(2,500)
	Positions	(-1.0)	(46,750)
	Domestic Violence	(23,247)	(-1.0)
	Juvenile Law Study Commission	(160)	(23,247)
	Board of Ethics	(888)	(160)
	Governor's Advocacy Council — Disabilities	(10,747)	(888) (10,300)
	Students Against Driving Drunk	(2,652)	(2,666)
	Commission on Indian Affairs	(7,828)	
	Board of Science and Technology	(14,621)	(7,834) (14,630)
	Low-Level Radioactive Waste Management	(14,310)	(14,838)
	Subtotal — Savings	(928,738)	(945,236)
	Positions	(-7.25)	(-7.25)

			1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
7.	Incre	ease underbudgeted receipts:		
		Facility Management James Knox Polk Building	(\$8,000) (40,368)	(\$8,000) (40,368)
8.	Red	uce other services:		
		Office of the Secretary Office of Fiscal Management	(38,220) (10,000)	(38,220) (10,000)
9.		A Personnel Office — Reduce office iture and equipment.	(500)	(500)
10.		cutive and Organization Development — inate General Fund support for program.	(36,780)	(36,780)
11,	Information Services — Reduce unemployment compensation, supplies and data processing services.		(5,975)	(5,975)
12.		e Construction — Reduce data processing ices and communications.	(8,720)	(8,720)
13.	State Property Office — Reduce repairs and maintenance (\$2,000) and other fixed charges (\$400).		(2,400)	(2,400)
14.	State Building Commission — Reduce other contracted services.		(5,200)	(5,200)
15.	Facility Management —			
	(a)	Reduce utilities to reflect revised needs based upon continued vacancies in Old Education and Revenue Buildings.	(271,602)	(261,602)
	(b)	Reduce supplies (other and vehicle operating) and service/maintenance contracts.	(57,600)	(57,600)
16.	Purchase and Contract — Reduce data processing and equipment.		(39,000)	(23,000)
17.	State Surplus Property —			
	(a)	Reduce contracted services and office furniture and equipment.	(11,075)	(11,070)
	(b)	Charge an assessment to user agencies to support program.	(330,722)	(331,018)
18.	uner	eral Services Administration — Reduce mployment compensation and office ture/equipment	(5,604)	(7,104)

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
19.	Office of Marine Affairs — Effect GPAC recommendation to eliminate program.	(\$167,961) (-3.0)	(\$169,541) (-3.0)
20.	North Carolina Aquariums —	( )	( 0.0)
	(a) Reduce office furniture.	(5,000)	(2,000)
	<ul><li>(b) Defer purchases of data processing equipment and software.</li></ul>	(24,628)	(10,272)
21.	Governor's Advocacy Council - Children and Youth — Reduce travel (\$2,000), printing and binding (\$3,000), and workers' compensation (\$86).	(5,086)	(5,086)
22.		e	(15,785)
23.	<b>Domestic Violence</b> — Reduce service/ maintenance contracts (\$578) and other fixed charges (\$945).	(1,523)	(1,523)
24.	Board of Ethics — Reduce supplies (\$100), travel (\$200), and communications (\$659).	(959)	(959)
25.	Governor's Advocacy Council - Disabilities Reduce temporary pay, printing and binding, repairs, advertising and other fixed charges.	— (4,923)	(5,110)
26.	Students Against Driving Drunk — Reduce non-salary line-items.	(3,500)	(3,500)
27.	Commission on Indian Affairs — Reduce unemployment compensation and non-salary line-items.	(10,117)	(10,117)
28.	Board of Science and Technology — Reduction overtime and temporary pay and non-salary line-items.	, , ,	
29.	N.C. Low-Level Radioactive Waste Manager Authority — Reduce non-salary line-items.	•	(24,998) (129,156)
CON POS	TINUATION BUDGET CHANGES ITION CHANGES	(\$2,802,827) (-10.25)	(\$2,599,528) (-10.25)
REV	SED CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$50,446,446	\$51,520,000

		1993-94 General Fund		1994-95 General Fund
EXP.	ANSION BUDGET			
1.	State Personnel Study — Review current practices and policies, addressing issues of equity, flexible compensation, and family-supportive programs.	\$25,000	NR	_
2.	<b>Employee Survey</b> — Establish ongoing survey to track morale, attitudes, and perceptions of state workforce.	5,000		5,000
3.	North Carolina Aquariums — Provide for increased maintenance and enhanced education services at the three aquariums.	450,000		450,000
4,	<b>Veterans Cemetery</b> — Provide support to ope cemetery at Ft. Bragg.	n —		240,060 (4)
5.	Martin Luther King, Jr. Commission — Provide staff and support for the establishment of this commission.	75,000 (1/2)		75,000 (1/2)
6.	Surplus Property — Computer equipment upgr	rade. 60,000	NR	-
7.	State Building Commission — Increase operating budget to defray additional meeting costs.	15,000		15,000
8.	Facilities Condition Assessment — Add one three person team in the Office of State Construction to evaluate repair and renovation needs.	225,000 (3)		225,000 (3)
9.	<b>Domestic Violence Grants</b> — Adds funds to accommodate new program grantees.	95,433		(6)
10.	<b>Displaced Homemakers</b> — Establishes pilot project for displaced homemakers.	375,000	NR	_
11.	State Government Disparity Study — Funds study of participation by minority owned and women owned businesses in State purchasing and contracting activity.	950,000	NR	_
		-		-
EXPANSION RECURRING \$770,000 (3.5)			\$1,010,060 (7.5)	
EXPANSION NON-RECURRING \$1,505,433			_	
TOT	AL EXPANSION BUDGET	\$2,275,433 (3.5)		\$1,010,060 (7.5)
TOT	AL OPERATING BUDGET	\$52,721,879		\$52,530,060

## SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS - 1993

SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section 27	State Capitol Restoration — Permits the Department of Administration to prequalify bidders for restoration projects at the Capitol.
Section 28	Office of Marine Affairs' Transfer to the Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources — Transfers the Office of Marine Affairs and the State aquariums from the Department of Administration to the Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources.
Section 29	<b>Department of Administration Employee Training</b> — Requires that \$3,000 of the funds appropriated to the Division of Information Services be used to support employee training.
Section 30	Allocation of Rape Crisis Center Funds — Sets guidelines for administration of Rape Crisis funds.
Section 31	<b>Domestic Violence Center Funds</b> — Sets guidelines for administration of Domestic Violence funds.
Section 32	<b>Parking Revenues</b> — Allows the use of parking receipts to subsidize vanpools and transit passes.
Section 32.1	Martin Luther King, Jr. Commission Funds — Requires that at least two-thirds of funds appropriated to the Martin Luther King, Jr. Commission be used for program development and support.

### SENATE BILL 26 (Chapter 561)

Section 29	Evaluation of Design and Contract Work for Community College — Changes powers and duties of the State Building Commission.
Section 30	Domestic Violence Center Funds — Changes date establishing eligibility for Domestic Violence Program grantees from July 1, 1990 to July 1, 1993.
Section 31	State Veterans Home — Requires that funds appropriated for State Veterans Home be used to construct a facility of at least 150 beds and declares legislative intent to make no further appropriations for operations or capital improvements.
Section 32	Legislative Review Required for Certain Conveyances of State Land — Changes statutes governing acquisition and disposal of State property.

Section 33 Indian Cultural Center Funds — Prescribes use of funds for pur-

chase of land; changes lease requirements affecting the Indian

Cultural Center.

Section 34 Old Education and Old Revenue Building Renovation Report —

Requires that the Office of State Construction shall report to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations regarding ex-

penditure of planning funds for building renovation.

### OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 7A, Article 60

The 1985 General Assembly created this office to provide independent hearing officers to preside at contested cases, to investigate and resolve discrimination cases in State employment, and to receive, edit, codify, and public notices of rulemaking and the administrative rules themselves.

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
	'ERNOR'S RECOMMENDED TINUATION BUDGET	\$1,950,197	\$1,954,545
Con	tinuation Budget Changes:		,
1.	Reduce salary reserve.	(3,954)	(3,954)
2.	Reduce various line-items as proposed by the Department as the Governor's		(= ,
	efficiency reductions.	(17,004)	(17,091)
	TINUATION BUDGET CHANGES	(\$20,958)	(\$21,045)
REVI	SED CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$1,929,239	\$1,933,500

NO EXPANSION

#### ADMINISTRATIVE RULES REVIEW COMMISSION

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 143B, Article 1, Part 3

Previously under the Office of Administrative Hearings, this 8 member Commission was given independent status in 1988. The Commission's 4 person staff is charged with reviewing new rule filings to see if they conform to the following standards: (1) are within the authority delegated to the agency by the General Assembly; (2) are clear and unambiquous; and, (3) are reasonably necessary to enable the agency to perform functions assigned by statute. The Commission is also evaluating the existing rules in the North Carolina Administrative Code.

**********	*************	
Revised Continuation Budget	\$258,516	\$258,593
<ol> <li>Adjust various line items as proposed by the Department as the Governor's efficiency reductions.</li> </ol>	(5,276)	(5,278)
Continuation Budget Changes:		
GOVERNOR'S RECOMMENDED CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$263,792	\$263,871
	1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund

NO EXPANSION

### DEPARTMENT OF CULTURAL RESOURCES

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 143-B, Article 2

The head of the Department is the Secretary who is appointed by and serves at the pleasure of the Governor. The Department is responsible for providing the necessary management, policy development and the establishment and enforcement of standards for the furtherance of resources, services and programs for historical records, sites and property, including museum, art resources, and libraries. An important function of the Department is the administration and awarding of funds appropriated for grants-in-aid.

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
G(	OVERNOR'S RECOMMENDED ONTINUATION BUDGET	\$41,400,998	\$42,086,042
Co	ontinuation Budget Changes:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<b>442,000,042</b>
1.	Reduce line-items to effect GPAC recommendation to reduce supply inventory by 30% over 3 years:		
	Office of the Secretary Administrative Services Archives and History — Administration State Historic Sites Tryon Palace Archaeology and Historic Preservation Museum of History Museum of Art North Carolina Arts Council North Carolina Symphony State Library — Technical Services State Library — Services to Blind, Handicapped and Institutions Services to Public Libraries Subtotal	(100) (30) (400) (19,772) (340) (200) (2,000) (990) (700) (20) (400)  (770) (100) (25,822)	(100) (30) (400) (19,772) (340) (200) (2,000) (700) (700) (20) (400)  (770) (100) (25,822)
2.	Reduce salary reserve:  Office of the Secretary Archives and History — Administration Subtotal	(4,758) (2,836) (7,594)	(4,758) (2,836)
2.	Reduce line-item expenditures including position deletions as proposed by the Department as the Governor's efficiency reductions:	(1,004)	(7,594)
	Archives and History — Administration Historical Publications Archives and Records Positions State Historic Sites Tryon Palace Restoration Complex	(12,000) (12,918) (48,440) (-2.0) (67,658) (11,302)	(12,000) (13,468) (47,136) (-2.0) (80,732) (11,784)

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
	Archaeology and Historic Preservation Museum of History Eastern Office Western Office Museum of Art North Carolina Arts Council State Library — Administration State Library — Information Services State Library — Technical Services State Library — Services to Blind,	(\$23,604) (31,480) (3,230) (6,458) (27,261) (19,898) (3,500) (15,120) (15,340)	(\$21,202) (31,480) (3,366) (6,734) (27,878) (19,898) (2,500) (15,120) (15,340)
	Handicapped, and Institutions Reserve — History Museum Subtotal —Savings — Positions	(14,625) (11,037) (323,871) (-2.0)	(14,625) (16,365) (339,628) (-2.0)
4.	Shift motor vehicles operations to Motor Fleet Management Administrative Services:		
	Administrative Services Archives and Records State Historic Sites Tryon Palace Restoration Archaeology and Historic Preservation Museum of History State Library — Services to Blind, Handicapped and Institutions	(13,025) (30,000) (10,000) (22,000)	(14,500) (80,000) — (28,500) (9,500)
5.	Subtotal  Reduce non-critical positions to first step of salary grade:	(75,025)	(132,500)
	Museum of History North Carolina Arts Council Services to Public Libraries Subtotal	(11,200) (635) (6,201) (18,036)	(11,200) (635) (6,201) (18,036)
6.	Civilianize guard positions:		
	Archives and Records Museum of Art Subtotal	=	(1,891) (10,713) (12,604)
7.	Historical Publications — Increase underbudgeted receipts.	(6,000)	(6,000)
8.	Reduce various operating expenditure line-items:		
	Office of the Secretary Administrative Services Public Affairs Archives and History — Administration	(1,442) (1,788) (1,890) (1,000)	(1,442) (1,788) (1,890) (1,000)

\$4,750) 17,745) (2,250)	
(2.250)	(\$4,750) (17,745)
, ,	(2,250)
20,189)	(20,189)
(555)	(555)
(1,100)	(1,100)
8,701)	(17,901)
(1,000)	(1,000)
(500)	(500)
(500) (2,910)	$\frac{(500)}{(72,110)}$
1,018)	(1,018)
8,700)	(144,306)
8,677)	(179,524)
,,,,,	(179,524)
3,259)	(117,675)
5,912)	(1,056,817)
(-2)	(-2)
,086	\$41,029,225
	5,912) (-2) 5,086

### **EXPANSION BUDGET**

1.	Electronic Records Program — Extend current records management activity to include		
	electronic records.	\$100,000	\$100,000
		(2)	(3)
2.	N.C. Symphony — Increase grant to North Carolina Symphony.	0.50	
		650,000	650,000
3. N	orth Carolina Arts Council/Education Outreach — Provide funding for education		
	outreach; increase Grassroots Art program.	600,000 (2)	600,000 (2)

	1993-94 General Fund		1994-95 General Fund
<ol> <li>Aid to Libraries — Add support for grants to local libraries.</li> </ol>	\$250,000		\$250,000
<ol> <li>Somerset Place — Add staff at Somerset Place historic site.</li> </ol>	70,545 (2)		70,545 (2)
6. Reserve for Grants to Local Historical and Cultural Organizations — Adds grants support to Arts Council program and funds grants program for historical organizations.	2,000,000	NR	_
<ol> <li>Andrew Jackson Memorial — Provides grant to non-profit support organization for operations and maintenance.</li> </ol>	100,000	NR	
8. Lost Colony Matching Funds — Provides funds for Lost Colony outdoor drama.	500,000	NR	
EXPANSION RECURRING	\$1,670,545 (6)		\$1,670,545 (7)
EXPANSION NON-RECURRING	\$2,600,000		_
TOTAL EXPANSION BUDGET	\$4,357,933 (6)		\$1,670,545 (7)
TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET	\$44,955,631		\$42,699,770

### SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS -1993

### SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section 33	Repeal Restriction on Grassroots Arts Program — Deletes provision of Chapter 1008, 1977 Session Laws that prohibits the use of State-appropriated Grassroots Arts funds to pay for personnel positions.
Section 34	Cultural Resources Security Officers —Requires that job responsibilities of Department of Cultural Resources security officers be redefined so law enforcement certification requirement no longer applies and that positions be removed from the Law Enforcement Retirement System.
Section 35	<b>Department of Cultural Resources Vehicles</b> — Transfers all passenger-carrying vehicles from the Department of Cultural Resources to the Division of Motor Fleet Management on or before December 31, 1993.

Section 37 North Carolina Symphony Funds — Requires the Symphony to

expand programming into economically depressed rural counties and low-wealth school districts, and provides for a reduction in perform-

ance fees.

Section 38 State Aid to Public Libraries Funds — Allows local units to reduce

library budgets without loss of State grant aid when the reduction is part of overall cutback caused by local economic conditions and fiscal

constraints.

### SENATE BILL 26 (Chapter 561)

Section 35 Museum of the Albemarle — Explains appropriation for the Museum

of the Albemarle; provides that funds may be used for land purchase.

Section 36 Local Historical Organization Grants — Establishes competitive

grant-in-aid program for local historical organizations, requires admin-

istrative guidelines, and sets grant maximum at \$50,000.

Section 37 Local Cultural Organizations — Allocates \$1,000,000 to the General

Support Program of the North Carolina Arts Council.

Section 38 Somerset Place Funds/Memorial — Allocates \$2,000 to provide an

appropriate memorial at Somerset Place.

#### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 120

The General Assembly is the lawmaking body for the State of North Carolina. Its 170 members are elected for two-year terms in every odd year. The Speaker of the North Carolina House of Representatives and the President Pro Tempore of the North Carolina Senate jointly chair the fourteen-member Legislative Services Commission that oversees the operations of the General Assembly and its permanent staff.

	1993-94 General Fund		1994-95 General Fund
GOVERNOR'S RECOMMENDED CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$21,385,599		\$24,982,877
Continuation Budget Changes:			
<ol> <li>Reduce operating budget by 1%.</li> </ol>	(250,000)	)	(250,000)
Revised Continuation Budget	\$21,135,599	}	\$24,732,877
**********	*****	****	
EXPANSION BUDGET			
<ol> <li>Study Commission on Status of Education at University of North Carolina — Fund Study Commission activities.</li> </ol>	\$100,000	NR	_
<ol> <li>Legislative Studies — Provides funding for legislative study commissions.</li> </ol>	500,000	NR	_
3. Reserve Increase — Increases reserve funds.	2,000,000	NR	<u>,—</u> ,
<ol> <li>Courts Commission — Provides for operating expenses of Courts Commission.</li> </ol>	54,438	NR	_
<ol> <li>Swine Study — Funds partial cost of swine industry odor study.</li> </ol>	15,000	NR	F-
6. <b>Economic Incentives Study</b> — Funds analysis economic incentives used to attract new industry		NR	_

## GENERAL ASSEMBLY (1993 Actions, Continued)

	1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General
<ol> <li>GPAC Reserve — Provides funds to I implementation of several GPAC recoincluding performance budgeting and</li> </ol>	pegin mmendations	Fund
reclassification.	\$1,076,163 NF	-
EXPANSION RECURRING EXPANSION NON-RECURRING	\$3,845,601	
TOTAL EXPANSION BUDGET	\$3,845,601	_
TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET	\$24,981,200	\$24,732,877
*****		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

## SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS - 1993

SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section 22

Budget Practices Study Commission — Creates an independent study commission to evaluate the effectiveness of the Executive Budget Act; requires report to 1994 Session.

## SENATE BILL 26 (Chapter 561)

Section 20	<b>GPAC Recommendations</b> — Provides that G.S. 143-16.3 shall not apply to proposals implementing recommendations of the Government Performance Audit Committee.
Section 21	Fiscal Note Requirement Amended — Requires estimate of space costs in fiscal notes on new programs.
Section 103	Study on Economic Incentives to Lure Industry — Creates Legislative Study Commission to study the use of economic incentives to lure industry to the State; requires report to General Assembly by April 15, 1994.

#### OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: Article III, Section 5, North Carolina Constitution

This agency consists of the following two major administrative units:

- Governor's Office An 8-person staff assists the Governor in his deliberations on legal, policy, and administrative matters. Staff are assigned to offices in Washington, D.C., Asheville, New Bern, and to the Executive Residence in Raleigh. Each month, the Office of Citizen's Affairs handles thousands of calls, letters and visits intended for the Governor.
- Office of State Budget and Management This office authors the biennial budget, monitors federal funds, makes revenue and expenditure projections, does annual population estimates, and evaluates agency operations for cost effectiveness.

	1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
GOVERNOR'S RECOMMENDED CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$4,475,772	\$4,495,442
Continuation Budget Changes:		
<ol> <li>Reduce various line-items including supplies, travel, equipment, printing, and others as proposed by the Department as the Governor's efficiency reductions:</li> </ol>		
Administration Dues to National Organizations Western Governor's Office Office of Citizen Affairs Office of Local Government Advocacy Division of Non-Public Education Raleigh Executive Residence Subtotal	(57,205) (3,000) (2,672) (11,128) (3,191) (3,647) (9,040) (89,883)	(57,599) (3,000) (2,672) (11,128) (3,191) (3,647) (9,040) (90,277)
<ol><li>Extend further reductions to various line-items:</li></ol>		
Administration Western Governor's Office Office of Citizen Affairs Division of Non-Public Education Western Executive Residence b Subtotal	(1,600) (6,779) (10,775) (4,602) <u>1,000)</u> (24,756)	(1,600) (6,779) (10,775) (4,602) (1,000) (24,756)
CONTINUATION BUDGET CHANGES	(\$114,639)	(\$115,033)
REVISED CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$4,361,133	\$4,380,409

### OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR (1993 Actions, Continued)

		1993-94 General Fund		1994-95 General Fund
EXF	ANSION BUDGET			
1.	Workforce Preparedness — Establish an office to coordinate workforce preparedness activities.	\$200,000		\$200,000
2.	Ombudsman — Establish an office to provide communications between Governor and State employees.	80,000 (1)		80,000
3.	Cities in Schools — Contribute State funds to non-profit organization that addresses needs of high-risk youth.	200,000		200,000
4.	Standards Commission — Funds for the Education Standards and Accountability Commission.	500,000		500,000
5.	Center for World Languages and Cultures — Create a Center to provide foreign language training.	250,000		500,000
6.	Housing Trust Fund — Adds funds to support loan program.	2,500,000	NR	_
7.	Automobile Manufacturing — Establishes restricted reserve to be used to attract new automobile manufacturing facility.	35,000,000	NR	_
	ANSION RECURRING ANSION NON-RECURRING	\$1,230,000 \$37,500,000		\$1,480,000
TOTA	AL EXPANSION BUDGET	\$38,730,000 (1)		\$1,480,000 (1)
TOTA	AL OPERATING BUDGET	\$43,091,133		\$5,860,409
	***			

## SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS -1993

SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section 39 Council of Government Funds — Specifies conditions for distribution of grants to Councils of Government.

**Section 39.1 World Language Center Funds** — Sets forth match conditions attending appropriation for the World Language Center; expresses legislative intent that Center shall become self-supporting.

#### OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR (1993 Actions, Continued)

Section 39.2 Cities in Schools Funds — Requires that \$150,000 of the \$200,000 appropriation for Cities in Schools be matched with non-state funds.

Section 39.3 North Carolina Education Standards and Accountability Commission — Amends Chapter 117 of the 1993 Session Laws.

#### SENATE BILL 26 (Chapter 561)

Section 27 Automobile Manufacturing Facility Funds - Directs that

\$35,000,000 appropriated to the Office of the Governor for industrial recruitment of a major automobile manufacturing firm be placed in a restricted reserve account and specifies a number of conditions for

access to and expenditure of these funds.

Section 28 Governor's Office Economic Initiatives — Exempts the Total Quality

Management Program, the Governor's Executive Institute, and the

Economic Development Institute from provisions of G.S. 143-16.3.

## OFFICE OF STATE BUDGET AND MANAGEMENT

		1993-94 General Fund		1994-95 General Fund
	VERNOR'S RECOMMENDED NTINUATION BUDGET	\$3,405,824		\$3 530 00 <i>5</i>
	ntinuation Budget Changes:	<b>40,400,024</b>		\$3,530,825
1.	Reduce salary reserve.	(24,439	3)	(24,439)
2.	Reduce non-critical vacant position to first step of salary grade.	(1,287	,	(1,287)
3.	Reduce various expenditure line-items as proposed by the Department as the			(1,=317
	Governor's efficiency reductions.	(68,116	)	(70,616)
COI	NTINUATION BUDGET CHANGES	(\$93,842	)	(\$96,342)
RE	/ISED CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$3,311,982		\$3,434,483
	******	******	****	***
EX	PANSION BUDGET			
1.	Science and Math Alliance — Provides State matching funds for ongoing NSF project.	\$800,000	NR	
2.	Adoption Resources Center — Grant to Children's Home Society for adoption program targeting hard-to-place children.	500,000	NR	
3.	Future Farmers of America — Funds development, repairs, and renovations at Future Farmers of America Center.	300,000	NR	
4.	Piedmont Triad Regional Water Authority — Grant to purchase land for regional water supply.	500,000	NR	
5.	Child Protective Services — Grant for equipment purchase.	60,000	NR	_
	ANSION RECURRING ANSION NON-RECURRING	\$2,160,000		
TOTA	AL EXPANSION	\$2,160,000		_
TOTA	AL OPERATING BUDGET	\$5,471,982		\$3,434,483

### OFFICE OF STATE BUDGET AND MANAGEMENT (1993 Actions, Continued) SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS - 1993

#### SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section 17.1 Repairs/Renovation Reserve Created — Amends G.S. 143-15.3A to create a Repairs and Renovations Reserve Account; transfers to that account one-fourth of year-end General Fund credit balance; specifies uses.

SENATE BILL 26 (C	Chapter 561)
Section 22	Expenditure of Funds from Reserve for Repairs and Renovations — Specifies conditions governing expenditures from Repairs and Renovations reserve; requires reports to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations.
Section 22.1	Renovation of Butler Hall at Elizabeth City State University — Requires that funds from the Repairs and Renovations Reserve be expended at Elizabeth City State University.
Section 23	<b>Local Water/Sewer Funds</b> — Sets forth conditions governing the distribution of water and sewer grant funds.
Section 24	Reserve for GPAC Recommendations — Specifies uses to which funds appropriated to the General Assembly as a Reserve for GPAC recommendations may be put.
Section 25	Contingency Fund for Bond Election Expenses Only — Provides that funds appropriated to the Contingency and Emergency Fund in Senate Bill 27 can be used only to reimburse counties for the expense of a statewide bond referendum.
Section 26	<b>Unobligated Balance of Certain Funds Transferred</b> — Provides that unobligated balances accruing under G.S. 143-23.2 shall be deposited as a non-tax revenue.
Section 60	North Carolina Future Farmers of America Funds — Sets conditions, including match requirement, on appropriation to Future Farmers of America.
Section 75	Repair and Renovation Funds — Allocates \$5,000,000 from the Repair and Renovation Reserve to the Department of Correction for

facilities repair and renovation.

### OFFICE OF STATE PLANNING

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
CO	VERNOR'S RECOMMENDED NTINUATION BUDGET ntinuation Budget Changes:	\$1,537,714	\$1,538,034
1.	Reduce salary reserve.	(7,423)	(7,423)
2.	Reduce various expenditure line-items (postage, data processing, and printing) as proposed by the Department as the Governor's efficiency reductions.	(13,568)	(13,574)
CO	NTINUATION BUDGET CHANGES	(\$20,991)	(\$20,997)
RE	/ISED CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$1,516,723	\$1,517,037
EXF	PANSION BUDGET	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
1. F	<b>Replace ARC Funds</b> — Replace federal funds now used to support staff in Office of State Planning.	\$63,396	\$87,196
ТОТ	AL OPERATING BUDGET	\$1,580,119	\$1,604,233

#### DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 58

The Department of Insurance is authorized to regulate insurance rates, to license companies and agents, and to check on their operations in the public interest. It also helps the insurance industry by weeding out dishonest operators, and by investigating cases of fraud by policyholders or embezzlement and fraud by company agents. The Department serves as the fire and casualty insurance company for State government, enforces the State's building codes, helps set up community fire departments and rescue squads, and helps train emergency workers.

The Department is under the administration of the Insurance Commissioner who is elected to serve a four-year term. As an elected State official, the Commissioner is a member of the Council of State.

			1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
		OR'S RECOMMENDED JATION BUDGET	\$14,114,720	\$14,130,127
Con	tinua	tion Budget Changes:		
1.		ninistration — Reduce supplies and el line-items by \$5,000 each.	(10,000)	(10,000)
2.	trave	lical Database Commission — Reduce el by \$4,000 each year and data		
		eessing.	(37,000)	(43,586)
3.	Con	npany Services —		
	(a)	Eliminate fifteen receipt-supported vacant positions		
		(\$676,468)	(15.0)	( 15 0)
	4.		(-15.0)	(-15.0)
	(b)	Eliminate one vacant appropriation supported position.	(34,137)	(34,137)
		supported position.	(-1.0)	(-1.0)
	(c)	Reduce budgeted increases for travel (\$17,390), communications (\$2,000),		
		and equipment (\$6,000).	(25,390)	(25,390)
4.	serv	nt Services — Reduce contracted tempolices (\$15,000) and office furniture	rary	
	(\$2,0	000).	(17,000)	(17,000)
5.		sumer Services — Reduce communication data processing by \$15,000 each.	on (30,000)	(30,000)
6.	Field	d Services —		
	(a)	Eliminate four vacant investigator positions.	(177,270)	(177,270)
			(-4.0)	(-4.0)
	(b)	Reduce travel.	(617)	(617)

### **DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE** (1993 Actions, Continued)

	1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
7. <b>Engineering</b> — Reduce other fixed charges (\$2,000) and office furniture/equipment (\$5,000).	(7,000)	(7,000)
8. Fire and Rescue Services — Reduce communications (\$2,000), other fixed charges (\$13,000), and equipment (\$5,400).	_	(21,000)
<ol> <li>Reserves and Transfers — Reduce appropriate to Consumer Protection Fund per G.S. 58-2-215</li> </ol>		(1,000,000)
CONTINUATION BUDGET CHANGES POSITION CHANGES —APPROPRIATED POSITION CHANGES —RECEIPTED	(\$666,000) (-5) (-15)	(\$1,366,000) (-5) (-15)
REVISED CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$13,448,720	\$12,764,127
****************	******	
EXPANSION BUDGET		
<ol> <li>Field Service Operations — Add staff and computer support.</li> </ol>	\$148,427 (3)	\$187,317 (3)
2. Company Services — Add staff and support.	42,993 (1)	46,695 (1)
EXPANSION RECURRING	\$191,420	\$234,012
EXPANSION NON-RECURRING	(4)	(4)
TOTAL EXPANSION	\$191,420	\$234,012
TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET	(4) \$13,640,140	(4) \$12,998,139

## SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS -1993

SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section 40

Unbudgeted Receipts Revert to General Fund — Restricts expenditure of departmental receipts to amounts approved by the General Assembly and requires that excess receipts be reverted to the General Fund.

### **DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE** (1993 Actions, Continued)

Section 41 Fire/Rescue Commission Staff — Allows the Fire and Rescue

Commission to reimburse members of its certification board for travel

and subsistence expense.

Section 42 State Controller Review of Insurance Chart of Accounts —

Requires that the Office of State Controller review the chart of accounts used by the Department of Insurance and report to the

General Assembly and the Department of Insurance.

### SENATE BILL 26 (Chapter 561)

Section 39 Minority Bond Study — Directs the Department to study the need for

a program that would help minority contractors to acquire surety

bonds, requires report to the 1994 Session.

Section 40 Safety Grants Coordinator — Allows the Department of Insurance to

establish the position of Grants Coordinator; provides for funding from

the Department of Insurance fund.

## OFFICE OF LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: North Carolina Constitution, Articles II and III: General Statutes, Chapters 143A and 147

Under the provisions of the Constitution, the Lieutenant Governor is an elected officer of the State. He is President of the Senate and presides over that body, but has no vote unless the Senate is equally divided. The authority and duties of the Lieutenant Governor and his capacity as President of the Senate are prescribed by the Senate Rules.

In accordance with the General Statutes, the Lieutenant Governor serves on the Council of State, the Commission on Interstate Cooperation, the Commission of Indian Affairs, the North Carolina Capital Planning Commission, the North Carolina Land Policy Council, the State Board of Education, and the Economic Development Board.

The salary for the Lieutenant Governor is set in the Budget Appropriations Act and his annual expense allowance in the General Statutes.

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
GOVERNOR'S RECOMMENDED CONTINUATION BUDGET Continuation Budget Changes:		\$551,423	\$553,302
1.	Reduce various line-items as proposed by the Department as the Governor's efficiency reductions	(11.020)	
2.	Reduce various line-items for operations.	(11,028) (7,393)	(11,066) (7,393)
	ntinuation Budget Changes /ISED CONTINUATION BUDGET	(\$18,421) \$533,002	(\$18,459) \$534,843
	********	****	¥004, <b>040</b>
EXP	ANSION BUDGET		
1.	Intergovernmental Relations Coordinator -		

1. Intergovernmental Relations Coordinator - Legislative Liaison — Establish a position. \$65,000 (1) (1)

TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET \$598,002 \$599,843

SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS - 1993

SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section 43

Certain Lieutenant Governor Appropriations Not to be Transferred

— Prohibits transfer of funds appropriated for Other Services and for
Service and Maintenance Contracts to other uses.

#### DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 143B

The Secretary of Revenue is appointed by the Governor. It is the Secretary's duty to make a continuing study of economic conditions and to evaluate the effect of these conditions on the tax bases and prospective collections. The Secretary is required to make and publish copies of biennial factual statistics of State and local taxation.

Under the Secretary's supervision, the Department spends much time auditing tax returns and collecting taxes that support a majority of State expenditures.

The Department also serves as a consultant and advisor on State tax preparation. Local governments are also assisted in appraising and taxing property.

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
	VERNOR'S RECOMMENDED NTINUATION BUDGET	\$55,043,269	\$55,103,203
Con	tinuation Budget Changes:		
1.	Reduce non-critical vacant positions to first step of salary grade:		
	Administration Accounting Management Information Services Individual Income, Inheritance and Gift Tax Field Operations Tax Research Subtotal	(1,778) (460) (21,511) (5,278) (1,832) (2,521) (33,380)	(1,778) (460) (21,511) (5,278) (1,832) (2,521) (33,380)
2.	Effect GPAC recommendations to reduce supply inventory by 30% over 3-year period:		
	Management Information Services General Services Subtotal	(5,000) <u>13,827)</u> (18,827)	(5,000) <u>(13,827)</u> (18,827)
3.	Reduce various line-items including the deletion of positions as proposed by the Department as the Governor's efficiency reductions:		
	Internal Audit Accounting Positions Management Information Services Positions General Services License and Gift Tax Positions Corporate Income and Franchise Tax Positions	(4,000) (21,766) (-1.0) (193,111) (-1.0) (166,128) (24,593) (-1.0) (78,097) (-1.0)	(4,000) (21,766) (-1.0) (193,111) (-1.0) (167,327) (24,593) (-1.0) (78,097) (-1.0)

## DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE (1993 Actions, Continued)

			1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
	Ind	ividual Income, Heritance and Gift Tax	(135,049)	(135,049)
		Positions	(-3.0)	(-3.0)
	Sai	es and Use Tax	(60,461)	(60,461)
	E:-	Positions	(-2.0)	(-2.0)
	rie	d Operations (GPAC Recommendations)	(356,410)	(356,410)
	Dro	Positions perty Tax	(-8.0)	(-8.0)
		ntrolled Substance Tax	(6,000)	(6,000)
	001	Subtotal — Savings	(3,000)	(3,000)
		— Positions	(1,048,615)	(1,049,814)
4.	Fiel		(-17.0)	(-17.0)
		d Operations —		
	(a)	Reduce salary		
		reserve.	(41,038)	(41,038)
	(b)	Eliminate additional small field		,
		offices.	_	(336,410)
				(-8.0)
	(c)	Increase tax technician positions	37,351	74,702
			(1.0)	(2.0)
5.	Adju	st non-salary line items:		
	Adm Man	inistration: Collection Fees Increased agement Information Services:	30,000	30,000
		Advertising and Data Processing		
		Services	(16,000)	(16,000)
		eral Services	(106,661)	(106,661)
	Indiv	idual Income, Inheritance	(****,****)	(100,001)
		and Gift Tax	(1,604)	(1,604)
		Subtotal	(94,265)	(94,265)
POS	ITION	ATION BUDGET CHANGES CHANGES	(\$1,198,774) (-16)	(\$1,499,032) (-23)
REVI	SED	CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$53,844,495	\$53,604,171
		*******	**********	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
EXPA	NSIC	ON BUDGET		
	electi	ronic Funds Transfer — Implement ronic funds transfer to expedite		
	colle	ctions.	\$400,000	\$310,000
			(5)	(5)
				` '

#### **DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE** (1993 Actions, Continued)

	1993-94 General Fund		1994-95 General Fund
<ol> <li>Integrated Tax Administration System — Integrate data processing systems to increase efficiency and provide better</li> </ol>			
taxpayer service.	3,009,800	NR	
EXPANSION RECURRING	\$400,000 (5)		\$310,000 (5)
EXPANSION NON-RECURRING	\$3,009,800		_
TOTAL EXPANSION BUDGET	\$3,409,800 (5)		\$310,000 (5)
TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET	\$57,254,295		\$53,914,171

#### SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS - 1993

SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

#### Section 44

Revenue Field Office Closures and Consolidations — Requires the Department to analyze the effect of field office consolidation and to report results to the General Assembly on or before March 31, 1994.

### DEPARTMENT OF SECRETARY OF STATE

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 147

The Secretary of State is elected to a four-year term. He is a member of the Council of State and the Local Government Commission.

The duties of the office are delineated in the North Carolina Constitution and the General Statutes. These responsibilities fall into the broad categories of maintaining public records and State documents, including publication of the North Carolina Manual; services to commerce and industry (corporate filings, securities registration, and administration of commercial law); and, appointing notaries public.

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
	VERNOR'S RECOMMENDED NTINUATION BUDGET	\$4,962,766	\$4,925,984
Cor	ntinuation Budget Changes:		
1.	Reduce various line-items as proposed by the Department as the Governor's efficiency reductions:		
	Publications: Printing Business License Office: Utilities Land Records Management Subtotal	(15,000) (2,824) (81,431) (99,255)	(15,000) (3,108) (80,412) (98,520)
2.	Corporations — Reduce communications line-item to effect GPAC recommendation to reduce inventories by 30% over three years.	(263)	(263)
3.	Reflect savings due to 30% cut in SIPS rate:		
	General Administration Publications Securities Registration Uniform Commercial Code Business License Office Notary Public Commission Subtotal	(4,000) (1,000) (5,000) (15,000) (4,000) (4,000) (100,000)	(4,000) (1,000) (5,000) (15,000) (4,000) (4,000) (100,000)
4.	General Administration — Increase budgeted receipts.	(500)	(500)
5.	Reduce Repairs and Maintenance:		
	General Administration Corporations Uniform Commercial Code Subtotal	(500) (400) (400) (1,300)	(500) (400) (400) (1,300)

#### **DEPARTMENT OF SECRETARY OF STATE** (1993 Actions, Continued)

	1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
6. <b>Publications</b> — Reduce other services.	(1,000)	(1,000)
CONTINUATION BUDGET CHANGES	(\$202,318)	(\$201,583)
REVISED CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$4,760,448	\$4,724,401
******	******	*
EXPANSION BUDGET		
<ol> <li>Corporations Division — Increase staff to meet growing workload.</li> </ol>	\$117,702 (4)	\$113,500 (4)
<ol> <li>Business License Office — Computer system development and equipment purchase.</li> </ol>	350,000	=
EXPANSION RECURRING	\$117,702 (4)	\$113,500 (4)
EXPANSION NON-RECURRING	\$350,000	_
TOTAL EXPANSION BUDGET	\$467,702 (4)	\$113,500 (4)
TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET	\$5,228,150	\$4,837,901

SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS -1993 SENATE BILL 26 (Chapter 561)

Section 41 Business License Office/Master Application System — Defines the duties and responsibilities of the Business Licenses Office.

### DEPARTMENT OF STATE AUDITOR

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 143A, Article 3

The State Auditor directs a staff in Raleigh and 7 regional offices in the performance of financial and compliance audits of State agencies. The staff also performs quality control reviews of CPA firm workpapers of local government and local non-profit agency audits. The State Auditor also operates a "hotline" for citizens to report fraud, waste or abuse of State funds.

			1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
G(	OVER!	NOR'S RECOMMENDED UATION BUDGET	\$7,393,837	\$7,430,882
Co	ntinu	ation Budget Changes:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Ψ1,400,002
1.	Re	duce salary reserve.	(10,633)	(10,633)
2.	rec	duce line-items to effect GPAC ommendation to reduce inventories 30% over 3 years.	(2,400)	(2,400)
3.	to a	plement proposals by the Department achieve the Governor's efficiency uctions:	(2, 400)	(2,400)
	(a)	Field Audit: Transfer two Assistant State Auditor positions from appropriations-support to receipts.	(72,968)	(72,968)
	(b)	Field Audit: Reduce travel line-item. Subtotal — Savings	(24,440) (97,408)	(24,440) (97,408)
4.	Adn	ninistration — Reduce travel line-item.	(6,000)	(6,000)
CO	NTINU	ATION BUDGET CHANGES	(\$116,441)	(\$116,441)
RE	/ISED	CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$7,277,396	\$7,314,441
F-\/-		************	*******	* *
		ON BUDGET		
1.	acce	ine Support — Provide toll-free ess and add positions to reduce stigations backlog.	\$88,116 12,800 N	
2.	Perf	ormance Audit Capability — Add	(2)	(2)
	perfo	ormance auditors to meet expanding onsibilities.	227,928 (5) 32,000 Ni	249,248 (5)
				120

## DEPARTMENT OF STATE AUDITOR (1993 Actions, Continued)

	1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
Financial Audit Capability — Add financial auditors to meet expanding responsibilities.	162,246 (4)	176,077 (4)
4. DP Equipment — Purchase Local Area Network and other equipment.	601,091 NR	
EXPANSION RECURRING	\$478,290 (11) \$645,891	\$531,260 (11) —
EXPANSION NON-RECURRING TOTAL EXPANSION	\$1,124,181	\$531,260
TOTAL EXPANSION	(11)	(11)
TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET	\$8,401,577	\$7,845,701

SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS -1993

SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section 45

Information from Private Organizations Receiving State Funds; Information from State Departments and Agencies Providing State Funds — Clarifies G.S. 143-6.1.

## STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 163

The State Board of Elections is an independent, regulatory and quasi-judicial agency of the State. The five members of the Board are appointed by the Governor to four-year terms. Administration and execution of the Board's decisions and orders, staffing, and other responsibilities assigned by the Board are carried out by the Executive Director who is appointed by the Board.

The Board is responsible for administering and enforcing all laws relating to elections and election procedures, including regulating contributions and expenditures in political campaigns.

GOVERNOR'S RECOMMENDED CONTINUATION BUDGET  Continuation Budget Changes:  NONE	1993-94 General Fund \$545,539	1994-95 General Fund \$545,885
HOME		
*********	******	
EXPANSION		
<ol> <li>Contingency Fund — Reimburses local government for cost incurred in Bond Election.</li> </ol>		
	1,000,000	_
TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET		
	\$1,545,539	\$545,885

## SENATE BILL 26 (Chapter 561)

Section 25

Contingency Fund for Bond Election Expenses Only — Provides that funds appropriated to the Contingency and Emergency Fund in Senate Bill 27 can be used only to reimburse counties for the expense of a statewide bond referendum.

#### DEPARTMENT OF STATE CONTROLLER

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 143B, Article 9, Part 28

The State Controller is responsible for maintaining the State Accounting and Disbursing Systems, operating a central payroll system, implementing cash management policies, and administering the State Information Processing Services (SIPS). SIPS runs the State Computer Center and the State's telephone service.

		1993-94 General Fund		1994-95 General Fund
	OVERNOR'S RECOMMENDED ONTINUATION BUDGET	\$6,681,992		\$6,687,578
Co	ntinuation Budget Changes:			
1.	Reduce salary reserve.	(57,584	)	(57,584)
2.	Reduce non-critical vacant positions to first step of salary grade.	(22,840	)	(22,840)
3.	Reduce line-items to effect GPAC recommendation to reduce supply inventories by 30% over 3 years.	(800)	)	(800)
4.	Reflect savings due to 30% cut in SIPS rate.	(500,000)	)	(500,000)
5.	Reduce various line-items	(45,337)	)	(45,337)
СО	NTINUATION BUDGET CHANGES	(\$626,561)		(\$626,561)
RE	VISED CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$6,055,431		\$6,061,017
	************	**********	****	
EXI	PANSION BUDGET	**********	****	
	PANSION BUDGET  Fechnical Staff for State Accounting  System — Add staff to support accounting system implementation.	\$350,000 (6)	****	\$350,000 (6)
	Fechnical Staff for State Accounting System — Add staff to support accounting	(6)	NR	•
1. 7	Fechnical Staff for State Accounting System — Add staff to support accounting system implementation.  State Accounting System Reserve — Conti	(6) nues 4,200,000 ——— \$350,000	NR	(6) — \$350,000
1. 7 2.	Fechnical Staff for State Accounting System — Add staff to support accounting system implementation.  State Accounting System Reserve — Continuous installation of new State accounting system.	(6) nues 4,200,000	NR	(6)
1. 7 2. EXE	Fechnical Staff for State Accounting System — Add staff to support accounting system implementation.  State Accounting System Reserve — Contining installation of new State accounting system.  PANSION RECURRING	(6) nues 4,200,000 ——— \$350,000 (6)	NR	(6) — \$350,000
1. T	Fechnical Staff for State Accounting System — Add staff to support accounting system implementation.  State Accounting System Reserve — Contining installation of new State accounting system.  PANSION RECURRING  PANSION NON-RECURRING	(6) nues 4,200,000  \$350,000 (6) \$4,200,000 \$4,550,000	NR	(6) - \$350,000 (6) - \$350,000

## DEPARTMENT OF STATE TREASURER

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 143A

The State Treasurer is elected to a four year term. As an elected official, the Treasurer is a member of the Council of State.

The Treasurer is responsible for investing all State funds. The Treasurer also manages debt incurred through bond issues, receives and disburses all State funds, manages the trust funds responsible for providing State and local employees their retirement benefits and pensions, and helps local governments improve their accounting systems and supervises their issuance of bonds.

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
GO CO	VERNOR'S RECOMMENDED NTINUATION BUDGET	\$10,930,121	\$10,935,983
Co	ntinuation Budget Changes:		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
1.	Consolidate administrative cost of the Fire and Rescue Pension Fund with the Retirement Operation as proposed by the Governor's efficiency reduction.	(233,318)	(233,727)
2.	<b>Local Government Operations</b> — Reduce salary reserve.	(83)	(83)
3.	Reduce non-critical positions to first step of pay grade:	(,	(66)
	General Administration Investment Management Bank Operations Subtotal	(370) (7,169) <u>(370)</u> (7,909)	(370) (7,169) (370) (7,909)
4.	Reduce line-items to effect GPAC recommendations to reduce inventory by 30% over 3 years:	(1,000)	(7,509)
	General Administration Investment Management Banking Operations Local Government Operation Subtotal	(111) (125) (134) (210) (580)	(111) (125) (134) (210) (580)
5.	General Administration — Reduce supplies.	(3,000)	(3,000)
6.	<b>Investment Management</b> — Reduce printing and binding.	(400)	(400)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE TREASURER (1993 Act	tions, Continued)	
	1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
7. Local Government Operations — Reduce of supplies (\$5,000); travel (\$7,000); service and maintenance (\$1,200); and, office furniture (equipment (\$1,000))		(44.000)
furniture/equipment (\$1,000).	(14,200)	(14,200)
CONTINUATION BUDGET CHANGES	(\$259,490)	(\$259,899)
REVISED CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$10,670,631	\$10,676,084
******	***	* * * * *
EXPANSION BUDGET		
<ol> <li>Local Government Operations — Increase staff to meet growing workload (funded with non-tax revenues).</li> </ol>	\$144,670 (3)	\$182,859 (3)
<ol> <li>Retirement Systems — Improve record storage and retrieval in retirement system management.</li> </ol>	2,050,000 NR	100,000
Investment Management — Increase effectiveness of investment management operations (funded with non-tax	(Receipts)	(Receipts)
revenues).	489,636 (1)	923,059 (1)
<ol> <li>Escheat Fund Administration — Add clerical position to assist with tangible property</li> </ol>	, ,	` '
received.	50,357 (1)	55,493 (1)
	(Receipts)	(Receipts)
EXPANSION RECURRING —APPROPRIATION	\$634,306 (4)	\$1,105,918 (4)
EXPANSION RECURRING RECEIPTS	50,357	155,493
EXPANSION NON-RECURRING RECEIPTS	(1) \$2,050,000	(1)
TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET —APPROPRIATION	\$11,304,937	\$11,782,002

# **HUMAN RESOURCES**

EBONUORIN MUNICES

#### **DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN RESOURCES**

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapters 108, 111, 112, 130 and 131

The Department of Human Resources, established by the Reorganization Act of 1971, consolidated several formerly independent departments and commissions into a single agency. These included Health Services, Mental Health Services, Social Services, Services for the Deaf and the Blind, Vocational Rehabilitation Services and Facility Services. In 1975, the Division of Youth Services was transferred from the Department of Correction to Human Resources and, in 1978, the Division of Medical Assistance was created by an Executive Order and given operational responsibility for the Medicaid program. In 1989, the General Assembly consolidated environmental programs in various departments by creating a new Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources. Environmental health and personal health programs in the Department of Human Resources were transferred to this new department. The Department of Human Resources is the second largest department in State government and the largest under the Governor's direct control.

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
	VERNOR'S RECOMMENDED NTINUATION BUDGET	\$1,686,618,219	\$1,854,653,994
Cor	ntinuation Budget Changes		
Dep	partment-Wide		
1.	Eliminate Jordan-Adams inflationary reserve	(1,317,842)	(2,652,819)
2.	Reduce line-items to effect GPAC recomendation to reduce supply inventories by 30% over 3 years		
	Vocational Rehabilitation	(10,200)	(10,200)
	Services for the Blind	(9,500)	(9,500)
	Secretary's Office	(2,700)	(2,700)
	Division of Services for the Deaf	(18,100)	(18,100)
	Division of Youth Services	(48,700)	(48,700)
	Division of Facility Services	(2,700)	(2,700)
	Social Services	(22,200)	(22,200)
	MM/DD/SAS	(680,200)	(680,200)
	Subtotal	(794,300)	(794,300)
3.	Reflects savings due to 30% cut in SIPS rate.		
	Vocational Rehabilitation	(25,001)	(25,001)
	Services for the Blind	(3,425)	(3,425)

			1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
		Secretary's Office	(8,079)	(8,079)
		Aging	(1,234)	(1,234)
		Services for the_Blind	(5,142)	(5,142)
		Youth Services	(15,864)	(15,864)
		Facility Services	(4,331)	(4,331)
		Social Services	(740,888)	740,888)
		Medical Assistance	(20,693)	(20,693)
		MM/DD/SAS	(45,343)	(45,343)
		Subtotal	(870,000)	(870,000)
4. Divi		er vehicle replacement purchases MH/DD/SAS Services for the Deaf Subtotal  of MH/DD/SAS	(1,393,901) <u>(452,823)</u> (1,846,724)	(973,495) (151,670) (1,125,165)
5.	Dow	nsize psychiatric hospitals by:		
	(a)	eliminating sufficient number of positions in psychiatric hospitals to generate savings.	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)
	(b)	discharging residents in ICF/MR Unit at Broughton Hospital to community placements.	(360,199)	471,043
6.	Dow	nsize MR centers by reducing census by 4%.	· ·	(900,000)
7.	Con	vert Caswell Center infirmary extended care beds to ICF/MR.	(568,000)	(568,000)
8.	ploc	ace GF appropriation with  k grant funds for program for pregnant en and their children at Butner ADATC.	(800,000)	(800,000)
9.	Adju	st patient receipts in mental itals to more realistic levels.	(3,994,014)	(3,420,109)
10.	of C	caid Managed Care: Accelerate expansion arolina Access Program and explore use ner managed care options.	(2,900,000)	(3,000,000)

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
Div	sion of Medical Assistance		
11.	Reduce funding for prescription drug to reflect continuation needs only.	(1,100,000)	(1,300,000)
12.	Carry forward unexpended donations from FY 92-93 to FY 93-94 and adjust state appropriations.	(7,500,000)	NR (-0-)
13.	FY 92-93 cost per eligible is lower than forecasted. Reduce projected increases due to change.	(12,327,250)	(19,134,134)
14.	Increase receipts by increasing administrative staff in areas such as third-party recovery unit. Net savings.	(500,000)	(1,000,000)
15.	Change rate method for ICF/MR reimbursement by implementing direct/indirect reimbursement caps for ICF/MR beds.	(45)	(45)
16.	Reduce inflationary increases budgeted for medical care providers.	(6,200,000)	(6,200,000)
17.	Downsize MR Centers by reducing census by 4%	. (600,000)	(2,400,000)
18.	Discharge residents in ICF/MR Unit at Broughton Hospital to community placements.	(439,801)	(1,271,043)
Divi	sion of Social Services		
19.	Special Assistance to Adults: Reduce FY 93-94 continuation budget due to lower than expected rate of growth in	ion	
20.	caseloads and payments in FY 92-93.  Aid to Families With Dependent Children: Reduce continuation budget to reflect lower than expected rate of growth in payments and payment amounts in FY 92-93.	(619,336)	(1,290,352)
21.	Equalizing Fund: Adjust payments to reductions in the AFDC budget.	(67,470)	(625,495) (68,137)
22.	Child Support Receipts Increased: Adjust appropriations due to increased child	, , ,	(, , /
	support collections for AFDC recipients.	(315,234)	(381,948)

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
23.	Foster Care Receipts Increased: Adjust appropriations to reflect increased federal Title IV E receipts. State funds were overmatched because federal funds were not		
	available.	(593,969)	(563,949)
24.	Child Welfare Funds Increased: Adjust appropriations to reflect an increase in federal Child Welfare funds.	(278,899)	(377,499)
Divi	sion of Facility Services		
25.	Reduce the projected increases for entitlement day care program.	(11,000,000)	(5,000,000)
Divi	sion of Youth Services		
26.	Increase receipts for Juvenile Detention services allowing for decrease in state appropriation.	(250,000)	(250,000)
27.	Adjust the continuation budget increase for items funded under the Prison Bond.	(400,000) NF	3 -0-

#### TRANSFERS:

1,	Transfer from Eastern Carolina Medical School to Division of Medical Assistance: State funds to support Medicaid reimburse to Pitt County Hospital at full cost. Pitt County Hospital is a primary affiliated tead hospital of a state operated Medical School	hing	1	5,865,713
	Transfer from the Department of Communic Colleges to Department of Human Resource Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities and Substance Abuse Services for allocation to those sheltered workshops that received Community College funds in	ces,		
	fall quarter of 1992.	1,059,002	2	1,059,002
тот	AL CONTINUATION BUDGET CHANGES	(\$45,726,682 (7,900,000	,	(\$49,597,192)
REV	ISED CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$1,632,991,537	\$	1,805,056,802

		,						
EXP	ANSION BUDGET							
Divis	Division of Facility Services							
1.	Early Childhood Education and Developme Initiative — Funds for a public/private partnership for children and families, and to develop a long term strategic plan for early childhood development.	\$15,330,000 4,670,000 (8)	NR	\$27,640,000 (8)				
2.	Day Care Staff Ratios — Funds to lower the child/staff ratios for infants and children one and two year old receiving center based care.	1,400,000		2,216,293				
3.	At-Risk Child Care Matching Funds — Funds to enable the state to receive all of the federal At-Risk Child Care funds available at the current federal financial participation rate.	126,000		186,200				
4.	Monitoring Compliance Staff — Funds to add staff to monitor and provide technical assistance to child care centers and homes.	300,000 (10)		438,672 (10)				
5.	Home Care Licensing — Funds to continue Home Care Licensing Act of 1991.	the 121,000		121,000				
6.	Headstart Funds - Funds for 5 additional Headstart Parent and Child Centers.	1,100,000	NR					
7.	Child Care Resources - Funds to develop resources and referral service in unserved and underserved counties and to fund existing resources and referral services.	500,000	NR					
8.	Children Grant Funds - Funds to provide grants to programs serving children-atrisk and child care capital needs.	200,000	NR					
9.	<b>TEACH Funds</b> - Funds for the Teacher Education and Compensation Helps Early Childhood project to allow child day care teachers to seek continued education.	1,000,000	NR					
10.	Community Volunteer Program for Parent Involvement - Funds to support the development of the volunteer program for parent involvement.	100,000	NR					

1994-95

General

Fund

1993-94

General

Fund

		,	
		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
S	ecretary's Office		
O:	ffice of Rural Health and Resources ural Health Recruitment Funds		
11	. Rural Health Stipends — Funds to provide stipends to medical residents, nurse midwives, physician assistants, and family nurse practitioners who will serve in medically underserved areas of the state.	450,000	450.000
12	Rural Health Financial Incentive Funds — Funds to provide financial incentives, such as loan repayment and moving expenses for primary care professionals who serve in rural or medically underserved areas of the state.	500,000	450,000
13.	Support for Health Centers — Funds to provide support for health centers in rural and medically underserved areas of the state.	800,000	500,000
14.		250,000	800,000
15.	Community Primary Care Program — Funds to establish a Community Primary Care Program to encourage development of community primary care clinics. Funds will be used for planning grants to counties wanting to meet the primary care needs of their communities.	160,000	250,000 160,000
Divi	sion of Social Services	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	100,000
16.	Expansion of Jobs Opportunity and Basic Skills (JOBS) Program — Funds to serve more people and implement new federal AFDC - Unemployed Parent work requirement.	2,856,881	6 729 145
17.	Rest Home Rate Increase — Funds to increase rest home rates effective July 1, 1993. The recommended rate increase would adjust the maximum monthly rate for domiciliary care facilities from \$889 to \$938 for ambulatory residents and from \$928 to \$979.	· ·	6,738,145
	for semi-ambulatory residents.	4,750,000	4,750,000

		1993-94 General Fund	ľ	1994-95 General Fund
18.	Child Protective Services — Funds to strengthen Child Protective Services by providing additional social worker positions in local Departments of Social Services.	2,000,000		2,000,000
19.	State/County Special Assistance Personal Needs — Funds to adjust the personal needs allowance of persons participating in the State/County Special Assistance Program.	200,000		200,000
20.	Adoption Assistance Program — Funds to raise the payment made to families who adopt children with special needs from \$200 to \$265 per month effective 7/1/93.	n		670,303
21.	Emergency Assistance Program — Funds to extend the availability of AFDC-EA program.	500,000		500,000
22.	Infant Mortality/Adolescent Parenting Program Funds to expand the program to 8 additional counties. Up to \$10,000 may be used for administrative costs in the Division of Social Services.	300,000		300,000
23.	State Abortion Fund - Funds to support the provision of services for low income women.	788,000		788,000
Stat	e Aid to Non-State Agencies			
24.	Uplift, Inc. — Funds to provide a grant-in- aid to a Greensboro based organization which provides technical assistance to counties to better use existing resources for families and children.	300,000	NR	_
25.	Autism Society of North Carolina — Grant-in- aid to the Autism Society to support a Children/Adult Summer Camp program.	49,000		49,000
26.	Caring for Children Program — Grant-in-Aid to support the purchase of health insurance for 1,748 low income children who do not qualify for Medicaid.	500,000		500,000

			1993-94 General Fund		1994-95 General Fund
Me	ntal H	lealth			
27.	Coa	llition 2001:			
	(a)	Core Services for Adult Mentally III — Provision of basic services recommended in the State Plans adopted by MH Study Commission. 70% of funds allocated to area programs on a per-capita basis; 30% allocated using "catch-up" formula approved by MH Study Commission.	\$1,300,000		\$1,300,000
	(b)	HUD Group Homes for Mentally III — Start-up and operating funds for 5	41,000,000		Ψ1,300,000
		group homes and 1 apartment project.	_		460,000
			300,000	NR	-
	(c)	Services for the Hearing-Impaired and Mentally-III — Funds to maintain current program, to hire additional staff, and to provide residential and inpatient services.	238,563		250,000
	(d)	Core Services for Child Mentally III — Provision of basic services recommended in the State Plans adopted by MH Study Commission. 70% of funds allocated to area programs on a per-capita basis; 30% allocated using	230,303		350,000
		"catch-up" formula approved by MH			
28.	day t servi	Study Commission.  e M. Services — Funds for additional treatment/education slots and residential ces for class members, including a second	1,300,000		1,300,000
	secu	re 14-16 bed residential program.	2,127,671 272,329 (41)	NR	4,500,000 — (41)
29,	institution	es Pay Adjustment — Funds to implement y adjustments for nurses in DHR utions based on revised entry rates special minimum rates which became			
	effec	tive August 1, 1991.	892,196		892,196

1993-94	1994-95
General	General
Fund	Fund

30. **Mental Health Facility Funds** - Funds for capital needs of area mental health programs.

2,000,000 NR

#### Developmental Disabilities (DD)

#### 31. Coalition 2001:

(a) Core Services for Adult DD —
Provision of basic services recommended in the State Plans adopted by MH Study Commission. 70% of funds allocated to area programs on a per-capita basis; 30% allocated using "catch-up" formula approved by MH Study Commission.

700,000 700,000

(b) HUD Group Homes for Developmentally Disabled — Start-up and operating funds for 17 new group homes, 3 ICF/MR homes and supplemental operating funds and ADAP funds for 16 homes previously developed.
5

577,420 1,058,000 NR 920,500

(c) United Cerebral Palsy Funds — The Division shall use these funds to contract with United Cerebral Palsy of North Carolina for the operation and expansion of their children's centers and Independent Living Program.

400,000 290.000 NR 400,000

(d) DD Training Funds — Training Funds for in-home and community living arrangements, provided in conjunction with the Developmental Disabilities Training Institute of the Division of Continuing Education at UNC. (HB 535)

200,000

200,000

(e) Funds for Head Injury Projects —
Funding for up to 3 developmentally
disabilities head injury projects,
selected by the Department based
upon the need of head injury clients.
Funds may be used for supported employment,
assisted living and other client needs.
(HB 1279) 300,000

300,000

			1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
Dev	/elopi	mental Disabilities (DD) (Continued)		
	(f)	Single Portal — Funds for the area mental health programs to coordinate the entrance and exit of DD clients to residential and day/night services.	1,076,250	1,435,000
	(g)	Residential Subsidy for DD Clients - Funds to pay for room and board for clients who are able to move to less restrictive and costly housing.	136,256	181,675
	(h)	<b>Life Guardianship Program</b> — Funds to expand legal guardianship services to developmentally disabled persons.	35,000	35,000
32.	impl	99-457 Funds — Funds to continue the ementation of early childhood intervention ices as required by PL 99-457. (HB 628)	4,886,667	4,886,667
33.	psyc Care	mas S. Funds — Funds to provide services class members residing in State chiatric hospitals, MR Centers, the Special conter and those receiving inadequate munity-based services.	10,760,000	16,248,842
34.	facili tation activ slot is	tered Workshops Capital Funds - Funds apital needs at community-based ties that operate vocation rehabiling services for adult developmental ity programs (ADAP). \$76.28 per for 6,554 slots. Each program shall not a budget for these funds for oval to the Department of Human Resources.		. 5,2 10,0 12
		,	000,000 1417	-

## **Substance Abuse Services**

## 35. Coalition 2001:

(a) Core Services for Adult Substance
Abusers — Provision of basic
services recommended in the State Plans
adopted by MH Study Commission. 70% of
funds allocated to area programs on a
per-capita basis; 30% allocated using
"catch-up" formula approved by MH Study
Commission.

780,000

780,000

			1993-94 Genera Fund	1	1994-95 General Fund
	(b)	Public/Private Partnership Initiative — Funds to purchase substance abuse services in halfway houses, residential facilities and inpatient hospitals operated by the private treatment community.	\$500,000	)	\$500,000
	(c)	Women's Substance Abuse Services — Furto expand the number of residential services available to women and their children.	nds 260,000	)	260,000
	(d)	Core Services for Child and Adolescent Substance Abusers — Provision of basic services recommended in the State Plans adopted by MH Study Commission. 70° funds allocated to area programs on a percapita basis; 30% allocated using "catch-up" formula approved by MH Study Commission.			1,500,000
		of Services for the Hard of Hearing			
36.	child and	99-457 Funds — Funds for early Ihood intervention services for deaf hearing impaired children as required ederal law. (HB 628)	527,970 (16)		645,723 (16)
37.	esta	y Intervention: Deaf Funds — Funds to blish and operate Early Intervention and cational Resource Centers.	250,000 (7)		274,000
38.		Deaf Program — Funds to establish a extended year program	200,000		300,000
39.	educ	Funds - Funds to meet critical cational and support services needs of children and adults.	800,000	NR	
Divis	sion o	of Services for the Blind			
40.	inter	9-457 — Funds for early childhood vention services for blind and ally impaired children. (HB 628)	336,997 (8.5)		725,117 (8.5)
41.	braill	ernor Morehead School - Funds for le textbooks and a resource center sually impaired children.	300,000	NR	H

DE	PART	TMENT OF HUMAN RESOURCES (1993 Action	ns, Continued)	
			1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
Div	/ision	of Vocational Rehabilitation		
42.	and	lependent Living Program — Funds to devel d implement additional Independent Living	Ор	
		ograms.	554,000 (16)	1,243,392 (16)
Div	ision	of Youth Services		
43.	trea for	venile Sex Offender — Funds to provide atment to juveniles adjudicated delinquent committing an act that is a sex offense		
	crir		500,000	500,000
44.	for for	mmunity Based Alternative Funds — Funds the expansion of community-based services youth at risk of coming into contact with		
Div		juvenile justice system.  of Medical Assistance	500,000	500,000
45.				
45.		Int Mortality:		
	(a)	Parenting Education Funds — to support the addition of parenting education as a Medicaid reimbursable services for Medicaid eligible families with children		
	(b)	under age 3.  Medicaid Hot Line — Funds to develop	378,000	504,000
	(-)	public education materials and a toll free hot line to inform Medicaid eligible		
		families with children about the Healthy Children and Teens program and to link them with providers who accept Medicaid.	75,000	100,000
46.	pian	licaid Planning Funds - Funds to support ning and design of the Eligibility mation System in the event of expanded		
	cove	erage for the uninsured.	200,000 NR	
Divi	sion (	of Aging		
47.	In-Ho	ome Funds — Funds to provide additional one aid services and caregiver support.	1,000,000	1,000,000
48.	Omb care	oudsmen Funds — Funds for the long-term Ombudsmen Program.	256,493	318,275
		•	200,700	310,2/3

#### SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS - 1993

	1993-94 General Fund		1994-95 General Fund
49. Senior Citizens' Funds - Funds for Senio Citizen Centers' maintenance, renovation and upkeep. Funds shall be allocated bas on need. No center shall receive more tha \$10,000.	sed	NR	
TOTAL DHR EXPANSION FUNDS	\$64,577,904 \$13,890,329	NR	\$92,518,000
TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET	\$1,711,459,770 (161.5)		\$1,897,574,802 (161.5)

## SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

#### Section 208

Willie M — Directs the Department as to the use of funds appropriated for the Willie M. Program and requires additional actions to be taken including to:

- o cap or reduce rates for services;
- o review all high-cost Willie M clients and reduce costs for these clients where possible;
- o report to the General Assembly, among many other items, the total cost in State dollars to operate the Willie M program across all departments and programs and what measures it has taken to control and reduce program expenditures;
- o implement a new evaluation system to assess each client's progress and overall program effectiveness; and,

#### Section 209

**Thomas S** — Modifies last year's provision on Thomas S by clarifying the types of clients for whom Thomas S funds can be spent, placing a cap on the funds that can be expended on some of these clients, and by prescribing specific reporting requirements.

Section C has been added, requiring the Division to develop and implement a prospective unit cost reimbursement method for allocating Thomas S funds to area mental health programs. This brings the Thomas S program more in line with how the Willie M program is administered.

Section 210

**Transfer of Certain Funds Authorized** — Authorizes the Director of the Budget to transfer funds for local services from one program into another program, within the same agency or division, where they may be more needed. The Office of State Budget reports quarterly to the Fiscal Research Division on transfer authorized by this Section.

Section 211

Mixed Beverage Tax for Area Mental Health Programs — Refers to the charges placed on quantities of spirituous liquor sold in ABC stores and directs how funds raised from these charges are to be spent, i.e., for the treatment of alcoholism or for research or education on alcohol abuse. It also requires that these funds be matched by local funds.

Section 212

**Specialized Residential Centers' Bed Conversion** — Authorizes the department to use funds made available as a result of the conversion of State-supported beds in specialized residential centers to ICF/MR beds to increase the State subsidy provided to centers.

Section 213

Physician Services — Allows the Department, if funds are available and with State Budget approval, to pass along across-the-board salary increases to physicians from private universities who are on contract to provide services to State institutions. This is already the policy for contracts with the public universities.

Section 214

Liability Insurance — Allows the Departments of Human Resources, Correction, and Environment, Health, and Natural Resources to provide, either through the purchase of commercial insurance or through self-insurance, liability insurance for State employees who work as physicians or dentists. Coverage would provide insurance over and above the \$100,000 limit provided by the State and could not exceed \$1,000,000. It also provides similar coverage to medical residents who are in training at the Department's institutions.

Section 215

Non-Medicaid Reimbursement — Provides for two exceptions to the requirement that providers of medical services under various State programs be reimbursed at the Medicaid rates:

- Contracts or agreements for medical services for non-Medicaid patients and the purchases of medical equipment and other medical supplies for non-Medicaid eligible patients.
- 2. Medical services provided to residents of State facilities.

In these two cases, reimbursement rates shall be at or as close as possible to Medicaid rates. It also sets income eligibility standards for the Medical Eye Care Program, the Clozaril Drug program and other non-Medicaid funded rehabilitation programs.

Section 216

Developmental Day Centers' Grant-in-Aid — The General Assembly is implementing PL 99-457 - Education of the Handicapped Law. Under that law, the Department of Public Instruction is responsible to provide early intervention services to 3 and 4 year olds. This provision transfers to DPI the funds that have been in DHR's budget and which have been used to serve this group. It also requires that the funds be used to continue to contract for services with the area mental health programs and the private non-profit developmental day programs which have been providing these services up to now.

Section 217

Short-Term Loan Fund for ICF/MR Facilities — Implements a recommendation of the Department's report on ICF/MR facilities and would allow a revolving loan fund to be used for housing alternatives less costly than ICF/MR group homes.

Section 218

Planning and Pilot Implementation of an Integrated Funding — Implements a recommendation of GPAC to downsize the State's psychiatric hospitals by pilot testing an integrated funding system. Under this managed-care approach, area mental health authorities would have the responsibility and the resources to meet the total treatment needs of their clients, including inpatient psychiatric care. The Department will report back to the Appropriations Committee on the results of this pilot test.

Section 219

Child Support Funds — Relates to a consent judgment involving the allocation of late child support payments and prescribes reporting requirements and the use of unexpended funds in the non-reverting fund account established for this program.

Section 220

**Pioneer Funding** — Incorporates into the General Statutes the funding policies and procedures adopted by the General Assembly as the "Pioneer Funding System" as implemented through a 5-year phase-in scheduled in the 41 area mental health authorities.

The provision also establishes an area authority appeals panel, appointed by the Secretary of Human Resources, to hear and resolve disputes between the area authorities and their contractors or their clients.

Section 221

**Developmental Disabilities Training Requirements** — Requires the Division to develop training requirements for those who will be implementing the Developmental Disabilities Plan and that the training be administered by the Developmental Disabilities Training Institute at UNC Chapel Hill.

Section 221.1

Ownership, Custody, Control of Vehicles Purchased by the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation Services — Gives permission to the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation Services to purchase its own vehicles rather than use the State operated motor vehicle pool.

Section 222

Medicaid — Establishes eligibility requirements for recipients of Medicaid and Aid to Families with Dependent Children; establishes allowable services payment rates to provider under the State's Medicaid program.

A	
Section 223	Reduce Infant Mortality — This provision improves the maternity care package for pregnant women provided by the Medicaid program by including nutritional counseling, psyco-social counseling, predelivery and post partum home visits as reimbursable services.
Section 224	Transportation for Pregnant Women and Children — This provision appropriates funds to the Division of Medical Assistance for transfer to the Department of Transportation and allocates funds according to a formula. The Department of Transportation is directed to report to the Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations on the services provided by these funds.
Section 225	Pharmacy Dispensing Increase — This provision sets the dispensing fee at \$5.60.
Section 226	ICF and ICF/MR Work Incentive Allowances — Permits the Division of Medical Assistance to exempt a larger portion of the earned income of handicapped and developmentally delayed persons in residential care facilities when determining Medicaid eligibility.
Section 227	<b>Medicaid Inpatients Hospital Reimbursement</b> — Requires the Department to implement a budget-neutral Diagnosis-Related Group methodology.
Section 228	N.C. Family Support Act — Establishes a methodology for calculating AFDC benefits.
Section 229	Retrospective Accounting Adjustment/AFDC — Provides supplemental payment to families adversely affected by federal changes to the Aid to Families with Dependent Children program which were enacted in 1982.
Section 230	AFDC Women in Third Trimester of Pregnancy — Authorizes cash benefits to women who are pregnant for the first time in the third trimester of pregnancy if they meet financial eligibility requirements.
Section 231	Foster Care Board Rate — Establishes foster care board rate at \$265 per month.
Section 232	Emergency Assistance — Establishes limitations on expenditures for Emergency Assistance Program.
Section 233	Food Stamp Outreach — This provision directs the Department of Human Resources to continue the Food Stamp Outreach program.
Section 234	Child Protective Services — This provision allocates funds appropriated to counties for child protective services and establishes limitations on county expenditure of these funds. See Section 14 of Chapter 561 (Senate Bill 26) for technical correction.
Section 235	Adoption Subsidy — Establishes adoption subsidy at \$265 per month.

Section 236	Social Services Plan/Family Preservation Services — Authorizes the use of \$410,000 for Social Services Plan pilots, and the use of \$50,000 for Family Preservation Services.
Section 237	County Matching Requirements for Child Protective Services — This provision establishes a match requirement for counties for child protective services.
Section 238	Carolina Access Program/Eye Care — This provision exempts optometrists from the Carolina Access program. See Section 92 of Chapter 561 for language repealing this provision.
Section 238.1	Limiting ERISA Plan Requirements — This provision prohibits self-insured health plans from declaring that they will pay health care providers after Medicaid. The language is consistent with ERISA requirements and with Medicaid law and regulation.
Section 239	Domiciliary (Rest Home) Rate Increase — Provides the language identifying the maximum monthly rates for ambulatory rest home residents at \$938 and semi-ambulatory at \$979, effective July 1, 1993.
Section 240	Rest Home Payment Method — Requires DHR to develop a plan for a vendor payment method for domiciliary care facilities. Outlines what the proposed methodology shall include. Also requires the Department to report to the General Assembly and include a five-year fiscal impact of the cost of implementing the vendor payment.
Section 241	Pilot Subsidy to Domiciliary Homes for Services to Developmentally Disabled Residents - This provision requires the Department to conduct a pilot study of the need for a subsidy for developmental disabled persons residing in homes for the aged and disabled and family care homes. This subsidy would help pay for the special habitative services these residents need.
Section 242	DHR Monitoring Domiciliary Care Facilities' Compliance with Licensure Requirements — Directs local DSS directors and the Division of Facility Services to monitor domiciliary care facilities for compliance with licensure law.
Section 243	Caregiver Support Claims — Outlines how \$1,008,000 in SFY 1993-94 and SFY 1994-95 are to be used for services that support family caregivers of older persons with functional disabilities who want to stay at home rather than be institutionalized. Services that can be provided include respite care, adult day care services for older adults, companion services, and other related services.
Section 244	Senior Center Outreach — Outlines how \$403,800 in SFY 1993-94 and SFY 1994-95 is to be used for the purpose of enhancing senior citizen center programs.

DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN RESOURCES (1993 Actions, Continued) Section 245 Rural/Primary Care Initiatives — This provision encourage the establishment of rural hospital networks by authorizing DHR to establish such a program. The development of this program would encourage hospitals with underutilized bed capacity to downsize and to concentrate on the development of primary care services. In addition, the provision allows hospitals to collaborate to meet the health care needs of the community without duplicating levels of care provided in other network hospitals. Section 246 Day Care Funds Match Requirement — Provides that counties are not required to match day care funds allocated by the State, unless federal law requires such a match.

Section 247 Day Care - Prohibits day care service funds from being used for administrative costs and encourages efficiency in the purchase of care.

Section 248 Day Care Rates — Identifies the requirements for the establishment of rules for the monthly schedule of payments for the purchase of day care services.

Section 249 Day Care Allocation Formula — Describes how the Department will allocate child day care funds based on a allocation formula.

Section 250 DHR Employees as In-Kind Match - Allows the Department of Human Resources, Office of Rural Health and Resource Development, to serve as the State's match requirement for establishing health care cost containment strategies. Section 251

Section 252

Section 253

Section 254

Community-Based Alternatives Participation — Requires the Department to certify that CBA funds are not used to duplicate or supplant other programs within a county.

Supplemental Head Start Funds — Requires that supplemental Head Start funds be allocated to existing programs.

County Day Care Encouragement — Outlines the General Assembly intention to encourage counties to aggressively use all of their initial child care allocation and requires the Department to re-evaluate its allocation/reversion/reallocation timetable. Requires the Department to report to the Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations and to the Fiscal Research Division on the implementation of this Section.

Early Childhood Education and Development Initiatives -Describes how the Department is to implement the Early Childhood Initiative in 12 pilot counties and identifies the types of allowable child care services that can be funded. Authorizes lower staff-child ratios for infants and toddlers and provides religious sponsored day care facilities with a one-year delay in complying with the lower ratios.

Section 255 Early Childhood Education and Development Initiatives Plan —
Allows counties that participate in the Early Childhood Initiatives to use the county's allocation of State and federal child care funds to subsidize child care according to the county's Early Childhood

Initiative Plan as approved by the Department.

Section 256 Child Day Care Revolving Loan Fund — This provision allows the federal funds budgeted for the Revolving Loan Fund (\$400,000) to be

transferred and invested by the operating financial institution in an effort to maximize the use of the federal funds for small loans to child day care providers to enhance their child care services. The federal funding agency has endorsed this attempt to maximize the federal

funds.

Section 257 Early Childhood Education and Development Initiatives Quality

Assurance/Accountability — Directs the Department to develop and implement a performance based evaluation system to evaluate the

Early Childhood Initiative.

Section 258 Health Centers' Purchase of Medications — Allows State rural

health centers and other federally funded health centers to purchase medication by participating in contracts administered by the

Department of Administration.

Section 259 Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Early Childhood

**Education and Development Initiatives** — Establishes a legislative commission to oversee the activities of the Early Childhood Initiatives.

Section 259.1 State Abortion Fund Eligibility Criteria — Establishes the eligibility

limitations on the State Abortion Fund and limits spending to

\$1,212,000 in each year of the biennium.

## SENATE BILL 26 (Chapter 561)

Section 14 Child Protective Services — This provision makes a correction to

Section 234 of Chapter 321 (Senate Bill 27).

Section 15 Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Early Childhood

Education and Development Initiatives — This provision makes

technical changes to Section 259 of Chapter 321.

Section 83 Head Start Capital Funds - 1993-94 — This provision allocates capi-

tal funds for non-profit agencies administering Head Start programs.

Section 86 Commitment of Foreign National Counselor Notice — This provi-

sion corrects the statute, identifying the proper authority to whom the Governor is to send information regarding a client who is a resident of one of the Department of Human Resources 24-hour facilities and is

not a citizen of the United States.

Section 87

Juvenile Secure Custody Study — This provision directs the Department of Human Resources and the Administrative Office of the Courts to conduct a study of secure custody facilities for juveniles and to report the results of the study to the 1993 General Assembly by May 1, 1994.

Section 88

ICF/MR Facilities CON Bed Limit — Allows those 30 bed facilities who have applied for a Certificate of Need for additional ICF/MR beds to expand their facilities capacity to 32 beds. This will result in the addition of new ICF/MR beds without the normal start-up and construction costs.

Section 89

Commission for the Blind Changes — This provision makes changes to G.S. 143B-157 and G.S. 143B-158.

Section 90

Area Authorities' Local Plans Extended Scheduled — Extends by 6 months the time period in which the area mental health authorities are to complete their service implementation plan.

Section 91

Consent Judgment Focus Class Agreement/Thomas S — Allows the Department of Human Resources to enter into an agreement with the court to change the Thomas S court order by capping the class membership at approximately 1,000 members and by preparing assessments and evaluations themselves instead of being required to contract out for these services. Several million dollars a year should be saved as a result of these changes.

Section 92

Carolina Access Change Repealed — This provision repeals Section 238 of Chapter 321 (Senate Bill 27).

Section 93

Distribution Specifications for Area Mental Health Program Capital Funds — This provision establishes requirements for the distribution of capital funds for area mental health programs.

Section 94

**Governor Morehead School Funds** — This provision authorizes the transfer of funds from Repairs and Renovations Fund for repairs and renovation of the Governor Morehead School.

# JUSTICE & PUBLIC SAFETY

## DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTION

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 143B-260

The head of the Department is the Secretary who is appointed by the Governor and who sits on the Governor's Cabinet. The Department's responsibilities are to punish criminal offenders by incarceration or by imposing probation or parole and to provide humane treatment by classifying offenders within appropriate levels of security and by providing opportunities for self-improvement.

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
	VERNOR'S RECOMMENDED	\$565,579,166	\$602,236,033
Con	tinuation Budget Changes:		
1.	Reduce funds to effect GPAC recommendation to reduce supply inventories.	(1,834,700)	(1,834,700)
2.	Reduce funds for staff positions in area offices and Caledonia Complex Office in order to effect GPAC recommendation. Additional positions will be reduced in future years if recommended consolidation of small prison units is authorized.	(387,333) (-12)	(737,337) (-23)
3.	Reduce the following line items for Substant Abuse Services.		(-23)
	2210 Food 2310 Instructional Supplies 2650 Office Supplies 3110 Travel 3210 Telephone 3250 Postage 3510 Bldg. Maintenance 3590 Major Repairs 4120 Rent Subtotal	(13,305) (5,000) (2,000) (5,000) (10,000) (6,000) (5,000) (6,495) (9,200) (62,000)	(13,305) (5,000) (2,000) (5,000) (10,000) (6,000) (5,000) (6,495) (9,200) (62,000)
4.	Reduce funds for positions and operating co		

- associated with the following recommendations:
  - Reduce funds for operation of new facilities due to projected changes in completion dates. These are onetime savings for the 1993-95 biennium and will need to be reappropriated in the future.

NCCIW	(79,205)	NR	-
Greene	(186,282)	NR	-
Lumberton	(708,263)	NR	_
Odom	(124.851)	NR	-

		1993-94 General Fund		1994-95 General Fund	
	Marion (Completion date has moved forward)	23,906	NR	\$751,005	NR
	Pasquotank	(47,679)	NR	(3,436,510)	NR
	Per diem inmate costs SUBTOTAL	<u>(713,079)</u> (1,835,453)	NR NR	(1,806,810) (4,492,315)	NR NR
b.	Close Triangle Correctional Center, as a result of a settlement agreement, due to the deterioration of the physical				
	plant.	(1,196,621) (-138)		(3,662,482) (-138)	
C.	Reduce funds due to closing four modular housing units at Haywood, Rutherford,				
	Cabarrus, and Durham prison units.	(102,080) (-4)		(102,080) (-4)	
d.	Reduce funds due to custody reduction in modular units.	(563,041) (-22)		(563,041) (-22)	
е,	Reduce custody staffing, from three correctional officers to two on second and third shifts, in six medium security dormitories due to a reduction in inmate population as a result of dayroom				
	construction.	(300,521) (-12)		(306,240) (-12)	
f.	Reduce positions at Halifax Correctional Center and Sampson Correctional Center due to redesignation of facilities from				
	medium to minimum custody.	(1,046,827) (-41)		(1,046,827) (-41)	
g.	Abolish new positions funded but not established at Triangle, Polk, and Western Youth Institution.	(329,606)		(320,606)	
		(-13)		(329,606) (-13)	
h.	Reduce current operating line items in food service, training, and purchase of equipment.	(2,200,747)		(580,004)	
i.	Adjust funding for staffing at new facilities by eliminating positions currently in the reserves to operate new facilities being constructed with	(=,===,,,		(000,004)	
t	the \$75M and the \$103M bond funds.	(753,520) (-42)		(1,409,720) (-57)	

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund	
	j. Abolish positions vacant on June 30, 199	3. (\$824,147) (-29)	(\$824,147) (-29)	
5.	Defer funds needed for vehicle replacement.	(85,325)	(932,702)	
6.	Reduce funds due to a 30% reduction in Sta Information Processing rates. Subtotal - Continuation Budget Changes	te (514,000) (10,200,468) (1,835,453)	(514,000) (12,904,886) NR (4,492,315)	NR
	AL CONTINUATION BUDGET REDUCTIONS AL POSITIONS REDUCED	(\$12,035,921) (-313)	(\$17,397,201) (-339)	
TRA	NSFER:			
1.	Transfer funds for support of Summit House a residential center for females at high risk of incarceration who are placed on probation.	\$250,000	\$250,000	
TOT	AL TRANSFERS	\$250,000	\$250,000	
	AL CONTINUATION BUDGET CHANGES AL NET POSITION CHANGES	(\$11,785,921) (-313)	(\$17,147,201) (-339)	
REV	ISED CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$553,793,245	\$585,088,832	

## **EXPANSION BUDGET**

1.	Expand boot camp program for non-violent offenders ages 16-25 by 180 slots (90 at Morrison Youth Camp and 90 at Western			
	Youth Institution.)	\$751,733 390,000	NR	\$2,804,501
		(33)		(71)
2.	Funds for positions and operating costs for Central Engineering and the Division of Prisons to implement an inmate construction program. Costs for construction supplies and materials will be included in individual			
	capital projects.	1,511,876		1,709,262
		1,193,826 (9)	NR	(9)
3.	Provide one additional Parole Case Analyst and one additional clerk in each year of the biennium due to increased number of inmates	(0)		(0)
	being considered for parole.	164,000 (2)		112,000 (4)
		(2)		(4)

			1993-94 General Fund		1994-95 General Fund
4.	to ir to a data	d new positions in the Controller's Office mplement the new state accounting syste utomate manual accounting systems, ma a sub-systems, and implement internal ar	em, anage		
	adm	ninistrative controls.	\$243,000 (5)		\$214,000 (5)
5.	prog	ds for a pilot community-based treatment gram for alcohol and drug abusers on pation or parole.			
6.		nmit House -	200,000	NR	<u> </u>
0.					
	(a)	Expand day center non- residential services at the Greensboro site to include women on probation and parole			
		in Guilford and surrounding counties.	150,000		150,000
	(b)	Provide funding for planning and site selection to establish satellite programs in Mecklenburg and Wake Counties by 1994.	July 1,	NR	
	(c)		150,000	NH	
	(0)	Appropriate \$250,000 in State funds to the operational costs of each satellite	snare		
		program.	_		500,000
6.	Harr	opriate funds to share operating expensions in the state of the state	e of le		
	ex-of	fenders and their children.	200,000	NR	-0-
TOTA	AL EX	PANSION BUDGET	\$2,820,609		\$5,489,763
TOTA	AL NE	W POSITIONS	\$2,133,826 (49)	NR	(89)
TOTA	AL OF	PERATING APPROPRIATIONS T POSITIONS	\$558,747,680 (-264)	\$5	90,578,595 (-250)

# SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS - 1993

SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section 175 Inmate Incentive Pay — Allows inmates working in Prison Enterprises to be paid up to \$3.00 per day instead of \$1.00/day.

Section 177 Consolidation of Prison Facilities — Department of Correction is to develop and implement plans to close Granville, Halifax, Person, Warren and Vance prison units and consolidate them into one facility.

SENATE BILL 26 (Chapter 561)

Section 73 Renovation of Polk Youth Center — Directs that when inmates have been relocated from Polk Youth Center, the existing facility shall be

used as a minimum custody unit.

Section 74 Credit for Safekeeper Medical Expense Payments — Allows coun-

ties which paid the State for medical care for safekeepers prior to the

date of this act to receive credit for that payment.

Section 75 Repair and Renovation Funds — Allows the Department to use up to

\$5 million of the Repair and Renovation Reserve for its facilities.

# DEPARTMENT OF CRIME CONTROL AND PUBLIC SAFETY

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 143B-475

The head of the Department is the Secretary who is appointed by the Governor and who sits on the Governor's Cabinet. The responsibility of the Department is to implement a statewide crime control program, to assist local law enforcement, and to prepare for and respond to natural and man-made disasters. The Highway Patrol which enforces the State's traffic laws is also part of this Department.

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
	VERNOR'S RECOMMENDED NTINUATION BUDGET	\$26,860,503	\$26,836,975
Cor	ntinuation Budget Changes:		,
Nat	ional Guard		
1.	Reduce funds for legal fees.	(252)	(400)
2.	Reduce funds for janitorial supplies and building maintenance.	(655)	(766)
3.	Reduce construction and repair supply funds.	(3,205)	(3,205)
4.	Reduce motor vehicle operation costs.	(447)	(447)
5.	Adjust funding for in-state and out-of-state travel, subsistence, and other travel expenses.	(1,650)	(1,650)
6a.	Reduce costs for fuel oil, natural gas/propane, water and sewer services, and other utilities.	(5,359)	(6,227)
b.	Additional reduction for fuel oil to comply with GPAC recommendation.	(35,300)	(35,300)
7.	Reduce funds for printing and reproduction.	(158)	(158)
8.	Reduce funds for repairs and maintenance.	(1,520)	(1,520)
9.	Adjust costs for other unit expenses.	(243)	(243)
10.	Reduce funds for dues and subscriptions.	(300)	(300)
Civil	Air Patrol		,
11.	Reduce funds for repairs and maintenance.	(1,003)	(1,003)
Butn	er Public Safety		,
12.	Reduce costs for uniforms, arms, etc.	(1,376)	(1,376)
13.	Adjust costs for motor vehicle operation.	(2,247)	(2,247)
14.	Reduce office material and supply costs.	(53)	(53)

	1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
15. Reduce costs for other materials and supplies.	(\$570)	(\$570)
16. Reduce in-state subsistence funds.	(128)	(128)
17. Reduce costs for telephone service.	(642)	(642)
<ol> <li>Reduce funds for electricity, fuel oil, natural gas/propane, and water &amp; sewer services.</li> </ol>	(1,544)	(1,667)
19. Reduce printing and reproduction funds.	(40)	(40)
20. Reduce funds for repairs and maintenance.	(1,682)	(1,682)
21. Reduce costs for educational expenses, laundry service, and other services.	(220)	(220)
22. Reduce funds for office machine rental.	(255)	(255)
<ol> <li>Adjust funds for dues, subscriptions, awards, trophies, and other expenses.</li> </ol>	(112)	(112)
24. Reduce funds for office furniture and equipment.	(255)	(255)
<ol><li>Reduce funds for communication and other equipment.</li></ol>	(875)	. (875)
Alcohol Law Enforcement		
26a. Reduce vehicle replacement funds.	(272,369)	(91,298)
<ul> <li>Beduce trade-in allowance.</li> <li>Beceipt</li> </ul>	(86,900) Receipt	(30,900)
Subtotal — Item 26	(185,469)	(60,398)
Emergency Management		
27. Reduce funds for other personal services.	(3,628)	(3,628)
28. Reduce funds for motor vehicle supplies.	(400)	(400)
29. Reduce costs for office supplies and materials.	(3,400)	(3,400)
30. Adjust funds for other materials and supplies.	(1,450)	(1,450)
<ol> <li>Reduce funds for in-state and out-of-state travel, subsistence, and other travel expenses.</li> </ol>	(8,860)	(8,879)
32. Reduce cost for telephone service.	(5,000)	(5,000)
33. Reduce printing and reproduction costs.	(3,161)	(3,161)

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
34.	Reduce funds for repairs and maintenance.	(\$1,000)	(\$1,000)
35.	Reduce office machine rental costs.	(200)	(200)
36.	Reduce office furniture and equipment.	(1,732)	(1,732)
37.	Adjust cost for data processing equipment.	(1,216)	(1,216)
38.	Reduce funds for other equipment.	(600)	(600)
Vict	im and Justice Services		
39	Eliminate three positions in the Community Services Program (includes related benefits).	(116,384) (-3)	(116,384) (-3)
40.	Reduce in-state travel and subsistence.	(8,505)	(7,000)
41.	Reduce funds for telephone service.	(16,467)	(16,467)
42.	Reduce printing and reproduction funds.	(7,000)	(7,000)
Gov	ernor's Crime Commission		
43.	Adjust in-state and out-of-state travel and subsistence.	(13,500)	(13,500)
44.	Reduce costs for telephone service.	(3,000)	(3,000)
45.	Reduce printing and reproduction funds.	(3,000)	(3,000)
46.	Reduce cost for repairs and maintenance.	(3,000)	(3,000)
Crim	ne Prevention		(-,,
47.	Reduce funds for supplies and materials.	(300)	(300)
48.	Adjust costs for in-state and out-of-state travel, subsistence, and other travel.	(4,926)	(4,926)
49.	Reduce funds for telephone services and		(1,020)
50.	postage. Reduce costs for printing and reproduction.	(750) (500)	(750) (500)
51.	Reduce funds for repairs and maintenance.	(100)	(100)
TOTA	AL CONTINUATION BUDGET CHANGES	(\$453,639) (-3)	(\$328,332) (-3)

			1993-94 General Fund		1994-95 General Fund
TRA	NSFE	ER:			
1	for S alter Corr	im and Justice Services — Transfer funds Summit House, a community-based residen mative program, to the Department of rection from the Department of Crime Cont Public Safety.	tial		(\$250,000)
		EDUCTION AND TRANSFER OSITION CHANGES	(\$703,639) (-3)		(\$578,332) (-3)
REV	ISED	CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$26,156,864		\$26,258,643
EXP	ANSI	**************************************		****	
1.		onal Guard — Provide funds to meet Nation of Pension Fund requirements.	onal \$65,234		\$65,234
2.	Eme	ergency Management —			*
	(a)	Appropriate State funding to provide 50% match each fiscal year to continue the Earthquake Preparedness and Mitigation Program. Effective October 1, 1993.			
		Requirements Federal Receipts Appropriation	111,621 <u>62,871</u> 48,750		130,000 <u>65,000</u> 65,000
	(b)	Authorize funds to establish six (6) Hazardous Materials Regional Emergency Response teams. Fund an Industrial Hygienist position (effective 9-1-93) and three (3) additional Emergency Management Officer positions (effective 4-1-94) to provide 24-hour coverage.	172,418 (4)	ND	948,343 (4)
3.	Viet	im and Justice Services —	2,467,400	NR	_
3.					
	(a)	Provide additional funding for the Crime Victims Compensation Fund to meet increased number of claims. Requirements Federal Receipts Appropriation	700,000 200,000 500,000	NR	=======================================

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
(b)	Victim and Justice Services — Appropriate additional funds to reimburse the increased number of claims received by the Rape-Victims	·	
	Assistance Program.	\$110,000	\$110,000
TOTAL E	XPANSION BUDGET - RECURRING - NON-RECURRING	\$396,402 (4)	\$1,188,577 (4)
	- NON-RECORNING	\$2,967,400	_
TOTAL O	PERATING BUDGET	\$29,520,666	\$27,447,220

j. Other Materials & Supplies - Radio k. Telephone Service (10,000) (10,000) l. Repairs and Maintenance (50,000) m. Data Processing Equipment Rent (10,000) n. Other Expenses (40,000) O. Office Furniture & Equipment (20,000) p. Data Processing Equipment (52,476) q. Communications Equipment (100,000) r. Other Equipment (30,000) s. Other Equipment (30,000) t. Automobiles (144,420) (148,480)  TOTAL CONTINUATION BUDGET CHANGES - HIGHWAY FUND (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (100,000)		1993-94 Highway Fund	1994-95 Highway Fund
CONTINUATION BUDGET \$90,027,001 \$91,563,386  Continuation Budget Changes:  1. Reduce funding in the following areas:  a. Bedding and Linen (3,000) (150,000) b. Uniforms, Arms, etc. (150,000) (9,000) c. Food Products & Services (9,000) (9,000) d. Fuels and Lubricants (141,374) (153,794) e. Tires and Tubes (30,000) (30,000) f. Parts and Labor (30,000) (30,000) g. Office Materials & Supplies (10,000) (10,000) h. Other Materials & Supplies (30,000) (30,000) i. Other Materials & Supplies - MVO (10,000) (10,000) j. Other Materials & Supplies - Radio (10,000) (10,000) k. Telephone Service (10,000) (10,000) n. Data Processing Equipment Rent (10,000) (10,000) n. Other Expenses (40,000) (40,000) p. Data Processing Equipment (20,000) (20,000) p. Data Processing Equipment (52,476) (51,360) q. Communications Equipment (50,000) (30,000) s. Other Equipment (30,000) (30,000) s. Other Equipment (30,000) (20,000) t. Automobiles (144,420) (148,480)	HIGHWAY PATROL		
1. Reduce funding in the following areas:         a. Bedding and Linen       (3,000)       (3,000)         b. Uniforms, Arms, etc.       (150,000)       (150,000)         c. Food Products & Services       (9,000)       (9,000)         d. Fuels and Lubricants       (141,374)       (153,794)         e. Tires and Tubes       (30,000)       (30,000)         f. Parts and Labor       (30,000)       (30,000)         g. Office Materials & Supplies       (10,000)       (10,000)         h. Other Materials & Supplies - MVO       (10,000)       (10,000)         i. Other Materials & Supplies - Radio       (10,000)       (10,000)         j. Other Materials & Supplies - Radio       (10,000)       (10,000)         k. Telephone Service       (10,000)       (10,000)         l. Repairs and Maintenance       (50,000)       (50,000)         m. Data Processing Equipment Rent       (10,000)       (10,000)         n. Other Expenses       (40,000)       (40,000)         o. Office Furniture & Equipment       (20,000)       (20,000)         p. Data Processing Equipment       (52,476)       (51,360)         q. Communications Equipment       (30,000)       (30,000)         s. Other Equipment - MVO       (20,000)       (20,000)		\$90,027,001	\$91,563,386
a. Bedding and Linen (3,000) (3,000) b. Uniforms, Arms, etc. (150,000) (150,000) c. Food Products & Services (9,000) (9,000) d. Fuels and Lubricants (141,374) (153,794) e. Tires and Tubes (30,000) (30,000) f. Parts and Labor (30,000) (30,000) g. Office Materials & Supplies (10,000) (10,000) h. Other Materials & Supplies (30,000) (30,000) i. Other Materials & Supplies - MVO (10,000) (10,000) j. Other Materials & Supplies - Radio (10,000) (10,000) k. Telephone Service (10,000) (10,000) l. Repairs and Maintenance (50,000) (50,000) m. Data Processing Equipment Rent (10,000) (10,000) n. Other Expenses (40,000) (20,000) o. Office Furniture & Equipment (20,000) (20,000) p. Data Processing Equipment (55,476) (51,360) q. Communications Equipment (100,000) (100,000) r. Other Equipment (30,000) (30,000) s. Other Equipment (30,000) (30,000) t. Automobiles (144,420) (148,480)	Continuation Budget Changes:		
b. Uniforms, Arms, etc. (150,000) (150,000) c. Food Products & Services (9,000) (9,000) d. Fuels and Lubricants (141,374) (153,794) e. Tires and Tubes (30,000) (30,000) f. Parts and Labor (30,000) (30,000) g. Office Materials & Supplies (10,000) (10,000) h. Other Materials & Supplies (30,000) (30,000) i. Other Materials & Supplies - MVO (10,000) (10,000) j. Other Materials & Supplies - Radio (10,000) (10,000) k. Telephone Service (10,000) (10,000) l. Repairs and Maintenance (50,000) (50,000) m. Data Processing Equipment Rent (10,000) (10,000) o. Office Furniture & Equipment (20,000) (20,000) p. Data Processing Equipment (52,476) (51,360) q. Communications Equipment (100,000) (100,000) r. Other Equipment (30,000) (30,000) s. Other Equipment (30,000) (20,000) t. Automobiles (144,420) (148,480)	1. Reduce funding in the following areas:		
REVISED CONTINUATION BUDGET -	b. Uniforms, Arms, etc. c. Food Products & Services d. Fuels and Lubricants e. Tires and Tubes f. Parts and Labor g. Office Materials & Supplies h. Other Materials & Supplies i. Other Materials & Supplies - MVO j. Other Materials & Supplies - Radio k. Telephone Service l. Repairs and Maintenance m. Data Processing Equipment Rent n. Other Expenses o. Office Furniture & Equipment p. Data Processing Equipment q. Communications Equipment r. Other Equipment s. Other Equipment - MVO t. Automobiles	(150,000)	(150,000) (9,000) (153,794) (30,000) (30,000) (10,000)
HIGHWAY FUND \$89,126,731 \$90,647,752	REVISED CONTINUATION BUDGET -		\$90.647.752

#### **EXPANSION BUDGET**

1. Funding Operational Costs For New Headquarters for Troop H — Appropriate funds for telecommunication, garage and radio personnel for the new Troop H headquarters in Monroe to be completed by November, 1993. Telecommunication and radio positions effective September 1, 1993 and mechanic positions effective November 1, 1993.

\$1,004,672 (30) \$799,198 (30)

	1993-94 Highway Fund	1994-95 Highway Fund
<ol> <li>Additional Highway Patrol Troopers —     Provide funds for additional Highway     Patrol troopers, effective September 1,</li> </ol>		
1993.	2,539,922 (50)	2,154,624 (50)
TOTAL EXPANSION BUDGET - HIGHWAY FUND TOTAL NEW POSITIONS	\$3,544,594 (80)	\$2,953,822 (80)
TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET - HIGHWAY FUND	\$92,671,325	\$93,601,574

# SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS -1993

SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section 182

Section 179	Report on Community Service Workers — Directs the Department of Crime Control and Public Safety to report quarterly each fiscal year of 1993-95 biennium to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations and the Fiscal Research Division on the number of community service workers who were available during each month of the time period preceding that report to perform repairs and maintenance of the parks and when and where they were available.
Continu 400	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

Section 180

Rape Victims Assistance Program — Effective June 30, 1994 the Department is authorized to use up to \$150,000 in Contingency and Emergency funds to pay invoices for hospital and emergency room services provided to rape victims and to provide rape evidence collection kits for hospital emergency rooms.

Section 181

National Guard Disaster Training — Amends G.S. 166A-6 to allow the Governor with concurrence of the Council of State to authorize Contingency and Emergency funds to provide training in preparation for State disasters to the National Guard.

Report by Highway Patrol Division — Requires the Department of Crime Control and Public Safety, Highway Patrol Division, to prepare a written report by April 30, 1994 for the Senate and House Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety and the Joint Appropriations Committee on Transportation. The report shall include: long-range staffing requirements; current and revised plans for

trooper assignments to counties; a plan for reciprocity with local law enforcement officers, including training of local officers by the Division; justification for all categories of special assignments and development of a rate of reimbursement for services; and, justification of the annual automatic pay increase to sworn Division personnel. Also requires the Department to present the report to the two (2) Appropriations Committees and for the Committees to meet within five (5) days of the full Appropriations Committees ' convening to receive the report.

Section 183

Report on the Crime Victims Compensation Fund — Directs the Department of Crime Control and Public Safety to report annually to the Senate and House Appropriations Base Budget Committees on Justice and Public Safety and the Fiscal Research Division on the administrative expenditures of the North Carolina Crime Victims Compensation Fund.

Section 184

Legislative Review of Drug Law Enforcement and Other Grants — Provides that State applications for grants under the State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance Act of 1986, Part M of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, as enacted by Subtitle K of P.L. 99-570, the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1986, are subject to review by the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations if at the time of review the General Assembly is not in session. Designates this Commission as the review agent, if the General Assembly is not in session, for all state applications for grants requiring review unless a State statute provides a different forum for review. Repeals Article 13A of Chapter 120 of the General Statutes.

Section 185

Automated Administration of the Crime Victims Compensation Fund — Directs the Department to develop or acquire software to automate claims management and reimbursement. Requires system capabilities to include the ability to track individual applications from initial filing through disposition of claims, including claims investigations and third-party reimbursements. Also requires a report by March 31, 1994 to the House and Senate Appropriation Committees on Justice and Public Safety that identifies the automated system installed, the status of bringing claims administration on-line, and documents the system's ability to track claims procedures.

#### SENATE BILL 26 (Chapter 561)

Section 77

Alcohol Law Enforcement Officer Access to Public Information Network — Provides language to allow the Department to use \$46,800 from forfeiture funds available in 1993-94 for Alcohol Law Enforcement officers to access the Public Information Network.

## JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 7A

The North Carolina Constitution establishes three branches of government to provide a system of checks and balances. The Judicial Department is the branch which operates the State's system of courts, consisting of District and Superior Courts at the trial level and the Court of Appeals and Supreme Court at the appeals level. The Administrative Officer of the Courts, who serves at the pleasure of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, manages the operations of the entire system.

GOVERNOR'S RECOMMENDED CONTINUATION BUDGET	1993-94 General Fund \$232,428,819		1994-95 General Fund \$235,112,520
Continuation Budget Changes:			
<ol> <li>Reduce employer retirement contribution for the Consolidated Judicial Retirement System by 1.2% for FY 1993-94 and FY 1994-95. The rate for the 1993-95 biennium would then be:</li> </ol>			
Normal 14.75% Accrued Liability 7.55% Death Benefit .53% Health Insurance 2.00% Total 24.83%	(352,800)	ı	(352,800)
<ol> <li>The Committee considered reducing funds in the amount of \$200,000 for each year of the biennium in order to effect GPAC recommendation to consolidate computer network transmission lines. In lieu of taking this action, the Committee recommends the special provision titled "AOC Network Transfer Study".</li> </ol>			
TOTAL CONTINUATION BUDGET CHANGES	(\$352,800)		(\$352,800)
REVISED CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$232,076,019		\$234,759,720
******	*******	****	***
EXPANSION BUDGET			
Funds to support new Judicial Department personnel.	\$7,395,582 535,500	NR	\$9,348,641
2. Expand services of the General Court of	(244)		(255)
Justice's Court Information System.	1,078,979 67,812	NR	1,258,955
	(6)		(6)

## JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT (1993 Actions, Continued)

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-99 Genera Fund
3.	Provide ongoing adequate support for constitutionally mandated indigent defense services.	\$1,000,000	\$2,575,88
4.	Annualize funds for the existing child custody and visitation mediation programs pursuant to G.S. 7A-494.	154,873	154,87
5.	Continue the statewide expansion of court- ordered non-binding arbitration programs pursuant to G.S. 7A-37.1.	(2) 143,553 (1.5)	143,55 — (1.5
6.	Expand grants to Community Penalties Programs to provide services to 10-12 additional counties.	400,000	400,00
7.	Provide funds for operating costs previously funded with lapsed salaries.	1,300,000	1,300,00
8.	Replace office equipment and data processing equipment.	3,061,628	NR -
9.	Transfer funds from Indigent Persons' Attorney Fee Fund for new public defender and appellate defender personnel. (No additional funds are needed. \$466,230 will be transferred in FY 93-94 and \$471,989 in FY 94-95.)		
		(11)	(1
10.	Transfer funds from Special Capital Case Rehearing Fund to the Indigent Persons' Attorney Fee Fund. (No additional funds will be needed. \$1,100,000 will be transferred in FY 93-94.)	4 0	
11.	Expand access to civil justice for indigents.	250,000	250,00
12.	Increase daily compensation for emergency judges from \$150/day to \$200/day.	77,722	81,59
13.	Provide funds for a regional mediation and dispute settlement center located in Pitt County to serve eastern North Carolina.	40,000	40,00
14.	Provide funds for a salary adjustment for clerks of court due to the revision of county population brackets.	80,000	80,00

## JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT (1993 Actions, Continued)

		1993-94 General Fund		1994-95 General Fund
15.	Provide funds to establish District 9A.	\$216,468 44,718 (5)	NR	\$322,883 (5)
16.	Provide funds to expand Alamance Dispute Settlement Center mediation into schools.	5,000		
17.	Funds to begin a dispute mediation pilot program for students in junior and senior high schools in Cumberland County.	30,000		-
TOT	AL EXPANSION BUDGET	\$12,137,177	ND	\$15,956,390
TOT	AL NEW POSITIONS	\$3,744,658 (269.5)	NR	(280.5)
	AL OPERATING APPROPRIATIONS AL NEW POSITIONS	\$247,957,854 (269.5)		\$250,716,110 (280.5)

# SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS $-\,1993$

SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section 199	Emergency Special Superior Court Judges — Allows appellate division judges to serve as emergency special judges.
Section 200.1	Sentencing Commission Extended — Extends Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission until July 1, 1994.
Section 200.3	Emergency Judges' Per Diem Increase — Increases per diem of emergency judges from \$150 per day to \$200 per day.
Section 200.4	Transfer Caswell and Person Counties to Newly Created Judicial and Prosecutorial Districts 9A — Creates new district 9A, composed of Caswell and Person Counties by transferring Caswell from 17A (Caswell/Rockingham) and Person from 9 (Person/Granville/Vance/Warren/and Franklin).
Section 200.5	Add Additional Superior Court Judges/Special Superior Court Judges — Adds superior court judges in districts 3B, 10A, 15A, 17B, 20B, and 25B to be appointed by the Governor effective no earlier than November 1, 1993; adds superior court judge for 27B to be elected to take office January 1, 1995; and, adds two special superior court judges to be appointed November 1, 1993.
Section 200.6	Add Additional District Court Judges — Adds district court judges in Districts 1, 8, 10, 12, 18, and 30 to be appointed by the Governor no earlier than November 1, 1993; adds district court judges for districts 34, 68, 104, 100, 20, 20, 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 28, 29, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20

December, 1994.

tricts 3A, 6B, 19A, 19C, 20, 22, and 26 to be elected to take office

## JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT (1993 Actions, Continued)

Section 200.7

Add Additional Assistant District Attorneys/Change Prosecutorial District 19A and Create Prosecutorial District 19C — Adds a total of eleven assistant district attorneys, effective January 1, 1994, in prosecutorial districts 1, 10, 11, 15B, 18, 19B, 20, 22, 25, 26, and 28. Establishes new prosecutorial district 19C (Rowan) and leaves Cabarrus as 19A effective January 1, 1995.

## DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 114

The head of the Department is the Attorney General who is elected for a four-year term and who, as an elected official, serves on the Council of State. The Department provides legal and law enforcement services to State agencies, local government, and the citizens of North Carolina

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
	VERNOR'S RECOMMENDED NTINUATION BUDGET	\$53,540,802	\$52,038,131
Cor	ntinuation Budget Changes:		
Adı	ministration		
1.	Reduce in-state travel funds.	(3,000)	(3,000)
2.	Reduce printing and reproduction costs.	(4,000)	(4,000)
Leg	al Services		·
3.	Reduce funds for data processing supplies to comply with GPAC recommendation.	(3,000)	(3,000)
4.	Reduce funds for building repairs.	(5,000)	(5,000)
5.	Reduce funds for applications support.	(5,000)	(5,000)
6.	Reduce service contract funds for computer maintenance.	(20,000)	(20,000)
Stat	e Bureau of Investigation		
7.	Reduce funds for airplane supplies.	(40,000)	(40,000)
8.	Reduce funds for data processing supplies to comply with GPAC recommendation.	(29,900)	(29,900)
9a.	Adjust funding for motor vehicle replacement.	(1,835,086)	532,709
b.	Reduce trade-in allowance receipts to agree with reduction/increase in vehicle replacement		
	in (a) above.	(290,700) Receipt	(88,600) Receipt
10.	Subtotal — Item 9	(1,544,386)	444,109
10.	Increase budgeted receipts:  (a) Terminal Rental fee.		
		(50,000)	(50,000)
	(b) ID Kit Rental.	(1,000)	(1,000)

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
	(c) Private Protective Services fees.	(\$15,000)	(\$15,000)
	(d) State Applicant fees.	(15,000)	(15,000)
Trai	ning and Standards		
11.	Reduce in-state travel funds for staff.	(4,000)	(4,000)
12.	Reduce funds for data processing supplies to comply with GPAC recommendation.	(4,500)	(4,500)
13.	Reduce funds for utilities/electricity at the Justice Academy.	(4,000)	(4,000)
14.	Reduce funds for building repairs.	<del>-</del>	(5,000)
15.	Reduce service and maintenance contract funds.	(4,000)	(4,000)
тот	AL CONTINUATION BUDGET CHANGES	(\$1,751,786)	\$231,709
REV	ISED CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$51,789,016	\$52,269,840

#### **EXPANSION BUDGET**

1. Attorney Positions/Salary Adjustment Provide funds to add attorney positions to
create a Citizens Rights Division; to meet
increased caseloads in the Labor, Special
Prosecutions, and Consumer Protection/AntiTrust Sections; and to support the Paralegal
position handling Low Level Radioactive Waste
cases. Per this section, the Attorney
General is given the authority to allocate
funding in the preceding manner or to provide
salary adjustments for attorney positions
in the Legal Services Section.

\$936,000 \$936,000

 Legal Automation System -Provide staff and support for completion of the legal automation system. Positions include:

344,052 353,724 (3) (3)

- 1 Computer Systems Admin.
- 1 Hardware Specialist
- 1 System Specialist

		1993-9 Genera Fund	ıl	1994-95 General Fund
3.	SBI - Laboratory Services - Provide essentia laboratory personnel and support needed to respond to increased demand for analysis.	I		
	Restores 3 positions and equipment cut in the 1991 Session.	\$488,230 278,099 (6)	NR	\$684,980 — (6)
4.	Sheriff's Standards Section - Restore commission funding cut in the 1990 Session to reimburse Commission members, and proviadditional operating funds.			30,000
5.	North Carolina Justice Academy - Provide le training to county law enforcement officers to prevent protracted legal proceedings, lost cas and civil litigation. Funds restore Criminal	gal		00,000
	Justice Coordinator position cut in the 1990 Session.	46,810 1,730	NR (1)	48,540 — (1)
6.	SBI - Fund State match requirement for federa grant to support DNA Database and Databank Project.	al 113,197	( )	34,000
		(3)		(6)
7.	Legal Services - Appropriate funds to the Nor Carolina Legal Education Assistance Foundation to provide loan repayment assistance for attorn employed full-time in law-related public service positions.	on nevs	NR	
8.	Litigation Expense - Reserve for expenses related to redistricting.	500,000	NR	
9.	Law Enforcement Officers Hall of Honor - Grant to support activities relative to promotion, planning, construction,			
	administration, and maintenance.	45,000	NR	_
TOTA	AL EXPANSION BUDGET	\$1,958,289 \$849,829	MP	\$2,087,244
TOTA	L NEW POSITIONS	\$649,829 (13)	NR	(16)
TOTA	L OPERATING APPROPRIATIONS	\$54,597,134		\$54,357,084

SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS - 1993

SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section 201

SBI Funds/Spending Priorities — Directs first priority for overtime payments to SBI agents in Field Investigation Division, and second, to continue overtime payments to supervisory personnel receiving overtime payments as of June 30, 1993. Limits payments to a maximum of \$5,200 annually per individual.

Section 202

**SBI Use of Court-Ordered Restitution Funds** — Allows the State Bureau of Investigation (SBI) to use funds available from court-ordered restitution in undercover drug operations.

Section 203

Private Protective Services and Alarm Systems Licensing Board Pay for Use of State Facilities and Services — Clarifies that boards pay for use of physical facilities and services provided by the State Bureau of Investigation.

Section 204

Use of Seized and Forfeited Property Transferred to State Law Enforcement Agencies by the Federal Government — Specifies that the General Assembly shall review and approve the use of federal funds from the Drug Enforcement Agency to the Department of Justice for the SBI and the Department of Crime Control and Public Safety for the Highway Patrol and Alcohol Law Enforcement as a result of assistance in enforcement of drug trafficking laws.

Section 205

Department of Justice to Report on Attorneys' Fees — Directs the Department to make a report to the 1994 Session of the General Assembly and annually thereafter on efforts to secure attorneys' fees to support the Consumer Anti-Trust Section.

Section 206

Transfer Legal Counsel from Banking Commission to Department of Justice — Identifies personnel, funding, equipment, and related items that support positions transferred to the Department. Directs the Banking Commission to continue to provide adequate space for personnel. Amends G.S. 53-96 to transfer authority for assigning legal assistance to the Commissioner of Banks from the Governor to the Attorney General.

Section 207

Department of Justice Salary Funds — Appropriates \$936,000 each year of the 1993-95 biennium. Allows the Attorney General to use funds to (1) create new positions and provide support costs; (2) adjust salaries of existing positions through range revisions, reclassifications, or market analyses; or, (3) support a combination of new positions and salary adjustments. The Attorney General must report personnel actions quarterly to the Fiscal Research Division. All actions related to option (1) must be completed by June 30, 1994, and for option (2) by December 31, 1993.

#### SENATE BILL 26 (Chapter 561)

#### Section 81

Centralized Utilization of Legal Publications — Directs the Attorney General and Director of the Budget to conduct a review of legal publications used by State departments. The review should assess the most efficient use of legal publications, the potential to provide centralized access, and the cost related to centralization. Requires the Attorney General and Director of the Budget to report findings and recommendations to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and Fiscal Research Division by March 31, 1994.

#### Section 82

Law Enforcement Hall of Honor Funds — Appropriates \$45,000 for 1993-94 to the North Carolina Law Enforcement Hall of Honor Foundation for promotion, planning, construction, administration, and maintenance.

#### Section 83

Banking Commission Legal Counsel Technical Correction — Rewrites Section 206(b) of Chapter 321 of the 1993 Session Laws to further amend G.S. 53-96 to clarify that the Commission will reimburse the Department of Justice for costs incurred to support the attorney assigned to the Commission.



ASSESSED OF THE SETTING OF THE RESEARCH DESCRIPTION OF

#### DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 106

The head of this Department is the Commissioner of Agriculture who is elected for a four-year term and who, as an elected official, serves on the Council of State.

The primary responsibility of the Department of Agriculture is to enhance the production and quality of food marketed in North Carolina. In addition, the Department places a major emphasis on the protection of the consumer, the farmer, and the wholesaler from unfair and deceptive marketing practices. Many research and inspection activities also contribute to healthier products, as well as promote more efficient and profitable farming methods. The Department has four major programs to carry out its responsibilities: Agriculture Services and Development, Consumer Protection, Natural and Agricultural Education, and Research. Included in these programs are the State Fair, agriculture research stations, and many inspection and regulatory activities.

	1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
GOVERNOR'S RECOMMENDED CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$42,614,251	\$42,803,376
Continuation Budget Changes:		
Plant Industry Division		
1. Eliminate State Aid for Multiflora Rose Program	m. (65,000)	(67,014)
<ol> <li>Fertilizer Registration Penalty — Adjust und budgeted receipts.</li> </ol>	der- (50,000)	(50,000)
<ol> <li>Operating Reserve for Biological Control Facility — Reduce reserve due to 6 months in renovation.</li> </ol>	delay (32,500)	_
Food and Drug Division		
<ol> <li>Drug Registration Fee — Adjust underbudge receipts.</li> </ol>	eted (45,000)	(45,000)
<ol> <li>Pesticide Program — Reduce funding after for interagency (Agriculture/EHNR) study of effect of pesticides on groundwater due to projected study completion.</li> </ol>	1/1/95	(87,685)
State Farms/Research Stations Division		(-3)
6. State Farms — Adjust underbudgeted receip	te tall (ka)	
for sale of farm products.	(50,000)	(50,000)
Marketing Division		
<ol> <li>Morehead City Seafood Office — Close and eliminate 2 positions (Retain 1 position and support).</li> </ol>	(98,928)	(98,928)
	(-2)	(-2)

## **DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE** (1993 Actions, Continued)

	1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
Marketing Division		
8. Markets — Adjust underbudgeted receipts (a) Farmers Market admissions (25,000); ( Charlotte Farmers' Market (15,000); (c) W Agricultural Center for horse facility rental (50,000).	b) 'estern	
•	(\$90,000)	(\$90,000)
Department-wide		
<ol> <li>Motor Vehicles — Defer funds for motor vehicles purchase.</li> </ol>	(467,094)	(541,153)
10. Reduce inventory by 30% over 3 years.	(92,235)	(92,235)
11. Vacant Positions Reduction — Reduce to	, , ,	(0=,200)
first step.	(17,891)	(17,891)
12. Reduce Salary Reserve.	(209)	(208)
TOTAL CONTINUATION BUDGET CHANGES (GENERAL FUND)	(\$1,008,857) (-2)	(\$1,140,114) (-5)
TOTAL CONTINUATION BUDGET (GENERAL FUND)	\$41,605,394	\$41,663,262
HIGHWAY FUND REDUCTIONS	ΨΨ1,903,33 <del>4</del>	\$41,003,202
<ol> <li>Standards Division — Eliminate two posit for oxygenated gasoline program - increase availability in Highway Fund.</li> </ol>	ions ed (69,251) (-2)	(69,251) (-2)
TOTAL CONTINUATION BUDGET CHANGES (HIGHWAY FUND)	(\$69,251) (-2)	(\$69,251) (-2)

#### **EXPANSION BUDGET**

### Food and Drug Division

 Food Inspection — Increase food inspection in retail food stores and carry out mandates of the federal Nutritional Labeling and Education Act.

\$509,415	\$445,000
(10)	(10)

### DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE (1993 Actions, Continued)

		6.	1993-94 General Fund		1994-95 General Fund
2.		oratory — Funds for analysis of livestock is and products for mycotoxins.	\$160,000	NR	_
Mar	ketin	g Division			
3.	Don	nestic Marketing —			
	(a)	Expand assistance to local and state farmers' markets and media promotion of North Carolina products.	164,597 (3)		155,408 (3)
	(b)	Establish Southeastern Agriculture Marketing Office in Sampson County to provide assistance to farmers and			
		agricultural processors.	151,978 (2)		121,402 (2)
4.	Add	stern North Carolina Farmers' Market — security guard and a maintenance hanic position.	53,752 (2)		53,752 (2)
Gras	ssroo	ts Science Program	(2)		(2)
5.	regionscie	nt-in-Aid to nine areas of the State for onal science museums to promote outreach nce projects for unserved communities.	1		
		<b>FE</b> : Effective August 1, 1993, this grantd d and program were transferred to INR)	450,000		450,000
Adm	inist	ration			
6.	Ехра	and office automation network.	126,940	NR	-
Grar	nt-in-	Aid			
7.	supp 1993	Tobacco Museum, Kenly — Provide port funds. (NOTE: Effective August 1, 3, this grant-in-aid was transferred to			
	DEH		15,000	NR	_
8.		<b>boro Farmers' Market</b> — Funds for new ers' market.	236,000	NR	_
Agri	cultu	ral Finance Authority			
9.	Fund	ds to expand the Farm Loan Reserve Fund	1,000,000	NR	
		(PANSION —RECURRING (PANSION —NON-RECURRING	\$1,265,327 \$1,537,940		\$1,289,977 —
TOT	AL EX	(PANSION BUDGET	\$2,803,267 (17)		\$1,289,977 (17)
TOT	AL OF	PERATING BUDGET	\$44,408,661		\$42,953,239

**DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE** (1993 Actions, Continued)

SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATIONS BILLS -1993

SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section 260

Timber Sales Funds for Maintenance of State Farms Forest Lands - Allows Agriculture to use timber receipts to increase the budget for maintenance of State Farm forest lands from \$30,000 to \$50,000 in

1993-94 and 1994-95.

Section 260.1

Capital Bill Contents — Changes the statutes to require that certain net proceeds are to be appropriated in the CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT not the Current Operations Appropriations Act. The net proceeds affected are:

Sale of Land or Timber

Purchase of Agricultural Lands

Section 260.2

Grassroots Science Program — Allocates \$450,000 in grant-in-aid funds each year among ten regional science museums.

SENATE BILL 26 (Chapter 561)

Section 94 Reallocation of 1988 Funds for Rocky Mount's Farmers' Market

for Rocky Mount Business Development — Authorizes the \$700,000 appropriated in 1988 to the Rocky Mount Business Development Authority (RMBDA) for construction of a farmers' market in Rocky Mount to be loaned by the RMBDA to the City of Rocky Mount for construction of a farmers' market/vegetable and fruit processing facil-

ity for local farmers.

Section 95 Warehouse Act Funds — Revises General Statutes to allow the inter-

est received on funds collected for operation of the State agricultural warehouse system to be used for capital projects and non-recurring expenditures. Also authorizes use of \$900,000 in interest for capital

and non-recurring projects in 1993-94.

Section 96 Reallocate Funds Appropriated for Agricultural Facilities —

Authorizes the use of \$1,000,000 appropriated in 1992 for construction of a Southeastern Shipping Point Facility for two different purposes: \$90,000 for a grant-in-aid to the Town of Roseboro for water and sewer services and \$910,000 for a grant-in-aid to Sampson

County for construction of a livestock sale facility.

Section 97 Authorize the Agricultural Finance Authority to Use the Interest

from the Reserve for Farm Loans for Administrative Expenses

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 143B-429

The head of the Department is the Secretary of the Department of Commerce who is appointed by the Governor.

The Department's primary responsibilities include promotion of economic development through job creation and business assistance and the development of the State's communities through employment and training, housing and other programs. In addition, the Department oversees many regulatory commissions.

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
	/ERNOR'S RECOMMENDED	\$27,135,913	\$27,160,918
Con	tinuation Budget Changes:		
Indu	ustrial Commission		
1.	Ombudsman Position — Eliminate vacant position, as duties will be assigned to Executive Secretary position.	(51,123) (-1)	(51,187) (-1)
Inte	rnational Trade	(-1)	(-1)
2.	Rent of real property (Hong Kong office).	(10,000)	(10,000)
Divi	sion of Community Assistance		
3.	Transfer housing programs including HOME and its appropriated match to Housing Finance Agency. Positions will be receipt		
	supported in Agency.	(562,916) (-12)	(564,378) (-12)
Dep	artment-Wide	(-12)	(-12)
4.	Reduce salary reserve.	(42,018)	(42,018)
5.	Reduce inventory.	(25,300)	(25,300)
6.	Reduce vacant positions to 1st step.	(76,364)	(76,364)
7.	Reduce positions as part of GPAC recommendation on coordination and reorganization of Commerce.	(189,079)	(189,079)
	reorganization of Commerce.	(-4)	(-4)
8.	Reduce regional offices and staffing as part of GPAC recommendation.	(176,084) (-4)	(176,084) (-4)
тот	AL CONTINUATION BUDGET CHANGES	(\$1,132,884) (-21)	(\$1,134,410) (-21)
REV	ISED CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$26,003,029	\$26,026,508

		1993-94 Genera Func	1	1994-95 General Fund
EX	PANSION BUDGET		-	, and
Ec	onomic Development Programs			
1.	<b>Entrepreneurial Development Board</b> — Provident staff, staff support and Board support for new board.	e \$205,91	9	\$205,919
2	Testantics	(3	3)	(3)
2.	Technology Extension Project — Fund planning for development of Technology Extension Project	g . 250,00	0 NR	
3.	Economic Development Planning — Fund new positions and associated cost of new economic development planning effort.	300,000		200,000
Bu	siness and Industry Development	(3)		(3)
4.	West Coast Office - Fund new office.	155,030		161,396
5.	Western N.C. Economic Development - Increase funding.	120,000		120,000
6.	Industrial Building Renovation Fund — Increase funding.	1,000,000	NR	(2)
7.	Industrial Recruitment Competitive Fund — Creation of new fund to aid in recruitment of vital and significant businesses/industries as determined by the Governor.	5,000,000	NR	
Divi	sion of Travel and Tourism	2,000,000	1411	_
8.	Tourism Promotion —			
	<ul> <li>(a) Fund second shift supervisor for Toll-Free Operation at Women's Prison and increase funding for postage, printing and</li> </ul>			
	advertising.	500,000 (1)		500,000 (1)
	<ul><li>(b) Fund one-time special travel advertising.</li></ul>	500,000	NR	-
9.	Rural Tourism Development Grants — Funding for new program.	200,000	NR	
Inte	national Division			
10.	Mexico Office — Establish new office.	150,000		150,000
11.	World Trade Center — Fund grant-in-aid.	200,000	NR	-

		1993-94 General Fund		1994-95 General Fund
12.	Furniture Export Program — Establish new program.	200,000 (2)		250,000 (2)
Film	Office			
13.	Film Industry Council — Fund support for Council.	50,000 (1)		50,000
Gra	nts-in-Aid	(.,		( ' /
14.	Center for Community Self-Help —			
	(a) Funds to increase statewide lending program for small businesses and other economic development projects.	1,500,000	NR	_
	(b) Additional funding for statewide lending program for small businesses and other economic development projects.	1,000,000	NR	
15.	Land Loss Prevention Project — Funds to provide free legal representation to low income, financially distressed small farmers.	300,000	NR	_
16.	N.C. Coalition of Farm and Rural Families — Funds to foster economic development within the state's rural farm communities.	250,000	NR	_
17.	N.C. Institute for Minority Economic  Development — Funds to foster minority economic development within the State.	350,000	NR	_
18.	N.C. Institute for Minority Economic  Development — Funds to foster minority economic development within the state.	200,000	NR	_
19.	Western N.C. Regional Economic  Development Commission — Fund the activities of new commission.	600,000		1,250,000
20.	Northeastern N.C. Regional Economic  Development Commission - Fund the activities of new commission.	600,000		1,250,000
21.	Southeastern N.C. Regional Economic Development Commission — Fund the activities of new commission.	600,000		1,250,000
22.	Reserve for Economic Development Initiatives Funding for projects in Columbus and Stanly Counties.	s — 1,275,000	NR	_

	1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
Air Cargo Marketing		
<ol> <li>Air Cargo Marketing — Continue 2 positions, promotional advertising and program support costs.</li> </ol>	500,000	500,000
	(2)	500,000 (2)
Administration	(-/	(2)
24. Investment in Manufacturing Technology — Funds to match new federal funds available to assist in development and deployment of		
technology.	1,000,000	NR —
TOTAL PECUAPRING EVENNOLON		
TOTAL RECURRING EXPANSION TOTAL NON-RECURRING EXPANSION	\$3,980,949 \$13,025,000	\$5,887,315 —
TOTAL EXPANSION BUDGET	\$17,005,949 (14)	\$5,887,315 (14)
TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET	\$43,008,978	\$31,913,823

## SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS - 1993

SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section 296	Industrial Development Fund/Local Match — Requires that local recipients demonstrate to the Department that it would be an economic hardship to match State funding with local funds.
Section 297	N.C. Manufacturing Directory Proceeds — Authorizes the Department of Commerce to use excess proceeds from the sale of the N.C. Manufacturing Director for industrial promotional advertising.
Section 298	Home Program Matching Funds — Sets priorities for allocating appropriated funds to match the HOME federal housing program. The provision also: 1) requires an annual report on the HOME program, 2) prohibits use of State funds for a match if a match is not required by Congress, and 3) allows carry forward of match funds due to federal program years.
Section 299	Community Development Block Grant Reports — Requires the Department of Commerce to make quarterly reports on the Community Development Block Grant to the Appropriations Committees.

**Section 300 Tourism Promotion Funds** — Continues the selection criteria and maximum grant amounts for tourism promotion grants that were established in 1991.

Section 301 Petroleum Overcharge Attorney Fees — Extends for the next biennium the current procedures for paying for attorney fees for litigation related to the petroleum overcharge funds.

Petroleum Overcharge Funds Allocation — Allocates approximately \$10.1 million dollars of Petroleum Overcharge Funds (Exxon and Stripper Well funds) over the next 2 years for energy conservation. The provision continues the allocation of Diamond Shamrock Overcharge Funds for the administration of oil overcharge funds by the Energy Division and it mandates reporting to the General Assembly.

Housing Programs Transfer — Transferred 4 housing programs to the Housing Finance Agency including changes in the statutes of the HFA and the Housing Coordination and Policy Council.

Housing Program Reimbursement — Directs the HFA to use receipts to reimburse Commerce for its costs for the program affected by Section 305 between July 1 and ratification of Senate Bill 27 to ensure that the total General Fund cut for housing is taken.

Section 306 Worker Training Trust Fund — Directs appropriations from the Worker Training Trust Fund for purposes itemized in the provision. The recommended appropriations are:

1993-94	1994-95
\$5,539,964	\$5,539,964
225,000	-
Training 2,400,000	2,400,000
1,000,000	1,000,000
2,826,658	1,528,067
1,746,000	1,746,000
300,000	300,000
\$14,037,622	\$12,514,031
	\$5,539,964 225,000 Training 2,400,000 1,000,000 2,826,658 1,746,000 300,000

Also appropriates \$2,000,000 from the Special Employment Security Administration Fund to ESC for each year of the biennium.

**Tourism Advertising Program** — Directs the Department of Commerce to address promotion of tourism in the State's rural areas in the Department's tourism advertising program.

Community Self-Help Funds — Allocates \$1,500,000 the first year of the biennium to the Center for Community Self-Help for a statewide lending program for small businesses and for other economic development projects in rural and depressed communities in North Carolina. The provision requires a dollar-for-dollar match, sets forth auditing schedules, and requires reports to various legislative committees.

Western North Carolina Regional Economic Development Commission — Creates a new Western North Carolina Regional Economic Development Commission to serve 16 western counties.

Section 309

Section 307

Section 308

Section 302

Section 305

Section 305.1

The Commission's responsibilities include developing a regional economic development plan and developing and evaluating economic development alternatives for the region. Also requires an annual report to the General Assembly on the Commission's work.

#### Section 309.1

Northeastern North Carolina Regional Economic Development Commission — Creates a new Northeastern North Carolina Regional Economic Development Commission to serve 16 northeastern counties. The Commission's responsibilities include developing a regional economic development plan, adopting a tourism plan, and developing and evaluating economic development alternatives for the region. The provision requires an annual report to the General Assembly on the Commission's work.

#### Section 309.2

Southeastern North Carolina Regional Economic Development Commission — Creates a new Southeastern North Carolina Regional Economic Development Commission to serve 11 southeastern counties. The Commission's responsibilities include developing a regional economic development plan and developing and evaluating economic development alternatives for the region. The provision requires an annual report to the General Assembly on the Commission's work.

#### Section 310

**Economic Development Funds** — Allocates appropriations for the first year of the biennium to 3 non-state entities for economic development.

Land Loss Prevention Project	\$300,000
Coalition of Farm and Rural Families	
	\$250,000
Institute for Minority Economic Development	\$200 000

The provision requires quarterly reports to Governmental Operations on the use of these funds.

#### Section 311

**Technology Extension Project Development** — Authorizes the Department of Commerce to develop a new Technology Extension project. This provision requires Commerce to coordinate with existing small business programs as Commerce develops this new project.

#### Section 313

**Economic Development Board/Plan** — Expands the membership and duties of the current Economic Development Board. Also requires the Board to prepare a strategic economic development plan and the provision specifies certain components, input and information that shall be part of the plan.

#### Section 314

Five-Year Economic Development Plans — Requires the Department of Commerce to develop 5 five-year economic development plans: 1 each for 4 regions of the State and 1 for the State's minority communities. In addition, the Department must develop plans that assume spending \$25 million in each of the 4 regions over 5 years and spending \$25 million in the State's minority communities over 5 years. The Department is to report to Governmental Operations and Fiscal Research by March 1, 1994.

#### Section 314.1

Study State Ports Status as Separate Agency — Directs the Economic Development Board to study the State agency status of the Port Authority. The Board is to make a report to Governmental Operations by April 1, 1994.

Section 314.2 Study Continued Necessity for Ports Railway Commission —

Directs the Economic Development Board to study whether the Ports Railway Commission is necessary. The Board is to make its report to

Governmental Operations by April 1, 1994.

Section 314.3 Industrial Recruitment Competitive Fund — Sets out what this Fund

shall be used for. It requires quarterly reports to Governmental

Operations on the use of the Fund

#### SENATE BILL 26 (Chapter 561)

Section 98 Rural Tourism Development Funds — Establishes and allocates

\$200,000 for new Rural Tourism Development Grant Program.

Section 100 Promote Tourism throughout the State — Directs the Department to

review its tourism advertising program to ensure all areas of State are promoted and to give appropriate consideration to minority-owned businesses when expanding promotion funds. It also requires a quarterly report to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental

Operations.

Section 102 Study Expansion of Economic Development Commission —

Directs the Department to survey regional economic development commissions, to develop a plan regarding these commissions and to establish a formula for funding regional economic development commissions. The plan should be submitted to the General Assembly by

March 1, 1994.

Section 103 Study on Economic Incentives to Lure Industry — Creates the

Legislative Study Commission on Economic Incentives to Lure Industry. It directs the Commission to study various items and to

report to the General Assembly by April 15, 1994.

Section 104 Economic Development Funds — Allocates \$1,000,000 for Center

for Community Self-Help and \$350,000 to the N.C. Institute for Minority Economic Development. It also sets forth disbursing and re-

porting requirements.

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE — MCNC (MICROELECTRONICS CENTER OF NORTH CAROLINA)

The purpose of MCNC is to support the State's efforts to foster science-based economic development and to encourage the use and application of advanced computer and microelectronic technology by the business and educational communities.

	1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
GOVERNOR'S RECOMMENDED CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$16,000,000	\$16,000,000
Continuation Budget Changes:		
<ol> <li>Grant-in-Aid — Reduce state appropriation by 2%.</li> </ol>	(320,000)	(320,000)
TOTAL CONTINUATION BUDGET CHANGES TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET	(\$320,000) \$15,680,000	(\$320,000) \$15,680,000

#### **EXPANSION BUDGET**

## Reserve Funds for Capital Needs and Communications

- 1. Grant-in-Aid
  - a. Funds to conduct a joint telecommunications research and development project with MCI Corporation. \$2,000,000 NR

    b. Funds for upgraded equipment for the Supercomputer, Telecommunications and Microelectronics Programs. 2,500,000 NR

    c. Funds to connect 6 universities to the MCNC CONCERT Telecommunications Network (Pembroke State, ECSU, WCU, FSU, NCCU, UNC-G.). 2,118,000 NR

TOTAL EXPANSION BUDGET —NON-RECURRING \$6,618,000 NR
TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET \$22,298,000 \$15,680,000

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE — MCNC (MICROELECTRONICS CENTER OF NORTH CAROLINA) (1993 Actions, Continued)

#### SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS -1993

SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section 295

MCNC — Directs that MCNC report quarterly to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations on all program activities and requires that MCNC provide budget information to the Office of State Budget and Management for preparation of the biennial budget. The provision also allocates State appropriations by program; requires that the \$4,768,966 in State funds appropriated for the Microelectronics program be matched on a dollar-for-dollar basis; and, authorizes MCNC to take a \$320,000 budget reduction from any program. Also requires that MCNC report in 1993-94 and 1994-95 any planned shifts in State funding between programs to Governmental Operations thirty days before a change.

#### SENATE BILL 26 (Chapter 561)

Section 101

MCNC Capital Equipment — Allocates \$4,500,000 in capital expenditures among three MCNC programs — Telecommunications, Supercomputer, and Microelectronics. Requires that \$1,000,000 of \$2,000,000 allocated to the Microelectronics Program for a joint MCNC/MCI Corporation research project be held in a reserve account by the Office of State Budget and Management and not released unless MCI relocates a new billing facility in North Carolina by June 30, 1994.

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE - N.C. BIOTECHNOLOGY CENTER

The purpose of the Biotechnology Center is to provide for improvements in biotechnology through research and economic development activities.

General		1994-95 General Fund
\$7,157,547		\$7,157,547
		,
(143,151	)	(143,151)
\$7,014,396		\$7,014,396
\$1,000,000	NR	
1,000,000	NR	_
\$2,000,000 \$9,014,396		\$7,014,396
	\$7,157,547 \$7,157,547 (143,151 \$7,014,396 \$1,000,000 1,000,000 \$2,000,000	\$1,000,000 NR 1,000,000 NR \$2,000,000

SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS - 1993

SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section 303

Biotechnology Center — Directs the Biotechnology Center to recapture funds spent (make loans) in support of successful research efforts in the private sector. It authorizes the Center to provide funding for biotechnology and related bioscience applications under its Economic and Corporate Development Program. The provision mandates quarterly reports to the Joint Legislative Commission on

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE — N.C. BIOTECHNOLOGY CENTER (1993 Actions, Continued)

Governmental Operations and provision of budget information to the Office of State Budget and Management for the preparation of the biennial budget.

#### SENATE BILL 26 (Chapter 561)

#### Section 99

Biotechnology Funds for Minority Universities — Allocates \$1,000,000 for new biotechnology initiative for State's public minority universities and sets forth program direction and requirements. It also requires report to the General Assembly by March 15, 1994.

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE — RURAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CENTER

The Rural Economic Development Center was created to spur economic development in the State's rural communities. REDC provides funding and support to rural businesses and to organizations that work directly with these businesses.

	1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
GOVERNOR'S RECOMMENDED CONTINUATION BUDGET Continuation Budget Changes:	\$1,500,000	\$1,500,000
<ol> <li>Grant-in-Aid — Reduce state appropriation by 2%.</li> </ol>	(30,000)	(30,000)
TOTAL CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$1,470,000	\$1,470,000

#### **EXPANSION BUDGET**

TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET		\$9,045,000		\$1,470,000
T	OTAL EXPANSION BUDGET - NON-RECURRING	\$7,575,000		
2.	<b>Economic Development Funding</b> — Funds to support economic development activities in minority neighborhoods and communities.	4,750,000	NR	
1.	Rural Economic Development Act — Funds for additional rural development programs.	\$2,825,000	NR	-

SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS -1993 SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section 304

Rural Economic Development Center — States that the Rural Economic Development Center is appropriated \$1.47 million in each year of the biennium and that no more than \$400,000 shall be used for administrative costs. The Center must report quarterly to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations and shall provide its budget information to the Office of State Budget for preparation of the biennial budget. This provision limits the Rural Economic Development Center's use of the interest earned on its appropriated State funds for administration.

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE — RURAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CENTER (1993 Actions, Continued)

#### SENATE BILL 26 (Chapter 561)

Section 104	Economic Development Funds — Allocates \$4,750	,000 as follows:
	Community Development Corporations  Previously Funded	\$1,300,000
	Community Development Corporations Not Previously Funded	\$100,000
	Housing Counseling Demonstration Project	\$150,000
	Community Development Initiative	\$2,000,000
	N.C. Association of Community Development Corporations	\$200,000
	N.C. Minority Credit Union Support Center, Inc.	\$300,000
	Microenterprise Loan Program	\$650,000
	Rural Economic Development Center's Administrative Costs	\$50,000
	It also sets forth disbursing and reporting requiremen	nts.
Section 104.1	Directs the Center to establish new programs and a as follows:	llocates funding
	Supplemental Funding Pilot Program	\$1,650,000
	Short-Term Capacity Pilot Project	\$600,000
	Child Day Care Loan Guarantee Act of 1993	\$500,000
	The provision includes program and reporting requirallocates job training funds as follows:	rements. It also
	Opportunities Industrialization Center of Wilson	\$25,000
	Opportunities Industrialization Center of Rocky Mount	\$25,000
	Pitt-Greenville Opportunities Industrialization Center	\$25,000
	The OIC's must report quarterly to the Joint Legislat on Governmental Operations.	ive Commission

### DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT, HEALTH, AND NATURAL RESOURCES

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 113

The head of the Department is the Secretary of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources (EHNR) who is appointed by the Governor. The Department's primary responsibilities include protection of the environment, improvement of the health of North Carolinians and conservation and development of the State's natural resources. The Department administers a wide variety of assistance, regulatory, promotion and education programs.

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
	VERNOR'S RECOMMENDED NTINUATION BUDGET	§198,874,660	\$202,809,288
Coi	ntinuation Budget Changes:		
Alb	emarle/Pamlico Estuarine Study		
1.	Reduce aid to counties, other contracts/ grants, transfers to Environmental Management.	(6,249)	(6,364)
Offi	ce of Waste Reduction		,
2.	Reduce contracts & grants.	(18,871)	(19,217)
Divi	ision of Coastal Management		,
3.	Reduce supplies, telephone, postage, photo services, and legal advertising.	(29,362)	(29,900)
Divi	sion of Environmental Management		
4.	Administration — Reduce contracted personal services, travel, and service & maintenance contracts.		(40.054)
5.	Lab — Increase under-budgeted receipts for	(12,623)	(12,854)
0.	DEM Lab Certification fees.	(75,000)	(75,000)
6.	Lab — Reduce equipment.	(25,245)	(25,708)
7.	Air Quality — Reduce supplies, travel, printing lease purchases, and service contracts.	, (26,823)	(27,315)
8.	Groundwater — Reduce construction and repai	r. (37,868)	(38,562)
9.	Water Quality — Shift one position including benefits to federal funds.	(55,224)	(56,237)
10.	Agriculture and EHNR Interagency Pesticide Study — Reduce funding after 1/1/95 for interagency (Agriculture/EHNR) study of effect of pesticides on groundwater due to projected	(-1)	(-1)
	study completion.	77	(66,731) (-2)

## DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT, HEALTH, AND NATURAL RESOURCES

	3 Actions, Continued)		
		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
Divi	sion of Land Resources	i dila	rana
11.	<b>Administration</b> — Reduce supplies, travel, lease purchases, service contracts, and subscriptions.	(\$5,354)	(\$5,453)
12.	Geological Survey — Reduce supplies, travel, telephone, printing, repairs, property rental, equipment, and subscriptions.	(17,206)	(17,517)
13.	<b>Land Quality</b> — Reduce supplies, travel, telephone, printing, repairs, subscriptions, and equipment.	(39,322)	(40,035)
14.	<b>Geodetic Survey</b> — Reduce travel, fuel purchases, motor vehicle parts, and supplies.	(17,305)	(17,634)
Divi	sion of Radiation Protection		
15.	Reduce personal services, printing, and supplies.	(16,947)	(17,929)
Divi	sion of Solid Waste Management		
16.	Reduce supplies, travel, telephone, equipment, grants, etc.	(109,385)	(111,391)
Divi	sion of Forestry		
17.	Reduce Supplies and Tires in Field Organization.	(6,654)	(6,658)
18.	Eliminate rental of 1 air tanker used for Fire Suppression in Field Organization.	(90,000)	(90,000)
19.	Reduce Equipment in Field Organization.	(94,500)	(98,000)
Divi	sion of Marine Fisheries		
20.	Research — Reduce contracted personal services.	(2,970)	(4,563)
21.	Development — Reduce motor vehicles.	(17,860)	_
22.	<b>Development</b> — Reduce boats and trailers.	_	(17,052)
23.	<b>Administration</b> — Reduce contracted personnel services.	(7,000)	(7,000)
Exe	cutive Offices		
24.	Eliminate 2 clerical positions in Executive Offices.	(80,653) (-2)	(80,653) (-2)
Adn	ninistrative Services	\ -/	( =)
24.	Reduce supplies.	(303)	(2,400)

	,	1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
26.	Reduce contracts/grants.	(\$33,448)	(\$33,448)
Dep	partment-Wide		
27.	Reduce salary reserve.	(234,118)	(234,118)
28.	Reduce inventory.	(84,472)	(84,472)
29.	Reduce SIPS rates by 30%.	(80,000)	(80,000)
30.	Reduce vacant positions to 1st step.	(305,577)	(305,577)
Divi	ision of Maternal and Child Health		
31.	WIC Program — Reduce appropriation for f supplements as federal government pays for food supplements.	food r (1,392,889)	_
Divi	sion of Adult Health		
32.	Migrant Health — Eliminate 1 contract administrator position since federal contract funds have been transferred to		
	DHR.	(55,562)	(55,562)
33.	Kidney Dialysis — Reduce funding for Medicare copayments.	(-1) (114,986)	(-1)
Pub	lic Health Laboratory	(114,000)	(117,726)
34.		(24.094)	(24.22.1)
Epid	lemiology Division	(31,984)	(31,984)
35.	Injury Control — Reduce equipment funding purchase of intoxilizer machines used as par the statewide chemical and alcohol testing	for t of	
O#:-	program.	(350,860)	(355,850)
	e of Environmental Education		
36.	Reduce salary and benefits of vacant Director's position.	(54,356)	(54,528)
Jord	an-Adams	,	(0.1,020)
37.	Eliminate non-salary inflationary increases.	(290,008)	(583,786)
TOTA	AL CONTINUATION BUDGET CHANGES	(\$3,820,984) (-4)	(\$2,811,224) (-6)
TOTA	L CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$195,053,676	\$199,998,064

#### DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT, HEALTH, AND NATURAL RESOURCES (1993 Actions, Continued) 1993-94 1994-95 General General Fund Fund **EXPANSION BUDGET** Division of Radiation Protection Low-Level Radioactive Waste Site Assessment and Permitting — Expand consultant services in the Division of Radiation Protection to evaluate site \$200,000 assessment data. \$100,000 NR Technical Assistance Grants — Continue grants to Richmond, Chatham, and Wake Counties for their Site Designation Review Committees. 300,000 NR Solid Waste Management Division Permitting Staff — Expand staff and support to implement and enforce municipal solid waste landfill requirements. 505,397 603,400 (10)(10)Office of Waste Reduction Technical Assistance — Expand staff and support for providing waste reduction assistance to private industry and local government. 500,000 500,000 (10)(10)**Epidemiology Division** 5. Immunization — Funding for positions and support and pharmaceuticals to fully immunize all children in North Carolina. Includes eight year phase-in of recommended second dose of Measles, Mumps, Rubella (MMR) vaccine for children aged 8-18. (See SB 26, Sec. 109 for other authorized use of funds.) 7,200,000 3,200,000 (7)(7)(b) One-time purchase of data processing and other equipment. 300,000 NR 6. Communicable Disease — Expand HIV/AIDS, TB, and Sexually Transmitted Disease services and programs. 250,000 250,000 (3)(3)Environmental Epidemiology — Provide aid-

to-counties for human rabies shots for the

medically indigent.

25,000

25,000

			1993-94 General Fund	ľ	1994-95 General Fund
So	il and	d Water Division			
8.	tra	strict Supervisors — Increase funding for vel expenses of Soil and Water district pervisors.	\$75,000		<b>Ф75</b> 000
9.	So	il Survey — Fund three soil survey ecialist positions that are currently derally funded.	100,354		\$75,000
	130,7		(3)		_
Div	isior	of Forest Resources	, ,		
10.	(af	rest Development Act — Restore funding ter 1-time 1991 reduction) to fully tech forest products assessments.	700,000		700,000
11.	figh	gional Staff — Fund 2 positions, support d program costs for helicopter fire nting and prevention program in Region 3 estern third of State).			. 33,333
	lanc	istern tillid of State).	132,728 (2)		132,728
Div	ision	of Parks and Recreation	(2)		(2)
12.	Arc	chitect — Fund position and support.	42,000		42,000
13.	<b>Op</b>	erations Staff — Complete staffing of rk positions at all State parks.	(1) 343,132		(1) 525,860
14.			(23)		(23)
14.	at t	nber River State Park — Fund positions he park which currently has no staff.	151,000 (3)		165,000 (3)
Divi	sion	of Coastal Management			(-)
15.	and	stal Futures Committee - Provide staff support for year-long efforts of the nmittee.	50 000	ND	
Divi		of Maternal and Child Health	50,000	NR	-
16.	Rur	al Obstetrical Care Incentive Program — and program by increasing payments.			
	amo	ber of counties served and maximum ount a county may receive.	400,000		400,000
17.	Infa	nt Mortality —	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		100,000
	(a)	Replace Maternal and Child Health federal funds.	1,392,889	NR	
	(b)	Fund additional grants for comprehensive adolescent health care projects (six month funding in 1993-94).			
		15.5.5.1g III 1995-94).	375,000		750,000

			1993-94 General Fund		1994-95 General Fund
	(c)	Expand Women's Preventive Health Services Program to increase funding for contraceptive services.	\$ \$300,000		\$300,000
	(d)	N.C. Coalition on Adolescent Pregnancy — Increase grant-in-aid.	75,000		75,000
	(e)	Governors Commission on Reduction of Infant Mortality — Fund study of the extent that each county's health and social services systems meet the needs of pregnant women, infants, and young children.	50,000	NR	_
18.	the r	d Fatality Prevention System — Establish multi-disciplinary child fatality review prevention system in ten counties.	112,685		146,987 (1)
19.	Wes	tern N.C. Genetics Center —	(1)		(1)
	(a)	Establish the Center as the provider of regional genetic services for the western counties.	120,000		120,000
	(b)	Start-up costs for new center.	355,000	NR	120,000
20.	Early some	y Intervention — Add nutritionists at e Developmental Evaluation Centers to plete multi-disciplinary teams statewide month funding for 1993-94).	100,000 (5)		200,000 (5)
Cent	er fo	r Health and Environmental Statistics			
21.	print	ronmental Index — Fund preparation and ing of report.	50,000 (1)		50,000 (1)
		ental Health Division			
22.	at St	Sanitation — Consolidate milk inspection ate level and provide funding to meet ral requirements for local and industry	183,608		183,608
23.	on-si	Site Wastewater — Fund county alternative te sewage system demonstration project stern N.C. established prior to 1990.	(1)		(1) 25,000
Adm	inisti	ration			
24.		cer Advisory Committee — Fund support of board.	75,000 (1)		75,000 (1)

	(18	193 A	ctions, Continued)				
				1993-94 General Fund		1994-95 General Fund	
	25.	Fal	Is Lake Watershed —Reserve for study.	\$150,000	NR	<b>\$</b> —	
	Ad	ult H	ealth Division				
	26.	Ca	ncer Control —				
		(a)	Fund diagnosis and treatment component of program to fully cover annual costs of program.	100,000		100,000	
		(b)	treatment of people at or below 100% of the Federal poverty level (1994-95				
	27.	Us.	is 12 months funding).	1,450,000		1,664,000	
	21.	me	me Health Care — Provide medications for dically indigent, non-Medicaid eligible uple infected with HIV/AIDS.	350,000		350,000	
	Div	ision	of Water Resources				
	28.	Water Supply Planning —					
		(a)	Expand local and state water supply planning and regional water supply and water management studies.	363,034 (6)		315,881	
		(b)	Match federal funds for collection of water resource data through the U.S. Geological Survey Cooperative Program and other efforts.	135,000		(6) 158,800	
	Divi	sion	of Land Resources			100,000	
	29.	Geo for s	detic Survey — Provide additional support urveying and mapping.	50,000		50,000	
	Den	tal H	ealth				
,	30.	Den	tal Services —				
		(a)	Provide funds and support for state dental hygienist position to serve Franklin, Vance, and Granville Counties.	44,081		44,081	
		(b)	Provide funds and support for state dental hygienist position to serve Alexander and Caldwell Counties.	(1) 44,081 (1)		(1) 44,081 (1)	
				1.7		( ' /	

Wildlife Resources Commission  31. Beaver Control Project — Extend pilot	94-95 eneral Fund
31 Beaver Control Project — Extend pilot	
project by one year. \$146,000 NR	-
TOTAL EXPANSION —RECURRING \$10,377,100 \$15,471, TOTAL EXPANSION —NON-RECURRING \$2,843,889	1,426 —
TOTAL EXPANSION BUDGET \$13,220,989 \$15,471, (79)	1,426 (76)
TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET \$208,274,665 \$215,469,	9,490

#### SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS — 1993

SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section	7	NER Bloc

NER Block Grant Provisions — This provision appropriates the federal block grant funds in the NER area. The Block Grants are the Job Training Partnership Act, the Community Development Block Grant, the Preventive Health Block Grant and the Maternal and Child Health Block Grant.

Section 260.1

Capital Bill Contents — Changes the statutes to require that certain net proceeds are to be appropriated in the CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT not the Current Operations Appropriations Act. The net proceeds affected are:

Sale of Park Land Purchase of Park Land

Section 261

Technical Review Committee Appointments — Revises the statutes to allow the Director of Marine Fisheries and the Executive Director of the Wildlife Resources Commission to send designees to represent them on the Technical Review Committee, which reviews technical specifications for "best management practices" in the Agriculture Cost Share Program.

Section 262

Hazardous Waste Inspectors — Authorizes the Department to hire additional "resident" inspector positions as new commercial hazardous waste facilities are permitted or existing facilities are expanded.

Section 263

Oyster Management — This provision makes changes to the Marine Fisheries Commission statutes to ensure representation on the Commission of the seafood processing and distribution industry and of shellfish interests.

Section 264

Funds to Study Effectiveness of CAMA — Directs that the \$50,000 appropriation for the Coastal Futures Committee be matched on the basis of \$2 of non-State funds for every \$1 of State funds.

Section 265

Funds for Voluntary Remedial Actions — Authorizes EHNR during Fiscal Year 1993-94 to contribute, from the Inactive Hazardous Sites Cleanup Fund, 10% of the costs, not to exceed \$50,000 per site, to a voluntary remedial action program at up to three high priority sites. Also requires the Department to report to the General Assembly on the sites selected and the amount of the contribution made from the Fund.

Section 266

Superfund Program Funds — Authorizes EHNR, with the approval of the Office of State Budget and Management, to use available funding to provide the required 10% cost share for federal Superfund cleanups not currently budgeted. Also requires a report to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations within 30 days of expenditure of these funds.

Section 267

Governor's Waste Management Board's Assets Transferred — Transfers the assets of the Governor's Waste Management Board to the Office of Environmental Education. The Governor's Waste Management Board is abolished in other legislation.

Section 268

Hazardous Waste Reduction and Management Plan — Directs that EHNR must do 2 things before issuing additional hazardous waste permits: Adopt a hazardous waste reduction and management plan and determine that additional hazardous waste treatment capacity is needed.

Section 269

Dental Health Program — Establishes in the statutes the 1991 Session provision that required the public dental health program to emphasize services to pre-school and school-age children.

Section 270

Communicable Disease Control Aid-to-Counties Flexibility — Authorizes EHNR to combine three Aid-to-Counties Funds - Acute Communicable Disease, Tuberculosis, and Sexually Transmitted Disease - into one Communicable Disease Aid-to-Counties Fund. Also requires EHNR to report to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations on the use of these funds and the effectiveness of combining the three funds.

Section 271

Pharmaceutical Funds/Sexually Transmitted Disease Control Program — Allows EHNR to transfer \$90,000 from pharmaceuticals in the TB program to the sexually transmitted disease control program for pharmaceuticals, if necessary.

Section 272

DWI Test Changes — Continues language from the 1991 Session authorizing funding of the alcohol testing program in EHNR from a portion of the drivers license revocation fee with two changes. First, the amount to be appropriated from the revocation fee for equipment was reduced by approximately \$350,000 in 1993-94 and \$355,000 in 1994-95. Second, language was added to require that if funds collected exceed appropriations, the excess funds will revert to the General Fund.

Section 273

Asbestos Hazard Management Funds — The asbestos hazard management program oversees the inspection and removal of asbestos from buildings. Continues appropriation of the fees collected under General Statute 130A, Article 19 for support of the program.

Section 274

Eligibility Standards for Participation in Department Reimbursement Programs Established — In previous Sessions, the General Assembly has set the eligibility and income limits for certain health care programs in the Department. This provision authorizes the Commission for Health Services to establish the eligibility standards.

Section 275

Maternal and Child Health Program Funds Do Not Revert — Establishes in the statute last Session's special provision that Children's Special Health Services funds do not revert. This is needed because contracts and third party reimbursements do not follow the State fiscal year.

Section 276

Adolescent Pregnancy Prevention Projects — Establishes in the statute last Session's special provision on Adolescent Pregnancy Prevention projects. There is no change from the previous provision which covered the allocation formula, local maintenance of effort, local public participation and an outside evaluation of the projects funded.

Section 277

Liability Insurance Premiums — Allows the Department to use lapsed salaries to pay for medical liability insurance for its medical personnel. Also requires State Budget to make a report on medical liability insurance statewide. The report is due to Governmental Operations by January 7, 1994.

Section 278

Purchase of Vaccines — Encourages EHNR to purchase childhood vaccines from North Carolina companies when comparable quality vaccines are available in North Carolina at prices the same or lower than non-State companies.

Section 279

WIC Program Funds — Reallocates \$0.5 million in the first year and \$1.2 million in the second year that was appropriated for food supplements in the Women, Infants and Children (WIC) nutrition program. Since the federal government is paying for the food supplements, the State funds will be used for start-up costs of new WIC programs, renovation or rent of WIC space at the local level, physician prescribed special formulas and the required State match to the WIC farmers' market program.

Section 280

**Lead Poisoning Prevention Funds** — Reallocates \$331,000 in the first year and \$1 million in the second year that was appropriated for food supplements in the Women, Infants and Children (WIC) nutrition program. Since the federal government is paying for the food supplements, the \$1.0 million will be used to expand the Lead Poisoning Prevention Program.

Section 281

Commission for Health Services Vaccination Rules — Requires the Commission for Health Services to adopt rules ensuring that health care providers cannot charge an unreasonable administrative fee for the administration of free vaccines and limiting any additional charges.

This provision also eliminates statutory language that allows the Secretary of EHNR to charge a fee for vaccines and establishes in the statutes the authority of the Commission for Health Services and the Secretary to adopt rules for administration of vaccines.

(1993 Actions, Continued)

Section 282

Immunization Receipts — Allows EHNR to use any additional Medicaid receipts or refunds from a federal excise tax on vaccines to accelerate the schedule for providing MMR vaccines - Measles, Mumps and Rubella - to children aged 8 to 18; pay for costs of purchasing vaccines if costs for vaccines increase beyond current charges; and, partially fund a registry to track immunizations.

Section 283

Rural Obstetrical Care Incentive — Allows the Rural Obstetrical Care Incentive program (Rocky Program) to use the additional \$400,000 appropriated each year for 3 items: 1) increasing the maximum allowable payment to each provider, 2) increasing the number of counties served and 3) increasing the amount any 1 county may be allocated.

Section 284

**Infant Mortality Funds** — Provides the implementing language for the infant mortality appropriations for EHNR.

Section 285

Child Fatality Prevention System — Implements the recommendations of the Child Fatality Task Force: (1) Phase-in a multidisciplinary State child fatality prevention system by establishing community child protection teams in each county; (2) Add one member to the Child Fatality Task Force; and, (3) Repeal the Child Fatality Task Force effective February 1, 1995.

Section 286

On-Site Wastewater Systems — Allocates \$25,000 each year of the biennium for a county demonstration project for alternatives to on-site sewage systems (septic tanks).

Section 287

Immunization Plan — Requires EHNR to report to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations by November 1, 1993 on their long-range plan for implementing the universal immunization program for children, including a schedule for completing major phases of the program and an estimate of long-range program costs.

Section 288

Cancer Coordination and Control — Creates a new 24-member Advisory Committee on Cancer Coordination and Control. The Advisory Committee's duties related to cancer coordination and control include: recommending a statewide plan, identifying and examining problems, examining financing and access to services, and identifying health promotion and disease prevention strategies.

Section 289

Soil and Water Conservation District Supervisors' Expenses — Mandates that EHNR use \$289,594 for supervisors' expenses, including expansion funds of \$75,000 each year of the biennium.

Section 290

Sales Tax Transfer to Wildlife Resources Fund — The General Statutes authorize an annual transfer from State sales and use tax funds to the Wildlife Resources Fund based on estimated revenue from the sale of hunting and fishing equipment. This provision updates the statutes to allow the same amount of tax revenue transferred in 1992-93 to be transferred in 1993-94 (approximately \$3.7 million) plus the cost of any legislatively approved salary increase and also establishes the 1993-94 allocation as the new base amount for 1994-95 (approximately \$4 million).

Section 291 Coastal Boating Guide — This provision directs the Wildlife

Resources Commission to publish and distribute the NC Coastal

Boating Guide using available Wildlife funds.

Section 292 Dismal Swamp State Park — Requires the Division of Parks and

Recreation to update the master plan for the Dismal Swamp State Park. It also requires the Division to make sure the Dismal Swamp fire

lines are adequately maintained.

Section 293 B.R.I.D.G.E. Youthful Offenders/Park Maintenance — Directs that

\$100,000 be used for the BRIDGE Youthful Offenders Program to do maintenance and repairs in State Parks. The funds are reallocated from the pilot project to work county jail inmates in the State Parks.

Section 294 Parks Receipts — Requires that any unanticipated pine straw or

timber receipts from the State Parks be used for maintenance of the

State Parks.

#### SENATE BILL 26 (Chapter 561)

Section 105 Agriculture Cost Share Program Funds — Specifies that \$40,000 of

the current appropriations for the Agriculture Cost Share Program will be used to install best management practices for a Rural Clean Water

Demonstration project in New Hanover County.

Section 106 Technical Assistance Grants — Not withstanding G.S. 104G-19(d), EHNR may provide technical assistance grants to Richmond,

Chatham, and Wake Counties for their site designation review

committees.

Section 107.1 Falls Lake Watershed Study — Establishes that the scope and pa-

rameters for the Falls Lake Watershed Study shall be determined by the governing boards of Wake and Durham Counties and the Cities of Durham and Raleigh. If the governing boards cannot agree by October 1, 1993, then the Secretary of EHNR shall make the

determination.

Section 108 Boards of Health Funds — Authorizes EHNR to use up to \$100,000

for a grant-in-aid to the Association of N.C. Boards of Health for continuing Board of Health orientation, leadership, and educational

development programs.

Section 109 Immunization Program Funding — Allows EHNR to use up to \$1,000,000 of the funds appropriated for a statewide childhood immu-

nization program in Chapter 321, Senate Bill 27, for related outreach and monitoring activities. Also requires EHNR to report on planned outreach expenditures and activities to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations before expenditures can be

made.

Section 111 Expand/Extend Beaver Control Program — Continues pilot program

to control beaver damage on private and public land until December 1, 1994. Expands program to include Pender and Robeson Counties and continues program in Bladen, Brunswick, Columbus, and

Sampson Counties.

Section 115 Fire Tower - Transfer — Directs the Department to transfer in fee

simple by gift a fire tower to the East Howellsville Volunteer Fire

Department, Inc.

Section 116 Transfer Museum of Natural Sciences — Transfers the Museum

from the Department of Agriculture to the Department of Environment,

Health, and Natural Resources.

### DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 95

The head of the Department is the Commissioner of Labor who is elected for a four-year term and who, as an elected official, serves on the Council of State.

This Department's responsibilities include administering and enforcing State laws that affect people at work, including administering the OSHA program, enforcing safety and health conditions in mines and quarries, and enforcing safety regulations for elevators, amusement rides, and boilers. Other responsibilities include promoting and supervising apprenticeship and on-the-job training programs, and establishing license requirements for private employment agencies.

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
	VERNOR'S RECOMMENDED NTINUATION BUDGET	\$12,705,854	\$12,714,621
Cor	tinuation Budget Changes:		
Eie	vator Division		
1.	Inspection Fees — Adjust underbudgeted receipts.	(27,812)	(27,900)
2.	Inspection Fees — Increase inspection fees.	(135,000)	(135,000)
Occ	upational Safety and Health Division		
3.	OSHA Indirect Receipts — Increase estimate of amount of overhead receipts to be received from federal OSHA.	(100,000)	(100,000)
4.	OSHA Director Position — Eliminate vacant Director position and support. (Deputy Commissioner is performing duties.)	(28,000) (-1)	(28,000) (-1)
App	prenticeship Division		
5.	Apprenticeship Management and Supervisi Reduce management levels by eliminating varifield supervisor position and support.		(30,000) (-1)
Dep	partment-wide		
6.	Vacant Positions Reduction — Reduce to first step (OSHA and Apprenticeship).	(74,989)	(74,989)
7.	Inventory Reduction (OSHA only).	(1,881)	(1,881)
TOT	AL CONTINUATION BUDGET CHANGES	(\$397,682) (-2)	(\$397,770) (-2)
TOT	AL CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$12,308,172	\$12,316,851

# DEPARTMENT OF LABOR (1993 Actions, Continued)

EVI	PANSION DUDOET	1993-9 Genera Fund	I	1994-95 General Fund
	PANSION BUDGET			
	cupational Safety and Health Division			
1.	Consultation/Education and Training — Provide 100% state funding for positions and support to expand safety and health consultative services and education and training programs to industry and government.	\$575,000		0000 000
		(11)		\$606,620 (11)
2.	Staff Expansion — Expand staff and support in all programs in N.C. OSHA Program — Education and Training; Consultative Services; Compliance; Management Information			,
	and Evaluation; and, OSHA Review Board.	364,000		364,000
Wor	kers Discrimination Division	(8)		(8)
3.				
<b>.</b>	Staff Expansion — Provide funding to carry out 1992-93 statutory change that prohibits "retaliatory discrimination" against employees who make good faith claims against an employee	er. 266,643		275,815
Λ al	simi-aat-	(6)		(6)
	ninistration			
4.	Toll Free Hotline — Provide funding for staff to handle citizen inquiries on labor			
	regulations by operating a toll-free hotline.	40,000 (2)		40,000 (2)
5.	Assistant Deputy Director of Administration	_		
	Establish position and provide support funds.	65,000 (1)		70,000 (1)
6.	Research and Statistics — Fund increased d processing needs and expenses, including one	ata		
	position and support.	157,000 (1)		157,000 (1)
7.	Computer Network — Reserve funds to expar	nd		L.
	computer network.	750,000	NR	_
TOTA	L EXPANSION BUDGET	\$2,217,643 (29)		\$1,513,435 (29)
TOTA	L OPERATING BUDGET	\$14,525,815		\$13,830,286

**DEPARTMENT OF LABOR** (1993 Actions, Continued)

## SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS - 1993

SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section 315

OSHA Positions — Allows the Department of Labor to fund OSHA Safety and Health Inspectors with 100% State funds if Labor certifies to the State Budget Office that no federal match is available. Also directs that State funding be reduced if additional federal funds are received.

# STATEWIDE RESERVES

### STATEWIDE RESERVES — OFFICE OF STATE BUDGET AND MANAGEMENT

The Office of State Budget and Management is charged to allocate lump sum appropriations which are distributed to all State departments and institutions once their needs are determined. Each agency determines its own needs and makes its request to the Office of State Budget and Management. The latter ranks the requests according to overall need and allocates the appropriations accordingly.

30% SALARY REDUCTION FOR POSITIONS VACATED BY RETIREMENT DURING 1992-93	1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
CONTINUATION RECOMMENDATION	(\$10,000,000)	(\$10,000,000)
<ol> <li>To restore salary reductions made during 1992-93 by exempting teaching, library, and academic leadership positions during</li> </ol>		
1993-95.	2,752,702	2,752,702
REVISED CONTINUATION RECOMMENDATION	(\$7,247,298)	(\$7,247,298)

### **EXPANSION**

(b)

### 1. Compensation Increases

(a) Cost-of-Living Adjustment - 2%

Public Education		
Teacher Salary Schedule	\$42,443,217	\$42,443,217
Non-Teaching	15,031,955	15,031,955
-	\$57,475,172	\$57,475,172
Community Colleges		
EPA	6,980,471	7,615,059
University System		
EPA	12,842,338	14,009,823
SPA	6,230,732	6,797,163
State Employees		
SPA	19,208,391	20,954,608
Judicial		
EPA	3,485,693	3,802,574
Other		
EPA	92,260	100,648
General Assembly		
EPA	155,417	212,845
Locally Operated Programs	5,581,668	5,581,668
TOTAL	\$112,052,142	\$116,549,560
Reserve for Wage Floor for Lowest		
Paid Employees	135,500	135,500

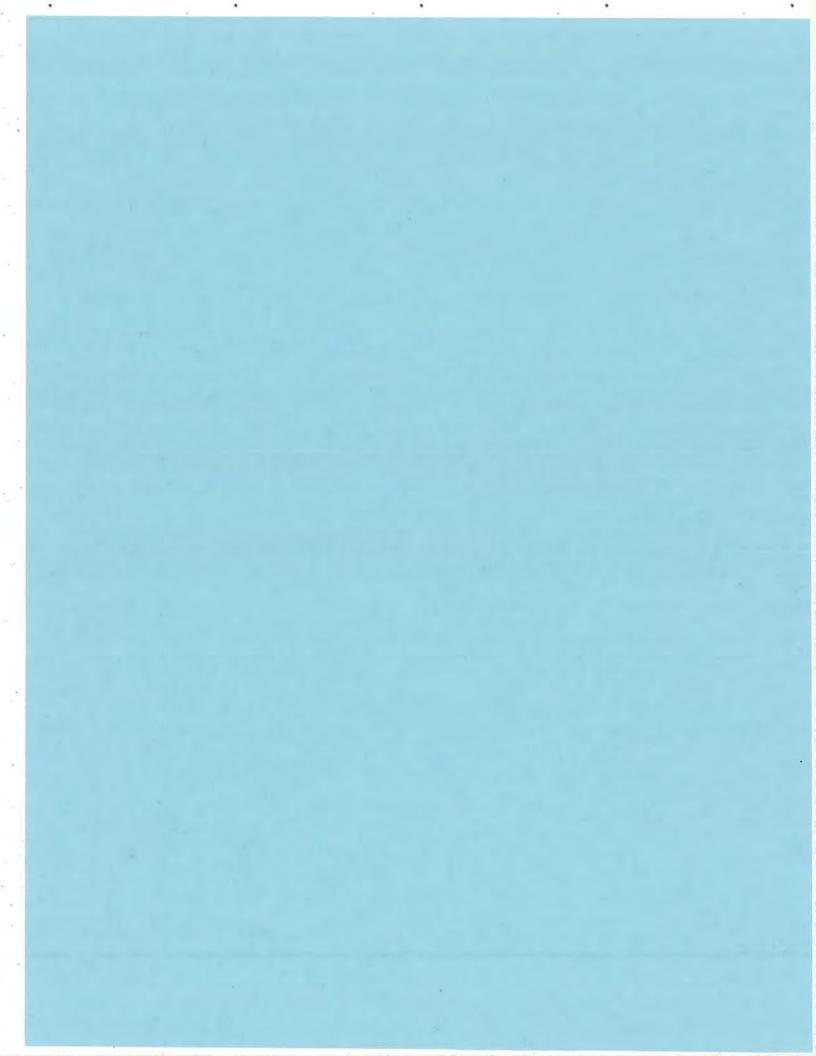
# STATEWIDE RESERVES -- OFFICE OF STATE BUDGET AND MANAGEMENT

		1993-94 General Fund		1994-95 General Fund
	(c) Incentive Compensation Bonus - 1% Public Education Community Colleges Board of Governors All Other State Employees TOTAL	\$7,515,977 3,807,529 7,004,912 <u>15,916,042</u> \$34,244,460	NR	
2.	Reserve to Support Costs Related to Establishing Sick Leave Banks for Public School Employees, Effective January 1, 1994	1,000,000		1,000,000
4.	Reserve for Restoration of Pay Day to June 30, 1994 Community Colleges and SPA/EPA State Employees	214,200,000		
4.	Statewide Health Insurance Initiative Reserve	5,500,000		2,000,000
5.	Retirement Rate Change Fund State Matching Rate Change from 10.93 to 10.96%	1,316,400		1,316,400

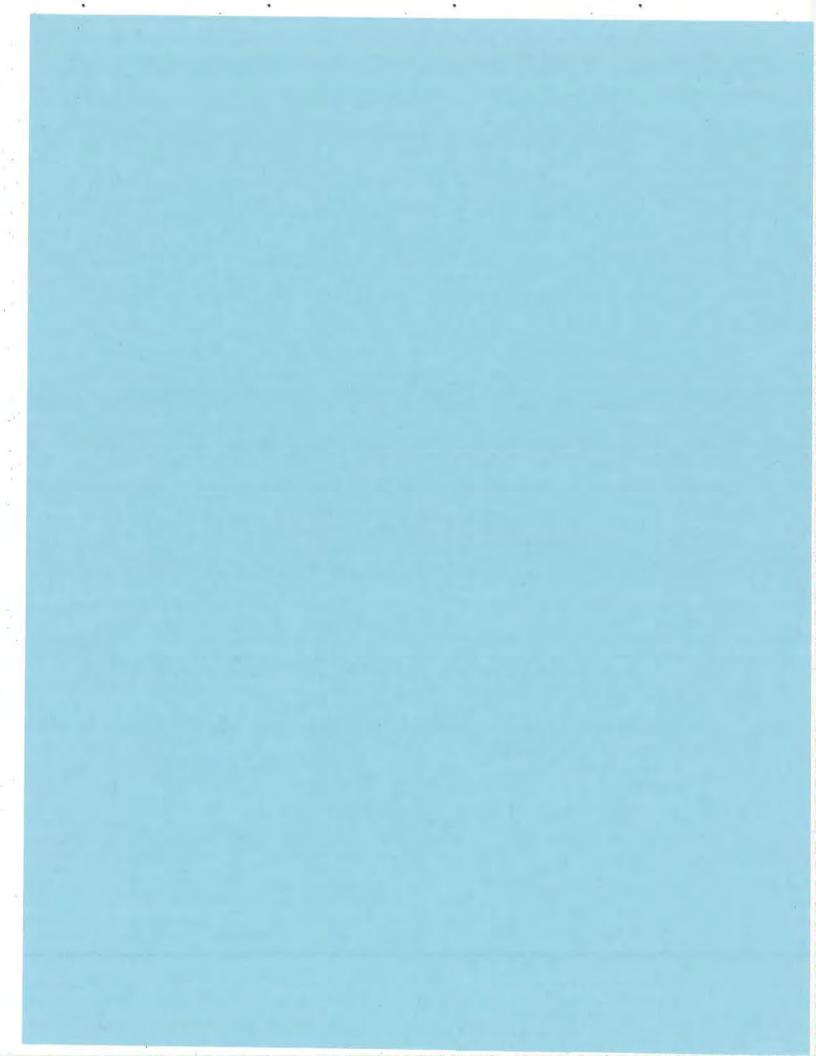
These expansion items are discussed in detail in the Salaries and Benefits Section.

	1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
DEBT SERVICE		
CONTINUATION RECOMMENDATION	\$83,501,058	\$80,516,283
EXPANSION		
1. Requirements for \$87.5 Million Prison Bonds	\$8,762,500	\$8,597,500
TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	\$92,263,558	\$89,113,783

# LEGISLATIVE ACTIONS: HIGHWAY FUND APPROPRIATIONS



# TRANSPORTATION



#### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 20, 63, 136 and 143B

The Department of Transportation is responsible for all modes of travel in North Carolina except for the State Ports. The two largest divisions in the Department are the Division of Highways and the Division of Motor Vehicles. In 1993, the Governor created a Deputy Secretary for Transit, Rail and Aviation to stress the importance of transportation modes other than highways. This new Deputy also oversees the Ferry Division, the Aviation Division, the Bicycle Program, and the Public Transportation and Rail Division.

The Governor appoints the Secretary of Transportation to direct the Department of Transportation and its 13,600+ employees and to chair the Board of Transportation. The Board of Transportation is a 23 member body that 1) approves the Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) which is a 7-year plan of all major transportation improvement projects; 2) allocates highway construction and maintenance funds; 3) awards all highway construction contracts; and, 4) assists the Secretary in the performance of his duties.

The Division of Highways is responsible for all highway construction and maintenance operations including bridge maintenance and ferry service. Highway construction is guided by the Highway Trust Fund enacted by the 1989 General Assembly. The Trust Fund's goals are 1) complete a 3,600 mile intrastate system of four-lane roads; 2) widen and improve 113 miles of existing interstate highways; 3) build multi-lane loops and connectors near 7 major cities; 4) pave all unpaved secondary roads by 2006; and, 5) provide additional funds for municipal streets.

The Division of Motor Vehicles is responsible for registering all motor vehicles and issuing drivers licenses to all qualified North Carolina drivers. This division also certifies school bus drivers, collects traffic accident data, administers the International Registration Plan for trucks, and enforces motor carrier laws.

		1993-94 Highway Fund	1994-95 Highway Fund
	VERNOR'S RECOMMENDED NTINUATION BUDGET	\$922,873,731	\$916,556,999
Cor	ntinuation Budget Changes:		
Trai	nsportation Administration		
1.	Public Affairs — Abolish Information and Communications Specialist I position	(38,264) (-1)	(38,264) (-1)
2.	Personnel — Abolish vacant Agency Safety Program Director III position	(49,402) (-1)	(49,402) (-1)
3.	Adopt-A-Highway — Reduce purchases of lit bags and vests		(33,000)
4.	Secretary's Office - Eliminate the following positions Special Assistant - Operations Secretary IV		

			1993-94 Highway Fund	1994-95 Highway Fund
		(3) Special Assistant - Regional Affairs Agency General Counsel Director Citizen Affairs		
		Public Information Asst. V	(\$443,744) (-8)	(\$443,744) (-8)
5.		cal - Abolish vacant Clerk III position	(22,619) (-1)	(22,619)
6.	SIP	nagement Information Systems — Reduce S payments due to lower utilization and er SIPS rates	(600,000)	(000 000)
7.		neral Services —	(600,000)	(600,000)
	(a)	Reduce Water, Heat, Power	(50,000)	(50,000)
	(b)	Reduce Janitorial Services	(100,000)	(100,000)
	(c)	Budget receipts - reimbursement by others	(5,000)	(5,000)
8.	Ass	t. Secretary for Administration —		(3,233)
	(a)	Abolish Admin. Asst. I (Travel Coordinator)	(31,882) (-1)	(31,882) (-1)
	(b)	Increase administrative allotment from Highway Trust Fund for costs of Century Center Complex	(33,550)	(33,550)
9.	Tran	sportation Planning Office —	( -,,	(00,000)
	(a)	Abolish Assistant Secretary - Planning		
	/L\	position	(79,799) (-1)	(79,799) (1)
	(b)	Abolish Secretary IV position	(28,824) (-1)	(28,824) (-1)
Trar	sport	tation Operations		
10.	State	e Highway Administrator — Reduce	(1,000)	(1,000)
11.	Chie Oper	f Engineer - Operations — Eliminate ations Reserve	(125,000)	(125,000)
12.	Asst Aboli positi	. <b>Highway Administrator - Preconstruction</b> sh vacant Staff Highway Engineer ion		(75,567) (-1)
				( ' /

		1993-94 Highway Fund	1994-95 Highway Fund
13.	Highway Design —		
	(a) Reduce educational expenses	(\$3,000)	(\$3,000)
	(b) Reduce Travel Expenses	(20,000)	(20,000)
	(c) Budget receipts for sale of maps, plans specs	s, (10,000)	(10,000)
14.	Maintenance —		
	(a) Reduce building supplies	(5,000)	(5,000)
	(b) Reduce rental of equipment	(5,000)	(5,000)
	(c) Eliminate vacant Transportation Engineer II position	(64,119) (-1)	(64,119) (-1)
15.	Construction —		
	(a) Reduce temporary labor	(5,467)	(5,467)
	(b) Reduce repairs and service	(25,000)	(25,000)
16.	Traffic Engineering — Eliminate rental of land	(500)	(500)
17.	Right of Way — Reduce temporary labor	(5,000)	(5,000)
18.	Support Services — Abolish State Highway Safety Engineer	(52,495) (-1)	(52,495) (-1)
19.	Division of Highways —		
	(a) Reduce building supplies	(37,112)	(37,112)
	(b) Reduce repairs and service to equipme	nt (5,000)	(5,000)
Tran	nsportation Construction and Maintenance		
20.	Ferry Division - Operations — (Fund 5300) Reduce overtime pay (\$75,000), temporary labor (\$300,000), and the cost of the Cedar Island-Ocracoke route (\$125,000)	(500,000)	(500,000)
21.	Special Appropriation for Highways — Eliminate reserve	(5,000)	(5,000)
22.	Federal Aid Matching - Reduce Federal Aid Matching Funds	(10,971,734)	(10,971,734)

			1993-94 Highway Fund	1994-95 Highway Fund
G	overno	or's Highway Safety Program		
23	B. Pla	nning and Administration -Reduce travel	(\$2,940)	(\$2,940)
Di	vision	of Motor Vehicles		
24	. Co	mmissioner's Office —		
	(a)	Abolish Chief Deputy II position	(83,358) (-1)	(83,358) (-1)
	(b)	Abolish Asst. Commissioner position	(84,029) (-1)	(84,029) (-1)
	(c)	Reduce temporary labor	(6,197)	(6,197)
	(d)	Reduce printing	(50,000)	(50,000)
	(e)	Budget receipts for sale of N.C. law books	(30,000)	_
25.	Veh	icle Registration —		
	(a)	Abolish 6 vacant positions	(143,257) (-6)	(143,257) (-6)
	(b)	Reduce temporary labor	(50,000)	(50,000)
	(c)	Reduce photographic supplies	(25,000)	(25,000)
26.		er Licensing —		
	(a)	Abolish vacant Clerk Typist III position	(21,802) (-1)	(21,802) (-1)
	(b)	Eliminate 2 Driver License positions	(86,486) (-2)	(86,486) (-2)
	(c)	Reduce Uniform Fund	-	(5,000)
27.	Traff posit	ic Records — Abolish 4 vacant ions	(86,362) (-4)	(86,362) (-4)
28.	Inter overt	national Reg. Plan — Reduce ime pay	(2,825)	(2,825)
Trar	nsport	ation Reserves		
29.	Drive to the	er Education — Reduce spending e 1992-93 authorized level	(1,316,229)	(1,316,229)
30.	sales	tax exemption due to adjustment in tax growth rate	14	
	ouics	MAN SIGNIFICATE	(200,000)	(200,000)

			1993-94 Highway Fund	1994-95 Highway Fund
31.	aspl	preseen Events — Reduce reserve for malt plant cleanup due to slow pace pending existing funds	(500,000)	
32.		nway Patrol — Reduce transfer for sion's operating expenses	(900,270)	(915,634)
Othe	er			
33.	GPA	C Savings		
	_	Eliminate one Accounting		
		Manager position in the Fiscal Section by July 1, 1993	(80,517) (-1)	(80,517) (-1)
	_	Eliminate four positions in Management Assessment and Compliance by December 31, 1993	(68,574) (-4)	(137,149) (-4)
	-	Eliminate four positions in the Division of Highways — 2000 series by July 1, 1993	(191,211) (-4)	(191,211) (-4)
		Subtotal	(340,302)	(408,877) (-9)
*	_	Eliminate 149 permanent positions		
		in the Division of Highways - 3000 series by July 1, 1993.	(3,210,943) (-149) NON-ADD	(3,210,943) (-149) NON-ADD
٠	_	Eliminate 30 permanent hourly positions in the Division of Highways - 3000 series by July 1, 1993. Permanent hourly jobs are not included in		
		position totals in the budget.	(438,400) NON-ADD	(438,400) NON-ADD

Because these are work order positions, there will be no direct savings to the Highway Fund. However, money will become available in the maintenance and construction accounts. Since fringe benefits are not budgeted for 3000 series positions, only salaries are subtracted.

TOTAL CONTINUATION REDUCTIONS	(\$17,361,135)	(\$16,920,074)
TOTAL CONTINUATION BUDGET	\$905.512.596	\$899,636,925

		1993-94 Highway Fund	1994-95 Highway Fund
E	XPANSION BUDGET		
Tı	ansportation Administration		
1.	Provide travel and office expenses for the new Safety Director in the Office of the Secretary	\$14,800	\$14,800
2.	Expand the imaging processing system in the Fiscal Section to enable the scanning of payroll forms.	168,957	
3.	Increase the Management Information Systems staff and pay the expenses to service new and existing systems.		33,000
4.	Provide funding to develop a new Vehicle Registration System.	1,055,181 (10)	881,591 (10)
5.	Provide supplemental funding to purchase additional computer hardware for the Driver License System.	3,701,000	2,059,000
	<ul><li>Data Processing Equipment</li><li>Operations Reserve</li></ul>	310,486 640,000	_
6.	Expand Planning capacity for Public Transit and Rail.	87,229 (2)	86,629
7.	Increase project management capacity for public transit and rail.	88,739	(2) 88,739
Tra	nsportation Operations	(2)	(2)
8.	Pay the expenses for additional safety personnel in the Occupational Safety and Emergency Planning Unit.	47,150	42,800
9.	Fund special traffic engineering equipment for the Traffic Engineering Unit.		
Maiı	ntenance	52,400	4,500
10.	Restore the reduction in Spot Safety required to balance the budget for the 1992-93 fiscal year	2,000,000	2,000,000

DEP	ARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (1993 Actions,	Continued)	
		1993-94 Highway Fund	1994-95 Highway Fund
11.	Increase funding for highway maintenance in the various highway systems as follows:		
	— Primary System	\$4,215,907	\$6,279,766
	<ul><li>Secondary System</li></ul>	7,409,776	11,037,164
	- Urban System	1,149,793	1,712,663
Divi	sion of Motor Vehicles		
12.	Replace microfilm equipment in the Traffic Records Section.	_	17,640
13.	Conform with OSHA standards to provide protection from bloodborne pathogens for the Enforcement Unit.	82,278	13,454
	<ul> <li>520 officers to be vaccinated for Hepatitis B in 1993-94</li> </ul>		
14.	Acquire imaging and optical disk storage filing for the Enforcement Unit	164,000	11,000
15.	Replace data processing equipment for the Enforcement Unit.	48,000	
16.	Computerize weigh station functions — Enforcement unit.	241,945	32,617
17.	Acquire data processing equipment for additional counties for the Motor Vehicle Exhaust Emission Inspection Unit.	19,900	3,500
Rese	erves and Transfers		
18.	Fund a Transportation Study in the Piedmont-Triad area in order to accelerate the regional transportation planning efforts underway in the Triad involving the High Point, Greensboro, and Winston-Salem MPOs.	222,750	346,500
19.	Transfer to the Department of Crime Control and Public Safety:		
41	(a) Fund the operating cost and new equipment for the new Troop "H" Headquarters.	t 1,004,672	799,198

(b)

Fund 50 new trooper positions,

2,154,624

2,539,922

		1993-94 Highway Fund	1994-95 Highway Fund
20.	Create reserve for Compensation Increase to reflect a two percent increase for positions supported from the Highway Fund. This number includes Compensation Increase for Driver Ed. (\$145,710)	7,109,156	7 100 150
21.	Create reserve for a one percent Incentive Compensation Bonus.	3,481,723	7,109,156
22.	Create reserve for Retirement formula change.	113,000	113,000
Rail	Program		,
23.	Provide supplemental funds for the Rail Program:		
	<ul> <li>Rail Safety Inspection Program for one rail safety supervisor and two rail safety inspectors as called for in HB 155 and SB 62.</li> </ul>		
	NOTE: These bills were not approved.	190,000	190,000
	<ul> <li>State funds to rehabilitate short line railroads and funding for a rail industrial access program.</li> </ul>	210,000	210,000
Publ	ic Transportation	_,,,,,,	210,000
24.	Fund formula assistance for urban public transit maintenance. Thirteen cities and one regional transit authority are included.	3,000,000	3,000,000
	Rural Public Transportation — Expand state participation in the funding of vehicles to allow a 70-20-10 federal-state-local funding ratio. Capital equipment is currently funded at 70-15-15. Additional funds would allow for the purchase of additional vehicles to meet the increased transportation demands placed on systems by programs serving the transportation disadvantaged, such as the JOBS Program.	300,000	300,000
26.	Assist in the Purchase of vehicles for Rural Human Service (Section 16) transportation systems. Standard vans for FY 94 are estimated to cost \$18,000. Increased funding would allow for the purchase of 24 additional vehicles. Forty-six (46) North Carolina counties are eligible for	000,000	300,000
1	this program.	400,000	400,000

		1993-94 Highway Fund	1994-95 Highway Fund
includ of Sal perce	small urban fixed route systems ing AppalCART (Town of Boone), City isbury, and City of Wilson with funding ntages comparable to those provided to transit systems.		\$100,000
and D Progr local service Service to reg emplo ninety	ase funding available for the Elderly Disabled Transportation Assistance am, which provides assistance to governments for transportation es to the elderly and disabled. Sees provided include transportation pional medical facilities, byment, and training. Currently 4-seven (97) counties receive funding this program.	500,000	500,000
29. Expar provid (unde provis citizer acces and e There gener	and general public transportation ded to citizens in rural areas r 50,000 population). The sion of state funds will enable as in rural areas to have better to employment, medical facilities, education and training opportunities. It are currently twenty-two (22) rural real public transportation systems ag thirty-eight (38) counties.	300,000	300,000
feder	ase total available to match al and local public transpor- capital and planning cts.	500,000	500,000
cost f	argo Authority — Pay the continuing for promotion of the Global TransPark other administrative cost of the prity.	750,000	750,000
and [	ase funding of Small Urban Discretionary Construction projects. Special Provision)	10,971,734	10,971,734
33. Incre	ase Highway and Bridge maintenance.	2,641,000	=
	national Air Service — Reserve for otion and development.	5,000,000	-
TOTAL EX	PANSION	\$60,831,498 (14)	\$52,063,075 (14)
TOTAL OP	ERATING BUDGET	\$966,344,094	\$951,700,000

1993-94	1994-95
(\$56,989) (-2)	(\$56,989) (-2)
(500,000)	(500,000)
(10,000,000)	_
(\$10,556,989)	(\$556,989) (-2)
	(\$56,989) (-2) (500,000) (10,000,000) (\$10,556,989)

NOTE: These funds will remain in the Equipment Fund and may be used for equipment purchase.

## **GPAC SAVINGS**

**	-	Eliminate 8 positions in the Division of Highways - Equipment		
4,1		Unit by July 1, 1993	(218,897) (-8)	(218,897) (-8)
02 mg/ ]	-	Eliminate 14 Equipment Operations Supervisors in the Equipment Unit	NON-ADD	NON-ADD
		on June 30, 1994		(589,456) (-14) NON-ADD

Because these positions are funded by the Equipment Fund, there will be no savings to the Highway Fund. Savings in this account can be used for the purchase of new equipment.

DEPARTMENT	OF TRAI	NSPORTATION	(1993 A	ctions	Continued)
DELAUTIMENT	OF INA	NOPURINDIN	(1990 /	willions,	Continued)

	·	1993-94	1994-95
HIG	HWAY TRUST FUND		
COI	NTINUATION REDUCTIONS		
1.	Public Affairs — Eliminate the following positions*:		
	<ul> <li>Information and Communications</li> <li>Specialist I</li> </ul>	0 (-1)	0 (-1)
	Artist Illustrator II	0 (-1)	0 (-1)
2.	Management Assessment —		
	(a) Reduce educational expenses	(\$4,000)	(\$4,000)
	(b) Reduce subsistence	(5,000)	(5,000)
	(c) Reduce travel	(4,000)	(4,000)
3,	Civil Rights — Eliminate professional fees	(15,000)	(15,000)
4.	Chief Engineer - Programs — Eliminate water, heat, power	(11,794)	(11,794)
тот	AL REDUCTIONS	(\$39,794)	(\$39,794)

These positions were created after the Governor submitted his budget to the General Assembly; thus, no funding is in the base budget. DOT has agreed to abolish the positions and return the funds to the Highway Trust Fund.

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## **EXPANSION BUDGET**

1. Increase the capacity of the Purchasing Section. The need for this increase is a result of the creation of the Highway Trust Fund.

\$58,328 \$58,328 (2) (2)

		1993-94 General Fund	1994-95 General Fund
1.	Aid to Railroads — Reduce aid based on previous year's dividends	(\$3,695)	
2.	Aid to Airports — Reduce aid based on new provision on aviation appropriation	(2,266,666)	(\$1,766,666)
GE	NERAL FUND REDUCTIONS	(\$2,270,361)	(\$1,766,666)

## SPECIAL PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN APPROPRIATION BILLS - 1993

SENATE BILL 27 (Chapter 321)

Section 18 Highway Fund Availability — Establishes the Highway Fund availability at \$963.63 million in FY 1993-94 and \$951.7 million in FY

1994-95.

Section 145 Permanent Hourly Worker Status — Requires the Department of

Transportation (DOT) to convert permanent hourly Highway Maintenance Workers to permanent full-time status. All permanent hourly workers receiving satisfactory job appraisals will be placed in

permanent positions by January 1, 1994.

Section 146 Repeal Additional Funds to Division of Motor Vehicles (DMV) —

Repeals G.S. 20-97 which allowed the Department of Transportation

to expend \$15,000 for emergencies.

Section 147 Rename North Carolina Elderly and Handicapped Transportation
Assistance Program — Changes G.S. 136-44.27 by substituting the

word "disabled" for the word "handicapped" to rename the program

the NC Elderly and Disabled Transportation Assistance Program.

Section 148 Small Urban Construction Program Funds — Establishes criteria for

expenditure of \$14 million in small urban funds and \$6 million in discretionary funds. Requires that members of the General Assembly be notified of projects in their districts prior to action by the Board of Transportation. Any funds used for rural secondary road construction are not subject to the county allocation formula. Quarterly reports are to be made to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight

Committee and the Fiscal Research Division.

Section 149 Implementing Selected GPAC Recommendations — Requires DOT

to report on the following issues:

1) The reorganization of civil rights-related functions within the Department;

- Plan to consolidate part-time driver licensing offices across the State:
- 3) Plans to enhance efficiency of the Vehicle Registration Process;
- 4) Plan to freeze preconstruction positions and contract out the balance of its preconstruction work to private engineering firms;
- 5) Plan meeting the construction needs of the Highway Trust Fund program with a minimum of new construction staff in the DOT and increasing the use of outside contract forces;
- 6) Plan to consolidate the equipment section resources associated with the 14 division garages and those 14 Department county garages located nearby;

7) Plan on maintenance staffing and on ways to increase efficiency within the maintenance work force.

Also directs the Secretary of Transportation to realign the Traffic Services sections in the 14 Divisions so that signal/traffic control personnel report to the Assistant Traffic Engineer and the pavement markings/signs personnel report to the Traffic Services Supervisor.

- Section 150 Equipment Fund Transfer Transfers \$10,000,000 from the DOT's Equipment Fund to the Highway Fund for the 1993-94 fiscal year.
- Section 151

  DOT to Report on Billboard Fees Provides that the DOT report to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee on the fees that it would need to adequately fund the billboard program.
- Section 152

  DMV to Report on Personnel Effects of New Computer System —
  Provides that DOT report to the Joint Legislative Transportation
  Oversight Committee on the savings to be realized in FY 1994-95 from
  a computer upgrade of the Driver Licensing and Vehicle Registration
  systems.
- Section 153

  Modify Aviation Appropriation Changes the procedure for allocating General Fund aid to airports. Formerly, DOT received an appropriation based on a Department of Revenue estimate of the sales and use tax paid by the aviation industry on aircraft, aircraft parts, aviation fuel and accessories. This provision would establish a base year grant amount of \$8.4 million and allow it to change as the state sales tax changes. The 1994-95 fiscal year grant is equal to the 1993-94 fiscal amount adjusted by the estimated sales tax inflation rate of 5.7%.
- Section 154

  DOT to Report on the Use of Inmate Labor Provides that DOT report to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee on the use of minimum and medium custody inmates. The report should 1) report requirements placed on the Department by statute and the state policy on the employment of prisoners, 2) report whether the use of inmate labor is cost effective, 3) report whether the cost sharing arrangement with Corrections is equitable with respect to the contributions from the DOT and the Highway Fund, and 4) conduct a cost-effective analysis comparing the cost and productivity of using inmate labor versus using temporary highway maintenance workers.
- Section 155

  Branch Agent Transaction Rate Establishes a \$.92 per transaction compensation rate for contract agents for the issuance of plates and certificates and collection of the highway use tax. This provision further delineates those activities defined as a transaction.
- Section 156

  Highway Fund Allocations by Controller Requires the DOT Controller to allocate sufficient funds to eliminate all overdrafts on state maintenance and construction projects.

Cash Flow Highway Fund and Highway Trust Fund Appropriations Section 157

- Provides authorization and certification of anticipated revenues for the Highway Fund and the Highway Trust Fund for the 1993-95 biennium for the purpose of "cash flowing" construction projects.

Highway Fund Limitations on Overexpenditures - Provides 10% Section 158

allowance over- or under-expenditures of funds without prior consultation with the Advisory Budget Commission. Requires report to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee for over- or under-expenditures greater than 10%. Over-expenditures for the pur-

pose of adding positions shall also be reported.

Resurfaced Roads May Be Widened — Authorizes up to 15% of Section 159 contract resurfacing funds to be used for widening existing narrow

pavements scheduled for resurfacing. Requires report to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee and the Fiscal

Research Division by May 15, 1994.

Highway Fund Adjustments to Reflect Actual Revenue - Provides Section 160

for any unreserved credit balance in the Highway Fund on June 30 of each fiscal year be used to support appropriations in the succeeding fiscal year. Requires actual revenue in excess of estimated revenue shall be placed in a reserve for highway maintenance and requires monthly reports to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight

Committee on the use of the reserve.

DOT to Pay Compensation of Attorneys Assigned to DMV by the Section 161 Attorney General - Provides three Attorney General attorneys

assigned to DMV will be compensated by the Highway Fund.

DOT Exemption From General Statutes for Experimental Project-Section 162

Congestion Management — Exempts from bidding and contracting laws a project on I-77 in the Charlotte urban area designed to reduce congestion, improve safety, and increase response time and services

when accidents occur.

DOT to Report on DMV Enforcement Section — Requires DOT to Section 163 report to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee on

efforts to restructure the Enforcement Section of the Division of Motor

Vehicles.

Disposition of Tax Proceeds From the Highway Trust Fund Section 164

Deposits into the General Fund the interest from the \$170 million transferred from the Highway Trust Fund to the General Fund each year. Since 1989 the interest on the \$170 million had remained in the

Trust Fund.

DMV Enforcement Efficiency Implementation Report — Requires Section 165 DOT to report to the Appropriations Committees on Transportation and the Fiscal Research Division on the implementation of the 1993-

94 expansion budget requests for computer equipment, computerized vehicle weighing systems, and the Optical Disk File Storage System.

Section 166

Major Resurfacing and Maintenance Projects to be in Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) — Requires DOT to report to the Appropriations Committees on Transportation and the Fiscal Research Division on a plan to include major resurfacing projects and major bridge and highway maintenance projects on the primary system In the Transportation Improvement Program issued pursuant to G.S. 143B-350(f)(4).

Section 167

Piedmont Triad Transportation Study — Directs the Board of Transportation to allocate \$222,750 in the 1993-94 fiscal year and \$346,500 in the 1994-95 fiscal year for a study of the transportation needs of the Piedmont Triad Area involving the metropolitan planning organizations of High Point, Greensboro, and Winston-Salem. A final report is to be made to the Board of Transportation and the General Assembly by May 31, 1995.

Section 168

State Highway Facilities Naming/Renaming Moratorium —
Requires the Board of Transportation to study the issue of naming or renaming bridges, highways and other facilities on the State highway system. After this study, the Board shall adopt guidelines for the naming or renaming of these entities, and until that time; there shall be a moratorium on the naming or renaming of bridges, highways, and other facilities on the State highway system.

Section 169.1 Secondary Road Funds Eligibility Modification — Directs DOT to maintain the streets and highways on the state highway system that are in municipalities established since 1989 that are ineligible for Powell Bill funds due to lack of a property tax. The state will also pave the unpaved state roads in these towns according to the paving priorities in each county.

Section 169.2

Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee — Changes G.S. 120-70.50 by changing the name of the Joint Legislative Highway Oversight Committee to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee. Expands the Committee's powers to review all transportation related matters and to oversee the spending of Highway or Highway Trust funds.

Section 169.3

Visitor and Welcome Center Funds — Provides that \$325,000 for the 1993-94 fiscal year and \$375,000 for the 1994-95 fiscal year shall be transferred from the Special Registration Plate Fund to visitor centers in Camden, Brunswick, Macon, Watauga, and Caswell counties.

**Section 169.4**Farm Equipment Dealer Plate Usage — Allows a dealer who sells, trades, or services farm tractors to use a dealer license plate on a vehicle that is owned by the dealer and used to haul farm tractors or other farm-related equipment.

Section 169.5

Some Temporary Ferry Division Positions Converted to Permanent Full-Time Positions — Allows the Secretary of Transportation to convert temporary Ferry Division employees to permanent full-time status if they have been working full-time for 24 months. There are 16 positions that this provision could affect.

Section 224

Purchase Transportation Services for Pregnant Women and Children on Medicaid — Continues the annual \$300,000 appropriation from the General Fund to DOT for the purchase of transportation services for pregnant women and children on Medicaid.

## SENATE BILL 26 (Chapter 561)

Section 5

Capital Improvements/Highway Fund — (b) Allows DOT to buy land and to begin the design of a new office complex in Winston-Salem using the proceeds from the sale of land in Rowan County.

(c) Authorizes the use of proceeds from the sale of land in Goldsboro for construction of a maintenance facility in Nashville.

Section 7

Highway Fund Availability Increase — Increases the beginning credit balance by \$12 million due to over-collections in the Highway Fund primarily from the gasoline tax.

Section 64

DOT to Develop Criteria for Nonbetterment Contributions — Requires DOT to study the issue of relocating utility lines owned by counties and water and sewer districts. The Department is to develop criteria for state participation in relocating the above based on the district's or county's ability to pay, the per capita income of the population served, and the supporting tax base. DOT is to report on the developed criteria by October 1, 1993, to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee.

Section 65

Highway Fund and Highway Trust Fund Small Project Bidding — Allows the Department of Transportation to select three Small Business Enterprises from which to receive bids on projects of \$300,000 or less. Of these three, the contract would be awarded to the lowest bidder. Waives the bond requirement for contracts awarded under the provision. Requires a report to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee on the implementation of this provision.

Section 66

Management Assessment and Compliance Positions Recreated — Allows DOT to recreate three positions in the Management Assessment and Compliance unit that were abolished by the Appropriations Committee.

Section 67

Reserve for Promotion and Development of International Air Service — Creates a \$5 million reserve in DOT to acquire, promote and develop international air service to North Carolina.

Section 68

Planning Funds for Replacement Trestle — Appropriates \$250,000 from the General Fund to plan the replacement of the railroad trestle from Radio Island in Morehead City.

Section 69

Highway 264 Rest Area — Permits the purchase of land with the Appropriation that was made for this rest area in 1989.

Section 72

Section 70

DOT Vehicles Exemption — Exempts DOT from minimum mileage utilization requirements and requires quarterly reports to the Joint Legislative Commission of Governmental Operations and the Joint

Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee.

Section 71 Transportation Oversight Study Diesel Fuel Consumption —
Directs the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee to study the taxation of diesel fuel in North Carolina versus the fuel tax policy of other South Atlantic states.

Global TransPark Zone Infrastructure Funds — Appropriates \$7.5 million from the General Fund to a trust account for the Global TransPark Development Zone for economic development projects and infrastructure construction projects.

# SALARIES AND BENEFITS

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## SALARY CHANGES FOR EMPLOYEES SUPPORTED BY THE STATE

#### A SALARY INCREASES

(1) Across-the-Board Salary Increase — The 1993 Session of the General Assembly enacted the following General Fund and Highway Fund appropriations to provide a salary increase effective July 1, 1993 for employees paid from State funds:

	1990-94	1554-55
General Fund	\$112,052,142	\$116,549,560
Highway Fund	7,109,156	7,109,156
TOTAL	\$119,161,298	\$123,658,716

(2) Compensation Bonus — The 1993 Session of the General Assembly enacted the following General Fund and Highway Fund appropriations to provide a one-time compensation bonus of 1% of the employees' annual salary to be paid in either in December 1993 or June 1994 to all State, university, community college and school system employees. Assistant principals and principals who did not receive a 2% increase as a result of their placement on their new salary schedule will receive the difference between their percentage increase and 2% not to exceed 1%. Teachers will not receive the one-time compensation bonus.

	1993-94
General Fund	\$34,244,460
Highway Fund	3,481,723
TOTAL	\$37,726,183

- (3) Restoration of June 30 Paydate The 1993 Session of the General Assembly appropriated \$214,200,000 from the General Fund so that State employees, university and community college employees will be paid on June 30, 1994 instead of July 1, 1994 for service rendered in June of 1994.
- Accordance with the State Personnel Act The 1993 Session of the General Assembly enacted legislation which establishes a structured program to award salary increases of two percent to employees subject to the State Personnel Act. The Comprehensive Compensation System consists of three components: career growth recognition award, cost of living adjustment, and performance bonus. An employee may receive all three adjustments within a 12-month period, if the employee's performance evaluation equals or exceeds the level of performance required for each component. Available monies to fully fund the components of the plan will be assigned first to the growth recognition award, then to cost-of-living adjustments, and lastly to performance bonuses.

The legislation creates an 11-member Task Force on the Implementation of a Comprehensive Compensation System for State Employees in the Office of the Governor. Its purpose is to develop a plan for moving State employees into the System and to report to the Governor and the General Assembly on that plan before March 1, 1994.

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# SALARY CHANGES FOR EMPLOYEES SUPPORTED BY THE STATE (1993 Actions, Continued)

The legislation further requires the Office of State Personnel to study the State Personnel System, including employee classifications, salary schedules, pay equity, pay inequities, and placement of employees under the Comprehensive Compensation System in accordance with years of experience. The legislation was effective upon ratification, July 18, 1993, with the portions concerning salary issues being applicable to compensation earned on or after July 1, 1994.

## B. GENERAL SALARY INCREASES

- (1) Employees Whose Salaries are Set in Accordance with the State Personnel Act — The 1993 Session of the General Assembly authorized a 2% across-the-board salary increase for all State employees whose salaries are set in accordance with the State Personnel Act, effective July 1, 1993.
- (2) Employees Whose Salaries are Not Set in Accordance with the State Personnel Act The 1993 Session increased the salaries of employees of the Judicial Department, the General Assembly, and employees of the Executive Branch of State Government whose salaries are not set in accordance with the State Personnel Act by 2% across-the-board effective July 1, 1993.
- (3) Employees of the University System Exempt from the State Personnel Act The 1993 Session authorized funds for an average annual salary increase of 2% effective July 1, 1993, for employees of the University System whose salaries are exempt from the State Personnel Act effective July 1, 1993, to be awarded to individuals based on the rules of the University Board of Governors.
- (4) Community College Institutional Employees The 1993 Session authorized funds for an average annual salary increase of 2% effective July 1, 1993, for institutional employees of the Community College System effective July 1, 1993.
- (5) Employees of the Public Schools -
  - (a) Superintendents, Assistant Superintendents, Associate Superintendents, Supervisors, Directors, Coordinators, Evaluators and Program Administrators The 1993 Session of the General Assembly appropriated funds for a 2% across-the-board salary increase effective July 1, 1993, for superintendents, assistant superintendents, associate superintendents, supervisors, directors, coordinators, evaluators and program administrators.
  - (b) Principals and Assistant Principals The 1993 Session of the General Assembly appropriated funds to establish a salary schedule for school-based administrators only for principals and assistant principals. The entry level salary for assistant principals is 3% higher than the graduate level teacher with four years of experience. There is approximately 2% between each step of the salary schedule. As the teacher salary schedule increases in future years, the assistant principal's salary schedule will increase maintaining this same relationship. An assistant principal is placed on the schedule based on their total number of years of experience as a certified public school employee. The beginning salary for an assistant principal under the new schedule, when it is fully implemented, will be \$23,710 for a 10 month contract and \$28,452 for a 12 month contract.

Placement of the principal salary schedule is based upon three factors. The number of state funded teachers and assistant principals supervised by the principal; the total years of experience as a certified public school employee; and an additional step for each three years of experience as a principal.

Initial placement in 1993-94 for principals and assistant principals on the schedule in 1993-94 is governed by the following rules. If placement would result in less than a 1% increase, the increase will be at least 1%. If placement would result in an increase of greater than 3%, the individual will be placed on the highest grade and step where the salary is not greater than 3%. Additional salary increases that result from promotions during the 1993-94 fiscal year will be limited to a maximum of 3%.

Principals who are moved from a larger to a smaller school are moved on the schedule, as if they had spent their entire career in the smaller school. If the move is to a larger school the same rule applies.

Out-of-state principals who move to North Carolina are assigned to the new schedule based on separate rules set out in this section.

Principals and assistant principals will continue to receive \$126 per month for a six year degree and \$253 per month for a doctoral degree.

The provision in the law that require that superintendents be paid at least 1% more than the highest state paid principal was eliminated. Superintendents previously receiving these payments will continue, as long as they meet the criteria established under the original statute.

The 1993 General Assembly also provided that the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee may consider and recommend salary schedules for the other school administrators.

The salary schedule for the 1993-94 fiscal year is as follows:

Step	Asst. Prin.	Prin.	Prin.	Prin. III	Prin. IV	Prin V		n. Prin. /I VII
0	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_
1	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	_
2	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_
3	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_
4	\$2,371	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
5	2,418	_	_	-	-	_	_	_
6	2,466	_		-	-	_	_	-
7	2,515		_	-	-	_	_	_
8	2,565	\$2,565	-	_	_	_	_	-
9	2,616	2,616	_	_	_	_	_	_
10	2,668	2,668	\$2,721	_	_	-	_	-
11	2,721	2,721	2,775	_	-	_	_	_
12	2,775	2,775	2,831	\$2,888		_	_	_
13	2,831	2,831	2,888	2,946	\$3,005	-	_	_
14	2,888	2,888	2,946	3,005	3,065	\$3,126	_	
15	2,946	2,946	3,005	3,065	3,126	3,189	_	— ·
16	3,005	3,005	3,065	3,126	3,189	3,253	\$3,318	_
17	3,065	3,065	3,126	3,189	3,253	3,318	3,384	\$3,452

SALARY CHANGES FOR EMPLOYEES SUPPORTED BY THE STATE (1993 Actions, Continued)

Step	Asst. Prin.	Prin.	Prin. II	Prin. III	Prin. IV	Prin V	Pi	rin. Pr VI V	in.
18	3,126	3,126	3,189	3,253	3,318	3,384	2 450		
19	3,189	3,189	3,253	3,318	3,384	3,452	3,452	3,521	
20	3,253	3,253	3,318	3,384	3,452	•	3,521	3,591	
21	3,318	3,318	3,384	3,452	3,521	3,521	3,591	3,663	
22	3,384	3,384	3,452	3,521	3,591	3,591	3,663	3,736	
23	3,452	3,452	3,521	3,591	3,663	3,663	3,736	3,811	
24	3,521	3,521	3,591	3,663		3,736	3,811	3,887	
25	3,591	3,591	3,663	3,736	3,736	3,811	3,887	3,965	
26	3,663	3,663	3,736	3,736	3,811	3,887	3,965	4,044	
27	3,736	3,736	3,811	3,887	3,887	3,965	4,044	4,125	
28	3,811	3,811	3,887		3,965	4,044	4,125	4,208	
29	3,887	3,887	3,965	3,965	4,044	4,125	4,208	4,292	
30	3,965	3,965	4,044	4,044	4,125	4,208	4,292	4,378	
31	4,044	4,044		4,125	4,208	4,292	4,378	4,466	
32	7,077	4,125	4,125	4,208	4,292	4,378	4,466	4,555	
33	-	4,125	4,208	4,292	4,378	4,466	4,555	4,646	
34		-	4,292	4,378	4,466	4,555	4,646	4,739	
35	_	_	4,378	4,466	4,555	4,646	4,739	4,834	
36		_	-	4,555	4,646	4,739	4,834	4,931	
37	_	_	-	4,646	4,739	4,834	4,931	5,030	
38	-	_	_	_	4,834	4,931	5,030	5,131	
39	_	_	_	-	-	5,030	5,131	5,234	
40	_	_	-	-	-	_	5,234	5,339	
41	_	_	_	_	_	_	5,339	5,446	
41	-	_	-		-	-	-	5,555	

#### SCHEDULE FOR PLACEMENT

	NU	IMBER OF
GRADE	CLASSIFICATION TEACH	ERS SUPERVISED
1 2 3	Assistant Principal Principal I Les Principal II 11-	ss than 11 Teachers 21 Teachers
4 5 6 7	Principal IV 33- Principal V 44- Principal VI 55-	32 Teachers 43 Teachers 54 Teachers 65 Teachers
	Data at 1 NO	65 Teachers re than 65 Te

(b) Teachers — The 1993 General Assembly appropriated funds equivalent to an average annual salary increase of 3% for teachers effective July 1, 1993. The teacher salary schedule was revised by increasing the beginning salary of the first year teacher with a bachelor's degree to \$20,002 per 10 month school year, and adjusting all the remaining steps on the schedule.

The schedule as in previous years is based on years of experience and degrees, with 2% between each step. The schedule increases the payments for advanced degrees to \$126 per month for a six year degree, and \$256 per month for a doctoral degree. The teacher salary schedule is as follows:

#### TEACHER SALARY SCHEDULE (Effective July 1, 1993)

"A" T	EACHERS	"G" TEACHERS		
Years of	1993-94	Years of	1993-94	
Experience	Salary	Experience	Salary	
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	\$2,002 2,042 2,083 2,125 2,168 2,211 2,255 2,300 2,346 2,393 2,441 2,490 2,540 2,540 2,540 2,591 2,643 2,696 2,750 2,805 2,861 2,918 2,976 3,036 3,097 3,159 3,222 3,286 3,352	00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	\$2,127 2,170 2,213 2,257 2,302 2,348 2,395 2,443 2,542 2,542 2,542 2,593 2,645 2,698 2,752 2,807 2,863 2,920 2,978 3,038 3,099 3,161 3,224 3,288 3,354 3,421 3,489 3,559	
27	3,419	27	3,630	
28	3,487	28	3,703	
29 +	3,557	29+	3,777	

28

29 +

#### TEACHERS AT SIX-YEAR TEACHERS AT DOCTORAL DEGREE LEVEL DEGREE LEVEL Years of 1993-94 Years of 1993-94 Experience Salary Experience Salary 00 \$2,253 00 \$2,380 01 2,296 01 2,423 02 2.339 02 2,466 03 2,383 03 2.510 04 2,428 04 2,555 05 2,474 05 2,601 06 2,521 06 2,648 07 2.569 07 2,696 80 2,618 80 2.745 09 2,668 09 2,795 10 2,719 10 2,846 11 2,771 11 2,898 12 2,824 12 2,951 13 2,878 13 3,005 14 2,933 14 3,060 15 2,989 15 3,116 16 3,046 16 3,173 17 3,104 17 3,231 18 3,164 18 3,291 19 3,225 19 3,352 20 3,287 20 3,414 21 3,350 21 3,477 22 3,414 22 3,541 23 3.480 23 3,607 24 3,547 24 3.674 25 3.615 25 3,742 26 3,685 26 3,812 27 3,756 27 3,883

Noncertified Employees Except School Bus Drivers — The 1993 Session authorized funds for a 2% across-the-board salary increase effective July 1, 1993, for non-certified employees of the public schools except school bus drivers. The General Assembly also requires that by the 1995-96 school year, local boards of education place state-allotted office support personnel, teacher assistants, and custodial personnel on the salary schedule adopted by the State Board of Education. The average salary paid to each category must equal the state allotted amount. The average salary paid in 1993-94 in each category must be 2% higher than than the average salary paid in that category during 1992-93. The State Board of Education must report on the implementation of this provision to the General Assembly in 1994 and 1995.

28

29 +

3,829

3,903

(d) School Bus Drivers — The 1993 Session appropriated funds so that the pay rates adopted by local boards of education for school bus drivers for the 1993-94 year could be increased by 2% on or after July 1, 1993.

3,956

4,030

#### C. SPECIFIED SALARY INCREASES

(1) <u>Legislators</u> — Beginning with the 1995 General Assembly, legislators will receive the following annual salaries by action of the 1993 Session of the General Assembly, which reflect the same 2% annual salary increase authorized for state employees by the 1993 Session.

Legislator	New Salary
House Speaker	\$36,334
Senate President Pro Tempore	36,334
House Speaker Pro Tempore	20,704
Senate Deputy President Pro Tempore	20,704
House & Senate Majority Leaders	16,236
House & Senate Minority Leaders	16,236
Other Legislators	13,287

Even with the increases in legislative salaries authorized by the 1993 Session for members in 1995, North Carolina still has the distinction of having among the lowest paid legislators in the nation.

- (2) Governor The 1993 Session of the General Assembly authorized a 2% salary increase for the Governor from \$91,938 to \$93,777 effective July 1, 1993.
- (3) <u>Judicial Personnel</u> The 1993 Session provided a 2% salary increase for the following officials of the Judicial Department, effective July 1, 1993. These new annual salaries are:

Officials	New Salary 1993-94
Chief Justice, Supreme Court	\$93,777
Associate Justice, Supreme Court	91,855
Chief Judge, Court of Appeals	88,930
Judge, Court of Appeals Judge, Senior	86,996
Regular Resident Superior Court	79,823
Judge, Superior Court	77,289
Chief Judge, District Court	68,256
Judge, District Court	65,674
District Attorney	71,965
Assistant District Attorney — An average of	46,738
Administrative Officer of the Courts Assistant Administrative Officer	79,823
of the Courts	65,160
Public Defender	71,965
Assistant Public Defender — An average of	46,738
Superior Court Clerks	New Salary 1993-94
Less than 100,000 population	\$48,391
100,000 to 149,999 population	54,621
150,000 to 249,999 population	62,247
250,000 and above population	68,256

In addition to providing a 2% across-the-board increase, the 1993 General Assembly changed the salary schedule for court clerks by increasing the population categories from three to four. By increasing these population categories, four Clerks were authorized to receive an additional \$7,626 annual salary increase and five Clerks were authorized to receive an additional \$6,009 annual salary increase.

Assistant Superior Court Clerks	New Salary 1993-94
Minimum	\$20,712
Maximum	35,967
Deputy Superior Court Clerks	New Salary 1993-94
Minimum	\$16,560
Maximum	27,705

The 1993 General Assembly increased the minimum annual salary for Deputy Clerks by 2% and the maximum annual salary for Assistant and Deputy Clerks by 2%, and provided that only those at the maximum of the salary schedule would receive the 2% increase. All other Assistant and Deputy Clerk will receive an annual step increase in the salary schedule.

Magistrates	New Salary 1993-94
Less than 1 year's service	\$17,399
1 or more but less than 3 years' service	18,293
3 or more but less than 5 years' service	20,092
5 or more but less than 7 years' service	22,075
7 or more but less than 9 years' service	
9 or more but less than 11 years' service	24,290
11 or more years' service	26,702
Thora years service	29.333

(4) Council of State — The 1993 Session of the General Assembly provided a 2% across-the-board salary increase for members of the Council of State effective July 1, 1993. These new annual salaries are:

Council of State	New Salary 1993-94
Lieutenant Governor Attorney General Secretary of State State Treasurer State Auditor Superintendent of Public Instruction Agriculture Commissioner Insurance Commissioner Labor Commissioner	\$77,289 77,289 77,289 77,289 77,289 77,289 77,289 77,289 77,289

(5) Governor's Cabinet — The 1993 Session of the General Assembly authorized a 2% across-the-board salary increase for members of the Governor's Cabinet, effective July 1, 1993, as follows:

Cabinet	New Salary 1993-94
Administration Secretary	\$77,289
Commerce Secretary	77,289
Correction Secretary	77,289
Crime Control Secretary	77,289
Cultural Resources Secretary	77,289
Human Resources Secretary	77,289
Environment, Health and Natural	
Resources Secretary	77,289
Revenue Secretary	77,289
Transportation Secretary	77,289

(6) Certain Executive Officers — Based upon the Separation of Powers Act of 1983, as amended, the new annual salaries, effective July 1, 1993, for certain executive officials are as follows, which include the 2% annual salary increase authorized by the 1993 Session of the General Assembly:

Officials	New Salary 1993-94
State Controller Chairman, Alcoholic Beverage Control	\$120,301
Commission	74,389
Commissioner of Motor Vehicles	74,389
Commissioner of Banks	74,389
Chairman, Employment Security Commission	74,389
State Personnel Director	77,289
Chairman, Parole Commission	67,926
Members of the Parole Commission	62,712
Chairman, Industrial Commission	66,837
Members of the Industrial Commission	65,209
Executive Director, Agency for Public	
Telecommunications	62,712
General Manager, Ports Railway Commission	56,628
Executive Director, Art Museum	76,225
Executive Director, Wildlife Resources	
Commission	64,205
Executive Director, Housing Finance Agency Executive Director, Agricultural	92,063
Finance Authority	72,406
Director, Office of Administrative Hearings	65,674

(7) Salary Increases for Legislative Principal Clerks, Sergeants-at-Arms, and Reading Clerks — The annual salaries of the Principal Clerks in the House of Representatives and Senate were increased by 2% to \$47,620 effective July 1, 1993. Likewise, the salaries of the Sergeants-at-Arms and Reading Clerks in the House of Representatives and Senate were increased to \$223 per week effective July 1, 1993.

- D. Salary Increase Funds to Local Governments At a General Fund cost of an additional \$5,581,668 for 1993-94, the 1993 Session of the General Assembly tried to partially offset increases to local governments receiving state funds. The additional form of state aid to local governments is to be used only for salary increases to local government employees and for contracted personal services provided by nongovernmental and nonprofit entities serving state and local governments to the extent that State funds support local employee salaries and locally-contracted personal services scheduled to be renewed during 1993-94.
- E. Wage Floor for the Lowest Paid State Employees The 1993 General Assembly raised the hiring rate of Salary Grade 50 to \$12,877, Salary Grade 51 to \$12,977, and Salary Grade 52 to \$13,079, effective July 1, 1993.

#### BENEFIT CHANGES FOR STATE AND LOCAL PERSONNEL

#### CONVERT EXCESS ANNUAL LEAVE TO SICK LEAVE

The 1993 Session of the General Assembly allowed all school employees and State employees to convert any excess annual vacation leave over 240 hours or 30 days as of June 30th of each year for school employees and December 31st of each year for State employees to sick leave. This additional sick leave can be used for salary continuation purposes if needed or, if not used, can be used to increase the creditable service at retirement by one month for each 20 days or portion thereof. The maximum number of sick leave days that can be added at retirement is 12 days for each year the member has contributed to the system.

#### SICK LEAVE BANKS

The 1993 Session of the General Assembly directed the State Board of Education to adopt rules for the establishment of sick leave banks for school employees by local boards of education effective January 1, 1994. Employees who elect to join and deposit sick leave would be eligible to withdraw leave after exhaustion of personal sick and annual leave in the event of emergency or catastrophic illness or accident. The appropriation was \$1 million for 1993-94 and \$1 million for 1994-95.

#### LEAVE FOR NON-CERTIFIED SCHOOL PERSONNEL

The 1993 Session of the General Assembly permitted teacher assistants and other instructional personnel who do not require a substitute to use annual leave when the students are scheduled to be in school.

#### **ROLL-OVERS TO 401(K) PLAN**

The 1993 Session of the General Assembly clarified the law that would allow the Department of State Treasurer and the Board of Trustees of the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan to accept funds transferred from other qualified plans to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan if the other qualified plan allows for transfers and the transfer will not jeopardize the qualified status of our plan. Since 1989, when State income tax laws were changed, allowing transfers will not have adverse tax consequences to the State.

#### FICA SAVING TO BE USED FOR ADMINISTRATIVE CHARGES

The 1993 Session of the General Assembly continued to allow the Director of the Budget to use savings, through December 31, 1994, resulting from a reduction in the employer's share of contributions of FICA taxes as a result of the reduction in salary for all employees participating in the Dependent Care Assistant Program and Flexible Compensation Plan.

#### EFFECTIVE DATE OF HIGHER DEATH BENEFIT CHANGES

The 1993 Session of the General Assembly changed the effective date of the death benefit changes enacted in 1988 from August 1, 1988 to the date of ratification which was July 12, 1998. This date change resulted in a higher death benefit payable to 16 beneficiaries of teachers and state employees who died between these dates at a one-time cost of \$186,000 to be paid from the Death Benefit Plan.

### EXPENSE ALLOWANCES INCREASED FOR LEGISLATORS

Effective upon the convening of the 1995 Session of the General Assembly, the monthly expense allowances will be increased for legislators. The new allowances will be:

Legislators	Monthly Expense
House Speaker	\$1,346
Senate President Pro Tempore	1,346
House Speaker Pro Tempore	796
Senate Deputy President Pro Tempore	796
House & Senate Majority Leaders	634
House & Senate Minority Leaders	634
Other Legislators	532

The increased expense allowances generally reflect a 2% increase in rates over the ones authorized for the 1993 Session of the General Assembly. Such an increase was in keeping with established State policy that legislators should be compensated with percentage salary and expense increases equal to salary increases authorized for employees of the State, which increased 2% for 1993-94 by action of the 1993 General Assembly.

#### MILEAGE RATE INCREASED

Effective August 1, 1993, the 1993 General Assembly increased the mileage rate for State employees using private automobiles from 25¢ to the business standard mileage rate set by the Internal Revenue Service which presently is 28¢ per mile. Also, effective upon the convening of the 1995 Session of the General Assembly the mileage rate for weekly round-trips from residence to Raleigh for legislators will be increased to the business standard mileage rate set by the Internal Revenue Service which presently is 28¢ per mile.

## RETIREMENT AND PENSION CHANGES FOR STATE AND LOCAL PERSONNEL

#### A. CURRENTLY-EMPLOYED EMPLOYEES

- (1) Benefit Accrual Rate Increased Effective July 1, 1993, the benefit accrual rate, or retirement formula, was increased in the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System from 1.70% to 1.71% of average final compensation per year of creditable service. The effect of this increase will be to increase the annual retirement allowance of all employees who retire on and after July 1, 1993 by 0.6%. The General Assembly funded the increase with an additional appropriation and with unencumbered actuarial gains within the System, as of December 31, 1991. The increase cost some \$9.5 million annually from the General Fund and \$810,000 from the Highway Fund for active employees.
- Additional Employer Contributions to the University Employee Optional Retirement Program The 1993 Session of the General Assembly increased the State's employer contribution rate for University faculty and administrators participating in the Optional Retirement Program's fixed and variable life annuities from 6.46% to 6.50% of an employee's compensation, effective July 1, 1993. Such a change was made at a cost to the General Fund of some \$102,000 for 1993-94 to be financed out of existing appropriations to the University System.
- Additional Employer Contributions to the Teachers' and State Employees'
  Retirement System The 1993 Session of the General Assembly increased the State's employer contribution rate for the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System from 8.35% to 8.38% of total employees' compensation, effective July 1, 1993. This additional contribution was needed in addition to actuarial gains within the System, as of December 31, 1991. Such a change was made at an annual cost for 1993-94 of some \$1,316,400 from the General Fund and \$113,000 from the Highway Fund.
- (4) Convert Excess Annual Leave to Sick Leave The 1993 Session of the General Assembly allowed all school employees and State employees to convert any excess annual vacation leave over 240 hours or 30 days as of June 30th of each year for school employees and December 31st of each year for State employees to sick leave. This additional sick leave can be used for salary continuation purposes if needed or, if not used, can be used to increase the creditable service at retirement by one month for each 20 days or portion thereof. The maximum number of sick leave days that can be added at retirement is 12 days for each year the member has contributed to the system. The General Assembly funded this conversion of leave with an additional appropriation and with actuarial gains within the System, as of December 31, 1991 at an annual cost of some \$7.9 million from the General Fund and \$675,000 from the Highway Fund.
- (5) Guaranteed Return of Member's Contributions The 1993 Session of the General Assembly provided that in the event of the death of the retiree and/or the designed beneficiary, regardless of which option is selected, any remaining contributions and interest of retirees, will be paid to a named beneficiary. These changes eliminated some options and modified some other options available to retirees on or after July 1, 1993.

#### RETIREMENT AND PENSION CHANGES FOR STATE AND LOCAL PERSONNEL

(1993 Actions, Continued)

The General Assembly funded the guaranteed return of contributions with an additional appropriation and with actuarial gains within the System, as of December 31, 1991 at an annual cost of some \$4.8 million from the General Fund and \$413,000 from the Highway Fund.

- (6) Retirement Contributions Reduced to the Consolidated Judicial Retirement System The 1993 Session of the General Assembly reduced the employer contribution rate to the Consolidated Judicial Retirement System effective July 1, 1993 by 1.2% of covered salary. The rate reduction reduced the General Fund appropriation by \$352,800.
- (7) Legislator's Service Purchase The 1993 Session of the General Assembly allowed any active or retired member of the Legislative Retirement System who served during January 1985 to purchase this one month of service. Contributions were not made to the Retirement System for this month due to delaying the convening of the 1985 Session until February. The General Fund cost to allow this benefit is \$27,200.
- (8) Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund The 1993 Session of the General Assembly allowed members of the Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund to purchase any service for which they do not have credit by paying the "full actuarial" cost.

#### B. RETIRED EMPLOYEES

Cost-of-Living Adjustment in Retirement Allowances for Retired Teachers, State Employees, Judges, District Attorneys, Superior Court Clerks, and Local Government Employees - Effective July 1, 1993, the General Assembly provided a 1.6% increase in the retirement allowances paid to beneficiaries in three of the State-administered Systems whose retirement began on or before July 1, 1992. In addition, beneficiaries who retired after July 1, 1992, and before June 30, 1993, were authorized an increase in their retirement allowances on July 1, 1993, equal to a pro-rated amount of the 1.6% increase provided to those who retired on or before July 1, 1992. The pro-rated amount will be determined by the Retirement Systems' Board of Trustees based upon the number of months that a retirement allowance was paid during 1992-93. The 1.6% increase was granted to retired beneficiaries so as to give them a comparable increase to the funds equivalent to a 2.0% salary increase provided for currently-employed employees. Comparability was determined by the relative impact of the increase upon the average net disposable income of each group of active and retired employees, considering payroll deductions for retirement contributions, Social Security taxes, state income withholding taxes, and federal income withholding taxes required by law of each group. This increase in retirement allowances was funded out of unencumbered actuarial gains in the following Retirement Systems as of December 31, 1991: Teachers' and State Employees' - \$11.8 million annually from the General Fund and \$1 million annually from the Highway Fund, Consolidated Judicial - \$106,000 annually; and Local Governmental Employees' - \$2.1 million annually.

#### RETIREMENT AND PENSION CHANGES FOR STATE AND LOCAL PERSONNEL

(1993 Actions, Continued)

- Cost-of-Living Adjustment in Retirement Allowances for Retired Legislators Effective July 1, 1993, the General Assembly provided a 1.6% increase in the retirement allowances paid to beneficiaries of the Legislative Retirement System retired on or before January 1, 1993, comparable to the same type of increases granted to retired beneficiaries of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. In addition, beneficiaries who retired after January 1, 1993, and before June 30, 1993, were authorized an increase in their retirement allowances on July 1, 1993, equal to a pro-rated amount of the 1.6% increase provided to those who retired on or before January 1, 1993. The increase was granted at an annual cost of \$24,000.
- Additional Increase in Retirement Allowances for Retired Teachers and State Employees Corresponding to an Increase in the Benefit Accrual Rate Effective July 1, 1993, retired beneficiaries of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System had their retirement allowances increased by 0.6% to reflect the increase in the benefit accrual rate for currently-employed employees to 1.71% which was authorized by the 1993 General Assembly, effective July 1, 1993. This additional retirement allowance increase was funded out of unencumbered actuarial gains available to the Retirement System as of December 31, 1991, at an annual cost of \$4.6 million from the General Fund and \$391,000 from the Highway Fund.

### STATE EMPLOYEE HEALTH BENEFIT CHANGES

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: General Statutes, Chapter 135, Article 3

A. Plan Financing: Based upon the financial projections of the Teachers' and State Employees' Comprehensive Major Medical Plan that the basic self-insured program of benefits would have cash balances of over \$192 million beginning fiscal year 1993-94, over \$210 million beginning fiscal year 1994-95, and almost \$135 million beginning fiscal year 1995-96, no additional funding was provided to the Plan for the 1993-95 biennium. The Plan's Executive Administrator attributed the Plan's favorable financial experience to: (1) a higher than necessary claims projection by the Plan's former consulting actuaries, William M. Mercer, Inc., whose contract with the Plan terminated September 30, 1993; (2) Plan benefit changes enacted by the 1991 Session of the General Assembly had a greater impact on claim costs than was projected; and (3) the general downturn in economic conditions, coupled with no employee pay increases for 1991 and very limited pay increases for state employees in 1992, had a dampening effect on the utilization of medical services.

Consequently, the basic self-insured program of health benefits that covers more than 85% of the Plan's total participants is not projected to have a premium increase any time before October, 1995. Not since October, 1991, will the basic self-insured program experience a premium increase based upon the Plan's projections. However, for the some 15% of the Plan's participants who have alternative prepaid HMO health benefit coverage, premium amounts paid by employees and retired employees are expected to increase, effective October 1, 1993, 10%-40% for those enrolled by Kaiser Permanente, 14%-72% for those enrolled by PruCare of Charlotte, 15%-91% for those enrolled by Partners National Health Plan; 4%-25% for those enrolled by Physicians Health Plan; 2%-6% for those enrolled by Carolina Physicians Health Plan; and 6%-29% for those enrolled by Maxicare. The premium increases by HMOs are in addition to the some \$1.7 million subsidy to HMOs by participants enrolled in the basic self-insured program because of HMOs' "enrollment of younger, better-risk members" as reported by the Plan's Executive Administrator. Furthermore, some of the HMOs are expected to reduce benefits, effective October 1, 1993, by increasing member copayments, by adding member copayments, and by reducing the number of covered visits.

#### B. Basic Plan Changes:

- (1) Non-Contributory Premiums for UNC Public School Principal Fellow Leaves: Effective July 1, 1993, the 1993 Session of the General Assembly directed that employees on official leaves of absence while completing a full-time program of public school administration be allowed to continue their health benefits on a non-contributory rather than a contributory basis. Such programs involve the Principal Fellows Program, a two-year scholarship loan program administered in conjunction with the University of North Carolina's State Educational Assistance Authority. Up to 50 scholarship loans may be first granted for 1994-95.
- (2) Direct Benefit Payments to State, County, and Municipal Agencies Providing Services: The 1993 Session of the General Assembly directed the Plan to make its benefit payments directly to state, county, or municipal agencies providing health care services covered by the Plan on and after October 1, 1993.

#### STATE EMPLOYEE HEALTH BENEFIT CHANGES (1993 Actions, Continued)

- (3) Uniform Provider Claim Forms: Effective January 1, 1994, the Plan will be required to use uniform claim forms or formats developed by the Department of Insurance for all claims submitted by health care providers whose services are covered by the Plan. In addition, all denied claims for provider services require written notification of such denial to both the provider of the services and the Plan members for whom the services were rendered.
- (4) Services by Allied Mental Health Professionals Employed by Any Licensed Physician Covered: Effective January 1, 1993, the 1993 Session of the General Assembly covered the mental health services of psychiatric nurses, social workers, and masters-degree psychological associates under the direct employment and supervision of any licensed physician or certified doctor of psychology. Prior to this change, such allied mental health services were covered by the Plan only when the professionals were in the direct employment of a licensed psychiatrist or certified doctor of psychology.
- (5) Direct Benefit Payments to Psychiatric Nurses and Certified Clinical Social Workers Providing Services: The 1993 Session of the General Assembly directed the Plan to reimburse certified clinical social workers and psychiatric nurses for covered mental health and chemical dependency services without requiring such professionals to be under the direct employment and supervision of a licensed physician or doctor of psychology. The change was made effective October 1, 1993.
- October 1, 1993, licensed or certified registered nurse practitioners, nurse midwives, and psychiatric and mental health nurses were directed by the 1993 General Assembly to the reimbursed directly by the Plan for covered services without requiring certification by an attending physician, provided the service is performed within the nurse's lawful scope of practice and when the service is not performed while the nurse is a regular employee of a licensed physician, hospital, skilled nursing facility, intermediate care facility, or a home health care agency.
- (7) Preferred Providers of Institutional and Professional Medical Care and Services Exempted from State Statutes Governing State Departments, Institutions and Commissions: Effective July 1, 1993, the Teachers' and State Employees' Comprehensive Major Medical Plan's preferred provider contracts for institutional and professional medical care and services were exempted from the State's Executive Budget Act, Purchase and Contract laws, Public Contract laws, Tort Claims Act, Public Meeting laws, and all other provisions of Chapter 143 of the North Carolina General Statutes. However, the exemption was not made applicable to any such contract litigation or administrative proceedings in progress before July 1, 1993. In addition, all hospitals are to have an opportunity to contract with the Plan on a preferred provider basis if they meet contract requirements. The Plan was further directed to implement a diagnostic-related grouping (DRG) or a refined diagnostic-related grouping (RDRG) reimbursement system for hospitals in lieu of a hospital preferred provider network by January 1, 1995.

## CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS

## CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS (Excluding Bonds)

		General Fund	Highway Fund	Federal Funds	Locall Other	Authority
ADI	MINISTRATION					
1.	Old Education and Revenue Buildings-					
	Planning Reserve for Repairs/ Renovations	1,000,000				Ch. 561
2.	State Veterans' Cemetery - Fort Bragg	468,400		751,100		Ch. 561
3.	State Share - Reserve for Veterans' Home	3,000,000		,		Ch. 561
4.	GPAC Prison Facility Consolidation -					
_	Planning and Design	2,000,000				Ch. 561
5.	Western Government Center - Planning and Design	1,000,000				Ch. 561
6.	Indian Cultural Center - Purchase of Land/					
_	Redesign of Center for site specific	750,00				Ch. 561
7.	Government Mall Complex Supplement	150,000				Ch. 561
8.	Public Telecommunications - Upgrade					
	Satellite System	314,000				Ch. 561
TOT	AL	8,682,400		751,100		
		5,002,.00		731,100	_	
AGF	RICULTURE					
1.	Medical Waste Incinerators - Animal Labs	712,900				Ch. 561
2.	Pesticide Storage Buildings - Research	,				CII. 501
	Stations and Farms	399,200				Ch. 561
3.	Shop and Equipment Storage Facility -	,				On. 561
	Upper Mountain Research Station				323,300	Ch. 561
4.	Dairy Milking Parlor - Umstead Research Station	-			213,000	Ch. 561
					210,000	OH. 301

AG	GRICULTURE (Continued)	General Fund	Highway Fund	Federal Funds	Local/ Other	Authority
5. 6.	Shop/Storage - Horticultural Crops Research St Western Agricultural Center - Covered Show R Parking Area/ Construction of Restrooms and	ing/			168,900	Ch. 561
7.	Tidewater Research Station - Greenhouse and	Fair 2,580,000				Ch. 561
8.	Headhouse Construction Southeastern Farmers' Market and Agricultural	500,000				Ch. 561
9.	Center - Development Western Farmers' Market Truck Shed, Wholesa Buildings and WNCDA Office on State	2,500,000 tle				Ch. 561
10.	Property Site Development Triad Farmers Market - Development	697,415 4,400,000				Ch. 561
11. 12.	of Agricultural Certilet Development	3,400,000 50,000				Ch. 561 Ch. 561 Ch. 561
TOT	AL	15,239,515		-		
CON	MUNITY COLLEGES	10,200,010	_	_	705,200	
1.	Regional Truck Driver Training Facility	50,000				Ch. 561
TOT	AL	50,000				
COR	RECTION			_	-	
1. 2.	Odom Correctional Center - Dayrooms Water/Wastewater Improvements	381,500 1,000,000				Ch. 561 Ch. 561
TOTA	<b>NL</b>	1,381,500				311. 001

	General Fund	Highway Fund	Federal Funds	Local/ Other	Authority
CRIME CONTROL AND PUBLIC SAFETY					
<ol> <li>National Guard Armory Replacement - Kinston</li> <li>National Guard - Aerial Reserve Equipment</li> </ol>	524,700		2,848,300	524,700	Ch. 561
for Emergency Support Missions  3. National Guard - Underground Storage Tanks Remova	275,000 I 71,400				Ch. 561 Ch. 561
Highway Patrol - Replacement of Underground     Storage Tanks	·	350,000			Ch. 561
TOTAL	871,100	350,000	2,848,300	524,700	
CULTURAL RESOURCES					
<ol> <li>Museum of History - Core Exhibition Design and Construction</li> <li>Museum of the Albemarle - Complete Design</li> <li>State Historic Sites:         <ul> <li>a) Somerset Place, Washington County</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	5,424,100 1,000,000				Ch. 561 Ch. 561
Development b) Elizabeth II - Master Plan Implementation	300,000				Ch. 561
Design	250,000				Ch. 561
TOTAL	6,974,100	_	_		
ENVIRONMENT, HEALTH, AND NATURAL RESOURCES					
State Parks - Reserve for Construction Projects for Health, Safety, Access Improvements and					
Land Acquisition 2. Small Watershed Grants 3. Solid Waste Grants	2,100,000 1,180,000 500,000				Ch. 561 Ch. 561 Ch. 561

EN	VIRONMENT, HEALTH AND NATURAL RESOURCES	General Fund (Continued)	Highway Fund	Federal Funds	Locall Other	Authority
4.	Forestry - District and County Headquarters Buildings/Equipment Sheds (Scotland, Henderson, Mitchell, Graham, Wayne, Davidson and Fayetteville)	4 440 400				
5.	Water Resources (Civil Works) - Reserve for Planning, Construction Projects, Operations	1,448,100				Ch. 561
6.	and Maintenance Projects and Feasibility Studies Geological Survey Repository - Core Sample	7,908,000				Ch. 561
7.	Storage Addition Partnership for the Sounds	434,600				Ch. 561
8.	Aquariums Expansion - Planning	846,000 250,000				Ch. 561
		200,000				Ch. 561
TOT	AL	14,666,700	_	_	_	
HUI	MAN RESOURCES					
1.	Reserve - Life Safety/Certification Improvements	1,000,000				Ch. 561
2. 3.	Dix Hospital - Male Wing Completion  Eastern N. C. School for Deaf - Student	1,457,300				Ch. 561
	Activity/Recreation Complex-Design	250,000				Ch. 561
4.	Umstead Hospital: Sewer Plant Upgrade Design	250,000				Ch. 561
TOT	AL	2,957,300	_	<del>-</del>	_	
JUS	TICE					
1. 2.	Justice Academy - B Dorm Repairs and Equipment SBI Lab - New Construction	18,600,000			321,800	Ch. 561 Ch. 561
TOT	AL	18,600,000		_	321,800	

	General Fund	Highway Fund	Federal Funds	Locall Other	Authority
STATE BUDGET AND MANAGEMENT					·
<ol> <li>Planning Funds - Replacement of Morehead Trestle (N. C. Ports Railway Commission)</li> <li>State Telecommunications System Network Development</li> </ol>	250,000 4,100,000				Ch. 561 Ch. 561
TOTAL	4,350,000	_	_	_	
TRANSPORTATION					
<ol> <li>Upgrade Facilities to meet ADA standards</li> <li>Highway Building, Raleigh</li> </ol>		1,678,600			Ch. 561
a) Replace two elevators		350,500			Ch. 561
<ul><li>b) Renovations</li><li>3. Acquire 20 acres of land in Garner for DOT</li></ul>		400,000			Ch. 561
Warehouse		250,000			Ch. 561
Division of Highways:     a) Statewide - Replace roofs		391,000			Ch. 561
<ul> <li>a) Statewide - Replace roofs</li> <li>b) Town of Union - Construct Traffic Control Facili</li> </ul>	itv	818,000			Ch. 561
c) Sylva - Design Roadside Environmental Facility	-	31,000			Ch. 561
d) Sandy Ridge - Construct Equipment Shop		717,000			Ch. 561
e) Nashville - Construct Maintenance Facility		546,000		222,000	Ch. 561
f) Creswell - Construct Equipment Repair Shop		739,000			Ch. 561
g) Spindale - Construct Equipment Shop		747,000			Ch. 561
5. Division of Motor Vehicles					
a) Statewide - Replace roofs		76,100			Ch. 561
b) Resurface Parking Lots at 6 locations		120,900			Ch. 561

TRANSPORTATION (Continued)	General Fund	Highway Fund	Federal Funds	Local/ Other	Authority
Division of Motor Vehicles (Continued)  c) Renovate DMV Offices:  (1) Durham  (2) Salisbury  (3) Raleigh		197,000 197,000 1,677,000			Ch. 561 Ch. 561 Ch. 561
TOTAL	_	8,936,100			
UNIVERSITY - BOARD OF GOVERNORS		0,330,100	_	222,000	
<ol> <li>North Carolina State University         <ul> <li>Centennial Center State Match</li> <li>Renovations and Equipment for Dearstyne and Ricks Hall</li> </ul> </li> <li>Additional Parking for the Engineering Graduate Research Center</li> <li>Residence Halls Bathroom Renovations</li> <li>Barrier Removal Projects</li> <li>Acquisition, Renovation, and Re-</li> </ol>	5,000,000 200,000			1,746,300 1,782,400 3,000,000	Ch. 561 Ch. 561 Ch. 451 Ch. 451 Ch. 451
furbishment of the Mission Valley Inn for Student Housing and Office Space g) Agricultural Program - Horticultural Crops Research Station at Fletcher 2. University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill a) Renovations to Terrell Building b) Modernization of Laboratories, Institute of Marine Sciences c) New Radio station for WUNC-FM	258,000 400,000			15,000,000 2,232,100 1,366,300	Ch. 451 Ch. 561 Ch. 561 Ch. 451 Ch. 451

		General Fund	Highway Fund	Federal Funds	Local/ Other	Authority
UNIVERSITY - BO	ARD OF GOVERNORS (Continued)		7 3773	1 47763	Other	Hothonky
3. School of the	e Arts					
	tion Building for Film School North Carolina at Asheville	7,900,000				Ch. 561
a) Land F		2,000,000				Ch. 561
	nt Housing, Phase II				9,058,300	Ch. 451
b) Reside	ence Halls Renovations				2,013,100	Ch. 451
*	Street Parking Deck				5,708,600	Ch. 451
5. North Carolin a) Develo		2,000,000				Ch. 561
-	a Central University	2,000,000				CII. 561
	y and Biomedical Center	4,200,000				Ch. 561
	North Carolina - Public Television Stokes County	1,006,175				05 504
8. East Carolina		1,000,175				Ch. 561
	ation of Minges Coliseum	2,500,000			9,227,600	Ch. 561/ 451
	Optic Network - East Campus				13,109,300	Ch. 451
9. North Carolin State University	a Agricultural and Technical ersity					
	acturing and Education Center	3,500,000				Ch. 561
	and Wellness Center  m State University				5,269,600	Ch. 451
a) Resear		3,026,000				Ch. 561
Appalachian	State University					
a) Concre	ete Repairs in Brewer Stadium		*		1,227,900	Ch. 451
•	ation and Refurbishment of ria in Welborn Hall				2 200 200	01. 45.
H	TIC III WEIDOITI I I III	÷ 1			2,926,900	Ch. 451

UNIVERSITY — BOARD OF GOVERNORS (Conti	General Fund nued)	Highway Fund	Federal Funds	Locall Other	Authority
University Hospitals at Chapel Hill a) Women's Hospital, Children's Hospita and Support Space Advance Plannin Design	! g and				
Board of Governors  a) Advance Planning				5,758,066	Ch. 451
a) Advance Planning	3,250,000				Ch. 561
TOTAL - UNIVERSITY	35,240,175				
TOTAL - DIRECT APPROPRIATIONS	\$109,012,790	_	_	79,426,466	
REPAIRS AND RENOVATIONS RESERVE	\$103,012,790	\$9,286,100	\$3,599,400	\$81,200,166	
<ol> <li>Office of State Budget and Management</li> <li>Board of Governors</li> </ol>	25,650,000 31,350,000		=	_	
GRAND TOTAL	\$166,012,790	\$9,286,100	\$3,599,400	\$81,200,166	
******	************	**********	******		

#### **SENATE BILL 26**

#### **ADMINISTRATION**

#### Section 31

State Veterans Home — (a) States intent that no State funds will be appropriated to support operating cost of facility; (b) States intent that no additional State funds will be appropriated for construction of this facility which must have at least 150 beds capacity.

#### **ADMINISTRATION** (Continued)

Section 33

Indian Cultural Center — Allows use of up to \$50,000 by the North Carolina Indian Cultural Center, Inc. for administrative and operating expenses. Balance of funds are to be used for land purchase, an environmental study and design if necessary.

Section 34

Old Education and Old Revenue Buildings Renovation Report — Requires Office of State Construction to report to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations by October 1, 1993, the extent to which renovations are necessary for occupancy.

#### **CULTURAL RESOURCES**

Section 35

Museum of the Albemarle — Allows use of funds for land purchase in downtown Elizabeth City if necessary, for facility location and for design and construction.

Section 38

Somerset Place Funds/Memorial — Requires \$2,000 be allocated to provide an appropriate memorial at site.

#### **ENVIRONMENT, HEALTH, AND NATURAL RESOURCES**

Section 23

Local Water/Sewer Funds — Allows transfer, not to exceed \$6,800,000, from the 1993-94 appropriation for Local Government Shared Revenue to the Clean Water Revolving Loan and Grant Fund for the purpose of matching federal funds if the "Education, Clean Water and Parks Bond Act" is not approved by the majority of qualified voters during November, 1993.

Section 107

Water Resources Development Project Funds — Identifies civil works projects and their anticipated costs as follows: (1) Wilmington Harbor Deepening study, \$612,000; (2) Morehead City Harbor Deepening, \$3,825,000; (3) Jordan Lake Water Supply Repayment, \$130,000; (4) Wilmington Harbor Ocean Bar Deepening, \$1,016,000; (5) Aquatic Plant Control, \$150,000; (6) Wrightsville Beach Renourishment, \$400,000; (7) Wanchese Channel Maintenance, \$280,000; (8) State-Local Projects, \$300,000; (9) North Channel Maintenance Dredging, \$523,000; (10) Hamlet City Lake, \$377,000; (11) Cape Fear Above Wilmington Channel Maintenance, \$100,000; (12) Wilmington Harbor 25-Feet Project, \$125,000; and, (13) Dare County Beaches, \$70,000. Watershed projects are identified as follows: (1) Limestone Creek, Duplin County, \$180,000; (2) Deep Creek, Yadkin County, \$250,000; (3) Town Fork, Stokes County, \$400,000; and, (4) Meadow Branch, Robeson County, \$350,000. If projects identified are delayed or cost less than shown, the

#### **ENVIRONMENT, HEALTH, AND NATURAL RESOURCES (Continued)**

#### Section 107 (Continued)

Department may use funds for feasibility studies, other projects whose schedules have advanced, or state-local projects. Requires quarterly report on projects' status beginning October 1, 1993 to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations, the Fiscal Research Division and the Office of State Budget and Management.

- Section 110

  Partnership for the Sounds Requires funds be used to provide architectural, engineering and development services for the design and construction of the Estuarine Educational Center in Beaufort county, the Lake Mattamuskeet Lodge in Hyde County, and the Walter B. Jones Center for the Sounds in Tyrrell County. Allows the use of up to \$60,000 for contracted personal services.
- Parks Capital Improvements Limits land purchases to inholdings, corridor linkages and critical areas within the existing boundaries or buffer area. Prior to obligating or expending any funds, the Department must report on the proposed use to Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations and to the Office of State Budget and Management.
- Section 113 State Parks Allows Department to use up to \$50,000 for operating expenses associated with the acquisition of land.
- Forestry Headquarters Directs funds be used to replace District 6 Headquarters in Fayetteville and for county headquarters in Davidson, Graham, Henderson, Mitchell, Scotland, and Wayne Counties. Allows Graham County project to use force account construction. Funds remaining after these projects are completed may be used for repairs or replacement of facilities in other counties.
- Section 115

  Fire Tower Transfer Allows transfer of the East Robeson Fire Tower and the land on which the tower is located to the East Howellsville Volunteer Fire Department, Inc.

#### STATE BUDGET AND MANAGEMENT

Planning Funds for Replacement Trestle — Requires use of funds to plan for the replacement of the wooden trestle over the Newport River on the Beaufort and Morehead Railroad with a modern concrete trestle. Requires the Attorney General and the Department of Transportation to identify legal issues related to this project with report to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations to be made by March 1, 1994 on options available to resolve those issues.

#### UNIVERSITY - BOARD OF GOVERNORS

Section 48 UNC (Asheville Land Funds) — Requires \$2,000,000 be used for purchase of additional property at this facility to

allow for future campus growth.

North Carolina Agricultural and Technical State University Applied manufacturing Facility — Requires that facility be owned and controlled by said institution. The Board of Governors must develop a detailed plan for the facility and present this plan to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations prior to the expenditure of the

appropriation.

Division.

#### REPAIRS AND RENOVATION RESERVE

Section 22

Expenditure of Funds from Reserve for Repairs and Renovations — Allocates 55% of the Reserve funds to the Board of Governors of the University of North Carolina and the remaining 45% to the Office of State Budget and Management. Allows the Board of Governors to allocate funds for facilities not supported from the General Fund upon determining that sufficient funds are not available from other sources thereby warranting General Fund assistance. Requires both the Board of Governors and the Office of State Budget and Management to report proposed allocations and any changes thereto to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations and to Fiscal Research

Section 22.1 Renovation of Butler Hall at Elizabeth City State University — Directs the Board of Governors to allocate \$2,006,175 from the Repairs/Renovation Reserve for this project.

Repair and Renovation Funds — Rewrites Section 170 of Chapter 321 of the 1993 Session Laws to direct that Office of State Budget and Management allocate up to \$5,000,000 for repairs and renovations of correctional facilities. Requires a verifiable ten percent goal for participation by minority and women contractors in these projects. Report on the latter required quarterly to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations. Also requires the Office of State Budget and Management to transfer \$412,000 to the Department of Correction for repairs and renovations to the Black Mountain Women's Correctional Center.

**Section 93.1 Governor Morehead School Funds** — Requires the Office of State Budget and management to transfer \$2,700,000 from the Reserve for Repairs and Renovations to the Department of Human Resources for improvements at the Governor Morehead School.

#### PRISON BONDS APPROPRIATIONS \$87.5 MILLION OF THE \$200.0 MILLION PROCEEDS AUTHORIZED BY CHAPTER 935 OF THE 1989 SESSION LAWS

	Custodial		
NEW SAGUES	Level	Beds	Authorization
NEW FACILITIES			
Eastern Processing Center at Vanceboro - Plann			
and Design	Medium		
Hyde Correctional Center Polk Replacement	Medium Medium	520	
East Work Facility	Minimum	228	
West Work Facility	Minimum	500	
Boot Camp - West	Minimum	500 90	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Williamani	90	
FACILITY EXPANSIONS			
Franklin	Medium	104	
Harnett	Medium	104	
Johnston	Medium	104	
Lumberton	Medium	104	
Morrison	Medium	208	
NCCIW	Medium	50	
Bladen	Minimum	100	
Caldwell	Minimum	50	
Carteret	Minimum	100	
Cherry	Minimum	100	
Davidson	Minimum	50	
Fountain	Minimum	100	
Greene	Minimum	50	
Pasquotank	Minimum	200	
Robeson	Minimum	50	
Rowan	Minimum	50	
Rutherford	Minimum	50	
Sanford	Minimum	50	
Umstead	Minimum	100	
Wake	Minimum	50	
Wilkes	Minimum	50	
		30	\$05.050.040
			\$85,059,948
CONTINGENCIES			
		<u> </u>	2,440,052
TOTAL		3,662	\$87,500,000

# EDUCATION, CLEAN WATER, AND PARKS BOND ACT OF 1983 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS SUBJECT TO A VOTE OF THE PEOPLE (SENATE BILL 14, CHAPTER 542)

Chapter 542 of the 1993 Session Laws authorizes the issuance of bond proceeds totaling \$740 million if favorably approved by a majority of the voters in a statewide referendum to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November 1993. This act offers the State an opportunity to provide support for some state and local capital needs while favorable market conditions exist. These conditions include the lowest interest rates in two decades (5.5% now versus 13% in early 1980s) and the decline of the State's general obligation debt from \$937 million in 1983 to \$667 million today. On a per capita basis, this is the seventh lowest in the United States (fifth lowest when compared to statewide property valuation). It is anticipated that the construction activity financed by the bonds will provide a \$1.1-\$1.5 billion one-time stimulus to the economy. Roughly 12% of this activity would normally come back in the form of additional state and local revenue.

The net average annual debt service on the bonds (after \$10 million per year of loan repayments by local governments) is \$60 million. Like a fixed-rate mortgage, this requirement remains constant over the 17-year life of the bonds, while the state revenues used to pay the debt service will rise 6% per year. Thus, the \$60 million requirement is equivalent to \$35 million when adjusted for future revenue growth.

Proceeds of the issuance are to be allocated as follows:

- (1) Capital improvements for the constituent and affiliated insitutions of the University of North Carolina or for the board of Governors of the University of North Carolina \$310,000,000
- (2) Grants to individual community colleges to finance the costs of community college capital improvements \$250,000,000
- (3)(a) State matching funds required to receive federal wastewater or water supply assistance funds and to provide additional funding for the Clean Water Revolving Loan and Grant Fund established in Chapter 159G of the General Statutes or to provide funding by grants and loans to local government units \$45,000,000
- (3)(b) Loan and grants to local government units to finance all or a portion of the cost of construction, and reconstruction of water supply systems, wastewater collection systems, wastewater treatment works, and water conservation projects \$100,000,000
- (4) Capital improvements in the form of repairs, renovations, new construction, and land acquisition (limited to 30% of the proceeds) for existing State parks and recreation areas. \$35,000,000

### **BOARD OF GOVERNORS**

Proceeds from University Improvement Bonds are to be allocated and expended for the following:

Constituent or Affiliated Institution or Board of Governors Capital Improvements	Projected Allocation
Appalachian State University Academic Support Services Building Science/Mathematics Complex, Phase I	\$ 8,794,900 15,000,000
East Carolina University Addition to Joyner Library Land	28,900,000 5,000,000
Elizabeth City State University Fine Arts and Mass Communications Building	6,432,600
Fayetteville State University Residence Hall Renovations	9,479,600
North Carolina A&T State University School of Technology Classroom/Laboratory Building Renovation of Bluford Library Building	7,961,900 5,051,400
North Carolina Central University Conversion of Women's Gymnasium in Support of Academic prorams Chidley Hall Complex	1,970,900
North Carolina School of the Arts School of Filmmaking Production Facility	9,018,300
North Carolina State University at Raleigh Engineering Graduate Research Center Agricultural Communications Building Agricultural Programs - Laboratory Animal Facilities	34,918,200 4,484,900
Pembroke State University  New Administrative Office Building  Repairs and Renovations to Business Administration Building	4,484,100 5,723,300 422,700
The University of North Carolina at Asheville Conference Center Physical Education Building (Health Promotion) The North Carolina Arboretum	3,974,400 5,475,600
The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill New Building, School of Business Administration Addition to Lineberger Cancer Research Center Carolina Living and Learning Center for Autistic Adults, Phase II	2,500,000 13,490,900 8,119,900
Addition to School of Dentistry Area Health Education Centers - Construction Grants	1,190,400 8,887,100 3,370,800
The University of North Carolina at Charlotte Classroom and Academic Support Facility	22,610,400
The University of North Carolina at Greensboro  New Music Building	23,357,000

Constituent or Affiliated Institution or Board of Governors Capital Improvements	Projected Allocation
The University of North Carolina at Wilmington Physical Sciences Building and Renovation of DeLoach Hall Construct West Wing of Bear Hall and Renovation West End of Bear Hall	\$18,522,900 992,050
Western Carolina University Completion of Belk Building and Asbestos Removal Renovate Moore Hall, Phase II Renovate Camp Lab School Renovate Reid Gym	3,280,200 2,043,900 1,896,500 2,379,400
Winston-Salem State University	
Student Services/Cafeteria/Student Union Complex Renovations to O'Kelly Library	6,073,350 1,119,500
North Carolina School of Science and Mathematics Educational Technologies Center and Auditorium	8,073,700
Board of Governors Other Critical Needs (Projects to be designated by the Board)	12,000,000
UNC Center for Public Television Improvements to Facilities TOTAL	6,000,000 \$310,000,000

#### **COMMUNITY COLLEGES**

Community College Bond proceeds are to provide grants totaling \$226.1 million to units as shown below. The remaining \$23.9 million bond proceeds are to be appropriated by legislative action in 1994 or at any subsequent session based upon consideration of the recommendations of the Legislative Study Commission on Community College Capital needs in its report to be submitted to the General Assembly by April 1994.

to report to be desirated to the density recommendation of report to					
Capital Improvement	Projected Allocation				
Phase III - LRC Expansion	\$3,309,855				
Advanced Technology Center Advanced Technology Center	2,998,465 2,500,000				
Classroom/Lab/Office Building	5,000,000				
Student Services Center	2,900,000				
Allied Health Care Center	1,015,472				
Allied Health building Classroom/Office Building	5,000,000 502,225				
Allied Health/Classroom	4,000,000				
Classroom/Lab Building Classroom/Lab Building	6,100,000 2,261,539				
	Capital Improvement  Phase III - LRC Expansion  Advanced Technology Center Advanced Technology Center  Classroom/Lab/Office Building  Student Services Center  Allied Health Care Center  Allied Health building  Classroom/Office Building  Allied Health/Classroom  Classroom/Lab Building				

College	Capital Improvement	Allocation
Cape Fear CC Pender County	Health Sciences Building Classroom Building	7,340,485 690,212
Carteret CC	Classroom/Student	2,437,904
Catawba Valley CC	Physical Ed./Classroom Building	5,586,218
Central Carolina CC Chatham County Harnett County	Classroom Building Classroom Building Classroom Building	2,000,000 2,000,000 1,000,000
Central Piedmont CC	Science Labs Expansion	3,950,000
Cleveland CC	Advanced Technology Building	2,213,022
Coastal Carolina CC	Public Service Technology Building	3,000,000
College of the Albermarle Dare County	Classroom/Administration Building Class/Lab/Student Services Building	3,215,924 1,500,000
Craven CC	Academic Studies/Basic Skills Bldg.	2,790,276
Davidson County CC Davie County	Advanced Technology Building Class/Lab/Instructional Support Bldg.	3,875,000 1,980,000
Durham TCC	Classroom/Office Building	5,800,000
Edgecombe CC	Class/Lab Addition-Rocky Mount	1,200,000
Fayetteville TCC	Health & Science Facility	6,000,000
Forsyth TCC	Class/Lab/Admin East Campus	7,900,000
Gaston College	Work Force Preparedness Center	5,860,000
Guilford TCC	Applied Technology Building	7,740,000
Halifax CC	Literacy Ed/Science Building	2,008,592
Haywood CC	Classroom Building	1,100,000
Isothermal CC Polk County	Cultural Arts Center Classrooms/Labs Addition	5,444,444 358,686
James Sprunt CC	Multi-Purpose Center	3,708,406
Johnston CC	Allied Health Building	3,000,000
Lenoir CC Greene County Jones County	Classroom/Auditorium Building New Instructional Facility New Vocational Annex	3,326,348 1,500,000 100,000
Martin CC Bertie County Mayland CC	Equine Arena Class/Lab/Office Building Shop/Student Lecture Hall	577,553 250,000 4,037,566
McDowell TCC	Classroom Building	1,900,000
Mitchell CC	Renovate Main Building	2,200,000
Montgomery CC	LRC Building	\$2,592,709

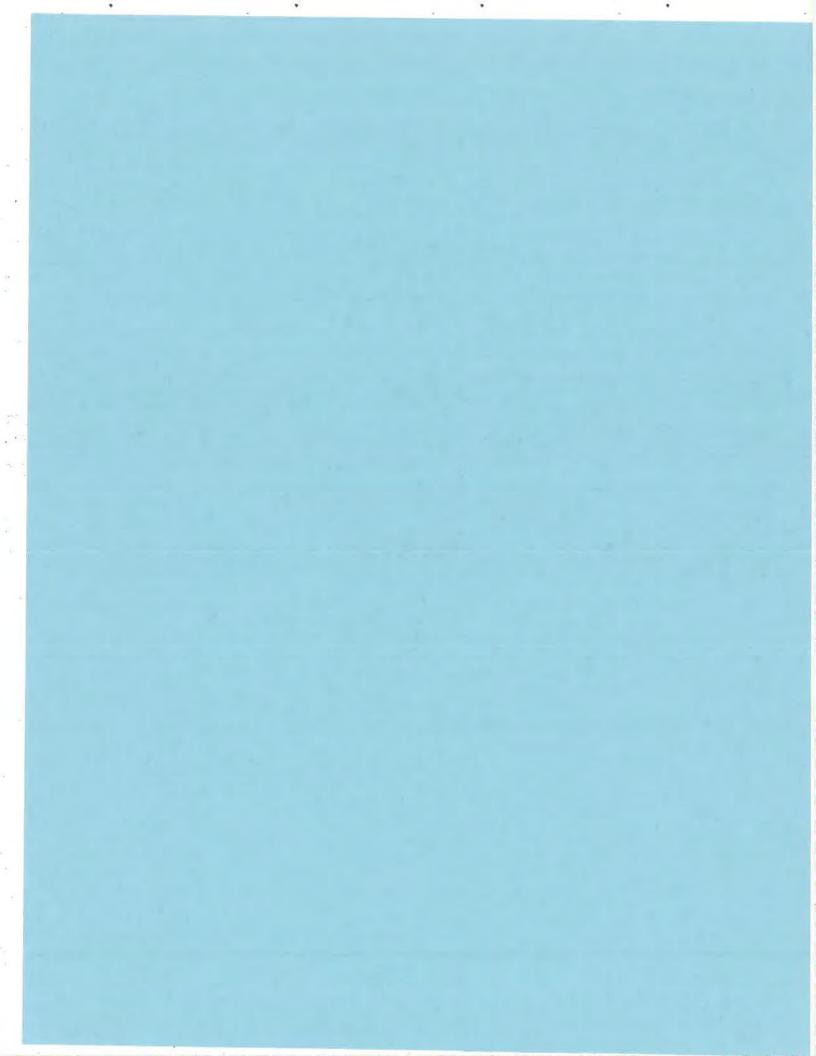
College	Capital Improvement	Allocation
Nash CC	LRC/Student Center	4,409,179
Pamlico CC	Multi-Purpose Class/Office Building	1,164,959
Piedmont CC Caswell County	Classroom/Faculty Office Building Adult Learning Center	459,815 1,300,000
Pitt CC	Student Services Building	4,500,000
Randolph CC	Allied Hlth/Science & Tech Center	2,816,878
Richmond CC	Fine Arts Center/Auditorium	2,251,414
Roanoke-Chowan CC	Classroom/Student Support Center	2,549,087
Robeson CC	Teaching Theaters/Allied HIth Classroom	1,430,228
Rockingham CC	Multi-Purpose Building	2,700,000
Rowan-Cabarrus CC Cabarrus County	Engineering Building Classroom Building	4,200,000 1,573,312
Sampson CC	Multi-Purpose Building	2,500,000
Sandhills CC Hoke County	Cont. Ed. Center/Classrooms Renovate Classrooms	4,800,000 300,000
Southeastern CC	Nursing/Allied Health Building	1,309,400
Southwestern CC Macon County Swain County	General Classroom Building Region Law Enf. Defensive Dr. Course Class/Lab/Office Bldg.	2,000,000 300,000 900,000
Stanly CC	Learning Resource Center	2,341,210
Surry CC	Health/Day Care/Library Building	4,054,417
Tri-County CC Graham County	Student Services Ctr./Classroom Bldg. Class/Lab/Student Building	1,123,010 480,000
Vance-Granville CC Franklin County Granville County Warren County	Allied Health/Day Care/Classroom Bldg. Class/Lab/Office Building Additional Classrooms Campus Renovations	2,127,400 1,500,000 377,500 212,500
Wake TCC	Student Education Building	11,000,000
Wayne CC	Student & Telecommunication Bldg.	6,328,622
Western Piedmont CC	Class/Office Bldg. (Bus. Tech.)	3,420,168
Wilkes CC Ashe County	LRC-Student Development Classroom Building	4,700,000 200,000
Wilson TCC	Multi-Purpose Building	1,000,000
TOTAL		\$226,100,000

#### **CLEAN WATER**

The proceeds of \$45 million of the Clean Water Bonds will be allocated to the Clean Water Revolving Loan and Grant Fund for revolving loans and grants to local government units for water supply systems, wastewater collection systems, and wastewater treatment works. The first priority of these funds will be to match federal wastewater or water supply assistance funds. For 1993-94, the federal match is expected to be up to \$6.8 million. The issuance of these bonds will be split over the 1993-95 biennium — \$22.5 million issued each year. The General Assembly also modified the Clean Water Revolving Loan Grant Program by allocating more money for grants. The allocation for High-Unit Cost Wastewater Grants was increased from 10% to 20% of the clean water funding, and the allocation for High-Unit Cost Water Supply Grants was increased from 3% to 5% of the clean water funding. In addition, the maximum amount for grants was increased from \$500,000 to \$1 million. This change will increase the amount of money for grants and make it more affordable for small communities to build or expand their wastewater or water supply systems. If the Clean Water Bonds are approved, up to \$11.25 million will be available for grants over the next two years.

The proceeds of \$100 million of the Clean Water Bonds will be allocated for making loans to local government units — 69% for wastewater collection systems and wastewater treatment works and 31% for water supply systems and water conservation projects. To qualify for a loan a local government unit must have a water supply plan or a wastewater facility plan. The interest rate on these loans must reflect the self-supporting nature of the loan program because the repayment of the loans will be used to pay the debt service on the bonds. Since the repayment of the loans will be used to pay the debt service on the bonds, the interest rate for this loan program will be higher than the loans made from the Clean Water Revolving Loan and Grant Program. This program will be of most benefit to medium sized communities that can afford loans but will benefit from the lower interest rates available to the State.

# REVENUE/FEE BILLS



### **GENERAL FUND REVENUE BILLS**

**HOUSE BILL 81, CHAPTER 12** 

Update IRC Reference - Changes the reference date of the Internal Revenue Code used in various State tax statutes from January 1, 1992, to January 1, 1993. No major federal revenue bill was enacted in 1992, but several minor changes were made to individual and corporate income tax statutes.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1993 FISCAL IMPACT: Revenue loss to the General Fund no greater than \$100,000 annually

**HOUSE BILL 654, CHAPTER 45** 

Expand Jobs Tax Credit - Expands the existing income tax credit for creating jobs in severely distressed counties. Also expanded from 33 to 50 counties are those counties eligible to use program income from certain federal block grants to establish revolving loan funds.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1993 FISCAL IMPACT: Revenue loss phased-in over four years because the credit is taken in four equal installments:

> FY 1994-95: \$0.5 to 1 million FY 1995-96: \$1 to 2 million FY 1996-97: \$1.5 to 3 million FY 1997-98 and later: \$2 to 4 million

**HOUSE BILL 920, CHAPTER 85** 

Unemployment Insurance Tax Cut - provides employers who have a credit balance in their unemployment insurance tax account with a 30% reduction in their contribution rate for any calendar year in which the balance in the Unemployment Insurance Fund equals or exceeds \$800,000,000 as of the preceding August 1.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** 

FISCAL IMPACT: No impact on General Fund Revenues

HOUSE BILL 57, CHAPTER 314

Send K-1 Form to Partners - Any partnership doing business in North Carolina must furnish each partner enough information about that partner's share of partnership income or loss to enable the partner to file a North Carolina income tax return.

> EFFECTIVE DATE: Taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1993 FISCAL IMPACT: None

### **HOUSE BILL 173, CHAPTER 315**

Interest Income on Tax Refunds - modifies laws regarding when interest is payable by the state on overpayments of individual or corporate income tax. Under previous law, interest began to accrue 90 days after the date of overpayment. This bill authorizes the payment of interest beginning 45 days after the latest of the following: (1) the date the final return was filed, (2) the date the final return was due, or (3) the date the overpayment was made.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** Upon ratification **FISCAL IMPACT:** \$1 million annually

### **HOUSE BILL 509, CHAPTER 362**

Inheritance Tax Filing Threshold - Changes state inheritance tax filing threshold from \$250,000 to \$450,000 for estates with all Class A beneficiaries, the surviving spouse, or both.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Applies to estates of decedents dying on or after July 1, 1993
FISCAL IMPACT: None

### **SENATE BILL 158, CHAPTER 371**

Inheritance Tax Penalty Procedure - Conforms the procedure for collecting the penalty for failure to pay inheritance taxes to other major taxes by deleting language that inheritance tax penalties be recoverable by filing suit in the Wake County Superior Court.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Applies to estates of decedents dying on or after October 1, 1993
FISCAL IMPACT: Minimal increase in General Fund revenues (more penalties may be assessed)

### **SENATE BILL 183, CHAPTER 372**

Sales Tax License Duration - Provides that a sales tax license becomes void if the retailer reports no sales for a period of 18 months.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 1, 1993

FISCAL IMPACT: Minimal increase in General Fund revenues

### **HOUSE BILL 681, CHAPTER 400**

Clean Air Act Implementation - Implements the requires of the 1990 amendments to the federal Clean Air Act, repeals the expiration of a portion of the per gallon fuel tax, dedicates a portion of the proceeds of the tax to the administration of the air quality program, dedicates a portion of the proceeds of the tax to the cleanup of leaking underground petroleum storage tanks, and repeals the expiration of the Leaking Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Act of 1988.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 1, 1995

FISCAL IMPACT: None (reallocation of current revenues)

SENATE BILL 787, CHAPTER 424

ESC Tax Changes - imposes a \$25 penalty on an employer with 250 or more employees who does not file that portion of the "Employer's Quarterly Tax and Wage Report" that contains the name, social security number, and gross wages of the employees on magnetic tapes or diskettes.

> EFFECTIVE DATE: September 30, 1995 FISCAL IMPACT: No impact on General Fund revenues

**HOUSE BILL 720, CHAPTER 432** 

Expand Child Care Credit - Increases the income tax credit on a sliding scale or child and dependent expenses for families with annual incomes below \$40,000. Previous state law allowed a flat percentage of federal employment-related expenses, 7% for dependents under 7 years old or older and 10% under the age of seven. The new percentages will range from 7% to 9% (7 years old or older) and 10% to 13% (under seven years old).

> EFFECTIVE DATE: Taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1994 FISCAL IMPACT: \$3.7 million General Fund revenue loss in FY 1994-95, \$4 million revenue loss in FY 1995-96

HOUSE BILL 843, CHAPTER 433

Tax Expenditure Report - Requires the Secretary of Revenue to include estimates of revenue loss associated with each tax expenditure listed in the biennial tax expenditure report. The Secretary is also required to provide each member of the General Assembly with a copy of this report.

> **EFFECTIVE DATE:** Upon ratification **FISCAL IMPACT:** None

SENATE BILL 1025, CHAPTER 442

No Cigarette Tax Stamps - Eliminates the use of stamps and establishes a reporting method for recording the payment of the excise tax on cigarettes; payment is made in the same manner as other tobacco products. Reports are filed monthly. The bill changes the per stamp discount and replaces it with a 4% discount of the excise tax owed the State. Created a new general statute citation, G.S. 105-113.40A, setting forth civil, criminal, and licensing penalties for violating the tax provision.

> **EFFECTIVE DATE:** January 1, 1994 FISCAL IMPACT: \$600,000 for FY 93-94 and \$1,150,000 for FY 1994-95

### SENATE BILL 1141, CHAPTER 443

Expand Business Tax Credit - makes numerous changes to the tax credit for qualified business investments. The major provisions are: (1) the maximum credit for individuals is lowered from \$100,000 to \$50,000 annually, (2) partnerships now qualify for the credit with a cap on participate in a qualified business if they receive no financial compensation for services aside from reimbursement for expenses and/or participation in a stock option or bonus plan, (5) the Secretary of State is required to report annually to the Legislative Research Commission with specific wage and job creation data for each qualified business, and (6) and sunset for the entire credit goes into effect January 1, 1999.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** Beginning on or after tax years beginning January 1, 1994

FISCAL IMPACT: Unknown

### **HOUSE BILL 174, CHAPTER 450**

Electronic Funds Transfer - authorizes the Department of Revenue to require taxpayers who owe an average of \$20,000 a month or more in certain state taxes to pay that tax by electronic funds transfer (EFT). This is a transfer of funds which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, or computer and authorizes a financial institution to debit or credit a taxpayer's account.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 1, 1993, but the earliest that electronic payments would be required is January 1, 1994
FISCAL IMPACT: \$2 million annually once program is fully implemented

### SENATE BILL 659, CHAPTER 507

Conform Aircraft Sales Tax - exempts "core charges" on aeronautic replacement parts from the definition of sales price. A similar exemption already exists for industrial, farm, automotive, and marine replacement parts.

### **EFFECTIVE DATE:**

FISCAL IMPACT: \$100,000 revenue loss to the General Fund and \$50,000 loss to local governments annually

### **HOUSE BILL 1359, CHAPTER 527**

Historic Preservation Tax Credit - creates a corporate and individual income tax credit equal to one-fourth of the federal income tax credit for qualifying rehabilitation expenditures. The federal credit is 20%, therefore, the state tax credit would equal 5% of qualifying rehabilitation expenditures.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** Taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1994 **FISCAL IMPACT:** \$500,000 to \$700,000 annually beginning in FY 1994-95

SENATE BILL 832, CHAPTER 532

Revenue Department Hearings/Taxpayer Rights - makes numerous substantive changes relating to administrative review in tax disputes and other tax enforcement and administration matters.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 1, 1994 FISCAL IMPACT: None

### LOCAL GOVERNMENT REVENUE BILLS

SENATE BILL 924, CHAPTER 425

Register of Deeds Fees - Authorized a \$1.00 increase for registering or filing any instrument in general. Eliminated the \$5.00 cancellation fee for deeds of trust and/or mortgages and increased the registration fee for filing the first page by \$5.00. Increased the fee for probating all instruments by \$1.00.

EFFECTIVE DATE: OCTOBER 1, 1993 FISCAL IMPACT: \$2.2 Million - \$2.5 Million Annually

SENATE BILL 658, CHAPTER 459

Computer Software not Taxable - Exempts the property tax on computer software that is in the internal memory of a computer system and software that is capitalized on the books of the taxpayer in accordance with the general accounting principals.

EFFECTIVE DATE: JULY 1, 1994 FISCAL IMPACT: Indeterminate

SENATE BILL 60, CHAPTER 471

Disposal Tax on White goods - Imposed an excise tax of \$5.00 on all white goods sold at retail that do not contain refrigerants. The tax on white goods containing refrigerants is \$10.00. Five percent of the revenue is to be deposited into the Solid Waste Management Trust Fund, 20% goes to the White Goods Management Account, and the remaining 75% is to be distributed to the counties on a per capita basis. The revenue derived from this tax is to be used by local units of government to dispose of existing white goods and for the future disposal of such goods.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 1, 1994 and the Tax Expires on July 1, 1998 FISCAL IMPACT: \$2.2 Million FY 93-94 and \$4.5 Million FY 94-95

SENATE BILL 1157, CHAPTER 471

**Economic development Financing** - Authorizes local governments to issue economic development financing bonds to finance infrastructure required by new private capital investment. Bonds are secured by the additional taxes generated by the new investment.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon Ratification FISCAL IMPACT: Indeterminate

### **LOCAL GOVERNMENT REVENUE BILLS** (Continued)

SENATE BILL 853, CHAPTER 544

Global TransPark Development Zone - Authorizes fourteen counties to establish the Global TransPark Development Zone. The act requires at least three of the fourteen counties, stated in the legislation, are needed to create the zone. The Zone is authorized to levy a \$5.00 per vehicle registration tax to finance infrastructure construction in the counties of the Zone. Each county choosing to join the Zone must do so by individual resolution on or before October 1, 1993. Once the Zone has been established, the Zone must give public notice, hold a public hearing and adopt a resolution that establishes the \$5.00 registration tax. The tax may not become effective earlier than July 1, 1994.

> **EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon Ratification** FISCAL IMPACT: \$ 3.7 Annually; If All Fourteen Counties Levy the Tax

HOUSE BILL 83, CHAPTER 548

Increase Scrap Tire Disposal Tax - Increases the disposal tax on tires having a diameter of less than 20 inches from 1% to 2%. Those tires having a diameter of 20 inches or greater are not affected. The act creates the Scrap tire Disposal Account. A new fund established as a nonreverting account within the Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources. The revenue deposited into this account is to be used as grants to local units of government for the disposal of scrap tires. The revenue from the tax is to be distributed in the following manner: the Solid Waste Management Trust Fund is to receive 5% of the net revenue instead of 10%; counties are to receive 68% instead of 90%; and, the scrap tire disposal account will receive 27%. The tax increase and the manner in which the revenue is distributed will expire on June 30, 1997. After that date, the tax will return to 1% on all tires sold at retail and 10% of the revenue is to be deposited into the Solid Waste Management Trust Fund, with the remaining 90% distributed to counties on a per capita basis.

> EFFECTIVE DATE: October 1, 1993 FISCAL IMPACT: \$ 6 Million FY 93-94 and \$7.7 Million FY 94-95

HOUSE BILL 105, CHAPTER 360

Raise Homestead Exemption - Increases the property tax Homestead Exemption amount from \$12,000 to \$15,000 and makes technical changes to the Homestead Exemption statutes.

> **EFFECTIVE DATE: JULY 1, 1994** FISCAL IMPACT: \$4 Million Loss in Local Revenues for FY 94-95 and FY 95-96

**HOUSE BILL 134** 

Local Financial Security - See section on General Fund revenue bills. This act was ratified in Senate Bill 27, Section 23, Chapter 321.

### LOCAL GOVERNMENT REVENUE BILLS (Continued)

HOUSE BILL 136, CHAPTER 255

Local Sales Tax For Schools - See Section on General Fund Revenue Bills

HOUSE BILL 936, CHAPTER 230

Habitat For Humanity Tax Exempt - Expands the property tax exemption for nonprofit organizations providing low- and moderate-income housing to include real property held as a future site for low- and moderate-income housing. The taxes on such real property are to be carried forward for five years as deferred taxes and shall be payable at the end of the period if low- or moderate-income housing has not been constructed on the site.

EFFECTIVE DATE: JULY 1, 1994 FISCAL IMPACT: Indeterminate

HOUSE BILL 1109, CHAPTER 536

**Expand Local Development** - The act makes the following changes for all local units of government in the State: (1) Authorizes the use of public money for industrial site preparation on private property and for the construction of water and sewer lines to industrial properties and facilities privately owned. (2) Counties and cities are authorized to estimate the amount of increased tax revenue that would accrue to the unit during the succeeding 10 years from economic development and to accept the estimated amount as consideration for a conveyance of property from the unit to a business that will bring the anticipated economic development.

EFFECTIVE DATE: JANUARY 1, 1994 FISCAL IMPACT: Indeterminate

### FEE INCREASES FOR GENERAL FUND AGENCIES

### MARINE FISHERIES DIVISION

HOUSE BILL 297, CHAPTER 515 - Changes the name of the commercial fishing license to "Consolidated Vessel" License and establishes a fee of \$5.00 for the replacement of a consolidated vessel license. The vessel license may include a license to sale fish taken from the coastal waters of the State, this license is in addition to any other vessel license required in the act. The license fees are based on length of the vessel and range from a low of \$25.00 to a high of \$45.00. Clarifies the licensing requirement of those persons that are not residents of this State who fish beyond the territorial boundaries of the State and who sell their catch in the State. Establishes an "Endorsement to Sell Fish" license. The fee is \$15.00 for a resident when there is no vessel involved and \$100.00 for a nonresident or an amount equal to the nonresident fee charged by the nonresident's State. Makes additional clarifying language changes to the act.

FISCAL IMPACT: \$430,000 TO \$460,000 Annually

### DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

HOUSE BILL 446, CHAPTER 223 - Establishes a new nonreverting account within the Department of Agriculture. The revenue deposited into the account is derived from the grading and inspection of farm products. There is no change in the amount of fees. Interest earned by the account is to be credited to the account. The act authorizes the State Department of Agriculture to adhere to restrictions governing the provisions set forth in the "cooperative agreement" between the Department and the United States Department of Agriculture.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 1993
FISCAL EFFECT: \$50,000 to \$60,000 in Annual Revenue from Interest

HOUSE BILL 567, CHAPTER 356 - Authorized the Commissioner of Agriculture to issue replacement data plates for liquefied petroleum gas tanks of 120 gallons or more, as required by the American Society of Mechanical Engineers. The purpose of the plate is to state that the tank was built to code. The charge for a plate is \$20.00 and the revenue is to be credited to the Department of Agriculture and applied to the cost of issuing replacement plates. Establishes civil penalties for violating the law.

EFFECTIVE DATE: December 1, 1993
FISCAL IMPACT: Indeterminate

HOUSE BILL 1102, CHAPTER 481 - Establishes the Pesticide Environmental Trust Fund to be funded by an assessment for each brand or grade of pesticide registered with the Department. The annual assessment for applicants whose gross sales of pesticides are less than \$5,000 is \$25.00 and \$50.00 for those whose sales are in excess of \$5,000.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon Ratification FISCAL EFFECT: \$400,000 In Any Fiscal Year

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT, HEALTH, AND NATURAL RESOURCES

HOUSE BILL 483, CHAPTER 394 - The Dam Safety Account is established as a nonreverting account within the Department and all safety and inspection fees collected are to be credited to the account. Increases some of the civil penalties.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 1, 1993 FISCAL IMPACT: \$14,000 to \$15,500 in Any Given Fiscal Year

HOUSE BILL 681, CHAPTER 400 - Authorizes the implementation of the requirements set forth in the 1990 amendments to the Federal Clear Air Act, repeals the expiration date of a portion of the per gallon fuel tax and dedicates some of the proceeds of the tax to the administration of the air quality program. A portion of the proceeds from the tax are to be dedicated to the cleanup of leaking underground petroleum storage tanks. The act repeals the expiration of the Leaking Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Act of 1988.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon Ratification FISCAL IMPACT: \$20.0 Million 93-94 and \$19.9 Million FY 94-95

HOUSE BILL 1061, CHAPTER 402 - Amends the Leaking Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Act of 1988 and clarifies the purpose of the oil and/or other hazardous substances pollution protection fund. Changes the allocation of the proceeds from the kerosene and motor fuel inspection fee to be divided between the commercial and non-commercial leaking underground storage tank cleanup fund.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 1993 FISCAL EFFECT: No New Revenue

SENATE BILL 100, CHAPTER 466 - Authorizes the Secretary of Environment, Health, and Natural resources to grant shell fish cultivation leases. Makes changes to Chapter 113 of the North Carolina General Statutes and authorizes the Department to study the prevention of marine litter.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 1, 1994 FISCAL IMPACT: Minimal

SENATE BILL 821, CHAPTER 344 - Amends the current procedure for the registration of water withdrawals in order to make the process more efficient by providing for more useful information. Imposes a late payment fee of \$5.00 per day up to a maximum of \$500.00. Exempts farmers who submit a registration that pertains to farming operations.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 1, 1993 FISCAL IMPACT: Indeterminate

SENATE BILL 1112, CHAPTER 496 - Amends the North Carolina Clean Water Revolving Loan and Grant Program to allow municipalities to pledge user fees or any available resources of revenues for the payment of revolving funds. Clarifies that the Environmental Management Commission has the authority to certify laboratories that monitor water and air quality.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon Ratification FISCAL IMPACT: Indeterminate

### ALCOHOL BEVERAGE CONTROL COMMISSION

HOUSE BILL 502, CHAPTER 415 - The act makes technical amendments to the alcoholic beverage control laws, authorizes the sale of alcoholic beverages in certain areas of the State, increases the fees for most commercial alcoholic beverage permits, and makes other changes to the alcoholic beverage laws.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon Ratification
FISCAL IMPACT: \$15,000 FY 93-94 and \$10,255 FY 94-95

### NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

North Carolina Seafood Industrial Park Authority

HOUSE BILL 547, CHAPTER 323 - Authorizes the North Carolina Seafood Industrial Park to charge fees for its services and for the use of its facilities.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon Ratification FISCAL IMPACT: \$70,000 in Any Fiscal Year

### DEPARTMENT OF SECRETARY OF STATE

HOUSE BILL 924, CHAPTER 326 - The Secretary of State is authorized to establish the requirements for the certification of property mappers and to require each applicant to submit a \$20.00 application fee when filing an application.

EFFECTIVE DATE: JANUARY 1, 1994 FISCAL IMPACT: \$3,000 Biannually

DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE

HOUSE BILL 1355, CHAPTER 320 - Establishes the Insurance Regulatory Rate at 7.25% for the calendar year 1993; this is the same rate established for 1992 tax year.

EFFECTIVE DATE: JULY 1, 1993 FISCAL IMPACT: No Increase in Revenues

NORTH CAROLINA PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

HOUSE BILL 1355, CHAPTER 320 - Establishes the Public Utility Regulatory Rate at 8.5% of each public utility's North Carolina jurisdictional revenues earned during each quarter that begins on or after July 1, 1993; this is the same rate established for 1992.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 1993
FISCAL EFFECT: No Increase in Revenues

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

HOUSE BILL 1355, CHAPTER 320 - Increases the hourly fee for the inspection of amusement devices from \$15.00 to \$60.00 and raises the elevator inspection fees by a uniform amount of \$10.00.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 1993 FISCAL EFFECT: \$135,000 in FY 93-94 and FY 94-95

DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES

HOUSE BILL 1355, CHAPTER 320 - Removes the sunset on the Motorcycle Safety Education program. All fee amounts remained unchanged.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 1993 FISCAL EFFECT: No Impact

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS

SENATE BILL 1139, CHAPTER 313 - Imposes a processing fee of \$50 on new Court failures to appear in court after a period of 20 days.

EFFECTIVE DATE: JULY 15, 1993
FISCAL IMPACT: \$5.9 Million FY 93-94 and FY 94-95

### WILDLIFE RESOURCES COMMISSION

SENATE BILL 590, CHAPTER 422 - Increases fees for boat certificates of number from \$5.00 to \$8.00 for a one year period and from \$13.00 to \$20.00 for a three year period. Revenue is credited to the Wildlife Resources Fund.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 1, 1994 FISCAL EFFECT: \$800,000 Annually

### DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

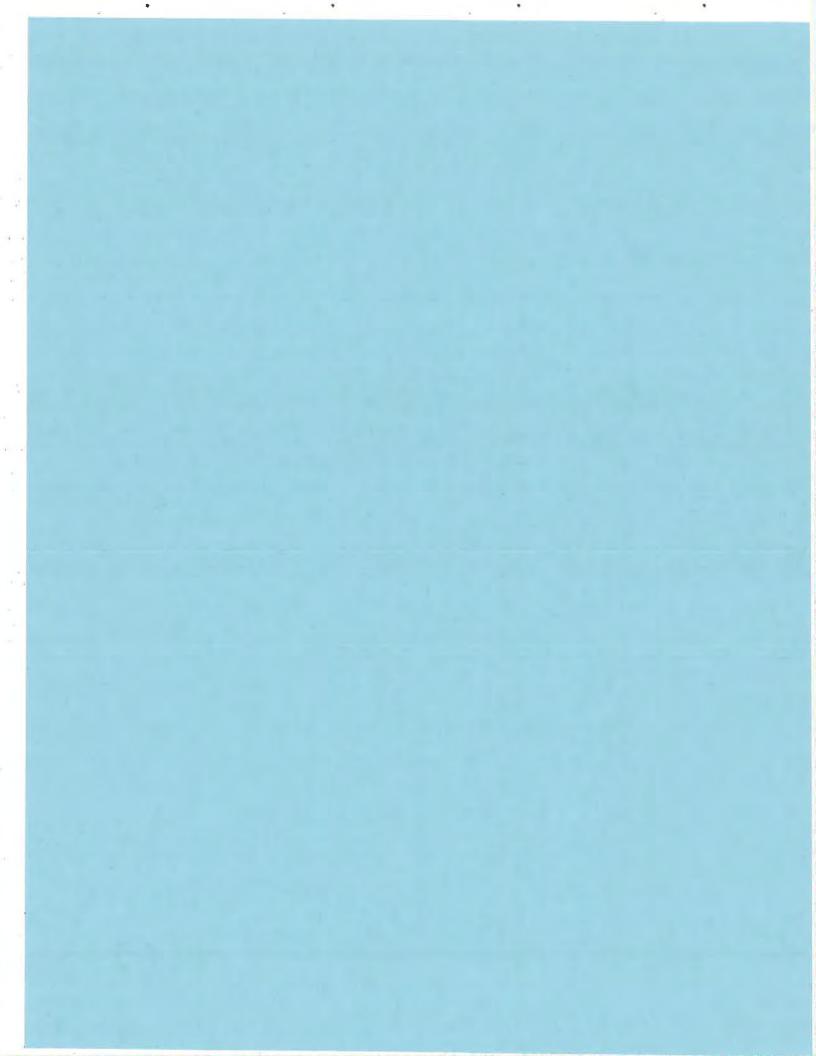
SENATE BILL 549, CHAPTER 403 - Authorizes the Department of Justice to conduct criminal record checks of personnel and provide the information to hospitals, nursing homes, and area mental health, development disabilities, and substance abuse authorities, and their contact authorities. The Department is authorized to charge a \$10.00 fee per individual name.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon Ratification FISCAL IMPACT: Indeterminate

### DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN RESOURCES

SENATE BILL 621, CHAPTER 384 - Requires every person who manufactures, distributes, dispenses, or conducts research with controlled substances within the State to pay a registration fee to the Department. The fees are based on the category of the applicant.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 1, 1994
FISCAL IMPACT: \$210,000 to \$225,000 Annually



# **APPENDIX**

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Public Education — Low Wealth Supplemental Funding
Public Education — Small School System Supplemental Funding

### TOTAL STATE BUDGET BY SOURCE OF FUNDS 1963-64 TO 1992-93 (In Millions)

	General Fund	Federal Revenue Sharing	Highway Fund	Federal	Other	Total
1963-64	\$ 534.0		\$158.3	\$152.4	\$127.4	\$ 972.1
1964-65	468.7	*	161.8	153.3	91.3	875.1
1965-66	608.8		181.7	188.8	185.2	1,164.5
1966-67	580.6		188.8	175.8	107.7	1,052.8
1967-68	791.7	2	219.6	236.4	180.3	1,428.0
1968-69	735.1	140	226.9	221.3	135.3	1,318.6
1969-70	969.6	-	303.7	349.9	193.4	1,816.6
1970-71	961.4		304.7	335.1	171.2	1,772.3
1971-72	1,198.0	-	344.8	476.7	218.6	2,238.2
1972-73	1,173.6	-	352.4	491.7	199.5	2,217.2
1973-74	1,607.3	105.2	381.7	519.3	264.4	2,877.9
1974-75	1,734.6	57.2	392.7	648.6	247.8	3,080.9
1975-76	1,733.2	51.7	422.8	747.6	292.3	3,247.6
1976-77	1,922.4	67.1	414.6	776.8	282.9	3,463.8
1977-78	2,158.0	66.9	433.1	967.9	351.4	3,977.3
1978-79	2,515.4	62.5	461.8	1,042.7	328.5	4,410.9
1979-80	2,787.7	57.0	497.6	1,240.5	448.8	5,031.7
1980-81	3,216.4	28.4	506.1	1,296.5	395.7	5,443.1
1981-82	3,435.0	-	535.0	1,312.7	470.0	5,752.8
1982-83	3,623.6	-	555.6	1,322.3	485.9	5,987.4
1983-84	3,857.6	+	664.0	1,597.4	584.9	6,703.9
1984-85	4,516.6	-	713.6	1,655.8	551.7	7,437.7
1985-86	5,130.5	-	735.5	1,838.1	696.4	8,400.5
1986-87	5,516.0		839.4	1,887.4	698.3	8,941.0
1987-88	5,977.9	-	882.4	2,026.8	837.1	9,724.2
1988-89	6,586.1		918.7	2,117.4	788.2	10,410.4
1989-90	7,360.0		1,236.6	2,366.8	1,033.0	11,996.4
1990-91	8,149.0	-	1,223.8	2,617.0	949.4	12,939.2
1991-92	7,983.0	_	1,323.3	3,127.8	1,176.3	13,610.4
1992-93	8,209.5	_	1,318.4	3,617.5	1,363.2	14,508.6

Source: State Budget Office

## CONDITION OF GENERAL FUND

Fiscal Year 1971-72 1972-73 1973-74 1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81 1981-82 1982-83 1983-84 1984-85 1985-86 1986-87 1987-88 1988-89 1989-90 1990-91 1991-92 1992-93	Credit Balance July 1  147,217,428 144,882,337 264,797,513 174,697,888 54,925,972 57,823,792 141,542,795 178,980,960 187,448,754 284,968,557 154,626,793 108,547,769 71,696,180 253,526,612 380,097,754 319,109,295 362,182,953 392,935,408 157,048,576 222,242,383 440,498 123,579,748	General Fund Revenue Net Collections 1,093,909,181 1,259,415,819 1,429,764,463 1,544,097,052 1,696,857,730 2,003,528,637 2,173,337,915 2,460,579,454 2,842,170,811 3,023,812,433 3,229,540,852 3,403,842,753 3,957,317,512 4,527,094,671 4,910,870,016 5,392,076,697 5,804,527,342 6,154,529,607 6,988,406,674 7,207,815,194 7,817,050,946 8,292,796,566	Total Availability  1,241,126,609 1,404,298,156 1,694,561,976 1,718,794,940 1,751,783,702 2,061,352,429 2,314,880,710 2,639,560,414 3,029,619,565 3,308,780,990 3,384,167,644 3,512,390,522 4,029,013,692 4,780,621,283 5,290,967,770 5,711,185,992 6,166,710,295 6,547,465,015 7,145,455,250 7,430,057,577 7,817,491,444 8,416,376,314	Appropriation Expenditures Current Op.  1,031,353,080 1,139,500,643 1,433,241,642 1,627,703,631 1,670,011,262 1,890,839,697 2,131,150,750 2,358,332,842 2,660,272,289 3,030,012,908 3,244,758,733 3,374,921,984 3,715,794,836 4,187,988,291 4,718,355,241 5,051,335,794 5,600,754,989 6,131,757,409 6,773,120,129 7,323,218,884 7,652,718,443 7,783,840,499	Appropriation Expenditures Cap. Improv. 64,891,192 86,622,446 36,165,337 23,948,648 28,969,937 4,749,000 93,778,818 84,378,719 104,141,290 30,861,142 65,772,358 59,782,244 212,535,238 253,503,234 297,667,245 173,020,035 258,659,030 150,092,738 106,400,195 — 95,205,570	Total Appropriation Expenditures  1,096,244,272 1,139,500,643 1,519,864,088 1,663,868,968 1,693,959,910 1,919,809,634 2,135,899,750 2,452,111,660 2,744,651,008 3,154,154,198 3,275,619,875 3,440,694,342 3,775,487,080 4,400,523,529 4,971,858,475 5,349,003,039 5,773,774,884 6,390,416,439 6,923,212,867 7,429,617,079 7,652,718,443 7,879,046,069	Credit Balance June 30  144,882,337 264,797,513 174,697,888 54,925,972 57,823,792 141,542,795 178,980,960 187,448,754 284,968,557 154,626,792 108,547,769 71,696,180 253,526,612 380,097,754 319,109,295 362,182,953 392,935,408 157,048,576 222,242,383 440,498 164,773,001 537,330,245	
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a The 1990 credit balance was inflated by deferring the 12th month pay day (\$163.9 million) until the 1991 fiscal year boos not include \$400,000 appropriation expenditure to Savings Reserve

### SUMMARY OF GENERAL FUND REVENUE

					INCOME FROM	CAPITAL	FEDERAL REVENU	JE	TOTAL	
FISCAL		SALES & USE		TOTAL TAX	TREASURER'S	IMPROVEMENT	SHARING, ANTI-	- OTHER	NON-TAX	TOTAL GENERA
YEAR	INCOME TAX	TAX	OTHER TAXES	REVENUE	INVESTMENTS	REVERSIONS	RECESSION	SOURCES	REVENUES	FUND REVENUE
1965-66	252,736,461	188,246,243	114,432,692	555,415,396	10,322,713	1,933,444		5,577,906	17,834,063	573,249,459
1966-67	284,807,547	201,641,570	118,755,843	605,204,960	12,337,612			6,166,907	18,504,519	623,709,479
1967-68	311,192,821	216,173,811	125,115,960	652,482,592	19,266,180			7,450,156	26,716,336	679,198,928
1968-69	350,145,307	239,525,769	149,839,452	739,510,528	20,284,196	5,402,564		10,868,448	36,555,208	776,065,736
1969-70	380,063,453	264,350,605	197,300,010	841,714,068	22,624,169	26,621		14,185,176	36,835,966	878,550,034
1970-71	413,596,745	285,893,056	221,954,891	921,444,692	29,369,118	1,669,214		15,153,132	46,191,464	967,636,156
1971-72	483,850,778	324,824,018	243,224,906	1,051,899,702	24,325,582	456,116		17,227,781	42,009,479	1,093,909,181
1972-73	566,308,449	368,746,184	278,942,411	1,213,997,044	26,816,266	437,465		18,165,044	45,418,775	1,259,415,819
1973-74	653,067,805	409,393,909	295,723,754	1,358,185,468	53,574,504	542,199		17,462,292	71,578,995	1,429,764,463
1974-75	715,401,376	423,006,813	312,775,911	1,451,184,100	73,317,870	1,657,696		17,937,386	92,912,952	1,544,097,052
1975-76	760,478,534	464,756,311	346,610,609	1,571,845,454	48,641,750	4,268,324	48,779,830	23,322,372	125,012,276	1,696,857,730
1976-77	985,489,725	510,295,335	374,181,698	1,869,966,758	43,165,147	446,798	50,954,604	38,995,330	133,561,879	2,003,528,637
1977-78	1,076,941,120	578,960,737	404,579,891	2,060,481,748	44,086,759	620,014	38,516,731	29,632,663	112,856,167	2,173,337,915
1978-79	1,248,931,187	646,729,888	441,557,070	2,337,218,145	59,238,926	1,125,090	30,284,051	32,713,242	123,361,309	2,460,579,454
1979-80	1,471,139,203	691,902,227	476,172,559	2,639,213,989	110,401,212	1,133,957	56,911,047	34,510,606	202,956,822	2,842,170,811
1980-81	1,583,321,118	737,098,123	525,534,207	2,845,953,448	108,546,785	4,950,481	28,391,897	35,969,822	177,858,985	3,023,812,433
1981-82	1,726,818,176	777,449,131	573,445,530	3,077,712,837	115,633,898	1,179,609	262,514	34,751,994	151,828,015	3,229,540,852
1982-83	1,856,624,375	823,400,004	599,000,004	3,279,024,843	88,017,324	1,427,224	0	35,373,362	124,817,910	3,403,842,753
1983-84	2,152,810,530	998,987,392	662,579,681	3,814,377,603	96,291,399	52,777	39,433	46,556,300	142,939,909	3,957,317,512
1984-85	2,513,419,114	1,155,845,141	667,457,999	4,336,722,254	131,037,254	177,208	1,456,544	57,701,411	190,372,417	4,527,094,671
1985-86	2,717,424,128	1,380,409,070	596,687,652	4,694,520,850	151,004,316	317,813	0	65,027,037	216,349,166	4,910,870,016
1986-87	3,129,406,895	1,451,612,941	599,542,284	5,180,562,118	139,317,588	5,870,818	0	66,326,174	211,514,580	5,392,076,698
1987-88	3,312,804,849	1,555,266,971	683,217,053	5,551,288,873	166,899,926	2,342,734	0	83,995,809	253,238,469	5,804,527,342
1988-89	3,551,755,877	1,681,724,768	695,061,462	5,928,542,107	141,780,651	603,796	0	83,603,051	225,987,498	6,154,529,606
1989-90	3,948,153,347	1,762,717,987	850,551,828	6,561,423,162	118,572,985	43,306,944	0	100,410,308	262,290,237 <sup>b</sup>	6,823,713,399
1990-91	4,027,687,413	1,682,340,881	982,476,883	6,692,505,177	78,623,399	35,176,053	0	153,429,866	267,229,318 <sup>C</sup>	6,959,734,495
1991-92	4,189,213,093	2,161,362,545	1,087,869,971	7,438,445,609	57,242,867	67,890	0	151,294,580	208,605,337 <sup>d</sup>	7,647,050,146
1992-93	4,421,864,918	2,344,073,330	1,117,078,310	7,883,016,558	75,732,291	97,606	0	163,950,111	239,780,008	8,122,796,566

a Includes transfer of \$12,007,219 from Reserve for Income Tax Refunds in order to close out reserve account

b Does not include Transfer from Highway Trust Fund

C Does not include Transfers from Highway Trust Fund nor Highway Fund

d Does not include Transfer from Highway Trust Fund but includes sales tax refund from Highway and Reimbursement from Insurance Department's Special Fund for Operation of Department

# SUMMARY OF GENERAL FUND APPROPRIATIONS

### **APPROPRIATION**

FISCAL YEAR	CURRENT	CAPITAL	PLUS CAR		-	UNEXPENDED	LESS CARRY	NET
1005.00		OMITIAL	FORWAR	D TOTAL	EXPENDITURES	APPROPRIATIO	N FORWARD	
1965-66	548,887,603	41,639,578	0	590,527,181			A Contract	1124511010143
1966-67	580,566,081	0	10,573,247	591,139,328		31,764,722	10,573,247	21,191,475
1967-68	679,797,594	112,356,788	0	2000		25,943,911	0	25,943,911
1968-69	735,615,110	0	9,118,376			35,804,956	9,118,376	26,686,580
1969-70	894,518,284	75,588,603	0		1212241111	26,473,712	0	26,473,712
1970-71	962,778,883	0	18,348,925	981,127,808		57,113,379	18,348,925	38,764,454
1971-72	1,087,143,307	64,891,192	0	1,152,034,499		41,816,778	0	41,816,778
1972-73	1,173,589,394	0	13,853,736	1,187,443,130		55,790,227	13,853,736	41,936,491
1973-74	1,520,694,407	86,622,446	0	1,607,316,853		47,942,487	0	47,942,487
1974-75	1,698,417,672	36,165,337	0	1,734,583,009		87,452,765	0	87,452,765
1975-76	1,756,230,449	23,948,648	100	1.780 179 097	1,663,868,968 1,693,959,910	70,714,041	0	70,714,041
1976-77	1,944,405,653	28,969,937	18,570,953	1,991,946,543		86,219,187	18,570,953	67,648,234
1977-78	2,193,540,024	4,749,000		2,198,289,024	1,919,809,634	72,136,909	0	72,136,909
1978-79	2,451,876,785	93,778,818	134.310	2,545,789,913	2,133,099,750	62,389,274	134,310	62,254,964
1979-80	2,761,002,481	84,378,719	0	2,845,381,200	2,432,111,000	93,678,253	0	93,678,253
1980-81	3,140,949,832	104,141,290	10,013,647	3,255,104,769	2,744,051,008	100,730,192	10,013,647	90,716,545
1981-82	3,404,824,224	30,861,142		3,435,685,366	3 375 610 075	100,950,571	0	100,950,571
1982-83	3,558,013,570	65,772,358	3,129,320	3,626,915,248	3,2/3,619,8/5	160,065,491		156,936,171
1983-84	3,812,808,921	59,782,244		3,872,591,165	3,440,694,342	186,220,906	0	186,220,906
1984-85	4,304,541,096	212,535,238	15,027,077	4,532,103,411	4.400.500.500		15,027,077	82,077,008
1985-86	4,877,060,744	253,503,234		5 130 563 979	4,400,523,529	131,579,882	0	131,579,882
1986-87	5,233,678,633	297,667,245	ő	5,130,563,978 5,531,345,878	5 240 002 000	158,705,503		158,705,503
1987-88	5,805,245,729	173,020,035	0	5 978 265 764	5,349,003,039	182,342,839		182,342,839
1988-89	6,302,733,865	258,659,030	0	5,978,265,764	6 200 440 406	204,490,880		204,490,880
		,	0	6,561,392,895	0,390,416,439	170,976,456		170,976,456

### SUMMARY OF GENERAL FUND APPROPRIATIONS (Continued)

### **APPROPRIATION**

FISCAL YEAR	CURRENT OPERATIONS	CAPITAL	PLUS CARR FORWARD	• •	- EXPENDITURES		LESS CARRY N FORWARD	
1989-90	7,116,587,717	150,092,738	0	7,266,680,455	6,923,212,860	a 343,467,595	a 0	343,467,595 a
1990-91	7,867,424,607	106,400,195	0	7,973,824,802	7,429,617,079	544,207,723	p 0	544,207,723 b
1991-92	7,825,732,308		_	7,825,732,308	7,652,718,443	173,013,865		173,013,865
1992-93	8,114,332,336	95,205,570	_	8,209,537,906	7,879,046,069	330,491,837	c _	330,491,837 C

a Reflects the deferment of the June 30, 1990 payroll into the next fiscal year - \$163.9 million.

b Reflects \$57.4 million retirement matching withheld from Retirement System and delay of 12th pay period (\$106.0 million) until 1991-92 and \$141.0 million Rainy Day Fund appropriation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Reflects \$158.7 million in unbudgeted Disproportionate shared payments.

# GENERAL FUND APPROPRIATIONS (Millions) (May Not Add Due to Rounding)

1966 \$525.2 \$11.9 \$1.2 \$538.3 \$- \$- A \$- \$41.7 1968 652.9 17.5 .3 670.7 - A - 112.4 1970 856.2 17.8 .1 744.7 - A - 112.4 1971 961.9 17.8 1.5 981.1 - A - 75.6 1972 1,052.2 18.6 2.5 1,073.3 - A - 64.9 1 1974 1,468.5 48.1 4.1 1,520.7 - A - 64.9 1 1975 1,692.3 - 6.1 1,698.4 - A - 86.6 1 1976 1,700.1 34.9 2.7 1,737.7 - A - 86.2 1 1978 2,141.1 49.2 3.1 2,193.4 - A - 23.9 1 1979 2,389.7 53.0 9.3 2,452.0 - A - 93.8 2, 1982 3,327.8 65.1 8.8 3,401.7 - A - 84.4 2, 1984 3,083.0 62.2 5.8 3,151.0 - A - 30.9 3, 1984 3,688.6 79.5 2.9 3,772.0	Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Department Totals	Debt Service	Reserves Unallocated	Subtotal Current Operations	Rainy Day Fund	Local Governments	Transfer to Highway Fund	Capital Improve	Total Appropria-
1976       1,700.1       34.9       2.7       1,737.7       -       A       -       36.2       1         1977       1,917.7       40.0       5.2       1,963.0       -       A       -       23.9       1         1978       2,141.1       49.2       3.1       2,193.4       -       A       -       29.0       1,         1979       2,389.7       53.0       9.3       2,452.0       -       A       -       4.7       2,         1980       2,687.4       55.3       8.2       2,751.0       -       A       -       93.8       2,         1981       3,083.0       62.2       5.8       3,151.0       -       A       -       84.4       2,         1982       3,327.8       65.1       8.8       3,401.7       -       A       -       104.1       3,         1983       3,474.8       75.0       11.4       3,561.1       -       A       -       30.9       3,         1985       4,237.2       -       2.9       3,772.0       -       A       -       65.8       3,	1967 1968 1969 1970 1971 1972 1973	573.2 652.9 726.8 856.2 961.9 1,052.2 1,159.1 1,468.5	17.2 17.5 17.8 17.8 17.8 18.6 21.5 48.1	.7 .3 .1 2.2 1.5 2.5 6.9 4.1	591.1 670.7 744.7 876.2 981.1 1,073.3 1,187.4		\$ - A - A - A - A - A - A	\$ - - - - -	\$41.7 - 112.4 - 75.6 - 64.9	\$580.0 591.1 783.1 744.7 951.8 981.1 1,138.2 1,187.4
1986 4,793.0 75.8 8.3 4,877.1 - A - 212.5 4,1988 5.713.6 7.0 5,233.7 - A - 253.5 5,	1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986	1,700.1 1,917.7 2,141.1 2,389.7 2,687.4 3,083.0 3,327.8 3,474.8 3,689.6 4,237.2 4,793.0 5,162.2	34.9 40.0 49.2 53.0 55.3 62.2 65.1 75.0 79.5 76.1 75.8 64.5	2.7 5.2 3.1 9.3 8.2 5.8 8.8 11.4 2.9 6.3 8.3 7.0	1,737.7 1,963.0 2,193.4 2,452.0 2,751.0 3,151.0 3,401.7 3,561.1 3,772.0 4,319.6 4,877.1		- A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A	25.8	36.2 23.9 29.0 4.7 93.8 84.4 104.1 30.9 65.8 59.8 212.5 253.5	1,607.3 1,734.6 1,761.6 1,992.0 2,198.1 2,545.8 2,835.4 3,255.1 3,432.6 3,626.9 3,857.6 4,532.1 5,130.6 5,531.3

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Department Totals	Debt Service	Reserves Unallocated	Subtotal Current Operations	Rainy Day Fund	Local Governments	Transfer to Highway Fund	Capital Improve ments <sup>C</sup>	Total Appropria- tions
1989	6,228.5	71.6	2.6	6,302.7		_ A		258.7	6,561.4
1990	6,807.0	70.0	6.0	6,883.0		233.6	-	150.1	7,266.7
1991	7,172.1	71.3	6.3	7,249.6	141.0	476.8	-	106.4	7,973.8
1992	7,276.9	79.7	.5	7,357.1	.4	468.2	-	-	7,825.7
1993	7,798.3	89.0	(5.4)	7,881.9	- B	232.4	4	95.2	8,209.5

A Revenues earmarked for local governments.

B Twenty-five percent of ending credit balance earmarked, funds no longer appropriated.

C Does not include Federal-Revenue Sharing authorizations.

### NORTH CAROLINA STATE GENERAL FUND OPERATING APPROPRIATIONS FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS, COMMUNITY COLLEGES, AND HIGHER EDUCATION 1965-66 TO 1992-93

Year	General Fur Total Curren Operations	_	Public Scl Amount	nools Percent	Communit Amount		olleges Percent	Higher Amount	Education	Percent of Total General Fund Current Oper.
1965-66	\$538,302,356		\$315,924,120	58 69	% \$11,626,558		2.16%		Percent	for Education
1966-67	591,139,328		335,127,904	56.69				, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -,	13.04%	73.89%
1967-68	670,679,218		371,207,691	55.34	19,625,725		3.40	78,559,545	13.29	73.38
1968-69	744,733,486		406,208,538	54.54	32,436,358		2.93	95,037,544	14.17	72.44
1969-70	876,169,359		459,814,709	52.48	41,431,965		4.36	104,894,567	14.08	72.98
1970-71	981,127,808		510,055,771	51.99	44,935,256		4.73	130,344,741	14.88	72.09
1971-72	1,073,289,571		533,536,652	49.71	55,958,450		4.58	147,326,678	15.02	71.59
1972-73	1,187,443,130		575,012,350	48.42	63,193,535		5.21	163,331,175	15.22	70.14
1973-74	1,520,694,407		718,947,864	47.28			5.32	179,910,706	15.15	68.89
1974-75	1,698,417,672		789,391,908	46.48	99,582,404		6.55	222,838,796	14.65	68.48
1975-76	1,737,659,496		800,937,335	46.09	109,218,752		6.43	280,638,400	16.52	69.43
1976-77	1,962,976,606		899,151,043	45.81	105,465,494		6.07	270,526,549	15.57	67.73
1977-78	2,193,405,714		997,654,527	45.48	116,481,854		5.93	307,123,340	15.65	67.39
1978-79	2,452,011,095		1,098,173,958	44.79	114,065,103		5.20	357,790,592	16.31	66.99
1979-80	2,750,988,834		1,230,099,474	44.75	139,794,869		5.70	394,767,166	16.10	66.59
1980-81	3,150,963,479		1,390,907,313	44.71	145,243,264		5.28	436,949,552	15.88	65.87
1981-82	3,401,694,904		1,495,263,953	43.96	174,996,965		5.55	515,255,082	16.35	66.04
1982-83	3,561,142,890		1,515,742,033		194,452,082		5.72	567,573,821	16.69	66.37
1983-84	3,812,808,921		1,620,044,340	42.56	205,585,837		5.77	599,235,054	16.83	65.16
1984-85	4,319,568,173		1,886,700,077	42.49	232,195,091		6.09	653,091,405	17.13	65.71
1985-86	4,877,060,744		2,185,803,123	43.68	259,101,105		6.00	746,998,910	17.29	66.97
1986-87	5,233,438,532		2,346,139,866	44.82	281,875,727		5.78	840,311,094	17.23	67.83
1987-88	5,805,245,729		2,639,237,658	44.83	307,102,490		5.87	909,134,150	17.37	68.07
1988-89	6,302,733,865		2,930,643,866	45.46	326,296,294		5.62	980,746,492	16.89	67.97
1989-90	6,883,018,393	а		46.50	332,064,381		5.27	1,039,510,499	16.49	68.26
1990-91	7,249,630,710	b	3,134,428,215	45.54	365,537,274	-	5.31	1,109,917,895	16.13	66.98
1991-92	7,357,101,134	b	3,329,171,720	45.92	387,611,956	a	5.35	1,143,216,957	15.77	67.04
. 301 02	,,557,101,154	~	3,293,699,663	44.77	344,131,858		4.68	1,121,976,740	15.25	64.70

	General Fund Total Current	Public Sci	hools	Community	Colleges	Higher	Education	Percent of Total General Fund Current Oper.
Year	Operations	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	for Education
1992-93	7,881,908,182 C	3,435,634,234	43.59	398,689,471	5.06	1,170,947,533	14.86	63.50
1993-94C	8,674,060,752	3,628,703,338	41.83	423,585,941	4.88	1,221,568,121	14.08	60.80
1994-95C	8 779 520 532	3,635,998,600	41.41	412.029.541	4.69	1,213,558,576	13.82	59.93

a Excludes Local Government Tax Reimbursement/Shared Revenues

b Excludes Local Government Tax Reimbursement/Shared Revenues and Budget Stabilization Reserve

c Excludes Local Government Tax Reimbursement

### GENERAL FUND OPERATING EXPENDITURES BY DEPARTMENT/FUNCTIONS OF GOVERNMENT

	CUDDIN									
FISCAL	CURRENT	DEBT			COMMUNITY	DEPARTMENT		DEPARTMENT		TRANSFER TO
YEAR	OPERATING EXPENSE	SERVICE	PUBLIC	UNIVERSITY	COLLEGES	OF HUMAN	JUDICIAL	OF	ALL OTHER	HIGHWAY
		EXPENSE	SCHOOLS	SYSTEM	SYSTEM	RESOURCES	DEPARTMENT	CORRECTION	DEPARTMENTS	FUND
	*************				***********					
1965-66	517,110,881	11,905,291	305,140,902	66,241,100	11,411,657	68,773,133	2,492,262	19,697,099	21 110 127	
1966-67	565,195,417	16,114,637	324,216,229	73,013,092	18,697,812	,,	3,976,730		31,449,437	
1967-68	643,992,638	17,517,958	366,024,522	88,272,493	18,310,803	, - ,	5,769,435	20,417,630	34,331,864	
1968-69	718,259,774	17,780,947	400,822,976		31,282,412	, , ,	i i	23,858,998	41,987,595	
1969-70	837,404,905	17,774,223	450,688,435		39,689,410	106,632,807	12,463,890	25,446,821	36,526,608	
1970-71	939,311,030	17,757,503	496,905,842	,,	43,642,139	•	18,830,659	30,658,825	50,877,890	
1971-72	1,031,353,080	18,171,391	527,938,182	148,864,864		122,069,070	22,056,549	35,074,124	63,197,302	
1972-73	1,139,500,643	21,355,238	569,792,945	166,208,535	55,954,999	148,919,439	26,333,117	40,872,066	64,299,022	
1973-74	1,433,241,642	45,897,043	702,789,400		60,636,067	168,819,831	28,926,414	45,542,237	78,219,376	
1974-75	1,627,703,631	(98,264)	772,145,444	207,225,420	92,458,946	198,201,121	34,037,147	56,488,912	96,143,653	
1975-76	1,670,011,262	30,130,770		267,090,160	106,413,517	246,757,184	39,385,118	70,743,705	125,266,767	
1976-77	1,890,839,697	39,693,952	792,213,250	249,604,282	99,816,634	274,169,121	40,988,613	66,428,299	116,660,293	
1977-78	2,131,150,750		888,449,745	289,972,146	110,824,929	313,022,287	45,565,044	73,566,297	129,745,297	
1978-79		48,771,987	988,189,540	337,633,079	113,168,528	351,655,302	54,340,430	91,140,983	146,250,901	
1979-80	2,358,332,842	49,569,523	1,092,015,308	379,305,638	133,975,021	372,632,422	62,230,026	102,025,973	166,578,931	
	2,660,272,288	53,795,956	1,230,099,473	414,751,963	145,243,264	429,814,253	71,077,496	120,052,369	195,437,514	
1980-81	3,050,012,908	60,044,412	1,390,907,313	487,919,423	169,011,630	488,201,903	81,229,801	141,575,912	231,122,514	
1981-82	3,244,758,733	61,723,326	1,477,036,604	534,143,560	185,809,489	501,927,937		151,194,947	244,416,018	
1982-83	3,374,921,984	74,763,426	1,455,408,320	560,438,959	191,749,633	547,208,474		167,419,485	286,818,703	
1983-84	3,715,704,836	79,050,866	1,615,216,290	615,765,535	226,494,819	584,128,657		186,536,133		35 000 000
1984-85	4,187,988,291	75,954,416	1,854,957,593	714,513,120	257,230,807	629,977,924		208,505,200	273,744,492	25,800,000
1985-86	4,718,355,241	73,358,416	2,156,921,328	793,114,439	77,815,320	707,151,818		226,241,439	327,529,685	
1986-87	5,051,335,794	63,572,699	2,293,921,501	853,232,567	299,359,220	771,114,680			352,246,379	
1987-88	5,600,754,582	73,800,147	2,571,179,747	936,874,299	317,666,441	824,077,501		245,627,559	381,196,320	
1988-89	6,131,757,409	71,513,536	2,857,740,313	996,187,746	324,207,283	939,216,000		268,139,442	451,317,206	
1989-90	6,539,691,898 <sup>a</sup>	69,854,147	3,111,034,727	989,230,466	346,856,268	• / •		311,077,980	457,116,993	
1990-91	6,877,865,221 <sup>b</sup>	64,571,799	3,176,190,223	1,089,669,672	•	943,279,717		342,489,567	552,559,505	
1991-92	7,184,089,741 <sup>C</sup>	75,807,729	3,235,476,119					410,669,675	488,781,803	
1992-93	7,552,787,564 <sup>d</sup>	80,219,334		1,092,166,393		1,223,468,038		446,455,697	558,027,196	
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	00,219,334	3,399,653,728	1,140,308,136	391,402,904	1,222,683,543	227,728,247	488,715,634	602,076,038	

a Excludes Local Government Tax Reimbursement; expenditures reflect the deferment of the June 30, 1990 payroll into the next fiscal year

ω b Excludes Local Government Tax Reimbursements/Shared Revenues; and, reflects delay of 12th pay period (Public Schools - \$106.0 million) until 1991-92; and the withholding of \$57.4 million from the Retirement System.

Excludes Local Government Tax Reimbursements/Shared Revenues and the \$400,000 Transfer to Savings Reserve.

Excludes Local Government Revenues

### REVERSIONS AND PERCENT OF ADJUSTED APPROPRIATIONS

	Public 9	Public Schools		University		Human Resources		TOTAL	
		% of		% of		% of		% of	
		Adjusted		Adjusted		Adjusted		Adjusted	
	Reversions	Approp.	Reversions	Approp.	Reversions	Approp.	Reversions	Approp.	
1965-66	\$10,783,218	3.4%	\$3,935,954	5.6%	\$2,625,601	3.7%	\$21,191,475	3.9%	
1966-67	10,911,675	3.3	5,546,453	7.1	3,022,897	3.9	25,943,911	4.4	
1967-68	5,183,169	1.4	6,765,051	7.2	8,836,926	9.7	26,686,580	4.0	
1968-69	5,385,562	1.6	6,464,296	6.2	7,725,398	8.0	26,473,712	3.6	
1969-70	9,126,274	2.0	8,092,085	6.2	8,611,475	7.5	38,764,454	4.4	
1970-71	13,149,929	2.6	8,718,177	5.9	9,414,690	7.2	41,816,778	4.3	
1971-72	5,598,470	1.0	14,466,311	8.9	11,688,271	7.3	41,936,491	3.9	
1972-73	5,219,405	0.9	13,702,171	7.6	11,942,333	6.6	47,942,487	4.0	
1973-74	16,158,464	2.2	15,613,376	7.1	26,413,504	11.8	87,452,765	5.8	
1974-75	17,246,464	2.2	13,548,240	4.8	23,677,556	8.8	70,714,040	4.2	
1975-76	8,724,085	1.1	20,922,267	7.7	8,380,099	3.0	67,648,234	3.9	
1976-77	10,701,298	1.2	17,151,194	5.6	22,820,056	6.8	72,136,909	3.7	
1977-78	9,464,987	0.9	20,157,513	5.6	16,514,132	4.5	62,254,964	2.8	
1978-79	6,158,650	0.6	15,461,528	3.9	39,927,495	9.7	93,678,253	3.8	
1979-80	1	4	22,197,589	5.1	43,891,741	9.3	90,716,545	3.3	
1980-81	*	*	27,335,659	5.3	44,573,299	8.4	100,950,571	3.2	
1981-82	18,227,349	1.2	33,430,261	5.9	60,576,029	10.8	156,936,171	4.6	
1982-83	60,333,713	a 4.0	38,796,095	6.5	42,321,853	7.2	186,220,906	5.2	
1983-84	3,833,404	0.2	26,145,906	4.1	31,496,804	5.1	82,077,008	2.2	
1984-85	31,742,484	1.7	32,485,790	4.3	46,604,125	6.9	131,579,882	3.0	
1985-86	28,881,795	1.3	47,196,655	5.6	40,463,453	5.4	158,705,503	3.3	
1986-87	52,218,365	2.2	55,901,583	6.1	33,818,204	4.2	182,342,839	3.5	
1987-88	68,057,911	2.6	43,872,193	4.5	50,316,667	5.6	204,490,880	3.5	
1988-89	72,903,553	2.5	43,323,023	4.2	21,988,892	2.3	170,976,456	2.7	
1989-90b	23,393,488	0.7	120,687,429	10.9	67,357,953	6.6	343,467,595	4.8	
1990-91	.02,001,101	c 4.6	53,547,285	4.7	27,025,993	2.5	544,207,723	d 6.9	
1991-92	58,223,544	1.8	29,810,346	2.7	13,854,390	1.1	173,013,865	2.2	
1992-93	35,980,506	1.0	30,639,398	2.6	187,572,058	13.3	330,491,837	4.1	

- a General Assembly directed that \$29.8M of funds needed for 11th and 12th pay periods be part of the credit balance.
- b Reversions include June 30, 1990 payroll requirements that were deferred into the 1990-91 fiscal year.
- Includes \$106.0M for 12th month pay period deferred into 1991-92 fiscal year.
- Includes <sup>c</sup> above, \$141.0 million Budget Stabilization Reserve, \$31.4 million Local Shared Revenues/Reimbursements and \$57.4 million employer retirement contribution withheld from Retirement System.

# LOCAL GOVERNMENT TAX AID - HISTORICAL DATA (\$ MILLION)

FISCAL YEAR	LOCAL SALES TAX	TAX SHARING *	TAX REIMBURSEMENTS ** *	POWELL BILL	TOTAL TAX AID	PROPERTY TAX ****
1973-74	\$98.4	\$57.3	_	\$29.3	\$185.0	\$548.4
1978-79	175.8	89.3	-	33.5	298.6	867.4
1983-84	296.5	158.3		43.2	498.0	1,468.5
1988-89	831.7	206.7	226.9	66.7	1,332.0	2,016.1
1993-94	1,033.2	236.8	237.8	90.7	1,507.8	3,095.0
% Increase Since 1973-74	950.0%	313.3%	<u>-</u>	309.6%	715.0%	464.4%
Average Annual % Increase Since 1971-72	12.5%	8.8%	_	5.8%	11.1%	9.1%

<sup>\*</sup> Includes intangibles tax (stocks and bonds), beer and wine excise tax, utility gross receipts tax (cities only).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Includes State reimbursement for elimination of property tax on business inventories, intangibles tax on money on deposit and certain accounts receivables, sales tax exemption on food stamp purchases, and homestead exemption relief expansion since 1981.

Shown for comparison purposes.

### LOCAL GROWTH MONEY ISSUE

### 1989 LEGISLATIVE ACTION

At the request of the State Auditor, the General Assembly changed the method of accounting for \$238 million of local tax reimbursements (inventory tax, etc.) from an earmarking of state taxes to an annual appropriation approved during the budget process. This action had no state or local fiscal impact.

### 1990 ACTION BY GOVERNOR

To deal with the 1989-90 budget shortfall, the Governor requested legislation to take unearmark the other pot of local tax aid, \$237 million of tax sharing monies (intangibles tax, beer and wine tax, franchise tax). Because \$120 million of these revenues were collected in one fiscal year but not sent out until the next year, the state received a \$120 million one-time windfall by unearmarking these funds. This action did not have a negative impact on local units because in 1990-91 and future years local units would receive an appropriation equal to a share of a full-year of current revenues. The funding would be subject to the budget process.

### 1991 ACTION BY GOVERNOR

The \$237 million of tax sharing monies and \$238 million of tax reimbursement funds represents a total of \$475 million of local tax aid. Because of the actions discussed above, both items were now subject to the annual appropriations process.

During the 1990-91 budget shortfall the Governor cut each unit's share of this aid by 6.2%, or \$32.1 million.

### 1991 LEGISLATIVE ACTIONS

The 1991 General Assembly restored the Governor's 6.2% cut to the base and then froze the tax funds for 1991-92 and 1992-93 at the restored level. This action led to a loss of growth of the two funds. The growth savings were considered local government's contribution to resolving the \$1.2 state budget shortfall.

### LOCAL GROWTH MONEY ISSUE (Continued)

### 1992 LEGISLATIVE ACTION

The interim report of the Fiscal Trends Commission recommended unearmarking the \$238 million of tax reimbursements, but not to allow growth (about 2% per year). This recommendation was adopted by the 1992 General Assembly.

### 1993 LEGISLATIVE ACTION

The final report of the Fiscal Trends Commission recommended that the tax sharing funds (\$237 million) be taken out of the budget process and that growth be allowed (about 6% per year). The recommendation was that both changes be made effective beginning with 1993-94. The General Assembly adopted this recommendation, effective beginning with the 1995-96 fiscal year.

### PERMANENT STATE POSITIONS

	-	GENERA	L FUND			
	PUBLIC SCHOOLS	OTHER	TOTAL	TOTAL HIGHWAY FUND	RECEIPT SUPPORT	
1972-73	66,655	46,478	113,133	14,142	_	
1973-74	69,114	50,136	119,250	14,880	-	
1974-75	72,433	52,659	125,092	15,475	_	
1975-76	75,939	54,566	130,505	15,375	_	
1976-77	75,680	55,541	131,221	15,484	13,082	159,787
1977-78	81,968	56,368	138,336	15,406	14,344	168,086
1978-79	85,892	58,741	144,633	15,542	15,011	175,186
1979-80	86,726	59,826	146,552	15,562	14,384	176,498
1980-81	89,886	61,616	151,502	15,258	14,181	180,941
1981-82	88,978	61,795	150,773	14,818	14,042	179,633
1982-83	88,241	63,210	151,451	14,246	13,443	179,140
1983-84	88,366	63,795	152,161	14,201	13,658	180,020
1984-85	90,123	65,001	155,124	14,627	13,839	183,590
1985-86	93,459	65,915	159,374	14,984	13,980	188,338
1986-87	94,973	68,079	163,052	14,744	13,887	191,683
1987-88	98,333	70,246	168,579	14,819	13,703	197,101
1988-89	101,559	70,843	172,402	14,234	14,420	201,056
1989-90	105,244	74,011	179,255	14,488	13,938	207,681
1990-91	107,077	75,152	182,229	15,044	12,890	210,163
1991-92	106,847	75,580	182,427	15,020	13,197	210,163
1992-93	108,539	78,491	187,030	15,486	14,408	216,924

# SUMMARY OF PERMANENT POSITIONS BY DEPARTMENT JULY 1, 1992

DED A DEMENTION OF THE	GENERAL	HIGHWAY FUND	RECEIPTS- SUPPORTED	TOTAL POSITIONS
DEPARTMENT/OFFICE	FUND	FUND		
Administration	811.6	_	226.3	1,037.9
Agriculture	1,075.4	71.0	274.5	1,420.9
Board of Governors	25,160.8	_	6,460.6	31,621.4
Economic and Community				
Development	378.0	-	2,198.3	2,576.3
Community Colleges	186.2	_	17.0	203.2
Correction	13,023.7	-	312.5	13,336.2
Crime Control				
and Public Safety	505.0	1,602.0	110.0	2,217.0
Cultural Resources	636.8		49.0	685.8
General Assembly	154.0	_	-	154.0
Governor's Office	78.2	_	1.0	79.2
Housing Finance Agency	_	-	55.0	55.0
Human Resources	14,617.2	-	2,541.7	17,158.9
Insurance	243.9	-	127.5	371.4
Judicial	4,529.9	-	98.0	4,627.9
Justice	913.5	-	79.5	993.0
Labor	340.4	_	64.1	404.5
Lieutenant Governor's Office	10.0	_	_	10.0
Miscellaneous Boards and Comm	issions —	_	55.0	55.0
Environment, Health,				
and Natural Resources	2,930.4	15.9	955.2	3,901.5
Office of Administrative Hearings	36.0		_	36.0
Administrative Rules Review	4.0	_	_	4.0
Office of State Budget				
and Management	51.0	_	_	51.0
Office of State Planning	12.6	_	38.2	50.8
Public Instruction	604.6	_	244.4	849.0
Revenue	1,126.5	42.0	27.0	1,195.5
Secretary of State	108.8	_	3.0	111.8
State Auditor	133.0	2 <del></del> 2	13.0	146.0
State Board of Elections	7.0	_	-	7.0
State Controller	82.0	_	210.5	292.5
State Treasurer	71.0	_	178.5	249.5
Transportation	<del></del>	13,755.4	68.0	13,823.4
Subtotal	67,831.5	15,486.3	14,407.8	97,674.8
Community Colleges	10,659.5	_	_	10,659.5
Public School System	108,538.9	_	_	108,538.9
GRAND TOTAL	187,029.9	15,486.3	14,407.8	216,924.0

#### ACROSS-THE-BOARD SALARY COST FOR EACH 1% INCREASE (MILLIONS)

YEAR	GENERAL FUND	
1971-72		HIGHWAY FUND
1972-73	\$8.40	\$1.17
1973-74	8.43	1.17
	10.13	1.35
1974-75	12.27	1.51
1975-76	No Increase Granted	
1976-77	13.91	1.73
1977-78	15.79	1.84
1978-79	17.44	
1979-80	18.86	2.01
1980-81	21.29	2.13
1981-82		2.26
1982-83	25.14 a	2.51 a
1983-84	No Increase Granted	
1984-85	25.97	2.57
	27.60	2.70
1985-86	32.10	2.50
1986-87	36.45	2.66
1987-88	40.84 b	2.72
1988-89	45.40	2.93
1989-90	47.75	
1990-91	55.90	2.93
1991-92	No Increase Granted	3.35
1992-93		
1993-94	54.11	3.39
30 0 1	55.75	3.48

a Figure reflects annual cost, even though the increase was not effective until January 1, 1982.

b Figure does not reflect adjustment to offset anticipated savings from the tax sheltering of employee Health Benefits from Social Security tax.

#### LEGISLATIVE INCREASES

YEAR	STATE EMPLOYEE	ES TEACHERS
1965-67	10%	10%
1967-69	6%	20%
1969-70	Average 10% (7.5% to 13.9%)	10%
1970-71	2%	10%
1971-72	5%	5%
1972-73	5%	5% (employment extended 185 to 187 days = 1% salary increase)
1973-74	5% + (5% for those under \$2.75/hour)	5% + (employment extended 187 187 to 200 days = 7% salary increase and 1 step added to schedule)
1974-75	7.5%	7.5%
1975-76	-0-	-0-
1976-77	4% + \$300 (average 7.2%)	4% + \$300 (average 6.8%)
1977-78	6.5%	6.5%
1978-79	6%	6%
1979-80	5% + (\$200 one-time bonus payment)	5% + (\$200 one-time bonus payment)
1980-81	10%	10% + (Salary schedule changed = 2% to 10% added to each step of salary range)
1981-82	5% (effective 1-1-82)	5% (effective 1-1-82)
1982-83a	-0-	-0-
1983-84a	5%	5%
1984-85 <sup>a</sup>	10%	10% + 4.8% salary classification adjustment
1985-86 <sup>b</sup>	5% + 1 step increase (9.6%)	1 step increase (4.8% - second year teacher 2-step increase (9.6%) - 3rd year or more teacher
1986-87	\$75 month (average 6%)	6.5%
1987-88	5%	5%
1988-89	4.5%	4.5%

#### LEGISLATIVE INCREASES (Continued)

/EAR	STATE EMPLOYEES	TEACHERS
989-90	4% + 2% merit funds	6.65% average
990-91	4% + 2% merit funds	6.15% average
991-92	-0-	-0-
992-93	\$522	2% average
993-94	2% + 1% one-time bonus payment	3% average

a Salary increment program frozen
b Conditional upon continuous employment for one year

# AVERAGE SALARY OF EMPLOYEES SUBJECT TO THE PERSONNEL ACT

YEAR	AVERAGE SALARY
1966-67	\$4,995
1968-69	5,707
1970-71	6,748
1972-73	7,680
1973-74	8,249
1974-75	9,013
1975-76	9,092
1976-77	9,431
1977-78	11,060
1978-79	11,756
1979-80	12,677
1980-81	14,233
1981-82	15,329
1982-83	15,329
1983-84	16,026
1984-85	17,587
1985-86	18,742
1986-87	20,290
1987-88	21,305
1988-89	22,272
1989-90	23,105
1990-91	23,397
1991-92	24,665
1992-93	25,152
1993-94	25,645

#### NOTE: (1) Prior to 1972 computations were only made every two year.

The average salary figures show all permanent SPA employees at a particular point in time. During these years, new programs were added and SPA coverage was extended to positions previously exempt. When new positions were added at salaries above the average or at salaries below the average, this resulted in an increase or decrease in average salary levels. Therefore, changes in average salaries are not measures of salary increases or decreases.

#### CRITICAL SCHOOL FACILITY NEEDS FUND: COUNTIES AS RANKED BY THE COMMISSION ON SCHOOL FACILITY NEEDS IN 1988

County	Amount	Awarded	County	Amount	Awarded
County  Hoke Robeson Northampton Caswell Harnett Bertie Madison Columbus Halifax Hertord Scotland Richmond Anson Bladen Sampson Duplin Granville Franklin Jones Warren Swain Greene Graham Cherokee Wayne	Amount \$9,977,477 10,000,000 3,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 5,591,300 10,000,000 9,015,252 2,175,174 2,000,000 8,660,673 2,216,236 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000	5-13-88 5-13-88	Washington Perquimans Gates Pender Lenoir McDowell Montgomery Camden Onslow Tyrrell Ashe Caldwell Caldwell Alexander Craven Chowan Currituck Pamlico Yadkin Rutherford Jackson Pasquotank Beaufort Surry 1	\$4,663,472 2,000,000 2,000,000 5,438,176 2,000,000 3,781,402 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000	Awarded  10-20-1990 10-20-1990 10-20-1990 8-13-1991 8-13-1991 9-11-92 9-11-92 9-11-92 8-93 8-93 8-93
Rocky Mount	2,002,563	5-13-88		2,000,000 4,184,361	
City Edgecombe Clay City Vance Yancey Johnston	450,000 1,550,000 2,437,450 5,671,827 4,980,929 10,000,000	5-13-88 5-13-88 5-13-88 5-13-88 5-13-88 10-12-89	Burke	5,125,351 2,000,000 1,260,000 8,740,000 7,337,296	

<sup>\*</sup> Section 20, Chapter 1044, 1991 Session Laws - \$2,000,000 Direct Appropriation

# SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCE ACT OF 1987 PUBLIC SCHOOL CAPITAL BUILDING FUND

(ADM Fund)

#### (MAY NOT ADD DUE TO ROUNDING)

#### FUNDING HISTORY

Date	Tax Deposits	Less DPI Transfer	Tax Funds Available	Interest Earnings	Annual Total	Cumulative Availability
6-30-88	\$79,926,467	\$122,019	\$79,804,448	\$2,025,970	\$81,830,418	\$81,830,418
6-30-89	60,290,342	_	60,290,342	9,824,853	70,115,196	151,945,614
6-30-90	37,593,993	462,004	37,131,989	10,955,301	48,087,290	200,032,904
6-30-91	27,375,000	305,880	27,069,120	8,592,719	35,661,839	235,694,744
6-30-92	27,669,428	289,240	27,380,188	5,241,429	32,621,617	268,316,361
6-30-93	32,340,599	295,448	32,045,151	4,257,122	36,302,273	304,618,634
TOTAL	<b>\$265,195,830</b>	\$1,474,591	\$263,721,239	\$40,897,395	\$304,618,634	

# CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS LEGISLATIVE BOND ISSUES

	Total	University	Community Colleges	Correction	State Ports	Other
1961-63 1963-65	\$6,216,000	\$3,173,000	<b>\$</b> —	\$	<b>\$</b> —	\$3,043,000
1965-67	21,985,000 17,982,000	19,158,000 10,727,500	2,540,000	_	2,724,500	2,827,000 1,990,000
1971-73 1988-89	45,996,500 20,498,903 *	32,923,000	=	2,875,000	_	6,913,500
1990-91 1991-92	75,000,000 45,000,000	-	-	75,000,000	_	20,498,903 75,000,000
7001 02	40,000,000	14,300,000	•		-	30,700,000

<sup>\*</sup> Authorization of \$25.0 million adjusted to amount issued prior to end of fiscal year (1988-89), the only year authorized for issuance by statute (Chapter 1048, 1987 Session).

#### **VOTE OF THE PEOPLE BOND ISSUES**

	Clean Water Program	State Parks	Public School Facilities	University	Community Colleges	Prison Facilities
1972	\$150,000,000	_	4			
1973	_	_	\$300,000,000	_	_	_
1975	_	_	_	\$43,250,000	<u>=</u>	=
1977	230,000,000	·	_	_	_	_
1990	-	-	· ·	_		\$200,000,000*
1993	145,000,000	35,000,000	· —	312,000,000	250,000,000	-

<sup>\*</sup> Subject to vote-of-the-people in November, 1990; the 1991 Session appropriated \$112.5 million of the bond proceeds for construction; the 1993 Session appropriated the balance of \$87.5 million.

# PUBLIC EDUCATION LOW WEALTH SUPPLEMENTAL FUNDING

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A. W.	

# Calculating Low Wealth Supplemental Funding An Example for 1993-94 Weighted 40% Revenue, 10% Density, and 50% Income

#### STEP 1 -Comparability:

County Revenue:			
Calculate County Adjusted Propert Real Property (revalued in 1987)  Less: Agricultural Use Value Property Value to be Adjusted Weighted Sales Assessment Ratio Adjusted Real Property Value	y Tax Base: \$409,281,185 48,678,000	407,691,560	(Valued @ 88% of Market
Public Service Company Value Personal Property Value Agricultural Use Value County Adjusted Property Tax Base		32,046,239 105,407,631 48,678,000 \$593,823,430	
Convert County Adjusted Property  County Adjusted Property Tax Base State Average "Effective" Tax Rate (State Average Tax Rate for all Counties after adjusting each Counties County's Weighted Sales Assessment Ratio)		\$593,823,430	(per \$100 in Property Value)
Anticipated County Property Tax Revenue Anticipated County Property Property Tax Revenue Anticipated County Property Property	Availability	\$3,432,299 \$2,888,474	
Anticipated Total County Revenue  (Local Sales and Use Taxes, Food Stamp Exemption Relmburse Intangibles Tax, and Fines and Forfeitures).  Calculate Anticipated Total County	ment, Homestead Exempt		ntory Tax,
Total County's Average Daily Membership (AD Anticipated Total County Revenue Availability Anticipated State Average Revenue Availability	M) per Student	4,344 \$1,455 \$2,405	

	******		
Density	Ad	justment	

County Percentage of State Average County Revenue per Student

Density Adjustment.		
County Adjusted Property Tax Base Square Miles in County County Adjusted Property Tax Base per Square Mile State Average Adjusted Property Tax Base per Square Mile	\$593,823,430 353.67 \$1,679,033 \$6,424,212	20.440/
County Percentage of State Average Property Tax Base per S	Square Mile	26.14%

Per	Ca	pita	Income:	
-----	----	------	---------	--

County 3 Year Average Per Capita Income (1989, 1990, 1991) State 3 Year Average Per Capita Income (1989, 1990, 1991)	\$12,111 \$16,253	74.52%
County Percentage of State 3 Year Average Per Capita Income		1-1.0E/0

60.50%

#### Calculating Low Wealth Supplemental Funding An Example for 1993-94

Weighted 40% Revenue, 10% Density, and 50% Income

#### STEP 2 - Eligibilty

#### Eligible for Funding:

40% of the County Percentage of Revenue Base per Student

24.20% (80.50% • .4)

10% of the County Percentage of Property Base per Mile

2.61% (28.1%\*,1)

50% of the County Percentage of Per Capita Income

37.26% (74.52% ...5)

County Wealth as a Percentage of State Average Wealth

64.07%

If the Overall Wealth Percentage is less than 100%, then a County is eligible.

THIS COUNTY IS CLASSIFIED AS ELIGIBLE FOR LOW WEALTH FUNDING!!!

#### STEP 3 - Effort:

#### 1st way to meet effort requirement:

County's 1991 Tax Rate

\$1.02 (Per \$100 in Property Valuation)

Weighted Sales Assessment Ratio:

0.8845

**Effective County Tax Rate** 

0.902

Effective State Average Tax Rate

0.578 (\$0.68 Unadjusted)

If the Effective County Tax Rate is greater than the Effective State Average Tax Rate, then a County is Fundable.

THIS COUNTY WILL RECEIVE LOW WEALTH FUNDING!!!

#### 2nd way to meet effort requirement:

State Average Local Appropriation per Student County Wealth as a Percentage of State Average Calculated County Appropriation per Student

\$748.35 64.07% \$479.47

Actual 1992 County Appropriation per Student

\$527.85

County Appropriation as a Percentage of Calculated County Appropriation (\$527.85 divided by \$479.47)

110.1%

If the Actual County Appropriations exceed the Calculated County Appropriation (greater than 100%), then a County is Fundable.

#### Otherwise:

All other Eligible Counties will receive a portion of the calculated funding outlined in Step 4. If the Actual County Appropriations are less than the Calculated County Appropriation (less than 100%), then a County's funding will be reduced by the percent a County is below 100%. For example, if this example County was contributing only 85.4% (rather than 110.1%) of the formula's anticipated contributions, the County would receive only 85.4% of the total funding that the County would have received under the formula — Step 4 (Calculation of Effort Proration).

# Calculating Low Wealth Supplemental Funding An Example for 1993-94

Weighted 40% Revenue, 10% Density, and 50% Income

#### STEP 4 - Funding:

Calculation of Total Funding:	
State Average Local Appropriation per Student	\$748.35
County Wealth as a Percentage of State Average	64.07%
Calculated County Appropriation per Student	\$479.47
State Average Local Appropriation per Student	748.35
Difference From State Average	\$268.88
Total County's Average Daily Membership (ADM)	4,344
Total Allotment per Formula	<u>\$1,168.015</u>

Calculation of Effort Proration:		
Calculation of Proportional Funding if a County's Actual per S is less than the amount the formula anticipates that they could	tudent Appropriations to d generate (See Step 3 E	public schools ffort):
Total Allotment per Formula  County Appropriation as a Percentage of Calculated  County Appropriation (\$527.85 divided by \$479.47)	\$1,168,015 n/a	(110.1% no proration is required)
Total Allotment after Effort Proration	\$1,168,015	
Example of a Prorated Allotment:		
Total Allotment per Formula	\$1,168,015	
County Appropriation as a Percentage of Calculated		
County Appropriation (\$568.38 divided by \$665.58)	85.4%	
Total Allotment after Effort Proration	\$997,485	

Calculation Pro Rata Actual Funding:		
Maximum State Allotment for Fundable Counties	\$81,020,225	(includes all 72 eligible Counties after effort)
Total Appropriated Funds	\$18,000,000	
County's Portion of Appropriated Funds	\$259,494	(22.22% of \$1,169.015)

	19	92-93		19	93-94		Difference
County Name	Allotment	Eligible?	Rank	Allotment	Eligible?	Rank	From 1992-93
010 Alamance County	\$0		25	\$0		18	
020 Alexander County		Eighie	54	71,120	1.1	53	\$0 71,120
030 Alleghany County *	2,56/		24	12,918	Elgisie	33	10,351
040 Anson County	101,750	Eligible	79	227,764	Eighe	83	126,014
050 Ashe County		Eighle	36	75,646	Eighte	54	75,646
060 Avery County	0		18	0	Light	25	75,646
070 Beaufort County	0	Eligible	35	179,922	Eligible	49	179,922
080 Bertie County	104,173	Eigible	87	261,509	Eighte	98	157,336
090 Bladen County	113,863	Elgible	73	267,905	Elgibie	80	
100 Brunswick County	0		8	0	Eighte	13	154,042
110 Buncombe County	0		26	0		20	0
120 Burke County	0	Elgine	49	215,359	Eligible	42	215,359
130 Cabarrus County	59,758	Eigible	29	0	1 1	22	1
140 Caldwell County	168,776	Elgitie	60	300,803	Elobie	51	(59,758) 132,027
150 Camden County	12,114	Elgitie	45	40,632	Elphie	69	28,518
160 Carteret County	0		14	0		19	20,518
170 Caswell County	96,097	Eighie	96	195,145	Elgible	92	00.048
80 Catawba County	0		19	0	Eiglie	9	99,048
90 Chatham County	0		21		1 11	28	
200 Cherokee County	0	Eighie	59	80,807	Elgibie	68	80,807
210 Chowan County	45,222	Elghie	66	95,691	Eloise	67	50,469
220 Clay County	0	Elgitie	34	20.598	Eighte	58	20,598
30 Cleveland County *	163,606	Elgitie	46	125,209	Elgisie	36	(38,397)
40 Columbus County	278,601	Elgible	91	590,781	Elgitie	90	312,180
50 Craven County		Elgible	62	382,024	Elgitre	57	382.024
60 Cumberland County	1,154,781	Elgine	86	1,246,799	Eligible	50	92,018
70 Currituck County	0	1 11	5	0	1 1 1	15	92,010
80 Dare County	0	1 11	1	0		2	0
90 Davidson County	0	Eigible	43	182,920	Eighte	35	182,920
00 Davie County	0		22	0	Ligue	21	102,920
10 Duplin County	190,579	Eligible	82	435,355	Eligible	88	244,776
20 Durham County	0		9	0		4	214,770
30 Edgecombe County	284,254	Eligible	85	285,708	Eigible	66	1 454
Forsyth County	0		4	0	ENGLE	3	1,454
Franklin County	133,244	Elgitie	76	317,828	Elgbie	81	184,584
60 Gaston County	249,279	Eigbie	37	0		16	(249,279)
70 Gates County	29,072	Elgible	64	81,303	Elgible	76	52,231
30 Graham County	0	Elgitte	80	36,594	Elgine	91	36,594
O Granville County	0	Eighte	69	265,540	Elgitre	71	265,540
00 Greene County	70,256	Eligitise	88	135,275	Eigine	82	65,019

		199	2-93		199	3-94		Difference
	County Name	Allotment	Eligible?	Rank	Allotment	Eligible?	Rank	From 1992-93
	County Name	0	Ligibios	7	0		7	0
410	Guilford County	242,262	Elgible	81	558,649	Elgibie	86	316,387
420	Halifax County Hamett County	334,321	Elobie	95	743,455	Eigible	93	409,134
430 440	Haywood County *	24,442	Eigbie	27	74,587	Eligitie	34	50,145
450	Henderson County	0		11	0		10	0
460	Hertford County	115,478	Eighie	94	259,494	Eigible	94	144,016
470	Hoke County	172,813	Eigible	100	423,246	Eligible	100	250,433
480	Hyde County	0		17	0		24	
490	Iredell County	155,855	Eligible	40	0		27	(155,855
500	Jackson County	0	Eligible	28	0		23	000 000
510	Johnston County	298,790	Eligible	71	519,016	Eligible	62	220,226
520	Jones County	33,917	Eligible	78	80,360	Eligible	85	46,443
530	Lee County *	50,959	Eigible	32	29,576	Eligible	31	(21,38)
540	Lenoir County	183,311	Eighle	65	257,847	Elgible	48	74,530
550	Lincoln County	174,429	Elgible	72	81,278	Elgible	37	(93,15
560	Macon County	0		3	0		12	15
570	Madison County	0	Eigible	63	59,451	Elgitie	77	59,45
580	Martin County	68,641	Eigible	57	160,963	Eligible	60	92,32
590	McDowell County	0	Elgible	70	187,195	Eigbie	64	187,19
600	Mecklenburg County	0		2	0		1	00.57
610	Mitchell County	0	Elgible	56	66,579	Eligible	65	66,57
620	Montgomery County	0	Eigible	47	108,036	Eligible	63	108,03
630	Moore County	0		15	070.050		17 45	279,35
640	Nash County	0	Elgible	33	279,356	Eligitie		210,00
650	New Hanover County	0		13	0		6	113,28
660	Northampton County	79,139	Eighle	74	192,424	Elgible	84	331,74
670	Onslow County	590,311	Elgible	98	922,055	Eligible	95	331,75
680	Orange County	0		10				50,78
690	Pamlico County	0	Eligible	31	50,787	Eligible	61	123,69
700	Pasquotank County	130,821	Eighie	77	254,511	Elgible	73	157,17
710		0	Elgible	30	157,172		87	56,38
720	Perquimans County	46,837	Eigible	84	103,219		11 1	17,19
730	Person County	0	E. H.	23	17,197	1.1	30	107,13
740		222,073	1/1	51	329,195	Eligible	40	107,12
750		0	1.1	6	212,534	Elgitie	44	212,53
760		0		39	1 (1)	1.1	89	241,2
770		209,960	1.1	90	451,170	1.1	99	877,3
780		731,631	1.1	99	1,609,011 221,913	1.1	41	77,59
790	Rockingham County *	144,320	Eligible	50 38	168,094	4 4	32	168,0

Based on Preliminary
1992 Property Valuations

			199	2-93		199	3-94		Difference
	County Name		Allotment	Eligible?	Rank	Allotment	Eligible?	Rank	From 1992-93
810	Rutherford County		0	Eligible	44	203,269	Elgible	47	203,269
820	Sampson County	*	179,997	Eligible	75	298,422	Elgibie	72	118,425
830	Scotland County		192,194	Eighle	93	335,854	Elgitie	78	143,660
840	Stanly County		0	Eligible	41	161,232	Eighie	46	161,232
850	Stokes County		0	Eighte	55	121,521	Eligible	43	121,521
860	Surry County	*	109,436	Eligibie	42	121,431	Eligible	39	11,995
870	Swain County		0	Eigbie	92	61,739	Eligible	97	61,739
880	Transylvania County		0		12	0		14	0
890	Tyrrell County	- 1	9,691	Eighie	52	30,887	Eighie	74	21,196
900	Union County		199,462	Eighe	48	2,812	Eighie	29	(196,650
910	Vance County		201,077	Eighte	97	267,808	Elgitie	70	66,731
920	Wake County		0		16	0		5	0
930	Warren County		46,030	Eighie	61	144,648	Eigbie	79	98,618
940	Washington County		71,871	Eighie	89	168,042	Elgible	96	96,171
950	Watauga County		0		20	0		26	0
960	Wayne County		443,339	Eighte	83	817,891	Eigible	75	374,552
970	Wilkes County		0	Elgiste	58	228,350	Elotrie	56	228,350
980	Wilson County		213,998	Elgible	67	165,414	Eigible	38	(48,584)
990	Yadkin County		64,603	Eigbie	53	103,665	Eloitie	52	39,062
995	Yancey County		0	Eigbie	68	57,490	Elghie	55	57,490
	Total		\$9,000,000	74		\$18,000,000	72		\$9,000,000

A county could be eligible for funding in 1992-93 but not funded if their "effective" county tax rate was less than the state average "effective" tax rate. A total of 44 of the eligible 74 counties had an "effective" 1992 tax rate which was above the state average "effective" tax rate.

In 1993-94 all 72 eligible counties are being funded. If a county's "effective" county tax rate was more than the state average, or if the county is contributing more than they could provide to local schools based on the Low Wealth Formula, the county receives 100% of the funding. Otherwise, the county will receive a proportional share of the calculated funding. 40 counties received 100% funding and 32 counties received a proportional share.

Legislation held all counties which received Low Wealth Supplemental funding in 1991—92 harmless to the County's total 1991—92 funding.
 A total of five (5) counties had "effective" tax rates less than the state average "effective" tax rate. Haywood and Lee required additional funding to be held harmless to their 1991—92 funding level.

N.C. Department of Public Instruction Division of School Business Services School Budgets Section July 9, 1993 (C:\Low94\Summary)

		199	2-93		199	3-94		Difference
	County Name	Allotment	Eligible?	Rank	Allotment	Eligible?	Rank	From 1992-93
470	Hoke County	\$172,813	Eigible	100	\$423,246	Eighte	100	\$250,433
780	Robeson County	731,631	Elgible	99	1,609,011	Eligible	99	877,380
080	Bertie County	104,173	Eligible	87	261,509	Eligible	98	157,336
870	Swain County	0	Eigible	92	61,739	Elgible	97	61,739
940	Washington County	71,871	Eligibie	89	168,042	Eligible	96	96,171
670	Onslow County	590,311	Elgible	98	922,055	Elgible	95	331,744
460	Hertford County	115,478	Eligible	94	259,494	Eligible	94	144,016
430	Harnett County	334,321	Eligible	95	743,455	Eighie	93	409,134
170	Caswell County	96,097	Eigbie	96	195,145	Eligibie	92	99,048
380	Graham County	0	Eigitie	80	36,594	Elgible	91	36,594
240	Columbus County	278,601	Eligible	91	590,781	Elgibie	90	312,180
770	Richmond County	209,960	Eighie	90	451,170	Elgibie	89	241,210
310	Duplin County	190,579	Eighie	82	435,355	Elgible	88	244,776
720	Perquimans County	46,837	Eighie	84	103,219	Elgitie	87	56,382
420	Halifax County	242,262	Eighie	81	558,649	Elgible	86	316,387
520	Jones County	33,917	Elgible	78	80,360	Elghie	85	46,443
660	Northampton County	79,139	Eigible	74	192,424	Eighie	84	113,285
040	Anson County	101,750	Elgible	79	227,764	Elgible	83	126,014
400	Greene County	70,256	Eighte	88	135,275	Elgible	82	65,019
350	Franklin County	133,244	Eigbie	76	317,828	Eligible	81	184,584
090	Bladen County	113,863	Eigitie	73	267,905	Elgibie	80	154,042
930	Warren County	46,030	Elgitie	61	144,648	Elgitie	79	98,618
830	Scotland County	192,194	Elgitie	93	335,854	Elgible	78	143,660
570	Madison County	0	Elgible	63	59,451	Elgible	77	59,451
370	Gates County	29,072	Elgible	64	81,303	Eligibie	76	52,231
960	Wayne County	443,339	Elgitie	83	817,891	Elgible	75	374,552
890	Tyrrell County	9,691	Eigbie	52	30,887	Eligible	74	21,196
700	Pasquotank County	130,821	Elgible	77	254,511	Elgible	73	123,690
820	Sampson County *	179,997	Elgitie	75	298,422	Elgible	72	118,425
390	Granville County	0	Elgitie	69	265,540	Elgibie	71	265,540
910	Vance County	201,077	Eighte	97	267,808	Elgible	70	66,731
150	Camden County	12,114	Eighte	45	40,632	Eigbie	69	28,518
200	Cherokee County	0	Elgbie	59	80,807	Eighie	68	80,807
210	Chowan County	45,222	Elgible	66	95,691	Elgible	67	50,469
330	Edgecombe County	284,254	Eighle	85	285,708	Elgitie	66	1,454
610	Mitchell County	0	Eighie	56	66,579	Elgise	65	66,579
590	McDowell County	0	Eigible	70	187,195	Eighte	64	187,195
620	Montgomery County	0	Eligible	47	108,036	Eighie	63	108,036
510	Johnston County	298,790	Eighte	71	519,016	Elgible	62	220,226 50,787
690	Pamlico County	0	Eigible	31	50,787	Elgitie	61	50,767

			19	92-93		199	3-94		Difference
	County Name		Allotment	Eligible?	Rank	Allotment		2.	From
580	Martin County		68,641	Elgible	57	160,963	Eligible?	Rank	1992-93
710	Pender County		0	Elobie	30	157,172	Eighie	60	92,322
220	Clay County	- 1	0	Eighte	34	20,598	Eligitie	59	157,172
250	Craven County		0	Eligible	62	382,024	Elgibie	58	20,598
970	Wilkes County		0				Elgitre	57	382,024
995				Elgible	58	228,350	Eligible	56	228,350
050				Eighte	68	57,490	Eligibie	55	57,490
020		- 1		Eighie	36	75,646	Eighle	54	75,646
990	Yadkin County			Eighie	54	71,120	Elgible	53	71,120
140	Caldwell County		64,603	Eligible	53	103,665	Eligible	52	39,062
260	Cumberland County		168,776	Eligitie	60	300,803	Eighie	51	132,027
070	Beaufort County	<b>'</b>	1,154,781	Eighte	86	1,246,799	Elgitie	50	92,018
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		0	Eigible	35	179,922	Elgibie	49	179,922
540	Lenoir County		183,311	Elgible	65	257,847	Elgibie	48	74,536
810	Rutherford County		0	Eighie	44	203,269	Eighie	47	203,269
840	Stanly County		0	Eighie	41	161,232	Elgibie	46	161,232
640	Nash County		0	Elgibie	33	279,356	Elgitie	45	279,356
760	Randolph County		0	Elobie	39	212,534	1		
350	Stokes County	1	0	Eighte	55	121,521	Elgible	44	212,534
120	Burke County			Elgbie	49	215,359	Eighie	43	121,521
790	Rockingham County	*	144,320	Eigitie	50	221,913	Elgitre Elgitre	42 41	215,359
740	Pitt County		222,073	Elgibie	51	4 983	Caglille		77,593
360	Surry County	*	109,436	1 - 1		329,195	Eligible	40	107,122
980	Wilson County		213,998	Eighie Eighie	42 67	121,431	Eligible	39	11,995
50	Lincoln County		174,429	Eighie	72	165,414	Elgitie	38	(48,584)
30	Cleveland County	*		Ligue		81,278	Elgible	37	(93,151)
90	Davidson County		163,606	Elgible	46	125,209	Eligible	36	(38,397)
40	Haywood County	*	24.440	Eligibie	43	182,920	Elgible	35	182,920
30	Alleghany County	*	24,442 2,567	Eligible	27	74,587	Eligible	34	50,145
00			2,567		24	12,918	Eligible	33	10,351
30	Rowan County	. 11	0	Eligible	38	168,094	Elgible	32	168,094
30	Lee County	*	50,959	Elgitie	32	29,576	Eligibie	31	(21,383)
00	Person County		0		23	17,197	Eighte	30	17,197
	Union County	-11	199,462	Eligitale	48	2,812	Elgisie	29	(196,650)
	Chatham County		0		21	0		28	0
	Iredell County		155,855	Eighie	40	oll		27	(155 955)
	Watauga County		0		20	o		26	(155,855)
	Avery County		0		18	oll		25	0
	Hyde County		0		17	0		1.1	
00 .	Jackson County		oll	Elobie	28	0		24	0
30	Cabarrus County		59,758	Eighie	29	10.00		23	0
	Davie County		0	yue	22	0		22   21	(59,758) 0

Based on Preliminary
1992 Property Valuations

	County Name
110 160 010 630	Buncombe County Carteret County Alamance County Moore County
360 270 880 100	Gaston County Currituck County Transylvania County Brunswick County
560 750 450 180	Macon County Polk County Henderson County Catawba County
680 410 650 920	Orange County Guilford County New Hanover County Wake County
320 340 280 600	Durham County Forsyth County Dare County Mecklenburg County
	Total

199	2-93	
Allotment	Eligible?	Rank
0		26
0 0 0	1 1	14
0	1	25
0		15
249,279	Eigible	37
0		5
0	1 1	12
0		8
0	1 1	3
0	1 1	6
0		11
0		19
0		10
0	1 1	7
0		13
0		16
		9
0		4
0		1 2
0		2
\$9,000,000	74	

Alletment	Thates-6	D and
Allotment	Eligible?	Rank
0		20
0		19
0		18
0		17
0		16
0		15
0		14
0		13
0		12
o		11
0		10
0	1 1	9
		8
0		
0		7 6 5
0		5
0	1 1	4
0	1 1	3
0		4 3 2
0		1
\$18,000,000	72	

Difference From			
1992-93			
0			
0			
(249,279) 0 0 0			
0 0 0			
0 0 0 0			
0 0 .0			
\$9,000,000			

A county could be eligible for funding in 1992-93 but not funded if their "effective" county tax rate was less than the state average "effective" tax rate. A total of 44 of the eligible 74 counties had an "effective" 1992 tax rate which was above the state average "effective" tax rate.

In 1993 – 94 all 72 eligible counties are being funded. If a county's "effective" county tax rate was more than the state average, or if the county is contributing more than they could provide to local schools based on the Low Wealth Formula, the county receives 100% of the funding. Otherwise, the county will receive a proportional share of the calculated funding. 40 counties received 100% funding and 32 counties received a proportional share.

Legislation held all counties which received Low Wealth Supplemental funding in 1991—92 hamiless to the County's total 1991—92 funding.
A total of five (5) counties had "effective" tax rates less than the state average "effective" tax rate. Haywood and Lee required additional funding to be held harmless to their 1991—92 funding level.

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# PUBLIC EDUCATION SMALL SCHOOL SYSTEM SUPPLEMENTAL FUNDING

### Small School Supplemental Funding

LEA		1992-93	1993-94	200
No.	LEA Name	Allotment	Allotment	Difference
030	Alleghany County	\$236,698	\$503,422	\$266,724
050	Ashe County	301,784	0	(301,784)
060	Avery County	286,160	397,240	111,080
150	Camden County	232,239	514,005	281,766
170	Caswell County	275,723	446,856	171,133
200	Cherokee County	331,877	388,494	56,617
210	Chowan County	291,900	380,731	88,831
220	Clay County	227,199	500,956	273,757
270	Currituck County	314,139	475,431	161,292
370	Gates County	241,031	479,097	238,066
380	Graham County	255,633	506,480	250,847
400	Greene County	265,839	428,271	162,432
480	Hyde County	237,132	516,905	279,773
500	Jackson County	298,781	0	(298,781)
520	Jones County	253,386	567,629	314,243
570	Madison County	271,698	385,698	114,000
610	Mitchell County	264,887	392,135	127,248
660	Northampton County	294,455	414,954	120,499
690	Pamlico County	279,650	435,335	155,685
720	Perquimans County	266,749	420,046	153,297
750	Polk County	251,545	418,534	166,989
870	Swain County	253,442	526,472	273,030
890	Tyrreli County	242,753	595,769	353,016
930	Warren County	296,016	389,405	93,389
940	Washington County	269,717	464,614	194,897
995	Yancey County	259,567	451,521	191,954
	Total	\$7,000,000	\$11,000,000	\$4,000,000

